

FIRST TERM 2013-2014
CLASS IV – EVS

Ln 3: Where do babies come from?

Name the following:

1. An insect which lives only for a few hours as an adult. _____
2. The process by which living beings produce their own kind. _____
3. A flying mammal that give birth to young ones. _____
4. A mammal that lives in water and give birth to young ones. _____
5. A place where homeless children get shelter. _____

Fill in the blanks:

1. Animals who feed their babies with their milk are called _____
2. Some animals reproduce by laying eggs. They are called _____ animals or _____ animals.
3. All _____ things produce young ones of their own kind.
4. _____ a child means to become legal parents of that child.

Match the following:

- | | |
|-------------|------------|
| 1. Deer | a. cub |
| 2. Lion | b. Calf |
| 3. Hen | c. Joey |
| 4. Kangaroo | d. chick |
| 5. Cow | e. fawn |
| 6. Goose | f. lamb |
| 7. Sheep | g. foal |
| 8. Horse | h. gosling |

Ln. 5 TEETH

NAME THE FOLLOWING:-

1. Name the parts of a Tooth

a. _____ b. _____ c. _____

2. The hardest substance in our body.

a. _____

3. The doctor who looks after our teeth

a. _____

4. A disease that attacks teeth forming holes in hard enamel.

a. _____

5. A doctor who put braces on the crooked teeth to correct them.

a. _____

6. Name two flesh – eating animals.

a. _____ b. _____

7. Name two grass – eating animals.

a. _____ b. _____

8. Name an animal which have teeth only in the upper jaw.

a. _____

9. Name the two sets of teeth in human beings.

a. _____ b. _____

10. Name four types of teeth in human beings.

a. _____

b. _____

c. _____

d. _____

Fill in the blanks:

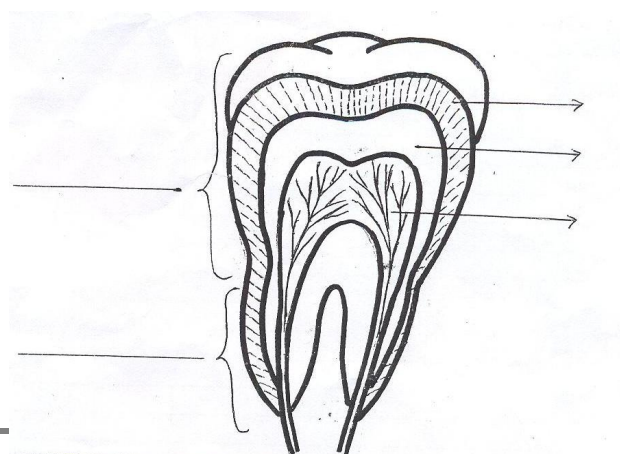
1. Milk teeth are also called _____.
2. A full set of adult teeth consists of _____ teeth.
3. The portion of teeth inside the gum is called the _____.
4. Tongue helps us to _____ food.

Write true or false:

1. Fruits and vegetables are good for teeth _____
2. Tooth decay makes the mouth smell good. _____
3. We should brush our teeth twice a day . _____
4. Canines are not sharp pointed teeth. _____
5. Incisors cut and slice food . _____
6. Teeth do not improve our physical appearance. _____
7. Teeth help us to bite, cut and chew different kinds of food. _____
8. The portion between crown and root is neck. _____

CHOOSE THE CORRECT ANSWER.

1. Grass -eating animals have (tearing teeth/grinding teeth)
2. Milk teeth starts to grow when the child is about (6 months/2 years)
3. we wear this to make crooked teeth straight. (brace or plate/ Spectacles)
4. These are the sharp edged teeth present in front in each jaw. (incisors/molars)
5. By the time a child is about 12 to 13 years old. He has (32 permanent teeth/ 28 permanent teeth)

COLOUR AND LABEL THE PARTS OF A TEETH

COMPLETE THE TABLE

KINDS OF TEETH IN HUMANS	NO. OF TEETH IN THE UPPER JAW	WORK THEY DO
1.incisors		
2.	2	
3.	4	
4.		They grind and crush the food

Ln 7:Water sources

Fill in the blanks:

1. _____ is the ultimate source of water on earth.
2. _____ is taking place all the time.
3. _____ and _____ bring out underground water.
4. We get filtered and purified drinking water from _____ in our houses.
5. _____ at the bottom of the well help to filter the water.
6. Salt is obtained from _____ by letting it flow into the water.
7. A tube well uses _____ to draw out underground water.
8. _____ are formed after a rainfall.
9. The puddles dry up because of _____ of water by the heat of the sun.
10. Rain water that seeps into the earth is known as _____.
11. Water from open well is not _____ for drinking.

Name the following

1. Name the chief source of water on the Earth.

2. Name two small water bodies.

3. Name two large water bodies.

4. Name two methods by which underground water is obtained.

Write true or false:

1. Pond water is the main source of water on the earth. _____

2. Ponds ,seas, lakes water is safe for drinking. _____

3. Underground water is obtained from sea water. _____

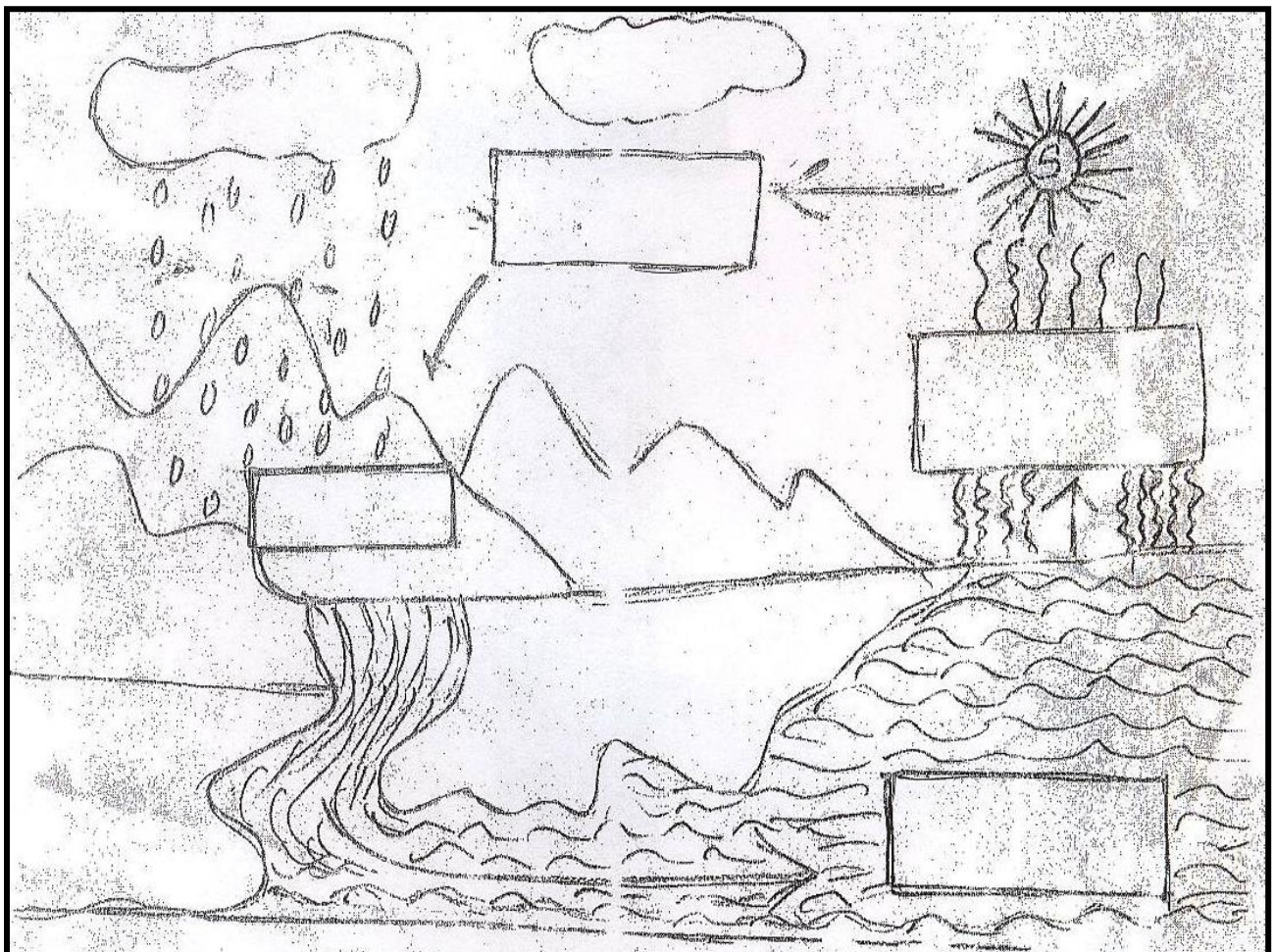
4. Salt is obtained from sea water. _____

5. During the rainy season clothes take a long time to dry. _____

6. Underground water remains below the surface of the Earth. _____

7. Tap water is the only kind of water safe for drinking. _____

COLOUR AND LABEL THE WATER CYCLE



Ln. 8. HOW WATER GETS

NAME THE FOLLOWING

1. Two diseases caused by water pollution.

2. A large mass of water.

3. The largest river of India

4. Two sea animals

5. Ganga of the south.

Fill in the blanks:

1. ORS stands for _____.

2. Ganga is the holiest river of the _____.

3. Sea water is _____.

4. Dysentery is caused by _____ pollution.

Write true or false:

1. Water should be boiled or filtered before drinking . _____

2. We should wash clothes in a river. _____

3. ORS solution is given to a person who is having loose motions and vomiting.

4. Environment friendly soaps should not be used. _____

5. Brahmaputra together with Kaveri forms the world's biggest delta at Sunderbans in West Bengal.

6. Sea water can be used for drinking. _____

Ln. 12. Travel to another

Fill in the blanks:

1. _____ is the capital of Oman.
2. The study of _____ is known as numismatics.
3. _____ is known as the “father of our nation”.
4. Only _____ trees can be seen in Muscat.
5. You will find the National _____ and the picture of _____ on every currency note.
6. Coins and notes contain our _____.
7. There is _____ on the left side of the wheel and _____ on the right side.
8. _____ is very cheap in Muscat.

TICK THE CORRECT ANSWER

1. River Mandori is in
a. Mumbai b. Goa c. Pune
2. When was Mahatma Gandhi born ?
a. 2 october 1869 b. 2 December 1869
3. What is written below our National Emblem?
a. Bande Mataram b. Satyameva Jayate
4. The packet Garima's aunt had brought for her had
a. biscuits b. dates c. chocolates

Write true or false:

1. Muscat is a desert area. _____
2. Petroleum is very costly in Muscat. _____
3. There is little or no rainfall in Muscat. _____
4. Muscat has tall buildings. _____
5. Money is made by the government in a mint. _____
6. In order to pay someone we use notes and coins _____
7. The money can be in the form of coins only. _____
8. Mahatma Gandhi fought British through non – violence. _____