

**CBSE**  
**Class VII Social Science**  
**Term 1**  
**Sample Paper – 2**

**Time: 2½ hours**

**Total Marks: 75**

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**General Instructions:**

- i. All questions are compulsory.
  - ii. Marks for each question are indicated against the question.
  - iii. Questions from serial number **1 to 5** are **multiple choice questions** (MCQs) of **1 mark each**. Every MCQ is provided with four alternatives. Write the correct alternative in your answer book.
  - iv. Questions from serial number **6 to 10** are **2 mark questions**.
  - v. Questions **11** and **12** are **3 mark questions**, whereas **question 13** is for **4 marks**.
  - vi. **Question 13** of the **geography** section is a **map question** of **4 marks**.
  - vii. Attach the filled-up maps inside your answer-book.
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**Section A**  
**History**

**Question 1** – Which factors are considered to characterise the major elements of different moments of the past? [1]

- a) Economical and cultural
- b) Economical and social
- c) Cultural and political
- d) Social and political

**Question 2** – Prashastis were composed by which of the following groups? [1]

- a) Shudras
- b) Vaishyas
- c) Untouchables
- d) Brahmanas

**Question 3** – Who was the first Turkish ruler to build an empire in India? [1]

- a) Muhammad Tughluq
- b) Jalaluddin Khalji
- c) Alauddin Khalji
- d) Ghiyasuddin Tughluq

**Question 4** – Who refused to accept Mughal authority for a long time? [1]

- a) Rajputs of Marwar
- b) Sisodiya Rajputs
- c) Rajputs of Amber
- d) Shivaji

**Question 5** – Temples and mosques were meant to demonstrate which of the following factors? [1]

- a) Wealth of the patron
- b) Power of the patron
- c) Devotion of the patron
- d) All of the above

**Question 6** – Who won the universal respect for constructing a large reservoir just outside Delhi-i kuhna? [2]

**Question 7** – What did *sulh-i kul* mean and what was its objective? [2]

**Question 8** – State the various changes that took place in religious activities during medieval period. [2]

**Question 9** – Who was Mahmud of Ghazni and what was the extent of his empire? [2]

**Question 10** – What were the four stages in the preparation of a manuscript? [2]

**Question 11** – What is pietra-dura? Who introduced it? Name one monument in which pietra dura has been used. [3]

**Question 12** – What is mosque? Why did the Delhi sultans build several mosques in cities all over the subcontinent? [3]

**Question 13** – What was the third volume of Abul Fazl's history of Akbar's reign called? What did it include? [4]

## **Section B**

### **Civics**

**Question 1** - The Indian Constitution recognises everyone as [1]

- a) Same
- b) Not equal
- c) Equal
- d) None of the above

**Question 2** - Whose money is utilised for relief and rehabilitation in case of natural disasters? [1]

- a) Ministers' own money
- b) Tax money
- c) Government money
- d) Public money

**Question 3** - Into how many constituencies is the state of Himachal Pradesh divided? [1]

- a) 68
- b) 67
- c) 69
- d) 66

**Question 4** - The Samoan Islands are a part of a large group of small islands in the southern part of the [1]

- a) Indian Ocean
- b) Atlantic Ocean
- c) Arctic Ocean
- d) Pacific Ocean

**Question 5** - The first woman engine driver for Northern Railways is [1]

- a) Dipti Modekar
- b) Laxmi Lakra
- c) Mumtaz Kazi
- d) Surekha Yadav

**Question 6** - What is the common form of inequality in India? Give an example. [2]

**Question 7** - How can the health situation of our country improve? [2]

**Question 8** - What does Constituency mean? [2]

**Question 9** - What does de-value mean? [2]

**Question 10** - How do all children face pressures from the world around them? [2]

**Question 11** - 'Societies make clear distinctions between boys and girls'. Explain this statement by giving an example. [3]

**Question 12** - What are private health facilities? [3]

**Question 13** - Who was Ramabai? What did she do for the welfare of Indian women? [4]

### **Section C**

### **Geography**

**Question 1** - Earth day is celebrated throughout the world on [1]

- a) 22<sup>nd</sup> July
- b) 1<sup>st</sup> Jan
- c) 22<sup>nd</sup> April
- d) 17<sup>th</sup> November

**Question 2** - The process of transformation of the rock from one type to another is known as the [1]

- a) Rock Cycle
- b) Rock transformation
- c) Stone Cycle
- d) None of the above

**Question 3** - Which among the following on the Richter scale is the highest magnitude? [1]

- a) 6.0
- b) 5.0
- c) 4.0
- d) 7.0

**Question 4** - Which of the following is not the cause for the occurrence of ocean currents? [1]

- a) Density of water
- b) Gravitational pull
- c) Prevailing winds
- d) Earth's rotation

**Question 5** - Which layer of the atmosphere helps in radio transmission? [1]

- a) Mesosphere
- b) Exosphere
- c) Thermosphere
- d) Troposphere

**Question 6** - Explain how earthquakes occur? [2]

**Question 7** - What are the causes for occurrence of tides and ocean currents? [2]

**Question 8** - How are rocks and minerals useful to us? [2]

**Question 9** - What would happen if the Earth's temperature rises too high? [2]

**Question 10** - In what ways is the atmosphere useful to humans? [2]

**Question 11** - Explain the working of rock cycle. [3]

**Question 12** - What are the features made by a river in a flood plain? Explain with the help of a diagram. [3]

**Question 13** - Why is it said that a rock cycle has neither a beginning nor an end? [4]