

Syntax

1. Jeans was not permitted in our college.
2. The furniture in this room are made of teak.
3. A swarm of bees are hovering over the flowers.
4. Not only his wife, but even his mother find him selfish.
5. Five years are too long to wait.
6. The president no less than the secretary are responsible.
7. Three fourths of the house was constructed.
8. Every man and woman work for the welfare of the poor.
9. Five lacs of rupees are a huge sum.
10. It is I who is to blame.
11. He, rather than his father, are to blame.
- ✓ 12. She commanded me as if she was my wife.
13. You, like your brothers, always drinks.
14. All is well that end well.
15. Rice and curry are my favourite dish.
16. I, Ramu, is an honest man.
17. Whisky and soda are served in the party today.
18. The shoes is too old to use.
19. Shakespeare's poetry are immortal.
20. Nothing but sand were seen there.
21. God blesses you !
22. Truth and honesty are the best policy.
23. Draughts are a table game.
24. The crew have not come yet.
25. The West-Indies has not won any match this year.
26. Riches grows in hell.
27. You are one of the students who does not copy in the examination.
28. Strawberries and peaches is my favourite dish.
29. One of the flowers are artificial.
30. Either of the boys have to purchase a train ticket for me.
31. Nobody deny the fact.
32. Half of the coins is false.
33. The United States are a great country.
34. The percentage of honest persons are small.
35. This is one of those problems which has many solutions.
36. A red and black cow were grazing in the field.
37. None of the candidates have appeared for an interview.
38. The Japanese is hard working.
- ✓ 39. Many an animal live on grass.
40. More than one examinee were expelled.
41. Letter after Letter pinpoint the need for hard work.
42. I like a boy who show intelligence.
43. There seems to be three lions in the den.
44. Churchill, statesman and writer, are no more.
45. Tales from Tagore are a nice collection of stories.
46. Dick, together with his friends, were drowned.
47. Bread and milk are wholesome food.
48. The officer, alongwith his clerks, are in the office.
- ✓ 49. The philosopher and the statesman is required.
50. Is there any body in the office ? No, there are no one.
5. Five years is too long to wait.
6. The president no less than the secretary is responsible.
7. Three fourths of the house was constructed.
8. Every man and woman works for the welfare of the poor.
9. Five lakh of rupees is a huge sum.
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50. Is there any body in the office ? No, there is no one.

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Article

1. He thinks he is Napoleon.
2. Don't trust that fellow; he is liar.
3. Deccan Queen is the express train which runs from Pune to Mumbai each day.
4. The Secretary and the Treasure was present there.
5. He pulled the dog by a tail.
6. She is wiser of the two.
7. The prosperity of country depends upon its citizens.
8. The Mankind is facing a great danger.
- ✓ 9. He came here by the sea but went by the air.

Answers With Explanation

1. Jeans were not permitted in our college.
2. The furniture in this room is made of teak.
3. A swarm of bees is hovering over the flowers.
4. Not only his wife, but even his mother finds him selfish.

10. He was elected a chairman.
11. He was moving from a village to a village.
12. What sort of a book do you like the best ?
13. Wages are paid by a day.
14. The older you get, wiser you grow.
15. He shot himself dead with the pistol after bidding his wife good bye.
16. She comes to college by a bicycle.
17. The English is a very popular language in the Delhi University.
18. My Christian friends go to the church every Sunday.
19. He, being an M. A., is qualified for a post.
20. Baidhnath Babu is living happy and leisurely life after his retirement from his Service.
21. Can you reproduce this lesson a word for a word ?
22. While learning to swim, one of most important things is to relax.
23. They were invited to the dinner the day before yesterday.
24. Hard work is an only way to get the success.
25. Mr. Thakur was listening to a radio when he arrived.

Answers With Explanation

1. He thinks he is a Napoleon.
2. Don't trust that fellow, he is a liar.
3. The Deccan Queen is an express train which runs from Pune to Mumbai each day.
4. The Secretary and treasure was present there.
5. He pulled the dog by the tail.
6. She is the wiser of the two.
7. The prosperity of a country depends upon its citizens.
8. Mankind is facing a great danger.
9. He came here by sea but went by air.
10. He was elected chairman.
11. He was moving from village to village.
12. What sort of book do you like best ?
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Noun and the Number

1. The gentry of this town does not like it.
2. The police has arrested him.
3. He gave me good advices.
4. I shall go to my quarter.
5. Commander-in-chiefs get handsome pay.
6. All the passer-bys saw her.
7. He has got a summon today.
8. He had no issues.
9. He gave me thank.
10. Dr. D.N. Jha is a man of letter.

11. Alik Babu is a man of part.
12. His house is built of bricks.
13. My publisher is true to his words.
14. Let me buy some fruits.
15. Mr. Prasad eats fishes every day.
16. The house is out of repairs.
17. Your hairs are black.
18. I found hair in the cap.
19. There are two grey hair on his coat collar.
20. My younger brother has three pairs of shoes.
21. Sad news were given to me.
22. His circumstance is not good.
23. He has got four dozens of books.
24. I have got a few dozen of pens and score of eggs.
25. There are hundred of birds in the tree.
26. He has got twelve-inches rule.
27. I have a ten years old dog.
28. Let us take a two-miles walk.
29. Bring a 50 centimetres rule.
30. He stopped his study.
31. My wife is in high spirit today.
32. He did three-fourth of the work.
33. Manu got full mark in Grammar.
34. Mr. Thakur does not like those sort of boys.
35. He has got two summons.
36. Dr. Hemant Jha, with his wife, went to the picture to see 'Gandhi'.
37. Our surrounding was pleasant.
38. The rich is happier than the poor.
39. It is kind to give something to a poor.
40. She gave him some informations.
41. I have to do several works.
42. There were many works that I had to do.
43. The Indian team defeated the English by an inning.
44. He has sold many of his furnitures.
45. The clergy is in the church.
46. Spectacles is now a costly item.
47. I have eaten one quarters of the cake.
48. He lives in the government quarter.
49. The wages of daily workers has been raised.
50. Peoples above seventy five years of age are not allowed to travel by air.

Answers With Explanation

1. The gentry of this town do not like it.
2. The police have arrested him.
3. He gave me good advice.
4. I shall go to my quarters.
5. Commanders-in-chief get handsome pay.
6. All the passers-by saw her.
7. He has got a summons today.
8. He had no issue.

Note : Issue का प्रयोग 'संतान' के अर्थ में होता है, तो इसका plural Issues नहीं होता है।

9. He gave me thanks.
10. Dr. D.N. Jha is a man of letters.
11. Alik Babu is a man of parts.
12. His house is built of brick.
13. My publisher is true to his word.
14. Let me buy some fruit.
15. Mr. Prasad eats fish every day.

Note : Brick, bread, fish, fruit, का प्रयोग सामान्यतः Uncountable noun के रूप में होता है, अतः इस अर्थ में इसका plural नहीं होता है।

16. The house is out of repair.
17. Your hair is black.
18. I found a hair in the cup.
19. There are two grey hairs on his coat collar.
20. My younger brother has three pair of shoes.

Note : Pair, dozen, score, gross (= 144), hundred-weight, stone, hundred, thousand आदि के पहले numeral Adjectives का प्रयोग हो तो ये singular form में प्रयुक्त होते हैं।

21. Sad news was given to me.
22. His circumstances are not good.
23. He has got four dozen of books.
24. I have got a few dozens of pens and scores of eggs.
25. There are hundreds of birds in the tree.
26. He has got a twelve-inch rule.
27. I have a ten-year old dog.
28. Let us take a two-mile walk.

Note : A ten-rupee note, A ten-year old dog. A three-foot rule, A two-mile walk, A ten-man committee के बनावट में singular noun का प्रयोग होता है। अर्थात् A + numeral Adjective + hyphen (-) + S.N. का प्रयोग होता है।

29. Bring a 50 centimetre rule.
30. He stopped his studies.
31. My wife is in high spirits today.
32. He did three-fourths of the work.
33. Manu got full marks in Grammar.
34. Mr. Thakur does not like boys of that sort.
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50. People above seventy-five years of age are not allowed to travel by air.

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Noun and the Case

1. Bhavana studies in a women's college.
2. Binay's car is more costly than Mukesh's.
3. Everybody's should do his duty.
4. Raman's desire was to become a doctor's.
5. He is a friend of my younger brother's.
6. Miss Shobhana works in S. Lal & Sons's shop.
7. Has he met Mohan's and Sohan's children?
8. Does she like the building's decoration?
9. Sneha lives in this girl's hostel.
10. My father-in-law decision is constant.
11. The audience listened to Dinkar and Bachchan's poems.
12. The bullock cart's wheel was broken.
13. Mr. Thakur's house is at the throw of a stone from here.
14. There is no money in the bank in Chandra Kishore's and Chandra Mukhi's joint account.
15. What is this book's price?
16. The publisher paid his employees two month's wages.

17. One should not laugh at the poor's suffering.
18. What is his programme of tomorrow?
19. I praise Sudhir's honesty who is my best colleague.
20. Your performance in the examination is not so good as my.
21. He wants to marry my brother's-in-law younger sister.
22. Has he made five horses' stable?
23. Criminals' should be punished.
24. The principal gave him two hundred rupees from Poor Boys's Fund.
25. Charles's wife was very beautiful and intelligent.

Answers With Explanation

1. Bhavana studies in a women's college.
2. Binay's car is more costly than Mukesh's.
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Pronoun

1. Mukesh and me are going to Delhi.
2. He did not laugh at you and I.
3. Let you and she dance together.
4. My son looks like I.
5. Divide these apples between you and I.
6. Everyone but he knows the fact.
7. Talking she is pleasant.
8. He requested I to go there.
9. Rekha is as beautiful as her.
10. America is a country. She is very big.
11. You, I and he are friends.
12. I and he read the Mahabharata.
13. I and you attend the class everyday.
14. You, he and I are robbers.
15. You and I are sinners.
16. Either of these four books is useful.
17. Any of those two chairs was broken.
18. Neither of these five pens is costly.
19. None of these two boys is laborious.
20. They all love each other.
21. The two women struck one another.

22. They hurt theirself.
23. They themself admitted their guilt.
24. I was sitting by mineself.
25. We exerted ourself.
26. Mohan has hurt himselfes.
27. I mineself will speak to him.
28. Sonika poisoned herselfes.
29. The child cried himself.
30. One must not praise himself
31. Each must do its best.
32. The Infant was playing himself.
33. You know myself.
34. They enjoyed in the party.
35. He presented in the class.
36. Alik babu shaves himself on Sundays.
37. The gate opened itself.
38. Himself is Mr. D.K. Mishra.
39. Herself is Mrs. Veena Thakur.
40. Mr. Pandey and myself were present there.
41. He has sold himself's car.
42. Your father must look after him.
43. The hermit often talked to him.
44. The Chief Minister distributed the blankets among themselves.
45. Nilu depends on yourself and myself.
46. Everyone should protect oneself from cold.
47. Everyone can't be honest, can he ?
48. Everything has his own importance.
49. One should do his duty.
50. One should help himself.

Answers With Explanation

1. Mukesh and I are going to Delhi.
2. He did not laugh at you and me.
3. Let you and her dance together.
4. My son looks like me.
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Adjective

1. Aman is not so thinner as Suman.
2. He treats me brother.
3. This sum is too more difficult to solve.
4. This tea is too hottest to drink.
5. You can drive enough fast to reach the station in time.
6. She was poorer enough to buy the books she needed.
7. He looked his servant angry.
8. Coffee is more preferable to tea.
9. Drinking is preferable than smoking.
10. He was tall and more handsome
11. You are more intelligent and honest than I.
12. She is the most beautiful and healthy girl in her family.
13. You are relatively better today.
14. This stick is more longer than that.
15. Your father is more wiser than mine.
16. She is the most poorest woman in the village.
17. The weather is comparatively better today.
18. You are more laborious than more intelligent.
19. She was as industrious as and honest than her sister.
20. His wife is wise than and as beautiful as mine
21. The more you get, the most you want.
22. You are getting fatter and fat.
23. She is becoming more and beautiful.
24. He is becoming richer and rich.
25. Manoj is equally as active as Lalan.
26. No another drama in Sanskrit is so good as Shankuntala.
27. Lead is the heaviest of all other metals.
28. Brijanandan Babu is the fattest man of the village.
29. He was the most honest in the lot.
30. You are the wisest of the two students.
31. Rahul is one of the most laborious student if not the most laborious. (student)
32. The climate of Ranchi is better than Gaya.
33. The villagers of this district are more laborious than that one.
34. Very few Indian king were so great as Ashok.
35. Very few boys are so more industrious as Suman.

Answers With Explanation

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3. This sum is too difficult to solve.
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9. Drinking is preferable to smoking.
10. He was tall and handsome.
11. You are more intelligent and more honest than I.
12. She is the most beautiful and healthiest girl in her family.
13. You are relatively well today.
14. This stick is longer than that.
15. Your father is wiser than mine.
16. She is the poorest woman in her village.
17. The weather is comparatively well today.
18. You are more laborious than intelligent.
19. She was as industrious as and more honest than her sister.
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Time and Tense

1. I have written to you yesterday about this matter.
2. He has finished his letter last night.
3. Binay has been in Rajgir two months ago.
4. I asked him what he has done.
5. Aditya ran outside to see what is happening.
6. The publisher gave me a prize so that I may work well again.
7. He lived in Patna since 1989.
8. The servant has not come when called.
9. The old woman has died of cold last night.
10. A moment ago I have heard strange news.
11. He had gone to Delhi last week.
12. My grandmother had died in 1988.
13. The train left before we reached the station.
14. The patient died before the doctor arrived.
15. I finished my work before he came to see me.
16. He told me that she was ill for five days.
17. My wife was fasting for two days when the doctor came.
18. He will reach home before the sun will set.
19. I shall leave this place by the time she will come.
20. He would come if you wish it.
21. He was enquiring what you have heard.
22. We learnt at school that the earth was not flat but round like a ball.
23. Were I in his place I should have paid the money.
24. Should he meet me he will know me at once?
25. He is here since 2001.

Answers With Explanation

1. I wrote to you yesterday about this matter.
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15. I had finished my work before he came to see me.
16. He told me that she had been ill for five days.
17. My wife had been fasting for two days when the doctor came.
18. He will have reached home before the sun sets.
19. I shall have left this place by the time she comes.
20. He would come if you wished it.
21. He was enquiring what you had heard.
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23. Were I in his place I should pay the money.
24. Should he meet me he would know me at once.
25. He has been here since 2001.

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Adverb

1. The teacher wants to know as to why he beat his friend.
2. He runs fastly.
3. He is working very hardly on this project.
4. Firstly she insulted her husband; secondly she asked him to leave her house at once.
5. She carefully does her work.
6. His grandmother is very fat that she can not walk fast.
7. You scarcely go to the cinema.
8. Last night, My brother returned lately.
9. During the winter months, they always were in the kitchen.
10. In Sweden many wives and husbands stay at home alternatively to look after their children.
11. Some were killed and others were injured badly.
12. He is afraid he speaks English very bad.
13. Aditya, my elderly son, is still at home.
14. The course has been especially designed for students preparing for the first certificate examination.
15. At first, he would like to introduce himself.
16. Firstly, I could not understand the local people at all.
17. The editor said that my letter was too long to be fully published.
18. It was raining hardly and we all got wet.
19. He tried hardly to remember where he had parked the car.
20. When we arrived at the hotel, we couldn't hardly believe our eyes.
21. I keep telling my self how I am lucky to have such wonderful children.
22. They probably will under stand and try to help you.
23. He sends them money but scarcely goes to see them.
24. When the plane took off, she held my hand strongly.
25. He was elected as president of our society.

Answers With Explanation

1. The teacher wants to know why he beat his friend.

Note : As to का प्रयोग why के पहले नहीं होता है।

2. He runs fast.

Note : fastly का प्रयोग नहीं होता है यह एक slang है।

3. He is working very hard on this project.

Note : working hard का प्रयोग working dedicatedly के अर्थ में होता है। जबकि hardly working का प्रयोग not working at all के अर्थ में होता है।

4. First she insulted her husband; then she asked him to leave her house at once.

5. She does her work carefully.

6. His grand mother is so fat that she can not walk fast.

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9. During the winter months, they were always in the kitchen.

10. In Sweden many wives and husbands stay at home alternately to look after their children.

Note : Alternately का प्रयोग 'बारी-बारी से' (in turns, reciprocally, first one then the other) के अर्थ में adverb के रूप में होता है। जबकि alternatively का प्रयोग 'व्याकरण' (another possibility is) के अर्थ में Adverb के रूप में होता है।

11. Some were killed and others were badly injured.

Note : badly + past participle का प्रयोग होता है।

12. He is afraid he speaks English very badly.

Note : Bad का प्रयोग बुरा, खराब, अप्रिय, बीमार/अस्वस्थ होना के अर्थ में Adjective के रूप में होता है। जबकि Badly का प्रयोग 'बुरी तरह से' के अर्थ में Adverb के रूप में होता है। जैसे—

It is bad to steal.
Adj

(खराब)

I have heard some bad news.
Adj

(अप्रिय)

He feels bad today
Adj

(अस्वस्थ होना)

He has been badly hurt,
Adv.

(बुरी तरह से)

13. Aditya, my elder son, is still at home.

Note : elderly का प्रयोग प्रौढ़/वयोवृद्ध (some what old; between middle and old age) के अर्थ में Adjective के रूप में होता है जबकि elder का प्रयोग परिवार के वरिष्ठ सदस्य (older or senior in family) के अर्थ में होता है।

14. The course has been specially designed for students preparing for the first certificate examination.

Note : especially का प्रयोग 'विशिष्ट रूप से/प्रमुख रूप से' के अर्थ में Adverb के रूप में होता है। जबकि Specially का प्रयोग 'खास तौर पर' (particularly) के अर्थ में Adverb के रूप में होता है। especially का प्रयोग Subject के बाद होता है जबकि specially का प्रयोग Auxiliary verb के बाद तथा Main verb के पहले होता है। अर्था A.V तथा M.V के बीच में होता है।

15. First of all, he would like to introduce himself.

16. At first, I could not understand the local people at all.

Note : (i) first का प्रयोग सबसे पहले (before any thing else) के अर्थ में Adjective के रूप में होता है।

(ii) At first का प्रयोग आरंभ में (in the beginning) के अर्थ में होता है।

(iii) firstly का प्रयोग आगे, पहले, आदि में (in the first place) के अर्थ में Adverb के रूप में होता है।

(iv) First of all का प्रयोग 'सबसे पहले' के अर्थ में होता है।

घ्यान दें : (i) First, firstly and first of all introduce the first item in a list or sequence while then, second and secondly introduce the next item.

Such as (i) First, open all the windows, then turn off the gas and, if necessary, call an ambulance.

(ii) These new computers have several advantages, first of all, they are faster than the older machines. Secondly, they are far easier to use, and thirdly they are more reliable.

(iii) At first introduces a situation which is in contrast with a later situation (after a change has taken place)

Such as—At first I didn't like the climate, but after two years I got used to it.

17. The editor said that my letter was too long to be published in full.

Note : fully का प्रयोग completely के अर्थ में होता है। जबकि In full का प्रयोग without any part missing or removed के अर्थ में होता है। जैसे—

It is a fully furnished apartment.

18. It was raining hard and we all got wet.

19. He tried hard to remember where he had parked the car.

20. When we arrived at the hotel, we could hardly believe our eyes.

Note : hardly negative meaning रखता है इसलिए इसके साथ not (negative word) का प्रयोग नहीं होता है।

21. I keep telling myself how lucky I am to have such wonderful children.

Note : How + Adjective/ Adverb + Subject + Verb का प्रयोग होता है।

22. They will probably understand and try to help you.

Note : Probably का प्रयोग Auxiliary verb तथा main verb के बीच में होता है।

23. He sends them money but rarely goes to see them.

Note : Rarely का प्रयोग almost never के अर्थ में frequency को express करने के लिए किया जाता है।

24. When the plane took off, she held my hand tightly.

Note : Strongly का प्रयोग verbs—suggest, advise, recommend, agree, disagree, believe, feel etc के साथ होता है। जैसे—
I would strongly advise you to think again.

25. He was elected president of our society.

Note : Adverb 'as' का प्रयोग verbs—appointed, elected, considered, called etc के साथ नहीं होता है। जबकि Adverb 'As' का प्रयोग Regard के साथ होता है। जैसे—

I regard Amar as my friend.

(✓)

I regard Amar my friend.

(×)

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Preposition

- I always have a good breakfast at the morning.
- He was married at 1998 and have two children a boy and a girl.
- He needs to discover another source of income, beside oil.
- She went swimming in the river besides my house.
- He wandered silently between the passengers on the boat.
- The main purpose of the visit is to develop a closer relationship among the two countries
- The play deals in the struggle of a married couple to live their own lives.
- He is not well acquainted to me.
- He aimed on the bird; fired, but missed it.

10. We must abide by the law.
11. Keep your expenses within your income.
12. He abstains from luxuries.
13. She excels in music as well as dancing.
14. Diabetes eats into our vitality and health.
15. He is so clever that I cannot cope with him.
16. According to the law one man cannot kill another.
17. The train arrived at the station.
18. He appealed to the judge for his release from jail.
19. We are accountable to God for our action.
20. Ramanand complained against the teacher to subject about his mischief.
21. He has accommodated himself to the new situation.
22. He hindered me from going.
23. A child cannot distinguish between right and wrong.
24. He always adheres to his principles.
25. May I request you to excuse me?
26. We should pray to God.
27. He ordered a drink.
28. He recommended my name to the officer.
29. A good man will not boast of his wealth.
30. He discussed the matter.
31. The preface of this book is very short.
32. The teacher inflicted punishment on the student.
33. He is vexed with his brother's illness.
34. What is your subscription for the Famine Relief Fund?
35. The Marwaris have great aptitude for business.
36. I have a strong affection for that poor girl.
37. He offered her an apology for his conduct.
38. Miss Veena has no control over her class.
39. The thief was acquitted of the charge.
40. Ultimately she became reconciled to her husband.
41. All of us were shocked with the news of his death.
42. I defended him from all blame.
43. They bravely defended their country against enemies.
44. I enquired of her why she had insulted her husband.
45. He revenged himself on his enemy for the murder of his brother.
46. Mr. Jha rewarded her with a watch for saving his child from drowning.
47. Mr. Thakur struggled against many difficulties.
48. He warned me of the danger of pickpockets.
49. The poor beggar was addicted to smoking.
50. I prevented her from selling her ornaments.

Answers With Explanation

1. I always have a good breakfast in the morning.
2. He was married in 1998 and has two children, a boy and a girl.
3. He needs to discover another source of income, besides oil.
4. She went swimming in the river beside my house.
5. He wandered silently among the passengers on the boat.
6. The main purpose of the visit is to develop a closer relationship between the two countries.
7. The play deals with the struggle of a married couple to live their own lives.
8. He is not well acquainted with me.
9. He aimed at the bird, fired, but missed it.
10. We must abide by the law.
11. Keep your expenses within your income.
12. He abstains from luxuries.
13. She excels in music as well as dancing.
14. Diabetes eats into our vitality and health.

15. He is so clever that I cannot cope with him.
16. According to the law one man cannot kill another.
17. The train arrived at the station.
18. He appealed to the judge for his release from jail.
19. We are accountable to God for our action.
20. Ramanand complained to the teacher against Sujeet about his my chief.
21. He has accommodated himself to the new situation.
22. He hindered me from going.
23. A child cannot distinguish between right and wrong.
24. He always adhered to his principles.
25. May I request you to excuse me?
26. We should pray to God.
27. He ordered a drink.
28. He recommended my name to the officer.
29. A good man will not boast of his health.
30. He discussed the matter.
31. The preface to this book is very short.
32. The teacher inflicted punishment on the student.
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34. What is your subscription to the famine relief fund?
35. The Marwaris have great aptitude for business.
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Conjunction

1. Both Shobhana as well as Bhavna are beautiful.
2. As you are my younger brother so I shall take care of you.
3. No change took place since he has died.
4. The crops will die before the rains will fall.
5. She behaves as if she is a child.
6. He took the medicine that he might get well.
7. Mr. Thakur was writing the book, at that time the publisher came to him.
8. No sooner we reached the stadium, it started raining cats and dogs.
9. Because Suman is intelligent, therefore, everybody likes him.
10. Work hard lest you may not fail.
11. He is more intelligent but not so hard working as his elder brother.
12. Your father will return on either Sunday or Monday.
13. He asked me that who I was.
14. Most of the girls are doing their graduation because they may get good husbands.
15. The students not only the teacher but also was responsible for what happened in the class.
16. Although Vikas is hard working, but he does not get a job.

17. It is nothing else than a trick being played upon Mr. Thakur.
18. I have no choice than to start my own business.
19. The teacher asked Aditya that why he was late.
20. No other country but India has spoken against terrorism.

Answers With Explanation

1. Both Shobhna and Bhavna are beautiful.
or, Shobhna as well as Bhavna is beautiful.
2. I shall take care of you because you are my younger brother.
I shall take care of you because you are my younger brother.
3. No change has taken place since he died.
4. The crops will have died before the rains fall.
5. She behaves as if she were a child.
6. He took the medicine so that/in order that he might get well.
7. Mr. Thakur was writing the book, when the publisher came to him.

8. No sooner did we reach the stadium than it started raining cats and dogs.
9. Everybody likes Suman because he is intelligent.
10. Work hard lest you should fail.
11. He is more intelligent than but not so hard working as his elder brother.
12. Your father will return either on Sunday or on Monday.
13. He asked me who I was.
14. Most of the girls are doing their graduation so that they may get good husbands.
15. Not only the students but also the teacher was responsible for what happened in the class.
16. Although Vikas is hard working, yet he does not get a job.
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