

Chapter- 4

Worksheet-2

1. _____ disease continues for a few days and causes no longer term effect on body.
2. _____ is defined as physical, mental and social well-being and comfort.
3. Common cold is _____ disease.
4. Which one of the following disease is not caused by bacteria?
 - (a) Typhoid
 - (b) Anthrax
 - (c) Tuberculosis
 - (d) Malaria
5. Vectors can be defined as
 - (a) animals carry the infecting agents from sick person to another healthy person
 - (b) micro-organisms which cause many diseases
 - (c) infected person
 - (d) diseased plants
6. If you live in an overcrowded and poorly ventilated house, which of the following diseases, is possible, that you may suffer from?
 - (a) Cancer
 - (b) AIDS
 - (c) Air-borne diseases
 - (d) Cholera
7. Agent of a disease are
 - (a) Viruses

- (b) fungi
- (c) bacteria
- (d) all of these

8. Jaundice is a disease of

- (a) Kidney
- (b) liver
- (c) pancreas
- (d) duodenum

9. Which of the following statements is correct regarding vaccination?

- (a) It develops resistance against pathogen attack.
- (b) It kills pathogen causing disease.
- (c) It blocks the food supplied to pathogens.
- (d) It does not allow pathogens to multiply in hosts.

10. The microorganism causing acne are

- (a) H1N1 virus
- (b) Trypanosoma
- (c) Leishmania
- (d) Staphylococcus

11. What is immunisation?

12. Explain the process of inflammation? Mention the local effects and the general effects of inflammation?
13. Name any two groups of microorganisms from which antibiotics can be extracted?
14. Mention any three basic conditions required for good health?
15. What are the different means by which infectious diseases are spread?
16. Write a brief note on peptic ulcers?
17. Health is not merely absence of diseases. How can we define health? Classify diseases on the basis of:
 - (a) Duration of the diseases.
 - (b) Cause of the diseases.
18. Why a person suffering from AIDS cannot fight even small infections?
19. Give reason why?
Social harmony and good economic conditions are necessary for good health.
20. Differentiate between communicable and non-communicable diseases.