

## Appendix

# 2

## Newspapers and Journals

Name of the Paper/Journal	Place of Publication	Starting Year	Founder/Editor
<b>Bengal Gazette</b> (or Calcutta General Advertiser)	Calcutta	1780	James Augustus Hickey (Irish)
<b>Madras Courier</b> (It was the first paper from Madras)	Madras	1784	—
India Gazette	Calcutta	1787	Henry Vivian Derozio was associated with it.
<b>Bombay Herald</b> (It was the first paper from Bombay)	Bombay	1789	—
Indian Herald	Madras	1795	It was started by R. Williams and published by Humphreys.
<b>Digdarshanna</b> (first Bengali monthly)	Calcutta	1818	—
<b>Bengal Gazette</b> (first Bengali Newspaper)	Calcutta	1818	Harishchandra Ray
<b>Sambad Kaumudi</b> (Bengali weekly)	Calcutta	1821	Raja Ram Mohan Roy
<b>Mirat-ul-Akhbar</b> (first Persian journal)	Calcutta	1822	Raja Ram Mohan Roy
<b>Jam-i-Jahan-Numah</b> (first paper in Urdu)	Calcutta	1822	English firm
<b>Banga-doota</b> (a weekly in four languages- English, Hindi, Persian & Bengali)	Calcutta	1822	Raja Ram Mohan Roy, Dwarkanath Tagore and others.
<b>East Indian</b> (daily)	—	19 <sup>th</sup> cent.	Henry Vivian Derozio

<b>Bombay Samachar</b> (first paper in Gujarati)	Bombay	1822	—
<b>Bombay Times</b> (post 1861- The Times of India)	Bombay	1838	Foundation laid by Robert Knight but was started by Thomas Bennett
<b>Rast Goftar</b> (a Gujarati fortnightly)	Calcutta	1851	Dadabhai Naoroji
Hindu Patriot	Calcutta	1853	Girish Chandra Ghosh, but later went into the hands of Harish Chandra Mukherjee
<b>Somaprakash</b> (first Bengali political)	Calcutta	1858	Dwarkanath Vidyabhushan
Indian Mirror	Calcutta	1862	Debendranath Tagore
National Paper	Calcutta	1865	Debendranath Tagore
<b>Amrit Bazaar Patrika</b> (Bengali in the beginning, later English daily)	Jessore District	1868	Sisir Kumar Ghosh and Moti Lal Ghosh
<b>Madras Mail</b> (first Indian evening news paper)	Calcutta	1868	—
<b>Bangadarshana</b> (Bengali)	Calcutta	1873	Bankim Chandra Chatterjee
<b>Indian Statesman</b> (later only The Statesman)	Calcutta	1875	Robert Knight
<b>The Hindu</b> (started as weekly)	Madras	1878	G.S. Aiyar, Viraraghavachari and Subbarao Pandit
The Tribune	Lahore	1881	Dayal Singh Majithia
<b>Mahratta</b> (English weekly) and <b>Kesari</b> (Marathi daily)	Bombay	1881	Tilak, Chiplunkar, Agarkar (prior to Tilak, Kelkar and Agarkar were the editors of Mahratta and Kesari respectively)
<b>Swadesh Mitram</b> (Tamil)	Madras	—	G.S.Aiyar
<b>Paridasak</b> (weekly)	—	1886	Bipin Chandra Pal
Yugantar	Bengal	1906	Barindra Kumar Ghosh

Sandhya	Bengal	1906	Brahmabandhab Upadhyaya
Kal	Bengal	1906	—
Indian Sociologist	London	—	Shyamji Krishna Varma
Bande Mataram	Paris	—	Madam Bhikaiji Cama
Talvar	Berlin	—	Virendranath Chattopadhyaya
Ghadr	San Francisco	—	Ghadar Party(Lala Hardayal)
<b>Bombay Chronicle</b> (daily)	Bombay	1913	Pherozeshah Mehta
The Hindustan Times	Delhi	1920	K.M. Panikkar
<b>Bahishkrit Bharat</b> (Marathi fortnightly)	—	1927	B.R.Ambedkar
<b>Kudi Arasu</b> (Tamil)	Tamil Nadu	1910	E.V. Ramasamy Naicker(Periyar)
Kranti	Maharashtra	1927	S.S. Mirajkar, K.N. Joglekar, S.V. Ghatge
Bandi Jivan	Bengal	—	Sachindranath Sanyal
National Herald	—	1938	Jawaharlal Nehru