7. COORDINATION IN LIFE PROCESS

1. 3:2:1:2 the ratio of our dentition. Here 1 Represents _____

2. Large protein molecule are broken down in _____ of digestive track _____

- 3. _____is the strong acid which is secreted during digestion
- 4. Olfactory receptors present in _____ trigger signals to brain
- 5. P_H of saliva is _____ in nature
- 6. Fill in the blanks with suitable words given below

Fluctuations of hormone (i) ______ levels results in sensation of hunger and motivation of consuming food. When you feel your stomach is full and there is no need of food any more. Another hormone (ii) ______ that gets secreted suppresses hunger. When we take food into the mouth it has to be chewed thoroughly. For this purpose the (iii) ______ Muscles help in chewing actions, while the (iv) ______ muscles of the Jaw moves the Jaw up, down, forward and backward during food mastication . The (v) ______ nerve controls the muscles of the jaw under the action of (vi) ______ nervous system saliva are released by the salivary glands moistens the food to make chewing and swallowing easier. The salivary (vii) ______ in the saliva breaks down the starch into sugar. As a result of chewing the food is transported into the oesophagus by the action of swallowing which is coordinated by the swallowing centre in the (viii) ______ and the (ix) ______ the tongue which is gustatory recognizes the taste and (x) ______ nerve plays an important role in sensation of taste.

Choose the right ones

- (i)Leptin, Ghrelin, Gastrin, Secretin
- (ii)Ghrelin, Leptin, Secretin, Gastrin
- (iii)Deep muscles, surface muscles, circular muscles, striated muscles
- (iv)Surface muscles, deep muscles, neck muscles, long muscle.

- (v)Fifth cranial nerve, second cranial nerve, fifth facial nerve, spinal nerve.
- (vi)Central nervous system, peripheral nervous system, autonomous nervous system.
- (vii)Lipase, Sucrose, Galactose, Amylase
- (viii)Medulla oblongata, cerebrum, brain stem, 7th cranial nerve.

(ix)Pons varolii, brain stem, medulla oblongata, mid brain.

 $(x)6^{th}$ Cranial nerve, 5^{th} cranial nerve, 10^{th} cranial nerve, optic nerve

7. Ghrelin is secreted from _____

8._____ play a major role in carrying the hunger pangs.

9.Increase of ghrelin levels result in _____

10. The sense of taste is carried to the brain for analysis only after _____

11. The food in the mouth has been broken down in small pieces to _____

12.Teeth helps in the process of _____

13. The teeth which have sharp and pointed edges are _____

14._____ have blunt and nearly flat surface

15._____ muscles help in the movement of jaws

16._____ muscles help in pushing the food into the mouth

17.Starch is broken down into maltose and dextrose by the action of

18.Swallowing is coordinated by_____

19.P_H beyond 7 is known as_____

20.P_H below 7 is known as_____

21.P_H 7 is known as_____

22.____litres of saliva is secreted daily.

23._____acts as lubricant in the oesophagus

24.Bleaching and burning sensation of stomach is due to _____

25.Partially digested food in stomach_____

26.Reverse peristalsis can be seen in _____ 27. The time taken for complete digestion is _____ 28._____countess the action of acid in stomach 29._____increase the area of absorption in the intestine. 30. Chyme initiates the production of hormones like_____ 31. The last part of the alimentary canal_____ 32. The dental formula of man is Key 1) Canier 2) Stomach 3) HCl 4) Nose 5) Alkaline 6. i) Ghrelin ii) Leptin iii) Circular muscles iv) Surface muscles v) Cranial vi) Autonomous nervous system ix) Medulla oblongata vii) Amylase viii) Brain stem x) Olfactory Choose in right ones Ans: - 2,6,7,9,10 7) The wall of the stomach 8) Diencephalon and vagus nerve 9) Sensation of hunger and motivation to consume food. 10) The dissolved food touches the taste bud 11) Increase the area for action of enzymes 12) Mastication 13) Canines 14) Molars and premolars 15) Surface 16) Circular 17) Ptyalin 18) Medulla oblongata and brain stem 19) Alkaline 20) Acidic 21) neutral 23) Mucus 22)1 to 1.5 liters 24) Secretion of HCl 25) Chyme 27) 30-40 hrs 26) Ruminants

28) Mucus30) Secretion, Cholecystokinin32) 2123\2123

29) Villi31) Rectum