

## Natural Vegetation

---

### I. Choose the correct answer

Question 1.

Which state is known for 'khejri' tree?

- (a) Karnataka
- (b) Himachal
- (c) Haryana
- (d) Rajasthan

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (d) Rajasthan

---

Question 2.

What type of forests are found in western slope of the Western Ghats, Andaman and Nicobar Islands

- (a) Montane Forests
- (b) Tropical Thorn Forest
- (c) Littoral and Swamp Forests
- (d) Tropical Evergreen Forest

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (d) Tropical Evergreen Forest

---

Question 3.

In tropical evergreen forests, trees reach the heights upto

- (a) 60 metres
- (b) 50 metres
- (c) 10 metres
- (d) 20 metres

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (a) 60 metres

---

Question 4.

Rosewood, Mahagony, Ebony are found in

- (a) Tropical Thorn Forest
- (b) Tropical Evergreen Forest
- (c) Littoral and Swamp Forest
- (d) Deciduous Forests

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (b) Tropical Evergreen Forests

---

Question 5.

In tropical evergreen forests, trees reach the heights upto

- (a) 70-200 cm.
- (b) 100-200 cm.
- (c) 50 – 100 cm.
- (d) 200 and above

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (a) 70 – 200 cm

---

Question 6.

The main species of the moist deciduous forests are

- (a) Sandalwood
- (b) Kusum
- (c) Hurra
- (d) All Of them

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (d) All of them

---

Question 7.

Tropical thorn forests are found in

- (a) Rajasthan
- (b) Haryana
- (c) None of them
- (d) Both of them

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (d) Both of them

---

Question 8.

Tussocky grass grows upto a height of

- (a) 4 metres
- (b) 2 metres
- (c) 5 metres
- (d) 8 metres

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (b) 2 metres

---

Question 9.

Deodar and Cedar are highly valued endemic species growing in

- (a) Western part of the Himalayan Range
- (b) Western Ghat
- (c) Coromandal Coast
- (d) Eastern Ghat

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (a) Western part of the Himalayan range

---

Question 10.

The Southern mountain forests are found in

- (a) The Western Ghats
- (b) The Vindhyas
- (c) The Nilgiris
- (d) All of them

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (d) All of them

---

Question 11.

The temperate forest in Nilgiris are called as

- (a) Sholas
- (b) Tussocky
- (c) None of them
- (d) Both of them

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (a) Sholas

---

Question 12.

The area under paddy cultivation is

- (a) 80%
- (b) 90%
- (c) 60%
- (d) 70%

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (d) 70%

---

Question 13.

The total wet land area is

- (a) 3,904,543 hectares
- (b) 3,904 hectares
- (c) 3,104,543 hectares
- (d) 3,904,643 hectares

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (a) 3,904,543 hectares

---

Question 14.

Which two sites are protected waterfowl habitats under the convention of wet lands of

International Importance

- (a) Chilka Lake
- (b) Keoladeo National Park
- (c) Both
- (d) None of them

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (c) Both

---

Question 15.

The country's wet lands have been grouped into

- (a) 4 categories
- (b) 6 categories
- (c) 8 categories
- (d) 5 categories

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (c) 8 categories

---

Question 16.

Mangrove forests are found in

- (a) Gangetic plain
- (b) Himalayan range
- (c) Andaman and Nicobar Islands
- (d) Flood plain of Brahmaputra

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (c) Andaman and Nicobar islands.

---

Question 17.

How many states are there where the forest cover is more than one third of the total area?

- (a) 14
- (b) 15
- (c) 10
- (d) 8

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (b) 15.

---

Question 18.

The region of moderate concentration is

- (a) Assam
- (b) Jharkhand
- (c) Himachal Pradesh
- (d) Tamil Nadu
- (e) All of them

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (e) All of them

---

Question 19.

Out of 593 districts how many are identified as tribal districts

- (a) 187
- (b) 188
- (c) 87
- (d) 90

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (a) 187

---

Question 20.

First forest conservation policy was proposed in

- (a) 1988
- (b) 1952
- (c) 1956
- (d) 1980

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (b) 1952

---

Question 21.

A comprehensive Wildlife Act was enacted in

- (a) 1988
- (b) 1972
- (c) 1952
- (d) 1980

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (b) 1972

---

Question 22.

How many national parks are there?

- (a) 492
- (b) 92
- (c) 82
- (d) 52

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (b) 92

---

Question 23.

How many wild life sanctuaries are in India

- (a) 92
- (b) 492
- (c) 392
- (d) 82

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (b) 492

---

Question 24.

The 'Project Tiger' Act have been launched in

- (a) 1992
- (b) 1973
- (c) 1952
- (d) 1982

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (b) 1973

---

Question 25.

Which Biosphere reserve is located in the part of Garo hills (Meghalaya)

- (a) Manas
- (b) No Krek
- (c) Nanda Devi
- (d) Nilgiri

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (b) No Krek

---

## II. Fill up the Blanks with suitable words

Question 1.

..... % of India's land area is under forest.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: 23

---

Question 2.

Economically important forests of India include monsoon forests and .....

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: coniferous forest

---

Question 3.

India enjoys a virtual monopoly of ..... in the world.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: sandal wood

---

Question 4.

Lions are found prominently in the ..... of Gujarat.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: Gir forests

---

Question 5.

At present there are ..... national parks in India besides zoological gardens, sanctuaries and biosphere reserves.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: 83

---

Question 6.

..... and ..... of wild animals have been banned.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: Hunting, poaching

---

Question 7.

..... and ..... are two National Parks of Madhya Pradesh.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: Bandargah, Van Vihar

---

Question 8.

..... National Park lies in Assam.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: Kaziranga

---

Question 9.

Semidesert and desert vegetation is characteristic feature of .....

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: Rajasthan

---

Question 10.

Today in India there are ..... and ..... wildlife sanctuaries.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: 89 National Parks, 482.

---