Motion and Time

Question 1.

The speed of a car is 40 km/h. What is time taken to reach from one city to another city if the distance between the two cities is 480 km:

(a) 10 hours

(b) 11 hours

(c) 14 hours

(d) 12 hours

▼ Answer

(d) 12 hours The time is taken by a car is 12 hours.

Question 2.

72 km/h m/s: (a) 72 m/s (b) 20 m/s (c) 36 m/s (d) 12 m/s

▼ Answer

(b) 20 m/s 72 km/h – 20m/s

Question 3.

The standard unit of time is: (a) hour (b) minute (c) second (d) all of these

Answer

(c) second The standard unit of time is second.

Question 4. The clock used now a days are: (a) quartz

(b) minute

(c) second

(d) all of these

▼ Answer

(a) quartz The quartz clock is used now-a-days.

Question 5.

When weight of bob in a pendulum is increased then the oscillation period of a pendulum is:

- (a) increased
- (b) decreased
- (c) no change
- (d) can't say

▼ Answer

(b) decreased When weight of bob in pendulum is increased, the oscillation period of pendulum is decreased.

Question 6.

The standard unit of length is: (a) metre ('m') (b) kilometre (c) m/s (d) km/h

▼ Answer

(a) metre ('m') The standard unit of length is meter ('m').

Question 7.

- The standard unit of mass is: (a) 'kg' (b) mg
- (c) g
- (d) none of these

▼ Answer

(a) 'kg'('Kg') is the unit of mass.

Question 8.

The standard unit of temperature is:

- (a) 'Kg'
- (b) F
- (c) °C
- (d) can't say

▼ Answer

(a) `Kg'(`K') is the unit of temperature.

Question 9. Distance: (a) D = S x T (b) D = (c) D = (d) D = ▼ Answer

(a) D = S x T D = S x T

Question 10. Time: (a) t = d x s (b) t = (c) t = (d) t = ▼ Answer

(c) t =

t =

Question 11.

The distance moved by the object in a unit time is:

- (a) time
- (b) distance
- (c) speed
- (d) can't say
- ▼ Answer

(c) speed The distance moved by the object in a unit time is speed.

Question 12.

The pictorial representation of two variables inter dependent of one another is known as:

- (a) motion
- (b) graph
- (c) speed
- (d) time

▼ Answer

(b) graph

Graph is pictorial representation of two objects.

Question 13.

If an object covers equal distance in equal intervals of time, then the object is said to have:

- (a) non-uniform motion
- (b) uniform motion
- (c) oscillation
- (d) none of these

▼ Answer

(b) uniform motion

A staight line covers equal distance in equal intervals of time is uniform motion.

Question 14.

A device used to measure the speed of vehicles is:

- (a) odometer
- (b) graph
- (c) speedometer
- (d) none of these

▼ Answer

(c) speedometer Speedometer measure the speed of vehicles.

Question 15.

The to and fro motion of the particle about its mean position is called:

(a) intervals

(b) vibration

- (c) pendulum
- (d) can't say

▼ Answer

(b) vibration To and fro motion is vibration.

Question 16.

The most common example of periodic motion or oscillatory motion is:

- (a) interval
- (b) pendulum
- (c) simple pendulum
- (d) speedometer

▼ Answer

(c) simple pendulum Simple pendulum is periodic or oscillatory motion.

Question 17.

The time interval between one sunrise and next sunrise is called a:

- (a) year
- (b) month
- (c) day
- (d) week

Answer

(c) day

The time interval between one sunrise to next sunrise is a day.

Question 18.

Which of the following motion is circular motion:

- (a) motion of a child over see saw
- (b) motion of a car running on a straight road
- (c) motion of an electric bell hammer
- (d) motion of a child in a merry go round

▼ Answer

(d) motion of a child in a merry go round A child in a merry-go-round is circular motion.

Question 19.

A simple pendulum takes 32 S complete 20 oscillations. What is the time period of pendulum: (a) 640

- (b) 0.625
- (c) 1.60
- (d) none of these

▼ Answer

(b) 0.625 The time period of pendulum is 0.625.

Question 20. Distance between two cities is measured in: (a) metres (b) kilometres (c) second (d) kilogram

▼ Answer

(b) kilometres Distance between two cities is measrued by kilometers.

Question 21. Motion of a train on a straight (a) oscillatory motion (b) circular motion (c) uniform motion

(d) straight line motion

▼ Answer

(d) straight line motion

A train on a straight bridge is straight line motion.

Question 22.

A device used to measure the distance moved by a vehicle:

(a) odometer

- (b) speedometer
- (c) both
- (d) none of these

▼ Answer

(a) odometer

An odometer measured the distance moved by a vehicle.

Question 23.

The time taken by the earth to make one revolution around the sun is called a:

(a) day

- (b) week
- (c) month
- (d) year

▼ Answer

(d) year The earth make one revolution around the sun in a year.

Question 24.

The motion of a vibrating particle from one extreme position to another extreme position about its mean position is:

- (a) speed
- (b) circulation
- (c) oscillation
- (d) none of these

▼ Answer

(c) oscillation The motion of vibrating particle is circulation.

Question 25. The time taken by a vibrating body to complete one vibration is: (a) speed (b) time of period (c) distance

(d) all of these

▼ Answer

(b) time of period

The time taken by a vibrating body to complete one vibration is time period.

Question 26.

- A horse pulling a cart has:
- (a) oscillatory motion
- (b) circular motion
- (c) linear motion
- (d) none of these

▼ Answer

(a) oscillatory motion

A horse pulling a cart has oscillatory motions.

Question 27.

If the speed of a body moving in a straight line changes then the speed of the body is:

- (a) uniform
- (b) non-uniform
- (c) some times uniform and non-uniform
- (d) none of these

▼ Answer

(b) non-uniform

If the speed of a body moving in a straight line changes then the speed of the body is non-uniform.

Question 28.

An earth completes one revolution around the sun in:

- (a) 1 day
- (b) 1 year
- (c) 1 hour
- (d) none of these

▼ Answer

(b) 1 year An earth complete one revolution around the sun in a year.

Question 29.

A simple pendulum is an example of:

(a) periodic motion

(b) circular motion

(c) linear motion

(d) none of these

▼ Answer

(a) periodic motion Periodic motion is an example of a simple pendulum.

Question 30.

An odometer is used to measure:

- (a) speed
- (b) distance
- (c) motion
- (d) none of these

▼ Answer

(b) distance Distance is measured by an odometer.

Question 31.

The hammer of an electric bell has motion:

(a) circular motion

(b) vibratory motion

(c) linear motion

(d) periodic motion

▼ Answer

(b) vibratory motion The hammer of an electric bell has vibratory motion.

Question 32. The unit of speed of train is:

- (a) meter per hour
- (b) meter per second
- (c) kilometer per hour
- (d) mile per second

▼ Answer

(c) kilometer per hour The unit of speed of train is kilometer per hour.

Question 33.

The times taken by a pendulum to complete one oscillation is:

(a) oscillation period

(b) 1 second

(c) time period

(d) frequency

▼ Answer

(c) time period The time taken by a pendulum to complete one oscillation is time period.



Question 35.

The speed of a train is 60 km/h. The distance covered by the train is 4 hours would be: (a) 15 km (b) 240 km (c) km (d) none of these

Answer

(b) 240 km The distance covered by a train would be 240 km.

Question 36.

Classify the following as motions is oscillatory motion:

- (a) motion of your hands while runnning
- (b) motion of a horse pulling a cart on a straight road
- (c) motion of a child in a merry go round
- (d) motion of a train on a straight line

▼ Answer

(a) motion of your hands while runnning Motion your hands while running is oscillatory motion.

Question 37.

Which of the following is correct statements:

- (a) the basic unit of time is second
- (b) every object moves with a constant speed
- (c) distance between two cities is measured in metres
- (d) the time period of a given pendulum is not constant

▼ Answer

(a) the basic unit of time is second The basic unit of time is second.

Question 38.

The graph between distance, time for a body at rest is a:

- (a) straight line parallel to a distance axis
- (b) straight line parallel to time axis
- (c) curve line
- (d) straight line

▼ Answer

(b) straight line parallel to time axis Straight line parallel to time axis.

Question 39.

A car covers a distance of 220 km in 4 hours what is its speed:

(a) 50 km/h

- (b) 55 km/h
- (c) 224 km/h
- (d) 880 km/h

▼ Answer

(b) 55 km/h The speed of a car is 55 km/h.

Question 40.

The graph between distance and time for a non uniform motion is a:

- (a) curve line
- (b) can't say
- (c) straight line
- (d) none of these

▼ Answer

(a) curve line The graph between distance and time is curve line for non¬uniform motion.

Question 41.

A car covers 40 km in first hour, 115 km in next two hours and 45 km in next one hours. Find

out its averages speed:

- (a) 100 km/h
- (b) 66.6 km/h
- (c) 50 km/h
- (d) none of these

▼ Answer

(c) 50 km/h The total averages speed of a car is 50 km/h.

Question 42. The S.I. unit of speed is: (a) m/s (b) km/min (c) km/h (d) km/s

▼ Answer

(a) m/s The S.I. unit of speed is m/s.

Match the column A with column B:

Question 1.

Column-A	Column-B
(a) Merry go round	(i) straight line
(b) Over see-saw	(ii) circular motion
(c) Your hands while running	(iii) linear motion
(d) Train on a straight line	(iv) oscillatory motion
(e) Horse pulling a cart	(v) oscillatory motion
▼ Answer	
Column-A	Column-B
(a) Merry go round	(ii) circular motion
(b) Over see-saw	(iv) oscillatory motion

(c) Your hands while running	(v) oscillatory motion
(d) Train on a straight line	(i) straight line
(e) Horse pulling a cart	(iii) linear motion

Question 2.

Column-A	Column-B	
(a) 365 days	(i) 1 millennium = 1000 years	
(b) 10 years	(ii) 1 century = 100 years	
(c) 10 decades	(iii) 1 decade	
(d) 10 centuries	(iv) 1 year	
▼ Answer		
Column-A	Column-B	
(a) 365 days	(iv) 1 year	
(b) 10 years	(iii) 1 decade	
(c) 10 decades	(ii) 1 century = 100 years	
(d) 10 centuries	(i) 1 millennium = 1000	

State the following statements are True or False:

Question 1.

The basic unit of time is second.

▼ Answer

True

Question 2. Every object moves with a constant speed.

▼ Answer

False

Question 3. The time period of a given pendulum is not constant.

▼ Answer

True

Question 4. The speed of a train is expressed in m/h.

▼ Answer

False

Question 5.

Distance between two cities is measrued in kilometers.

▼ Answer

True

Question 6.

Motion of your hands while running is oscillatory motion.

▼ Answer

True

Question 7. A simple pedulum is an example of linear motion.

▼ Answer

False

Question 8.

A speedometer is used to measure distance.

▼ Answer

False

Question 9. Minute is the basic unit of time.

▼ Answer

False

Question 10. Second is the larger unit of time.

▼ Answer

False

Question 11. Working of clock depends on periodic motion.

▼ Answer

True

Question 12.

When an object covers equal distances in equal intervals of time, however small be the intervals, then we say that it is in uniform motion.

▼ Answer

True

Fill in the blanks:

Question 1. The motion of vehicles on a straight road is in

▼ Answer

straight line

Question 2. Revolving of earth around the sun is motion.

▼ Answer

uniform motion

Question 3. Running athlete is the example of motion.

▼ Answer

non-uniform motion

Question 4.

The weight should swing freely on being moved some distance to one side and released is

Answer

oscillation

Question 5.

The time taken by a pendulum to complete an oscillation is called the period of

▼ Answer

oscillation

Question 6.

On increasing the length of the pendulum the oscillation period also

Answer

increases

Question 7.

..... measures the distance moved by vehicle.

▼ Answer

odometer

Question 8.

..... records speed directly in km/h.

▼ Answer

speedometer

Question 9. A horse pulling a cart has

Answer

linear motions

Question 10. is metallic ball of a pendulum.

▼ Answer

Bob of pendulum

Question 11. The basic unit of speed is

▼ Answer

m/s

Question 12. Speed =

▼ Answer

distance lime