

Idioms/Phrases

Directions : In these questions, four alternatives are given for the **Idioms/Phrases**. Choose the alternative which best expresses the meaning of the **Idioms/Phrases**.

A

1. A cock and bull story

- (a) An important story (b) An imaginary story
(c) A long story (d) A short story

SS.C. ऑनलाइन C.P.O.S.I. 5 जुलाई, 2017 (II-पती)

उत्तर (b)

Idioms/Phrases 'A cock and bull story' का तात्पर्य है- An imaginary story; a fanciful and unbelievable tale; an absurd, improbable story presented as the truth; a tall tale; an implausible story used as an explanation or excuse; an incredible story told as true; यानि 'बे-सिर पैर की या ऊट-पटांग बात'।

2. A green horn

- (a) an inexperienced man
(b) a dangerous man
(c) suspicious man
(d) a wise person

SS.C. ऑनलाइन C.P.O.S.I. 7 जुलाई, 2017 (I-पती)

उत्तर (a)

Idioms/Phrases 'A green horn' का तात्पर्य है- an inexperienced man; a person who is new to or inexperienced at a particular activity; an untrained man; a naive person; a newcomer (as to a country) unacquainted with local manners and customs; gullible person; someone who is easily tricked or swindled, immature person, यानि 'नैसिखिया, अनाड़ी, मूर्ख'।

3. At variance with

- (a) In one time (b) In opposite
(c) In any way (d) Sometimes

SS.C. ऑनलाइन C.P.O.S.I. 2 जुलाई, 2017 (I-पती)

उत्तर (b)

Idioms/Phrases 'At variance with' का तात्पर्य है- In opposite; in disagreement; differing; discrepant; disagreeing with or opposing somebody/something; (of facts, etc.) not in accord; conflicting; (of persons) in a state of dissension; यानि 'के विरुद्ध'।

4. A snake in the grass

- (a) A coward (b) A treacherous person
(c) A friendly person (d) An honest person

SS.C. ऑनलाइन C.P.O.S.I. 2 जुलाई, 2017 (I-पती)

उत्तर (b)

Idioms/Phrases 'A snake in the grass' का तात्पर्य है- A treacherous person; a deceitful person; a concealed danger; one who feigns friendship with the intent to deceive; a secretly faithless friend; यानि 'आस्तीन का साँप'।

5. Apple of one's eye

- (a) the person with sweet tastes
(b) the person with wide pupils
(c) the person who likes apple
(d) the person who someone loves or cherishes the most

SS.C. ऑनलाइन स्टेनोग्राफर ग्रेड 'सी' एवं 'डी' 14 सितंबर, 2017 (II-पती)

उत्तर (d)

Idioms/Phrases 'Apple of one's eye' का तात्पर्य है- the person who someone loves or cherishes the most; someone or something very precious or dear; special favourite, beloved person or thing; a favoured person; a person of whom one is extremely fond or proud; a person or thing that is very precious or much loved, यानि 'आँख का तारा'।

6. A chip on your shoulder

- (a) your shoulder is injured
(b) there is burden on your shoulder
(c) you are holding a grudge
(d) you are ill

SS.C. ऑनलाइन स्टेनोग्राफर ग्रेड 'सी' एवं 'डी' 14 सितंबर, 2017 (I-पती)

उत्तर (c)

Idioms/Phrases 'A chip on your shoulder' का तात्पर्य है- You are holding a grudge; the act of holding a grievance; that readily provokes disputation; it can also mean a person thinking too much of oneself; a bad attitude that tends to get someone easily upset; a habitually hostile or combative attitude; a perceived grievance or sense of inferiority; यानि 'बात-बात पर बिगड़ना'।

7. After one's own heart

- (a) Sharing or having one's tastes or views
- (b) Infatuation with a person which is not reciprocated
- (c) Memorise something by heart
- (d) Don't have the courage to do something bad for a good person

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन CHSL (T-I) 4 मार्च, 2018 (I-परी)

उत्तर (a)

Idioms/Phrases 'After one's own heart' का तात्पर्य है- Sharing or having one's tastes or views; just such as one likes, dear to one; a man or woman who likes the same things or has the same opinions as you; in keeping one's taste or preference; appealing to one's own disposition, taste, or tendencies; यानि 'अपनी रुचि अथवा पसंद का; मन का'।

8. A penny for your thoughts

- (a) A way of asking what someone is thinking
- (b) Another way of saying pennywise pound foolish
- (c) An idea is less worth a penny unless it is executed successfully
- (d) Willing to share a secret only at a price

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन CHSL (T-I) 14 मार्च, 2018 (I-परी)

उत्तर (a)

Idioms/Phrases 'A penny for your thoughts' का तात्पर्य है- A way of asking what someone is thinking; an invitation to a person lost in thought to share his or her preoccupation; what are you thinking about यानि 'क्या सोच होना'।

9. All in a day's work

- (a) Even in routine work one can find instances of fun
- (b) Something unusual or difficult accepted as part of someone's normal routine
- (c) A lot of work which is done in just one day
- (d) Work all day on a job that you love

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन CHSL (T-I) 14 मार्च, 2018 (I-परी)

उत्तर (b)

Idioms/Phrases 'All in a day's work' का तात्पर्य है- Something unusual or difficult accepted as part of someone's normal routine; expected and normal; part of your normal working life and not unusual; part of a person's typical work यानि 'रोजमर्रा का काम'।

10. A sea change

- (a) A profound or notable transformation
- (b) An upcoming storm
- (c) Someone who appears turbulent on the outside but is actually calm deep inside
- (d) As you go deeper into the situation you will see a very different picture

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन CHSL (T-I) 11 मार्च, 2018 (I-परी)

उत्तर (a)

Idioms/Phrases 'A sea change' का तात्पर्य है- A profound or notable transformation; a complete change; a marked change; a radical change; a seemingly magical change, as brought about by the action of the sea; any major alternation; a striking change; as in appearance, often for the better यानि 'आकस्मिक पूर्ण परिवर्तन'।

11. A rainy day

- (a) Time of amusement
- (b) Time of difficulty
- (c) Day for adventure
- (d) Heavy downpour of water

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन मल्टी टॉपिंग (M.T.S.) 20 सितंबर, 2017 (I-परी)

उत्तर (b)

Idioms/Phrases 'A rainy day' का तात्पर्य है- Time of difficulty; a time of need or trouble; bad times; a time when money might unexpectedly be needed; a possible future time of need or difficulty; यानि 'बुरे दिन अथवा कठिनई भरे दिन'।

12. At the eleventh hour

- (a) The initial moment
- (b) At the last possible moment
- (c) At its usual time
- (d) At the earliest possible time

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन मल्टी टॉपिंग (M.T.S.) 18 सितंबर, 2017 (I-परी)

उत्तर (b)

Idioms/Phrases 'At the eleventh hour' का तात्पर्य है- At the last possible moment; the last moment or almost too late; the last possible moment for doing something; the latest possible moment; यानि 'ऐन मौके पर'।

13. A red letter day

- (a) A day when one feels lazy
- (b) A day that is pleasantly noteworthy or memorable
- (c) A sorrowful day
- (d) Most dangerous day of one's life

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन मल्टी टॉकिंग (M.T.S.) 18 सितंबर, 2017 (I-परी)

उत्तर (b)

Idioms/Phrases 'A red letter day' का तात्पर्य है- A day that is pleasantly noteworthy or memorable; a special, happy and important day that you will always remember; a very important or significant day; a special occasion; a memorably important or happy occasion; in earlier times a church festival or saint's day; more recently, any special day; a very happy or exciting day, यानि 'चिरस्मरणीय मंगल दिवस, अविस्मरणीय, यादगार'।

14. At loggerheads

- (a) To suffer
- (b) In conflict with someone
- (c) To face tough competition
- (d) To be in do or die situation

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन स्नातक स्तरीय (T-I) 8 अगस्त, 2017 (II-परी)

उत्तर (b)

Idioms/Phrases 'At loggerheads' का तात्पर्य है- In conflict with someone; engaged in a disagreement or dispute; in a dispute or confrontation; if two people are at loggerheads, they disagree very strongly; in violent dispute or disagreement; in dispute with, यानि 'असहमत, लड़ाई-झगड़े पर उतारू'।

15. A wild goose chase

- (a) Fruitful search
- (b) Timely search
- (c) Useless search
- (d) Wrong decision

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन स्नातक स्तरीय (T-I) 8 अगस्त, 2017 (III-परी)

उत्तर (c)

Idioms/Phrases 'A wild goose chase' का तात्पर्य है- Useless search; a worthless hunt or chase; a futile pursuit; a wild or absurd search for something non-existent or unobtainable; any senseless pursuit of an object or end; a hopeless enterprise; a hopeless quest; a lengthy and fruitless pursuit or search, यानि निरर्थक खोज; व्यर्थ का प्रयत्न'।

16. A moot point

- (a) Agreeable
- (b) Disputed
- (c) Unclear
- (d) Unknown

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन स्नातक स्तरीय (T-I) 8 अगस्त, 2017 (III-परी)

उत्तर (b)

Idioms/Phrases 'A moot point' का तात्पर्य है- Disputed; a debatable question; an issue open to argument; an irrelevant question; a matter of no importance; an irrelevant argument; a subject to debate, विवाद का विषय; बहस का मुद्दा, विवादास्पद विषय'।

17. All agog

- (a) Avoid
- (b) Contentment
- (c) Amazed
- (d) Unsystematically

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन स्नातक स्तरीय (T-I) 9 अगस्त, 2017 (II-परी)

उत्तर (c)

Idioms/Phrases 'All agog' का तात्पर्य है- Amazed; surprised; surprised and amazed; excited, in high spirits, in eager expectation; full of vigour; यानि 'अचमित'।

18. An axe to grind

- (a) To act bravely
- (b) To act like a fool
- (c) To have a selfish motive
- (d) To take risk

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन स्नातक स्तरीय (T-I) 9 अगस्त, 2017 (III-परी)

उत्तर (c)

Idioms/Phrases 'An axe to grind' का तात्पर्य है- To have a selfish motive; have a dispute to take up with someone or, to have an ulterior motive; to have private ends to serve; to have a personal or selfish motive; have a grievance with someone, यानि 'अपना उल्लू सीधा करना, अपना मतलब होना'।

19. A drop in a bucket.

- (a) As much as possible
- (b) Nothing at all
- (c) A handsome amount
- (d) A very insignificant amount

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन स्नातक स्तरीय (T-I) 7 सितंबर, 2016 (III-परी)

उत्तर (d)

दिए गए Idioms/Phrases 'A drop in a bucket' का तात्पर्य है- 'A very insignificant amount; an insufficient or trifling amount; a small, usually inadequate amount' यानि 'ऊंट के मुँह में जीरा'।

20. A dark horse.

- (a) A wild animal (b) A black horse
(c) An unknown entry (d) A front runner

S.S.C. जेम्स स्नातक स्तरीय (T-I) 4 सितंबर, 2016 (II-पाठ)

उत्तर (c)

दिए गए Idioms/Phrases 'A dark horse' का अभिप्राय है- 'An unknown entry; a little known, unexpectedly successful entrant; someone who keeps their skills and ideas secret and surprises other by doing something unexpected' अर्थात् अप्रत्याशित मनोनयन, अप्रत्याशित विजेता या अचानक ख्याति प्राप्त करने वाला।

21. As the crow flies.

- (a) In a monotonous way (b) In a straight way
(c) In a criss-cross way (d) In a circular way

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2015

उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'In a straight way; in a straight line; by the most direct route; the allusion in this expression is obviously to the abilities of crows to fly directly from A to B, without the encumbrances of roads and landscape features that restrict man; if a distance between two places is measured as the crow flies, it is measured as a straight line between the two places.'

22. She paid a flying visit to Mumbai to see her ailing father.

- (a) a very short visit (b) a surprise visit
(c) a very long visit (d) went by aeroplane

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2015

उत्तर (a)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'a very short visit'; a hurried or fleeting visit; an exceptionally brief visit; a hectic visit; यानि 'एक संक्षिप्त दौरा; कम समय की भेंट'।

23. As a sacred cow.

- (a) a person never to be criticised
(b) a saintly person
(c) a very religious person
(d) a helpful person

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2015

उत्तर (a)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'a person never to be criticized; a custom, system, etc. that has existed for a long time and that many people should not be questioned or criticized;' यानि 'अकारण ही मानित प्रथा, व्यक्ति अथवा संस्था'।

24. He has made a dog's breakfast of these accounts.

- (a) A total mess
(b) A breakfast for the dogs
(c) An accurate summary
(d) A breakfast being served by the dogs

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2015

उत्तर (a)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'a total mess; a poor job; something or someone that looks extremely untidy or something that is very badly done; a confused mess or mixture; a mess or muddle;' यानि 'अव्यवस्थित अथवा अस्त-व्यस्त करना'।

25. The shopping mall is a beehive of activity.

- (a) a busy place (b) a secure place
(c) a sweet place (d) a costly place

S.S.C. C.P.O. परीक्षा, 2015

उत्तर (a)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'a busy place; a room full of working people; "hive of activity" means 'a location where things are very busy,' यानि 'व्यस्त स्थल या स्थान'।

26. When it comes to dancing he is all thumbs.

- (a) clumsy (b) an expert
(c) a trainer (d) lazy

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2015

उत्तर (a)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'clumsy; awkward; not dextrous, careless; unable to hold things steadily in one's hand. 'All fingers and thumbs' is how we might describe ourselves during a temporary loss of manual dexterity,' यानि 'लापरवाह, भौडा, बेढंगा'।

27. He's as daft as a brush. Don't believe a word of what he says.

- (a) very funny (b) really silly
(c) a liar (d) unreliable

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2015

उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'really silly; very foolish; behave in a very silly way; to be very silly; As the source of expression isn't obvious.'

28. I shall always remember my alma mater with gratitude.

- (a) mother's loving care
(b) institution where I got education
(c) teacher who inspired me
(d) kindergarten days

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2015

उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'institution where I got education; the school, college or university where you studied,' यानि 'मातृ संस्था; जहां शिक्षा पाई हो वह संस्था'।

29. **He and his neighbour are always at loggerheads.**

- (a) aloof from each other
- (b) disagreeing on everything
- (c) abusing each other
- (d) agree on everything

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2015

उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'disagreeing on everything; to quarrel; to disagree; in or into a state of quarrelsome disagreement; in strong disagreement; engaged in dispute or confrontation; यानि 'एक-दूसरे के प्रतिकूल; असहमत'।

30. **Your report of the matter is all moonshine.**

- (a) familiar
- (b) acceptable
- (c) concocted
- (d) excellent

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (c)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'concocted' (मनगढ़त); talks without reality; total lies; an untrue statement; far from reality; nonsense; humbug' यानि 'मनगढ़त'।

31. **The principal of this school is a hard nut to crack.**

- (a) generous
- (b) difficult
- (c) careless
- (d) kind

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- difficult, a person not easily persuaded or won over, a thing not easily understood, यानि 'उलझनकारी परिस्थिति, उलझनकारी व्यक्ति, उलझनकारी समस्या, टेढ़ी समस्या, लोहे के चने चबाना'।

32. **My father is undoubtedly an arm-chair critic.**

- (a) someone who gives advice based on experience
- (b) someone who never gives advice
- (c) someone who gives advice based on practice not theory
- (d) someone who gives advice based on theory not practice

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2015

उत्तर (d)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'someone who gives advice based on theory not practice; it is easy to be an arm-chair critic, but no one ever takes action to help and solve the problem; an arm-chair critic is one whose views are based on theorizing rather than first-hand experience; यानि 'ऐसा व्यक्ति जिसकी सलाह सैद्धान्तिक होती है न कि प्रायोगिक'।

33. **Shyam Prasad was a chip of the old block.**

- (a) a common boy of the locality
- (b) a being of the old generation
- (c) someone similar in character to one's father
- (d) an experienced old man

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2015

उत्तर (c)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'someone similar in character to one's father; if someone is a chip of the old block, they are very similar in character to one of their parents or to another older member of their family; a child possessing the characteristics of its father; a person (usually a male) who behaves in the same way as his father or resembles his father; someone who is very similar in character to their father or mother; a person or thing that derives from the source or parentage; यानि 'अपने माता-पिता के सदृश संतान'।

34. **He advised her to give a wide berth to malicious people.**

- (a) give a larger bed to
- (b) pay more attention to
- (c) share her seat with
- (d) to stay away from

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2015

उत्तर (d)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'to stay away from; to give a ship room to swing at anchor; to avoid a person; to keep a reasonable distance from someone or something; to steer clear; to avoid a person or place; keep away from somebody; a goodly distance; steer a ship well clear of something while passing it; stay away from someone or something; to shun; remain discreetly away from; यानि 'दूर जाना; नजरअंदाज करना', 'पर्याप्त दूरी बनाना'।

35. Your remarks during the discussion added fuel to the fire.

- (a) got others angry
- (b) ignited the fireplace
- (c) worsened matters
- (d) created warmth all around

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2011, 2013

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2014

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन स्नातक स्तरीय (T-I) 30 अगस्त, 2016 (I-परीक्षा)

उत्तर (c)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (c) 'worsened matters', to make a situation worse than it already is; worsened the difficult situation; make things worse से है।

36. Winning the competition was quite a feather in my cap.

- (a) rewarding
- (b) an exciting moment
- (c) an achievement
- (d) a joy for my parents

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (c)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (c) 'an achievement'; an honour यानि 'गौरवाचित करने वाली उपलब्धि' से है।

37. My father's dealings are open and aboveboard.

- (a) to everyone's liking
- (b) mandatory
- (c) without any secret
- (d) very clear

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (c)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (c) 'without any secret', openly, without trickery. The man who cheats at cards keeps his hand under the table or board. यानि 'ईमानदारी से' से है।

38. Some shots were fired at random.

- (a) without any aim
- (b) for a long time
- (c) to end quarrel
- (d) thoroughly

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (a)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (a) 'without any aim' यानि 'बिना पूर्व नियोजन या विशिष्ट क्रम के, यूँ ही, अनियत' से है।

39. The road roller proved to be a white elephant for Mr Raman.

- (a) an exotic beast of burden
- (b) an albino pachyderm
- (c) a burdensome possession
- (d) a symbol of royalty

S.S.C. स्टेनोग्राफर (ग्रेड 'सी' एवं 'डी'), परीक्षा, 2014

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (c)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (c) 'a burdensome possession'; 'a thing that is useless and no longer needed, although it may have cost a lot of money', costly and troublesome possession useless to its owner. से है।

Origin –

From the story that in Siam (now Thailand) the king would give a white elephant as a present to somebody that he did not like. That person would have to spend all their money on looking after the rare animal.

40. The students were all ears, when the speaker started talking about the changes in the exam.

- (a) smiling
- (b) silent
- (c) restless
- (d) attentive

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (d)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (d) 'attentive'; 'to be waiting with interest to hear what somebody has to say, से है।

41. A wild goose chase.

- (a) a desperate effort
- (b) a useless effort
- (c) a good effort
- (d) a baseless effort

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2014, 2015

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2015

उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'a useless effort; useless search, unprofitable adventure a foolish and fruitless search' यानि 'एक मूर्खतापूर्ण एवं निष्फल प्रयास'।

42. The departmental store is open around the clock.

- (a) at different timings
- (b) early morning
- (c) day and night
- (d) throughout the afternoon

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (c)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (c) 'day and night'; all day and all night without stopping' से है।

43. His recent statement is an about turn.

- (a) a good announcement
- (b) a declaration of war
- (c) complete change of opinion
- (d) a bold statement

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (c)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (c) 'complete change of opinion'; 'a complete change of opinion, plan or behaviour'; यानि 'रंग बदलना; पलटी खाना' से है।

44. A close shave.

- (a) A narrow escape from danger
- (b) Stubble
- (c) Very short hair
- (d) Hairless skin

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2014

S.S.C. स्टेनोग्राफर परीक्षा, 2010, 2011

उत्तर (a)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (a) 'a narrow escape from danger'; a situation in which you only just manage to avoid an accident' यानि 'खतरे से बाल-बाल बचना' से है।

45. The Cauvery water issue led to apple of discord between the two Governments?

- (a) cause of anger
- (b) cause of hatred
- (c) cause of quarrel
- (d) cause of animosity

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (c)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य 'Cause of quarrel', 'something which causes strife' से है।

46. John is highly qualified for the job but his indecisiveness will be his Achilles' heel.

- (a) Downfall
- (b) Vulnerable point
- (c) Main setback
- (d) Strength

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2013, 2014

उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (b) 'Vulnerable point'; the only vulnerable (कमजोर) part. When Thetis dipped her son in the river Styx to make him invulnerable, she held him by the heel, and the part covered by her hand was the only part not washed by the water; a weak point or fault in somebody's character, which can be attacked by other people; अर्थात् 'व्यक्ति के चरित्र का वह कमजोर बिंदु जिसका कोई फायदा उठा सकता हो' से है।

47. A man of straw.

- (a) A man of no substance
- (b) A very active person
- (c) A worthy fellow
- (d) An unreasonable person

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (a)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (a) A man of no substance; a person used as a cover for some questionable activity; an effigy in the shape of a man to frighten birds away from seeds; the figure of a man formed of an old suit of clothes stuffed with straw; hence, the mere resemblance of a man; one of no substance or means; an imaginary person; is a mere puppet (कठपुतली) or a man of no substantial means; a creature evolved from the fancy, and wholly unlike the real person, an unreal person, a dummy से है।

48. A shot in the dark.

- (a) Be very violent
- (b) An attempt to guess something
- (c) To love to go out on adventures
- (d) Be able to work very quickly

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (b)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त Idioms/phrase का अर्थ है 'an attempt to guess something'; a very general attempt; a wild guess or an attempt to guess something when you have no information or knowledge about it. (अंधेरे में तीर चलाना)

49. At the eleventh hour.

- (a) At 11 o'clock (b) At an early stage
(c) At a late stage (d) At the beginning

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2011, 2012

S.S.C. (डाटा एंट्री ऑपरेटर) परीक्षा, 2008

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय मुख्य (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (c)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त Idioms/phrase का तात्पर्य है 'at a late stage; when almost too late; just in time and no more to obtain an advantage; at the latest available time; at the very last moment, at the last moment. (अंतिम क्षण में/पर)

50. A small fry.

- (a) unimportant (b) weak
(c) little (d) important

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (a)

Idioms/phrase, Small fry का तात्पर्य है term for children or insignificant person; People thought to be unimportant. (महत्वहीन; तुच्छ लोग)

51. A Herculean task.

- (a) A task which requires enormous courage.
(b) A task which requires great effort.
(c) A task which requires little effort.
(d) A task which requires a lot of patience.

S.S.C. स्टेनोग्राफर (ग्रेड 'सी' एवं 'डी') परीक्षा, 2012

S.S.C. F.C.I. परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (b)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त Idioms/phrase का तात्पर्य है A Herculean task is a work requiring very great effort for its accomplishment, a work which only a Hercules could perform; a difficult thing, (अत्यंत कठिन कार्य)

52. As a businessman, my father always maintained that his transactions constituted an open book.

- (a) an account book always open
(b) a book of open confessions
(c) an opening for new ventures
(d) straightforward and honest dealings

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (d)

An open book का प्रयोग ऐसे व्यक्ति के लिए किया जाता है जिसका कार्य, व्यवहार संदेह से परे खुली किताब जैसा हो।

53. At one's beck and call.

- (a) To attend a call
(b) To be helped by someone
(c) To be useful to someone
(d) To be dominated by someone

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2011

S.S.C. Section Off. परीक्षा, 2006

उत्तर (d)

इस Idiom/Phrase का तात्पर्य है- to be dominated by someone or someone's absolute control; at his disposal.

54. We consider the 14th of February a red letter day.

- (a) a day to write with red pens
(b) a day marked in red
(c) a day to write letters
(d) an important day

S.S.C. F.C.I. परीक्षा, 2012

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2014

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2010, 2011

S.S.C. Tax Asst. परीक्षा, 2007

उत्तर (d)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'an important day; a memorably important day; a very happy or excited day; a special, happy, and important day that you will always remember; an important or joyful occasion in one's life' यानी 'एक विशेष दिन'।

55. The teacher's announcement to conduct a snap test came as a bolt from the blue to many students.

- (a) Imaginary (b) Unexpected
(c) Forbidden (d) Heavenly

S.S.C. C.P.O. परीक्षा, 2011

S.S.C. स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (b)

वाक्य में रेखांकित अंश (Idiom/Phrase) का तात्पर्य 'Unexpected; an unexpected event' अर्थात् 'अप्रत्याशित' से है।

56. The possession of Jerusalem is a bone of contention between Israel and Palestine.

- (a) a subject of peace (b) a subject of trade
(c) a subject of dispute (d) a subject of export

S.S.C. C.P.O. परीक्षा, 2010

S.S.C. F.C.I. परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (c)

Idiom/Phrase का अर्थ 'a subject of dispute, a matter of dispute' अर्थात् 'विवाद का विषय' होगा।

57. A little gush of gratitude.

- (a) Gradual recovery
- (b) Friendly feeling
- (c) Excessive labour
- (d) Excessive enthusiasm

S.S.C. F.C.I. परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (b)

इस Idiom/Phrase का तात्पर्य 'Friendly feeling' अर्थात् 'एक प्रकार की कृतज्ञता का शनैः शनैः स्फुरण' से है।

58. a damp squib.

- (a) rainy weather
- (b) a disappointing result
- (c) a skirt in a laundry
- (d) none of the above

S.S.C. स्नातक स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (b)

दिए गए Idiom/phrase का तात्पर्य 'a disappointing result' से है। इसका अर्थ है- 'an event which people think will be exciting but which is disappointing when it happens.'

59. At his wits end, he turned to his old trade.

- (a) After careful thinking
- (b) Not knowing what to do
- (c) Overjoyed
- (d) Confidently

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2015

S.S.C. Section off. परीक्षा, 2006

उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'Not knowing what to do; so worried, confused, or annoyed that you do not know what to do next; in a state of utter perplexity; wholly puzzled how to act; to be puzzled' यानि 'किर्र्तव्यविमूढ़'।

60. Tagore was a man of letters.

- (a) of wide contacts
- (b) an excellent letter dictator
- (c) a great writer of letters
- (d) proficient in literary art.

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2010

उत्तर (d)

Idiom/Phrase का अर्थ 'Proficient in literary art' अर्थात् 'a literary man; an author' अर्थात् साहित्यिक कोटि का विद्वत्पूर्ण कौशल' होता है।

61. When I entered the house everything was at sixes and sevens.

- (a) a quarrel among six or seven people
- (b) to have six or seven visitors at a time.
- (c) in disorder or confusion.
- (d) an unpleasant argument.

S.S.C. स्टेनोग्राफर परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (c)

Idiom/Phrase का अर्थ 'in disorder or confusion' या 'ill-arranged' यानि 'व्यवस्थित न होना' होता है।

62. This place affords a bird's eye view of the green valley below.

- (a) a general view
- (b) a narrow view
- (c) an overview
- (d) an ugly view

S.S.C. मल्टी टॉक्सिंग परीक्षा, 2011

S.S.C. C.P.O. परीक्षा, 2015

उत्तर (a)

इस Idiom/Phrase का तात्पर्य है- a view seen from above as by a bird flying; a view taken in at a glance; hence a general view, not minute or detailed, a general view from above (Ex. we had a bird's eye view of the town from the college tower)

63. A closefisted man does not know the significance of human life.

- (a) a poor man
- (b) a miser
- (c) a rich man
- (d) an ill-mannered man

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2015

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'a miser; unwilling to spend money; mean or stingy man;' यानि 'कंजूस व्यक्ति'।

B

1. Black ox

- (a) Nervous
- (b) Impossible
- (c) Misfortune
- (d) Ugly

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन C.P.O.S.I. 5 जुलाई, 2017 (II-पत्ती)

उत्तर (c)

Idioms/Phrases 'Black ox' का तात्पर्य है- Misfortune; bad luck; symbolic of calamity; यानि 'आपदा, दुर्भाग्य'।

2. Broke a lance with

- (a) To appear suddenly
- (b) To argue against
- (c) To burst out
- (d) To break promise

SS.C. ऑनलाइन C.P.O.S.I. 5 जुलाई, 2017 (II-पती)

उत्तर (b)

Idioms/Phrases 'Broke a lance with' का तात्पर्य है- To argue against; to engage in an honourable fight; to engage in a competition, battle, or confrontation, usually with someone.

3. Broke Reed

- (a) Stiffness
- (b) To break trust
- (c) Support that failed
- (d) To break peace

SS.C. ऑनलाइन C.P.O.S.I. 5 जुलाई, 2017 (II-पती)

उत्तर (c)

Idioms/Phrases 'Broke reed' का तात्पर्य है- Support that failed; a weak or unreliable support; a person or thing too frail or weak to be relied on for support; a weak; unreliable or ineffectual person; यानि 'अवशिक्सीय व्यक्ति'।

4. Back out of

- (a) Decimate
- (b) Record
- (c) Withdraw
- (d) Pertain

SS.C. ऑनलाइन C.P.O.S.I. 3 जुलाई, 2017 (II-पती)

उत्तर (c)

Idioms/Phrases 'Back out of' का तात्पर्य है- Withdraw; withdraw from a commitment; to decide not to do something that you had said you would do; to withdraw from (an enterprise); to refuse to keep (a promise); यानि 'से फिर जाना, मुकर जाना'।

5. Broke Priscian's head

- (a) To use bad grammar
- (b) To quarrel
- (c) To hurt with grief
- (d) To put an end to

SS.C. ऑनलाइन C.P.O.S.I. 1 जुलाई, 2017 (II-पती)

उत्तर (a)

Idioms/Phrases 'Broke Priscian's head' का तात्पर्य है- To use bad grammar; use bad grammar; to violate rules of grammar.

6. Bolt from the blue

- (a) A source of quarrel
- (b) Narrow escape
- (c) A sudden calamity
- (d) To take revenge

SS.C. ऑनलाइन C.P.O.S.I. 2 जुलाई, 2017 (I-पती)

उत्तर (c)

Idioms/Phrases 'Bolt from the blue' का तात्पर्य है- A sudden calamity; something unexpected or surprising; a sudden surprise; a complete surprise, like a bolt of lightning from a clear blue sky; an unwelcome event; यानि 'आकस्मिक घटना'।

7. Ball is in your court

- (a) Make the right decision
- (b) The judgement in is your favour
- (c) You should catch the ball
- (d) It is upto you to decide something

SS.C. ऑनलाइन स्टेनोग्राफर ग्रेड 'सी' एवं 'डी' 14 सितंबर, 2017 (II-पती)

उत्तर (d)

Idioms/Phrases 'Ball is in your court' का तात्पर्य है- It is upto you to decide something; to be someone else's move, play or turn; you are obliged to make the next move; it is your responsibility now; यानि 'रैंद आपके पाले में है'।

8. Back to square one

- (a) to go back to the beginning
- (b) going forward
- (c) you are holding a grudge
- (d) to go back to a square

SS.C. ऑनलाइन स्टेनोग्राफर ग्रेड 'सी' एवं 'डी' 14 सितंबर, 2017 (II-पती)

उत्तर (a)

Idioms/Phrases 'Back to square one' का तात्पर्य है- to go back to the beginning; go back to the starting point; to start again; begin again; make a fresh start; back to where one started, with no progress having been made, यानि 'जहां के तहां'।

9. Burst your bubble

- (a) to blow away the balloons
- (b) to ruin someone's happiness
- (c) to give up
- (d) to talk with someone

SS.C. ऑनलाइन स्टेनोग्राफर ग्रेड 'सी' एवं 'डी' 14 सितंबर, 2017 (II-पती)

उत्तर (b)

Idioms/Phrases 'Burst your bubble' का तात्पर्य है- To ruin someone's happiness; to disprove; ruin or eliminate someone's fantasy, delusion, misbelief or recent happiness; shatter someone's illusions about something or destroy their sense of well-being.

10. Best thing since sliced bread

- (a) happy when someone leaves
- (b) a good invention
- (c) a good food
- (d) none of the above

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन स्टेनोग्राफर ग्रेड 'सी' एवं 'डी' 14 सितंबर, 2017 (I-परी) उत्तर (b)

Idioms/Phrases 'Best thing since sliced bread' का तात्पर्य है- A good invention; a notable new idea, person, or thing; to be an excellent person or thing; a person or thing that is superlative; a paragon, यानि 'एक सर्वोत्तम आविष्कार'।

11. Be in force

- (a) To enjoy a short period of fame or power
- (b) In great strength or numbers
- (c) A hateful act done in a haste
- (d) Be the current winner

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन CHSL (TI) 6 मार्च, 2018 (I-परी)

उत्तर (b)

Idioms/Phrases 'Be in force' का तात्पर्य है- In great strength or numbers; in large numbers; in a large group; at full strength, as of an army; when people do something in force, they do it in large numbers.

12. Be in two minds

- (a) Behave smart at sometime and stupid at other
- (b) Unable to decide
- (c) Having a split personality disorder
- (d) Trying to do two things at the same time

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन CHSL (TI) 8 मार्च, 2018 (I-परी)

उत्तर (b)

Idioms/Phrases 'Be in two minds' का तात्पर्य है- Unable to decide; be unable to decide between alternatives; to experience indecision and/or conflicting emotions; if you are in two minds, you are uncertain about what to do; especially when you have to choose between two courses of action; be undecided, be uncertain; be unsure, be hesitant, vacillate, waver, यानि 'दुविधा में होना'।

13. By fits and starts

- (a) Occasionally
- (b) Totally
- (c) Finally
- (d) Irregularly

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन स्नातक स्तरीय (TI) 5 अगस्त, 2017 (III-परी)

उत्तर (d)

Idioms/Phrases 'By fits and starts' का तात्पर्य है- Irregularly; with irregular bursts of activity; to do something in "fits and starts" is to do intermittently or sporadically; if something happens in "fits and starts" it often stops and then starts again; यानि 'कभी-कभी; अनियमित रूप से; बीच-बीच में रुककर; अनियमिततापूर्वक'।

14. Ball is in your court

- (a) Put the blame on the other person
- (b) Request someone to return your decision or step
- (c) It is up to you to make the next decision or step
- (d) To tell someone politely about his/her mistake

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन स्नातक स्तरीय (TI) 20 अगस्त, 2017 (II-परी)

उत्तर (c)

Idioms/Phrases 'Ball is in your court' का तात्पर्य है- It is up to you to make the next decision or step; to be someone else's move, play or turn; used for telling someone that it is their responsibility to take action or make a decision; it is up to you to make the next move; you are obliged to make the next move; it is your responsibility now; it's up to you, यानि 'गेंद अब आपके पाले (court) में है'।

15. Best of both worlds

- (a) Two best teams compete with each other
- (b) A situation wherein someone has the privilege of enjoying two different opportunities
- (c) Gods who rule heaven and earth
- (d) A person who is respected even by his enemies

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन स्नातक स्तरीय (TI) 20 अगस्त, 2017 (II-परी)

उत्तर (b)

Idioms/Phrases 'Best of both worlds' का तात्पर्य है- A situation wherein someone has the privilege of enjoying two different opportunities; all the advantage of two different situations and none of the disadvantages; the most ideal or desirable attributes of two different things, situations, or circumstances; to get the best of two situations; a win-win situation; यानि 'दोनों हाथों में लड्डू'।

16. Beyond the pale.

- (a) Unreasonable or unacceptable
- (b) Beyond redemption
- (c) Full of rhetoric
- (d) Distasteful

S.S.C. अंमलद्वय स्तरक स्तरीय (T-I) 6 सितंबर, 2016 (II-परीक्षा)

उत्तर (a)

दिए गए Idioms/Phrases 'Beyond the pale' का तात्पर्य है- 'unreasonable or unacceptable; running contrary to universally accepted standards or norms; beyond the limits of propriety, courtesy, protection; safety; outlawed; not acceptable to most people; outside the bounds of acceptable behaviour' यानि 'आय धारणा में आचरण की सीमा के बाहर; अस्वीकार्य'।

17. Bark is worse than his bite.

- (a) Threat is worse than the action taken
- (b) Temper cannot be controlled
- (c) Ferocious scolding hurt more than his action
- (d) Anger is always justified

S.S.C. अंमलद्वय स्तरक स्तरीय (T-I) 2 सितंबर, 2016 (II-परीक्षा)

उत्तर (a)

दिए गए Idioms/Phrases 'Bark is worse than his bite' का तात्पर्य है- 'Threat is worse than the action taken; someone is not as unpleasant or mean as they seem and their actions are not as bad as their threats; यानि 'गरजने वाले बरसते नहीं; अमुक व्यक्ति गुस्सेवर है, खतरनाक नहीं'।

18. Butt in.

- (a) Record
- (b) Impose
- (c) Improvise
- (d) Interrupt

S.S.C. अंमलद्वय स्तरक स्तरीय (T-I) 4 सितंबर, 2016 (II-परीक्षा)

उत्तर (d)

दिए गए Idioms/Phrases 'Butt in' का तात्पर्य है- 'Interrupt; intrude; to interrupt a conversation rudely' अर्थात् 'किसी चीज में या किसी के कार्य में अवरोध, रुकावट या बाधा डालना; टांग अड़ाना'।

19. Beggar description.

- (a) Cannot be described
- (b) Something described by a beggar
- (c) A poor account of something
- (d) A description of a beggar

S.S.C. अंमलद्वय स्तरक स्तरीय (T-I) 29 अगस्त, 2016 (I-परीक्षा)

उत्तर (a)

दिए गए Idioms/Phrases 'Beggar description' का तात्पर्य है- 'Cannot be described; to defy description; to be unable to be described; highly indescribable' अर्थात् 'अवर्णनीय; वर्णनातीत होना; वर्णन से परे होना'।

20. Bad blood.

- (a) Shooting
- (b) Anaemia
- (c) Enmity
- (d) Mourning

S.S.C. अंमलद्वय स्तरक स्तरीय (T-I) 2 सितंबर, 2016 (III-परीक्षा)

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2012

S.S.C. स्टेनोग्राफर परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (c)

दिए गए Idioms/Phrases 'Bad blood' का तात्पर्य है- 'Enmity; unpleasant feeling or animosity between people; feeling of hate between people because of arguments in the past; active enmity; unfriendly or hostile relations; hostility; animosity; feeling of hatred' यानि 'दुर्भाव, बैर, घृणा की भावना, शत्रुता, नफरत'।

21. Beat around the bush.

- (a) Walk around the forest
- (b) Clean the bushy areas
- (c) Avoiding the main topic
- (d) Play around the forest

S.S.C. अंमलद्वय स्तरक स्तरीय (T-I) 28 अगस्त, 2016 (III-परीक्षा)

उत्तर (c)

उपर्युक्त प्रश्न की व्याख्या देखें।

22. Back to square one.

- (a) To be able to count
- (b) To complete a game
- (c) To start again
- (d) To replay a game of chess

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2015

उत्तर (c)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'To start again, returning to the beginning usually as a result of failure; initial stage or step; 'Back to square one' or 'back at square one' derives from football radio commentators in the 1930s.

23. I hope you will back me at the meeting.

- (a) follow
- (b) support
- (c) criticise
- (d) speak after I do

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्तरक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2015

उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'support' यानि 'सहायता' का प्रयोग उचित है।

24. His observations were beside the mark.

- (a) irrelevant (b) criticized
(c) valid (d) excellent

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (a)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/P Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'irrelevant; inappropriate; out of place; not to the point; beside the point; if something is beside the point, it is not relevant to the matter being discussed or considered;' यानि 'अप्रासंगिक; असंगत'।

25. Russel Peters really brought the house down with his spectacular performance at the Club yesterday.

- (a) passed a bill unanimously
(b) pulled down a building
(c) defamed a family
(d) amused the audience greatly

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2015

उत्तर (d)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/P Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'amused the audience greatly; to call forth enthusiastic applause; if someone or something brings the house down during a play or show, they make the people watching it laugh or clap very loudly; make an audience cheer loudly and excitedly; something that brings the house down is acclaimed and praised vigorously; (for a performance or a performer) to excite the audience into making a great clamor of approval;' यानि 'दर्शकों का मनोरंजन करना'।

26. He broke off in the middle of the story.

- (a) fainted
(b) suddenly stopped
(c) divided his narrative
(d) took time off

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/P Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (b) 'suddenly stopped' यानि 'एकाएक कुछ समाप्त कर देना' से है।

27. I can finish the work by myself, but she always tries to be a backseat driver.

- (a) person who misjudge others
(b) person who wants to do things by herself
(c) person who falsely accuses others
(d) person who gives unwanted advice

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (d)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/P Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (d) 'person who gives unwanted advice' से है।

28. My efforts at pest control went in vain, I have to go back to the drawing board.

- (a) plan it all over again
(b) take professional help
(c) spend some time researching abroad
(d) work at night

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I), परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (a)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/P Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (a) 'plan it all over again', 'to start thinking about a new way of doing something after a previous plan or idea has failed' से है।

29. You find a black sheep in every community.

- (a) one who does not co-operate
(b) person with bad reputation
(c) one who lives the life of shame
(d) one who is always doing wrong

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/P Phrases) से तात्पर्य विकल्प (b) 'person with bad reputation'; a person who is different from the rest of their family or another group, and who is considered bad or embarrassing: the black sheep of the family; यानि 'कुल का कलंक' से है।

30. You have been trying to solve this puzzle for a long time, be careful so that you avoid barking up the wrong tree.

- (a) trying to find something at a wrong place
(b) keep working constantly
(c) climbing the wrong tree
(d) trying to solve problems

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (a)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/P Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (a) 'trying to find something at a wrong place'; to have the wrong idea about how to get or achieve something. से है।

31. The newly elected Chief Minister has promised to bring about changes in the state.

- (a) make (b) carry
(c) cause to happen (d) produce

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2014

S.S.C. स्टेनोग्राफर परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (c)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (c) 'cause to happen' अर्थात् 'कुछ घटित करना' से है। The meaning of 'bring about' is 'to cause to happen'. It is the causative of 'come about'. The same meaning is expressed by the phrase, 'bring to pass', which is the causative of 'come to pass'. The phrase 'to bring about' often implies skilful planning and arranging.

32. He was the prospective champion, but in the competition he was beaten hollow.

- (a) beaten dishonestly
- (b) beaten, but retained the glory
- (c) beaten by a slender margin
- (d) beaten comprehensively

S.S.C. मल्टी टॉकिंग (M.T.S.) परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (d)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'beaten comprehensively'; to vanquish completely अर्थात् 'पूर्णरूपेण पराजित करना'।

33. Don't mix with the bad hats.

- (a) people with bad hats
- (b) people of bad character
- (c) people selling bad hats
- (d) people of poor status

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (b) people of bad character, a person of disreputable character, a good for nothing fellow 'दुश्चरित्र, बदचलन व्यक्ति' से है।

34. He broke down when he heard the news of his son's death.

- (a) resigned his job
- (b) ceased to smile
- (c) stopped working
- (d) wept bitterly

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (d)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (d) wept bitterly; to lose control over one's feelings and to start to cry 'मानसिक संतुलन खो बैठना; रो पड़ना' से है।

35. He is known for blowing his own trumpet.

- (a) clattering
- (b) shouting
- (c) clamouring
- (d) boasting

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (d)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त रेखांकित अंश (Idiom/Phrase) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (d) boasting; (आत्म-श्लाघा; डींग; शेखी) to praise his own abilities and achievements से है।

36. In the last few years, India has advanced by leaps and bounds in Industrial sector.

- (a) very pathetically
- (b) very slowly
- (c) very rapidly
- (d) very competently

S.S.C. मल्टी टॉकिंग (M.T.S.) परीक्षा, 2013

S.S.C. Section off. परीक्षा, 2006

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (c)

रेखांकित अंश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (c) very rapidly; very quickly, in large amounts; rapidly से है।

37. The music group broke up unceremoniously.

- (a) disbanded itself
- (b) went bankrupt
- (c) broke each other's instruments
- (d) disturbed the neighbourhood

S.S.C. मल्टी टॉकिंग परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (a)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त रेखांकित अंश (Idiom/Phrase) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (a) disbanded itself से है। disbanded का अर्थ है, छिन्न-भिन्न करना।

38. I told the students to buckle down this semester.

- (a) Take it easy
- (b) Drop a subject
- (c) Work seriously
- (d) Go for a vacation

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (c)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त Phrase का तात्पर्य है 'work seriously; put on; bend one's energies to work; is to apply oneself diligently to a work or business.

39. Ravi wants to blaze a trail in his activities.

- (a) Be supported
- (b) Be the centre of attraction
- (c) Initiate work and be a pioneer
- (d) Blow the trumpet

S.S.C. C.P.O. परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (c)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त Idioms/phrase का तात्पर्य है to initiate work and be a pioneer; make a cut or mark on tree to show a path through a forest; mark a path by doing this; to do something that no one has done before, especially something which will be important for other people. (अग्रणी; अगुआ)

40. She took a wrong decision by not marrying this gentleman. She doesn't know that beauty is only skin deep.

- (a) Physical charm is important
- (b) Internal beauty is not important
- (c) Physical touch is not important
- (d) Physical beauty is not important

S.S.C. C.P.O. परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (d)

वाक्य में रेखांकित अंश एक Proverb (कहावत) है जिसका तात्पर्य है Physical beauty is not important. It means that beauty is a thing which can be easily destroyed, and should not, therefore, be valued too highly. (बाह्य सुंदरता आंतरिक सुंदरता की अपेक्षा कम महत्वपूर्ण है)

41. He burnt his fingers by interfering in his neighbour's affair.

- (a) Got himself into trouble
- (b) Burnt himself
- (c) Got rebuked
- (d) Got himself insulted

S.S.C. F.C.I. परीक्षा, 2012

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय मुख्य (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (a)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त Idioms/phrase का अर्थ है 'got himself into trouble; or to suffer loss or hurt by meddling with something out of one's own sphere, as by investing in some plausible financial speculation or taking part in others quarrel; to get oneself into unexpected trouble. (भावी परिणाम न सोचकर कार्य करने से हानि उठाना/कटु अनुभव होना)

42. Some people have the habit of working by fits and starts.

- (a) very seriously
- (b) excitedly
- (c) consistently
- (d) irregularly

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2012

S.S.C. मल्टी टॉसिंग (M.T.S.) परीक्षा, 2011, 2013

S.S.C. C.P.O. परीक्षा, 2010

उत्तर (d)

वाक्य के रेखांकित अंश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (d) 'Irregularly' से है। It means frequently starting and stopping again; not continuously अर्थात् ऐसे प्रयत्न जो शुरू होते हैं, ठप हो जाते हैं और फिर शुरू हो जाते हैं।

43. The host team bore the palm in the league matches.

- (a) played quite well
- (b) was victorious
- (c) was defeated
- (d) played a very boring match

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (b)

Idioms/phrase Bore the palm का तात्पर्य है 'victorious' 'to be pre-eminent'. The leaves of the palm tree were used as symbols of victory. A palm leaf or branch was carried before a conqueror (विजेता; विजयी)

44. By putting two and two together.

- (a) To mix several things
- (b) To make an arithmetical calculation
- (c) To keep people in pairs
- (d) To deduce from given facts

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (d)

दिए गए Idiom/Phrase का तात्पर्य 'to deduce from given facts' (तथ्यों के आधार पर परिस्थितियों का आकलन करना) अर्थात् 'to reason logically; to draw a logical conclusion' से है।

45. Birds of the same feather.

- (a) Persons of same caste
- (b) Persons of same colour
- (c) Birds with same type of feather
- (d) Persons of same character

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (d)

दिया गया वाक्य एक कहावत (Proverb) है जिसका तात्पर्य है- It is a phrase applied to persons likely to act in the same way. 'of a feather' means of one feather, ie, of the same plumage. (चोर-चोर मौसेरे भाई)

46. He has a bone to pick with his cousin.

- (a) reasonable agreement
- (b) cause of quarrel
- (c) cause of doubt
- (d) difference of opinion

S.S.C. Tax Asst. परीक्षा, 2007

उत्तर (b)

प्रयुक्त लोकोक्ति एवं मुहावरे से तात्पर्य 'cause of quarrel' अर्थात् 'to have some cause of quarrel or complaint against his cousin' से है।

47. The teacher announced that she had no blue-eyed boys in class.

- (a) royal children (b) young boys
(c) foreigners (d) favourites

S.S.C. Tax Asst. परीक्षा, 2007

उत्तर (d)

इस Idioms/Phrase का तात्पर्य है- favourites अर्थात् (प्रिय; मनपसंद)।

48. He was confident that all his present sufferings will soon blow over.

- (a) increase (b) pass off
(c) be looked into (d) be taken care of

S.S.C. Tax Asst. परीक्षा, 2007

उत्तर (b)

लोकोक्ति/मुहावरे 'blow over' का तात्पर्य है 'to pass off' अर्थात् 'बीतना, गुजरना'।

C

1. Cry wolf

- (a) To condemn
(b) To praise aloud
(c) To raise a false alarm
(d) Clamour

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन C.P.O.S.I. 5 जुलाई, 2017 (II-परी)

उत्तर (c)

Idioms/Phrases 'Cry wolf' का तात्पर्य है- To raise a false alarm, call for help when it is not needed, with the effect that one is not believed when one really does need help, to give a false alarm; यानि 'अकारण शोर मचाना'।

2. Cry in the wilderness

- (a) Rebuke
(b) Confused and lost
(c) Aggravate the situation
(d) Unpopular opinion

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन C.P.O.S.I. 2 जुलाई, 2017 (I-परी)

उत्तर (d)

Idioms/Phrases 'Cry in the wilderness' का तात्पर्य है- Unpopular opinion; futile effort; यानि 'प्रभावहीन मांग, तूती की आवाज (नक्कारखाने में)'।

3. Crying for the moon

- (a) Without any aim
(b) Really and truly
(c) To want the impossible
(d) Delaying doing the work

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन स्टेनोग्राफर ग्रेड 'सी' एवं 'डी' 13 सितंबर, 2017 (I-परी)

उत्तर (c)

Idioms/Phrases 'Crying for the moon' का तात्पर्य है- To want the impossible; ask for what is unattainable; to desire the unattainable; want the impossible, यानि 'अप्राप्त की आकांक्षा रखना'।

4. Come to grief

- (a) Seemed eager to continue
(b) To experience something unpleasant
(c) In spite of all difficulties
(d) Making one stubborn

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन स्टेनोग्राफर ग्रेड 'सी' एवं 'डी' 13 सितंबर, 2017 (I-परी)

उत्तर (b)

Idioms/Phrases 'Come to grief' का तात्पर्य है- To experience something unpleasant; to fail or otherwise suffer a problem, meet with disaster or failure; have an accident; if something comes to grief, it fails. If someone comes to grief they fail in something they are doing, and may be hurt; to be unsuccessful; to suffer disappointment, misfortune, or other troubles fail, यानि 'पूर्णतया असफल होना, उदास होना'।

5. Catch red-handed

- (a) Apprehend someone in the course of wrongdoing
(b) Successfully accomplish a difficult physical task
(c) Catch someone with colour on his hands
(d) Be warned of imminent danger

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन CHSL (TI) 11 मार्च, 2018 (I-परी)

उत्तर (a)

Idioms/Phrases 'Catch red-handed' का तात्पर्य है- 'Apprehend someone in the course of wrongdoing; to be caught in the act of misdemeanour; यानि 'रंगे हाथों पकड़ना'।

6. **Cheek by jowl.**

- (a) Very close together
- (b) Arguing
- (c) Teasing one another
- (d) Avoiding one another

S.S.C. **अंशतः स्तर (T-I)** 6 सितंबर, 2016 (II-परीक्षा)

उत्तर (a)

दिए गए Idioms/Phrases 'Cheek by jowl' का तात्पर्य है- 'Very close together; in very close physical proximity; crowded together; in very close or intimate association; next to; near to and not far away; in close intimacy; side by side; यानि 'घुल-मिल कर; निकटस्थ होना'।

7. **Cut a sorry figure.**

- (a) Did not stand straight
- (b) Apologised for his remarks
- (c) Created a wrong impression
- (d) Made a poor impression

S.S.C. **अंशतः स्तर (T-I)** 2 सितंबर, 2016 (I-परीक्षा)

उत्तर (d)

दिए गए Idioms/Phrases 'Cut a sorry figure' का तात्पर्य है- 'Made a poor impression; to be ashamed' अर्थात् शर्मिंदा होना, बुरी छाप छोड़ना।

8. **Caught red-handed.**

- (a) Caught by mistake
- (b) Caught with a red handkerchief
- (c) Found wounded
- (d) Discovered in the act of doing

S.S.C. **अंशतः स्तर (T-I)** 27 अगस्त, 2016 (III-परीक्षा)

उत्तर (d)

दिए गए Idioms/Phrases 'Caught red-handed' का तात्पर्य है- 'Discovered in the act of doing; a person has been discovered in or just after the act of doing something wrong or illegal; to do something dishonest; to be caught doing something wrong; apprehend someone in the course of wrong doing' यानि 'रंगे हाथों पकड़ा जाना; अपराध करते हुए पकड़ना'।

9. **Cat-nap.**

- (a) Rest
- (b) Fitful sleep
- (c) Long sleep
- (d) Short sleep

S.S.C. **अंशतः स्तर (T-I)** 27 अगस्त, 2016 (I-परीक्षा)

उत्तर (d)

दिए गए Idioms/Phrases 'Cat-nap' का तात्पर्य है- 'Short sleep; a very brief but restful period of sleep; a short period of sleep' अर्थात् 'झपकी'।

10. **Carryout.**

- (a) to take in
- (b) complete something
- (c) continue
- (d) bring

S.S.C. **कांस्टेबल (G.D.)** परीक्षा, 2015

उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'complete something; put something into action; to accomplish something; to do something; perform a task; to put into operation; execute; यानि 'किसी कार्य को पूर्णरूप से करना; प्रयोग करना'।

11. **Tripti gave her report quoting chapter and verse.**

- (a) referred to religious books
- (b) spoke like a preacher
- (c) taught like a teacher
- (d) provided minute details

S.S.C. **संयुक्त स्तर (Tier-II)** परीक्षा, 2015

उत्तर (d)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'provided minute details; to give exact information about something, especially something in a book; to give exact particulars of its source; very specifically detailed, in reference to sources of information; full, detailed information on a subject or issue; when you know something very well, and can quote it, you know it chapter and verse; verbatim; word for word details;' यानि 'पूर्ण विवरण देना', 'यथातथ्य संदर्भ'।

12. **The young people in the hall gave a loud cheer to the older people who were cutting the rug.**

- (a) wearing trendy clothes
- (b) dancing vigorously
- (c) cutting the carpets
- (d) sitting calmly

S.S.C. **स्टेनोग्राफर परीक्षा**, 2014

उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (b) 'dancing vigorously'; 'to dance, especially in a vigorous manner and in one of the dance styles of the first half of the twentieth century; से है।

13. He is cool about working at night.

- (a) ready to work
- (b) not ready to work
- (c) excited about working
- (d) grudgingly working

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (a)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (a) 'ready to work' यानि वह रत में कार्य करने के प्रति पूरी तरह से तैयार है।

14. Through the reporter's efforts, many unknown facts have come to light.

- (a) ignited
- (b) flared up
- (c) brightened
- (d) been revealed

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (d)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (d) 'been revealed'; become known to people' यानि जांच-पड़ताल के परिणाम स्वरूप विदित होना, प्रकाश में आना, से है।

15. The Principal called the latecomers to her room and delivered a curtain lecture on the subject of late hours.

- (a) dramatic lecture
- (b) brief lecture
- (c) cautionary talk given in private
- (d) talk behind the curtain

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (c)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (c) 'cautionary talk given in private'; private admonitions (चेतावनी, भर्त्सना, डांट-फटकार) given by a wife to her husband' से है।

16. It is raining cats and dogs.

- (a) heavily
- (b) dizzying
- (c) scatteredly
- (d) thinly

S.S.C. मल्टी टॉकिंग (M.T.S.) परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (a)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'heavily' यानि 'to rain heavily' अर्थात् 'अतिवृष्टि या मूसलाधार बारिश होना'।

17. He chickened out when he confronted opposition.

- (a) ate chicken
- (b) released chicken
- (c) hatched eggs
- (d) withdrew

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (d)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (d) withdrew; to decide something not to do something because you are afraid 'डरकर कुछ न करने का निर्णय लेना' से है।

18. The police cordoned off the area after the explosion.

- (a) The police did not allow anyone to leave the area
- (b) The police filled the whole area
- (c) The police isolated the area
- (d) The police checked everyone in the area

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (c)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (c) The police isolated the area; ring of police; (acting as guards); to stop people from getting into an area by surrounding it with police, soldiers, 'किसी स्थान का घेरा करना' से है।

19. He had to cool his heels before he could get an appointment with the doctor.

- (a) to exercise influence
- (b) to lose one's temper
- (c) to be kept waiting
- (d) to make publicly known

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (c)

Cool one's heels means to wait or to be kept waiting.

20. He cut the Gordian knot by practicing what he preached.

- (a) lessened the difficulty
- (b) let the difficulty remain as it was
- (c) removed the difficulty
- (d) add to the difficulty

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2013

S.S.C. C.P.O. परीक्षा, 2015

उत्तर (c)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त रेखांकित अंश (Idiom/Phrase) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (c) removed the difficulty; to solve a problem by taking action, to perform a difficult task. से है। (Origin-King Gordius, ancient King of Phrygia, tied a very complicated knot and said that whoever undid it would become the ruler of Asia. Alexander the Great cut through the knot with his sword.)

21. With my limited means, to think of buying a house in Mumbai is crying for the moon.

- (a) Wishing for something impossible
- (b) Crying in vain
- (c) Wishful thinking
- (d) Living in a fool's paradise

S.S.C. F.C.I. परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (a)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त Idioms/phrase का अर्थ है 'wishing for something impossible; to ask for something which is impossible to have; to demand an impossible thing. (किसी अभीष्ट या असंभव की इच्छा करना)

22. He will certainly come to grief if he does not leave his present friends.

- (a) suffer
- (b) enjoy
- (c) addicted
- (d) go upto the extreme

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (a)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त Idioms/phrase का अर्थ है 'to suffer, end in failure; have an accident; fall down; crash. (नुकसान उठाना)

23. Cold comfort.

- (a) Absurdity
- (b) Deception
- (c) Slight satisfaction
- (d) Foolish proposal

S.S.C. स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (c)

दिए गए 'Idiom/Phrase' का तात्पर्य 'Slight satisfaction' से है।

24. The police closed the book on the murder case.

- (a) solved the case of
- (b) stopped working on
- (c) handed the case over to another agency
- (d) refused to take up

S.S.C. मल्टी टॉरिंग परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (b)

दिए गए Idiom/Phrase का तात्पर्य 'Stopped working on' ; to declare that a matter concerning someone or something is finished' से है।

25. His arguments cut no ice with me.

- (a) had no influence on me
- (b) did not hurt me
- (c) did not benefit me
- (d) did not make me proud

S.S.C. मल्टी टॉरिंग परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (a)

इस Idiom/Phrase का तात्पर्य 'to make no effect or impression' से है।

26. The carrot and stick policy pays dividends in every organisation.

- (a) fair and foul
- (b) continuous vigilance
- (c) democratic
- (d) reward and punishment

S.S.C. मल्टी टॉरिंग परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (d)

दिए गए Idiom/Phrase का तात्पर्य 'reward and punishment' ; This is about rewarding someone for doing something good; or threatening to punish them if they don't. The carrot represents the reward, and the stick represents the threat. Here threat symbolises punishment.

27. The two famous writers crossed swords with each other on every issue.

- (a) fought physically
- (b) crossed the road on meeting
- (c) took different routes
- (d) disagreed

S.S.C. (डाटा एंट्री ऑपरेटर) परीक्षा, 2009

उत्तर (d)

Idiom/Phrase का तात्पर्य 'disagreed' से है।

28. His parents cut him off, without a shilling.

- (a) disinherited him
- (b) snubbed him
- (c) gave him only a shilling
- (d) sent him away with a shilling

S.S.C. Tax Asst. परीक्षा, 2009

उत्तर (a)

इस मुहावरा का तात्पर्य है अर्थात् 'disinherited him' 'दाखिल कर देना'

29. Eventhough the new clerk was given a difficult task, he remained cool as a cucumber.

- (a) Not nervous or emotional
- (b) Caught cold
- (c) Was happy
- (d) Was scared

S.S.C. स्टेनोग्राफर परीक्षा, 2010

उत्तर (a)

'Cool as a cucumber' मुहावरे का अर्थ 'भावनात्मक संवेगों से प्रभावित हुए बिना सहज बने रहना' होता है।

30. Syria is now currying favour with America.

- (a) pleasing
- (b) favouring
- (c) obliging
- (d) ingratiating itself with

S.S.C. Tax Asst. परीक्षा, 2008

उत्तर (d)

Idiom/phrase का तात्पर्य 'ingratiating itself with' से है।
इसका अर्थ है- 'to use mean arts to obtain patronage'.

31. The man changed colours when I questioned him on the allocation of funds.

- (a) got numbed
- (b) turned happy
- (c) got motivated
- (d) turned pale

S.S.C. मल्टी टैस्किंग (M.T.S.) परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (d)

रेखांकित अंश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य 'turned pale means to turn pale because of fear' से है।

D

1. Draw a blank.

- (a) Paint something
- (b) Find no favour
- (c) Oblige someone
- (d) Teach someone

S.S.C. अंशतः स्नातक स्तरीय (T-I) 7 सितंबर, 2016 (III-पार्टी)

उत्तर (b)

दिए गए Idioms/Phrases 'Draw a blank' का तात्पर्य है- 'Find no favour; to be unable to produce a required piece of information; to fail to find something that you are looking for; to fail in an attempt; be unsuccessful; to get no response; to find nothing; elicit no successful response; fail' यानि 'असफल होना; नाकामयाब होना'।

2. Drag one's feet.

- (a) Make something more complicated
- (b) Expedite
- (c) Be reluctant to act
- (d) Stop working

S.S.C. अंशतः स्नातक स्तरीय (T-I) 29 अगस्त, 2016 (I-पार्टी)

उत्तर (c)

दिए गए Idioms/Phrases 'Drag one's feet' का तात्पर्य है- 'Be reluctant to act; postpone doing what one should be doing; act or work with intentional slowness; to do something slowly because you do not want to do it' अर्थात् 'जानबूझकर किसी कार्य को सुस्ती से करना या टाल देना'।

3. We must draw the line somewhere.

- (a) put the screw on
- (b) fix a limit
- (c) aim at the sky
- (d) turn the tables

S.S.C. C.P.O. परीक्षा, 2015

उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'fix a limit; to refuse to move outside of a certain limit of conduct; to impose an arbitrary restriction on one's behaviour from fear of going too far; to set a limit at something; to reasonably object (to) or set a limit,' यानि 'सीमा निर्धारित करना'।

4. Sunil's dog in a manger attitude did not help to settle the matter.

- (a) warm
- (b) selfish
- (c) cold
- (d) selfless

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2015

उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'selfish; a selfish man, who refuses to allow his neighbour to enjoy even what he himself has no use for; someone who keeps something that they do not really want in order to prevent anyone else from having it; Stop being such a dog in the manger and let your sister ride your bike if you are not using it; one who prevents others from enjoying something despite having no use for it; spiteful and mean-spirited. The infamous 'dog in a manger', who occupied the manger not because he wanted to eat the hay (चारा, घास) there but to prevent the other animals from doing so; ' यानि 'कबाब में हड्डी'।

5. The proposals were hanging like Damocles Sword over our heads.

- (a) to immediately work very hard and successfully at a new activity
 - (b) to become too excited and eager about something
 - (c) an impending but uncertain danger
 - (d) something that you say in order to emphasize that you agree with what someone has just said
- S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (c)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (c) 'an impending but uncertain danger' (निकट भविष्य में घटित होने वाला खतरा; आसन्न); a bad or unpleasant thing that might happen to you at any time and that makes you feel worried or frightened; अर्थात् 'आसन्न परंतु अनिश्चित खतरा' से है।

6. The scientist worked for donkey's years to arrive at the formula.

- (a) a long time
- (b) a short time
- (c) for donkeys
- (d) for few years

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (a)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (a) a long time, a very long time. 1923, from donkey's ears which is rhyming slang for years. That is, donkey's ears is rhyming slang, replacing years with ears, while donkey's years reverts back to years, with donkey acting as emphasis. "Donkey's ears" implies "a long time" because donkey's ears are long, while donkey's years is supported by the belief that donkeys live a long time. It also means years and years 'लम्बे समय की अवधि' से है।

7. He returned a deaf ear to his parents advice.

- (a) Listen carefully
- (b) Refused to obey
- (c) Big help
- (d) Attentively

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2012

S.S.C. C.P.O. परीक्षा, 2010

S.S.C. Section off. परीक्षा, 2006

उत्तर (b)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त Idioms/phrase का अर्थ है refused to obey or refuse to listen, to pay no attention to one's advice or request; paid no heed; disregard; (ध्यान न देना)

8. He did me a good turn by recommending for the post of Principal.

- (a) Returned my kindness
- (b) Changed my future
- (c) Did an act of kindness
- (d) Became suddenly good

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (c)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त Idioms/phrase का तात्पर्य है 'an act of kindness or a kind act. (दयालुता दिखाना; कृपा करना)

9. Having walked twenty miles, I am feeling quite done up.

- (a) Energetic
- (b) Relaxed
- (c) Fresh
- (d) Exhausted

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (d)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त Idioms/phrase का अर्थ है 'exhausted; fatigued. (थका हुआ)

10. Many young artists were dropping names at the party to impress the gathering.

- (a) talking proudly about their family members
- (b) using pet names
- (c) hinting at high connections
- (d) talking informally

S.S.C. Tax Asst. परीक्षा, 2007

उत्तर (c)

इस मुहावरे से तात्पर्य है:- "to mention the names of famous people you know in order to impress others".

11. The Manager doctored the accounts of the company.

- (a) to make changes in account books
- (b) to clear the doctors bill
- (c) to verify the accounts in detail
- (d) to manipulate the accounts

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2010

उत्तर (d)

Idiom/Phrase का अर्थ 'to manipulate the accounts' यानी 'अपनी अनुकूलता के लिए परिवर्तन' होता है।

12. The Kenyan team proved to be the dark horse in the ICC World Cup Cricket.

- (a) a strong intruder
- (b) a skilled team
- (c) the most powerful
- (d) an unexpected winner

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2010
उत्तर (d)

Idiom/Phrase का अर्थ है 'an unexpected' winner'.

13. When she realised that she had bought a fake product, she knew that her money had gone down the drain.

- (a) Was lost forever
- (b) Dropped in the drain
- (c) Got washed away
- (d) Her money was safe

S.S.C. स्टेनोग्राफर परीक्षा, 2010

उत्तर (a)

Down the drain मुहावरे का अर्थ 'बेकार हो जाना' होता है।

E

1. Every inch a gentleman.

- (a) Somewhat
- (b) Partly
- (c) Entirely
- (d) Calculatively

S.S.C. जेम्सतइन स्नातक स्तरीय (T-I) 30 अगस्त, 2016 (I-पत्र)

उत्तर (c)

दिए गए Idioms/Phrases 'Every inch a gentleman' का तात्पर्य है- 'Entirely; completely; in every way' यानि 'पूर्णतया'।

2. The project to clean the River Ganga ended in smoke.

- (a) yielded no practical result
- (b) yielded only confusion
- (c) yielded no profit
- (d) yielded no plan

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2014
S.S.C. मल्टी टॉकिंग परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (a)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (a) 'yielded no practical result; to come to no practical result' से है।

3. Negative arguments generally end up in smoke when team members sit together to discuss important strategies.

- (a) Create hard feelings
- (b) Lead to bad habits
- (c) Spoil good understanding
- (d) Become useless finally

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2011
उत्तर (d)

रेखांकित Idiom/Phrase का तात्पर्य 'Become useless finally' यानि 'To come to no practical result' से है।

4. The Madagascar Coup attempt ended in a fiasco.

- (a) had no effect
- (b) was an utter failure
- (c) resulted in blood-shed
- (d) was a disaster

S.S.C. Tax Asst. परीक्षा, 2008

उत्तर (b)

Idiom/Phrase का अर्थ 'was an utter failure' है। इसका तात्पर्य है—failure, breakdown.

F

1. Faint hearted

- (a) Calm
- (b) Timid
- (c) Lovable
- (d) Courageous

SS.C. ऑनलाइन C.P.O.S.I. 3 जुलाई, 2017 (II-पत्र)

उत्तर (b)

Idioms/Phrases 'Faint hearted' का तात्पर्य है- Timid; lacking courage or resolution; deficient in conviction or courage; cowardly; timorous; fearful; frightened; if you describe someone or their behaviour as faint-hearted, you mean that they are not very confident and do not take strong action because they are afraid of failing; यानि 'डरपोक; कायर'।

2. Fit her like a glove.

- (a) Too large
- (b) Too shabby
- (c) Too tight
- (d) Perfectly

S.S.C. जेम्सतइन स्नातक स्तरीय (T-I) 27 अगस्त, 2016 (I-पत्र)

उत्तर (d)

दिए गए Idioms/Phrases 'Fit her like a glove' का तात्पर्य है- 'Perfectly; to fit very well; to fit snugly; to be perfect size and shape for someone' अर्थात् 'अच्छी तरह से, नप-तुला'।

3. Why do you fight shy of me?

- (a) fight with (b) avoid
(c) embarrass (d) shout at

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (b) 'avoid', to avoid यानि 'कुछ करने का अनिच्छुक होना'; 'को टालना' से है।

4. When he left he was extremely disappointed. I think he's gone for good.

- (a) to seek good fortune
(b) to a good place
(c) to a foreign country
(d) permanently

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2014

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (d)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (d) 'Permanently'; altogether, completely; यानि 'हमेशा के लिए' से है।

5. The mention of her former husband's name still makes Rita foam at the mouth.

- (a) vomit (b) shy
(c) fall sick (d) angry

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2014

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय मुख्य (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (d)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (d) 'angry' अर्थात् 'क्रुद्ध' या 'क्रोधित' से है। (especially of an animal) 'to have a mass of small bubbles in and around its mouth, especially because it is sick or angry; (of a person) 'to be very angry', to get very angry.

6. It is bad to try to fish in troubled waters.

- (a) catch fish in disturbed waters.
(b) make a profit out of a disturbance.
(c) go for fishing and cause trouble.
(d) fish in hot weather.

S.S.C. F.C.I. परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (b)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त रेखांकित अंश (Idiom/Phrase) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (b) make a profit out of a disturbance से है। Someone who fishes in troubled water tries to take advantage of a shaky or unstable situation.

7. My sincere advice to my maid servant fell on stony ground.

- (a) Was counter productive
(b) Had a strong impact
(c) Made one stubborn
(d) Had little success

S.S.C. स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (a)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त Idioms/phrase का अर्थ है 'counter productive'; when a request or a piece of advice falls on stony ground; it is ignored or unpopular.

8. From the bottom of my heart.

- (a) Totally (b) Wholly
(c) Sincerely (d) Lowest position

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (c)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त Idioms/phrase का अर्थ है 'sincerely'. (गहराई से; सच्चाईपूर्वक)

9. For better or worse.

- (a) In good times (b) In bad times
(c) Sometimes (d) Always

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (d)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त Idioms/phrase का तात्पर्य है When a man marries a woman, he takes her for better for worse, i.e. he promises to maintain her as his wife whether their means of living improve or get worse. (चाहे जो भी (अच्छा या बुरा) परिणाम हो)

10. A good sportsman cannot afford to have a fit of the blues before the game.

- (a) steroids or drugs (b) depression
(c) stimulants (d) entertainment

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (b)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त Idioms/phrase का तात्पर्य है 'depression'; melancholy' low-spirited. (उदासी; खिन्नता)

11. The carefully worked-out plan fell through because of an unexpected event.

- (a) came out successfully
(b) had a steep fall
(c) was shattered
(d) failed

S.S.C. Tax Asst. परीक्षा, 2009

उत्तर (d)

इस मुहावरे का अर्थ है- to miscarry; to fail; to come to nothing. 'असफल होना'।

12. Ravi fought to the bitter end.

- (a) fought to the last point of enemy's position
- (b) died fighting
- (c) carried on a contest regardless of the consequences
- (d) fought a losing battle

S.S.C. Tax Asst. परीक्षा, 2009

उत्तर (d)

प्रश्न के रेखांकित भाग का तात्पर्य है- 'fought a losing battle' अर्थात् 'एक हारे हुए युद्ध को लड़ना'।

13. You have been caught cheating now you must face the music.

- (a) Face the unpleasant consequences
- (b) Stand up to unpleasant consequences
- (c) Be debarred
- (d) Be insulted publicly

S.S.C. स्नातक स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2011

S.S.C. स्टेनोग्राफर परीक्षा, 2010

S.S.C. F.C.I. परीक्षा, 2012

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2010

उत्तर (a)

Face the music मुहावरे का अर्थ Face the unpleasant consequences; to bear the consequences यानि 'गलती का फल या खामियाजा भुगतना' होता है।

14. At last the rioters fell back.

- (a) fell on the ground
- (b) yielded
- (c) ran back
- (d) turned back

S.S.C. Tax Asst. परीक्षा, 2008

उत्तर (d)

Idiom/phrase का अर्थ 'turned back' या to move back from something. अर्थात् 'पीछे हटना' है।

15. When he asked me the way to the cafeteria, I told him to follow his nose.

- (a) to find it by himself
- (b) to ask someone else
- (c) to follow me
- (d) to go straight ahead

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (d)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (d) 'to go straight ahead', the direction that one's nose is pointing; go in a straight line' से है।

G

1. Get around

- (a) Persuade
- (b) Recall
- (c) Exclude
- (d) Avoid

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन C.P.O.S.I. 1 जुलाई, 2017 (II-परी)

उत्तर (*)

इस प्रश्न को त्रुटिपूर्ण मानते हुए कर्मचारी चयन आयोग (SSC) ने अपने संशोधित उत्तर-पत्रक (Revised Answer Key) में इस प्रश्न का कोई भी उत्तर सही नहीं माना है और सभी परीक्षार्थियों को समान अंक (Benefit to all) प्रदान किया है। चूंकि प्रश्नवाक्य के रूप में Idioms/Phrases 'Get around' को स्पष्ट रूप से नहीं दर्शाया गया है यानि यह नहीं स्पष्ट है कि 'Get around somebody' पूछा जा रहा है अथवा 'Get around something' पूछा जा रहा है।

1. 'Get around somebody' का तात्पर्य है- Persuade, to persuade somebody to agree or to do what you want, usually by doing nice things for them:

Ex.

She knows how to get around (persuade) her dad. (अर्थात् 'वह जानती है कि अपने पिता को कैसे मनाना (persuade) है')

'Get around somebody' का तात्पर्य है- 'किसी व्यक्ति को किसी कार्य के लिए मना/फुसला लेना'।

2. 'Get around something' का तात्पर्य है- 'to deal with a problem successfully; overcome:

Ex.

A clever lawyer might find a way of getting around that clause.

(अर्थात् 'सफलतापूर्वक किसी बात से निपट लेना; (किसी नियम/कानून को) टाल जाना'।

जबकि संधारणतया 'Get around' का तात्पर्य है- 'to move from place to place or from person to person:

Ex.

She gets around with the help of a stick.

News soon got around that he had resigned.

संभवतः इसी कारणवश आयोग ने इस प्रश्न का कोई भी उत्तर विकल्प सही नहीं माना है।

2. Givesomebody a ring

- (a) Propose marriage
- (b) Inform about the death of a loved one
- (c) Call someone on the telephone
- (d) Trap somebody in a difficult relationship

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन स्नातक स्तरीय (T-I) 20 अगस्त, 2017 (III-परी)

उत्तर (c)

Idioms/Phrases 'Give somebody a ring' का तात्पर्य है- Call someone on the telephone; a telephone call to someone; to phone someone; to place a telephone call to someone; if you give someone a ring, you phone them; यानि 'फोन करना; डायल करना'।

3. Get the message

- (a) Understand what is implied by a remark or action
- (b) Communicate using a secret language
- (c) Find it difficult to understand a different language
- (d) Fire someone from a job

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन स्नातक स्तरीय (T-I) 21 अगस्त, 2017 (I-पती)

उत्तर (a)

Idioms/Phrases 'Get the message' का तात्पर्य है- Understand what is implied by a remark or action; to understand the real meaning of what someone is trying to communicate; to understand or comprehend; especially to infer the correct meaning from circumstances, hints; to understand what is meant.

4. Go for a song

- (a) One's favourite music
- (b) Happy go lucky attitude
- (c) Sold cheaply
- (d) Something which is prohibitively expensive

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन स्नातक स्तरीय (T-I) 22 अगस्त, 2017 (II-पती)

उत्तर (c)

Idioms/Phrases 'Go for a song' का तात्पर्य है- Sold cheaply; to be sold for a low price; cheaply; very cheaply, for little money; especially for less than something is worth; (as if the singing of a song were payment); at a very low price; as a bargain; यानि 'कौड़ी के मोल'।

5. Gatecrasher

- (a) Invader
- (b) Thief
- (c) Uninvited guest
- (d) Children

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन स्नातक स्तरीय (T-I) 27 अगस्त, 2016 (III-पती)

उत्तर (c)

दिए गए Idioms/Phrases 'Gatecrasher' का तात्पर्य है- 'Uninvited guest; to go to a party or other social event, although you have not been invited; a person who attends or enters a social function without an invitation; enter (a party or other gathering) without an invitation or ticket' यानि 'किसी अवसर पर बिन बुलाए घुसने वाला; बिना निमंत्रण के किसी पार्टी या समारोह में, प्रायः समूह में पहुंच जाना'।

6. Gall and wormwood

- (a) A problem
- (b) Hateful
- (c) Useless
- (d) Hard to digest

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन स्नातक स्तरीय (T-I) 30 अगस्त, 2016 (I-पती)

उत्तर (b)

दिए गए Idioms/Phrases 'Gall and wormwood' का तात्पर्य है- 'hateful; said of what is excessively bitter and distasteful; bitterness of spirit; deep resentment' यानि घृणायुक्त।

7. I and my friend always go Dutch when we eat out.

- (a) pay for each other's meal
- (b) drive together
- (c) divide the costs
- (d) go together

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2015

उत्तर (c)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'divide the costs; share expenses equally and split the cost of something; to agree to share the cost of something, especially a meal;' यानि 'सझा करना'।

8. The winning team decided to go for the jugular in the last quarter of the match.

- (a) Give easy opportunities to the opposite team
- (b) Give reserve players a chance
- (c) Forfeit the match
- (d) Attack all out

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2015

उत्तर (d)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'attack all out; to attack a vital and vulnerable trait, feature, element, etc., in an attempt to overcome somebody or something swiftly and totally; to make a serious effort to defeat someone, usually by criticizing or haming them in a cruel way; to be utterly ruthless with an opponent or competition; if you go for the jugular, you attack someone or where they are most vulnerable;' यानि 'कमजोर बिंदु पर आक्रमण करना'।

9. The President gave away the prizes to the winners.

- (a) let go
- (b) released
- (c) gave back
- (d) distributed

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2014

S.S.C. F.C.I. परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (d)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'distributed'; to present something; to give something as a gift;' यानि 'कुछ वितरित करना'।

10. Indians are going places in the field of software technology.

- (a) going abroad
- (b) going to spaces
- (c) talented and successful
- (d) friendly and amicable

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I), परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (c)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (c) 'talented and successful' से है।

11. Those intending to take up the military service must be prepared to go through the hoops.

- (a) be made to pay heavy amounts of money
- (b) be punished severely
- (c) be made to undergo gruelling tests
- (d) be made to sign bonds

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (c)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (c) 'be made to undergo gruelling (बहुत कठिन और थका देने वाला) tests'; to do something difficult or complicated in order to achieve something' से है।

12. He gave vent to his pleasure with a smile.

- (a) allowed
- (b) expressed
- (c) enjoyed
- (d) shared

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (b) 'expressed' से है। शब्द 'vent' का तात्पर्य Noun के संदर्भ में 'निकास' होता है। Idiom के संदर्भ में इसका तात्पर्य होता है- 'to express a feeling, especially anger, strongly' अर्थात् 'मुक्त अभिव्यक्ति करना'।

13. He gives himself the airs of a rich man.

- (a) enjoys being
- (b) tries to hide the fact that he is
- (c) pretends to be
- (d) boasts over the fact that he is

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (c)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (c) 'pretends to be' ; to be conceited or arrogant in behaviour. 'airs' means a way of behaving that shows that somebody thinks that they are more important than they really are. अर्थात् 'घमंडी व्यक्ति' से है।

14. We got in to hot water just because the accountant divulged our secrets.

- (a) fail in one's efforts
- (b) land in trouble
- (c) take the help of
- (d) come to nothing

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2014

S.S.C. मल्टी टॉकिंग (M.T.S.) परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (b) 'land in trouble'; to be in trouble or difficulties or to have people angry with one; to be in trouble. अर्थात् 'मुसीबत में होना या पड़ना' से है।

15. Life is an event of give and take.

- (a) adjustment
- (b) make believe
- (c) always
- (d) giving

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (a)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (a) adjustment; to be willing; in a relationship; to accept what somebody else wants and to give up some of what you want 'शब्द, विचारों आदि का आदान-प्रदान, संबंधों में समझौता करने की तत्परता एवं इच्छा' से है।

16. All the neighbours gave her the cold shoulder because she ill-treated her daughter-in-law.

- (a) showed intentional unfriendliness to her company.
- (b) felt her shoulder was cold.
- (c) showed dislike for her company.
- (d) showed liking for her company.

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (a)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (a) showed intentional unfriendliness to her company; to ignore someone in an unfriendly way 'जानबूझकर किसी का साथ न देना' से है।

17. After getting a severe scolding from his mother, Raghu got down to business.

- (a) became businesslike
- (b) began to work seriously
- (c) joined his father's business
- (d) started a business

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (b) began to work seriously; to begin to do something; to give serious attention to something, to begin to get serious; to begin to negotiate or conduct business 'किसी कार्य पर लग या जुट जाना' से है।

18. The young servant goes about with the old master.

- (a) goes around
- (b) tries to know more about
- (c) adjusts well
- (d) moves around

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2013
उत्तर (a)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (a) goes around; to around in the company of someone or something; is to move from place to place, also means set to work at से है।

19. The mother was right in giving a piece of her mind to the daughter.

- (a) speaking cheerfully
- (b) speaking sadly
- (c) speaking sharply
- (d) speaking kindly

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2012, 2013
S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (c)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (c) speaking sharply; to scold him, to find fault with him, to speak or write unbraidingly to him; to criticize someone wrongly; if you give someone a piece of your mind, you criticize them strongly and angrily; scold him; से है।

20. I did not give in to his request.

- (a) approve
- (b) like
- (c) permit
- (d) yield

S.S.C. मल्टी टॉरिंग परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (d)

give in का अर्थ है हार मान लेना, झुक जाना अर्थात् yield to another's wish or opinion.

21. He has the habit of getting into a row over trivial matters.

- (a) getting a right path
- (b) giving unwanted advice
- (c) seeking the help
- (d) picking up a fight

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (d)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त Idioms/phrase का अर्थ है 'picking up a fight', noisy or violent quarrel; trouble. (झगड़ना (निरर्थक बातों पर))

22. To be successful in today's world, we require the gift of the gab.

- (a) Ability to speak well
- (b) Good interpersonal skills
- (c) Divine help and guidance
- (d) A fierce competitive spirit

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2013

S.S.C. C.P.O. परीक्षा, 2011

S.S.C. स्टेनोग्राफर परीक्षा, 2010

S.S.C. (डॉटा एंट्री ऑपरेटर) परीक्षा, 2008

उत्तर (a)

वाक्य में रेखांकित अंश (Idiom/Phrase) का तात्पर्य 'ability to speak well; talent for speaking; ability to speak frankly, impressively' अर्थात् 'अभिव्यक्ति के कौशल से पूर्ण' से है।

23. Unless you grease his palms he will not do your work.

- (a) talk to him
- (b) flatter him
- (c) beat him
- (d) bribe him

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2014

S.S.C. मल्टी टॉरिंग परीक्षा, 2011

S.S.C. स्टेनोग्राफर परीक्षा, 2010

उत्तर (d)

दिए गए Idiom/Phrase का तात्पर्य 'Bribe him' या 'to give money to someone in authority in order to persuade them to do something for you, especially something wrong; bribe' से है।

24. My close friend got the sack from his first job recently.

- (a) resigned
- (b) got rid of
- (c) was demoted from
- (d) was dismissed from

S.S.C. Section off. परीक्षा, 2006

S.S.C. अंनतइन स्नातक स्तरीय (T-I) 10 सितंबर, 2016 (I-याति)

उत्तर (d)

Idiom/Phrase का अर्थ 'was dismissed from' या 'to be dismissed from employment; be dismissed' अर्थात् 'रोजगार से निष्कासित किया जाना' होता है।

25. The green-eyed monster strikes a woman the moment she sees her husband talking to another pretty woman.

- (a) Anger (b) Hatred
(c) Envy (d) Jealousy

S.S.C. Section off. परीक्षा, 2006

उत्तर (d)

Idiom/Phrase का अर्थ 'Jealousy' या 'Envious' अर्थात् 'ईर्ष्यालु या द्वेषपूर्ण प्रवृत्ति' होता है।

H

1. Hit the nail on the head

- (a) do or say something exactly right
(b) attack someone at the right time
(c) create problems for others
(d) get into conspiracy

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन स्टेनोग्राफर (ग्रेड 'सी' एवं 'डी') 14 सितंबर, 2017 (I-परीक्षा)

उत्तर (a)

Idioms/Phrases 'Hit the nail on the head' का तात्पर्य है- Do or say something exactly right; to do exactly the right thing; to do something in the most effective and efficient way; if you hit the nail on the head, you describe a situation or problem exactly; state the truth exactly; to be absolutely right; get to the precise point; यानि 'सच्चाई बता देना'।

2. Hear it on the grapevine

- (a) to hear screams from somewhere
(b) to hear a secret from the third person
(c) to hear some rumours about something
(d) to hear the rustling of a tree

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन स्टेनोग्राफर (ग्रेड 'सी' एवं 'डी') 14 सितंबर, 2017 (I-परीक्षा)

उत्तर (c)

Idioms/Phrases 'Hear it on the grapevine' का तात्पर्य है- To hear some rumour about something; acquire information by rumour or by unofficial communication; an indication that a piece of information was obtained via an informal contact; hearing something through informal channels or an unofficial source/contact, such as family members or friends.

3. Hope against hope.

- (a) Think wishfully from time to time
(b) Hoped with good reason
(c) Nurture an impossible hope
(d) Pretend to hope

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन स्नातक स्तरीय (TI) 29 अगस्त, 2016 (I-परीक्षा)

उत्तर (c)

दिए गए Idioms/Phrases 'Hope against hope' का तात्पर्य है- 'nurture an impossible hope; to hope very strongly that something will happen, although you know it is not likely; to have hope even when the situation appears to be hopeless; to continue to hope' अर्थात् 'व्यर्थ की आशा'।

4. Have a finger in every pie.

- (a) to be quarrelsome (b) to be efficient
(c) to be greedy (d) to be meddlesome

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2015

उत्तर (d)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'to be meddlesome'; to be mixed up in any affair; to be involved in a lot of different activities and have influence over them, especially when other people think that this is annoying, यानि 'प्रत्येक मामले में हस्तक्षेप करना'।

5. There was a definite element of fabrication in the story, but he believed the account hook, line and sinker.

- (a) completely (b) not wholly
(c) a little bit (d) hardly

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2015

उत्तर (a)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'completely; without hesitation, totally; entirely' यानि 'पूर्णतया'।

6. He took a leap in the dark with his latest investment in stocks.

- (a) took a risk (b) was hesitant
(c) was confused (d) was cocksure

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (a)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त रेखांकित अंश (Idiom/Phrase) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (a) took a risk; an action or a risk that you take without knowing anything about the activity or what the result will be से है।

7. His argument does not hold water:

- (a) to have effect
- (b) to influence
- (c) to check the flow of water
- (d) sound logical fact

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2014
उत्तर (d)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (d) 'sound logical fact'; to bear close inspection; (A phrase generally used negatively); be sound when tested; if an argument, an excuse, a theory etc. does not hold water, you cannot believe it'. से है।

8. We must husband our resources against hard times.

- (a) support (b) sing
- (c) concede (d) save

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2014
उत्तर (d)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (d) 'save' अर्थात् 'भविष्य के लिए बचाकर रखना; सुरक्षित रखना' से है। 'It means to use something very carefully and make sure that you do not waste it'.

9. People are always critical. One needs to have a thick skin to cope with criticism.

- (a) Be disinterested (b) Be bold
- (c) Be unaffected (d) Be insensitive

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2012
उत्तर (d)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त Idioms का तात्पर्य है 'be insensitive or not sensitive; not easily moved.

10. The great warrior Mahrana Pratap held the enemy' at bay but he was defeated at last.

- (a) Prevented the enemy to attack his positions
- (b) Made counter attacks again and again
- (c) Prevented the enemy to come closer
- (d) Made the enemy to run away

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2012
उत्तर (c)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त Idioms/phrase का तात्पर्य है 'prevented the enemy to come closer; keep (attackers) off दूर रखना, (आक्रमणकारियों; समस्या आदि को) पास आने से रोकना।

11. Please hold your tongue in this matter; otherwise you will repent.

- (a) Be silent (b) Give advice
- (c) Defend (d) Argue

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2012
उत्तर (a)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त Idioms/phrase का अर्थ है be silent; not to speak. (शांत रहना; चुप रहना)

12. Adolescence is a period of halcyon days.

- (a) Hard days (b) Of mental pressure
- (c) Happy days (d) Days of preparation

S.S.C. स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (c)

दिए गए वाक्य में Idioms/phrase का तात्पर्य है 'happy days' a period of happiness and prosperity; a period of happy days. (संपन्नता एवं प्रसन्नता का काल)

13. He has all his ducks in a row; he is complacent.

- (a) Has everything ready (b) Is well organised
- (c) Always scores a zero (d) Never gets confused

S.S.C. स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (b)

प्रयुक्त वाक्य में Idioms/phrase का अर्थ है 'well organised'. (लगातार; बिना अंतराल के)

14. Suman held court with the studio audience.

- (a) Tried to please to gain support
- (b) Entertained with interesting funny stories
- (c) Took to the court of law
- (d) Had a formal discussion with

S.S.C. C.P.O. परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (a)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त Idioms/phrase का अर्थ है 'tried to please to gain support; to get a lot of attention from a group of people by talking in a manner that is entertaining, especially on a social occasion; to attract people who want your attention.

15. Indian police is, on the whole, high handed in dealing with citizens.

- (a) kind (b) overbearing
- (c) prompt (d) adept

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2011
उत्तर (b)

High handed से तात्पर्य Unreasonable behaviour (imperiously; arrogantly) से है।

16. He has too many irons in the fire.

- (a) is engaged in too many enterprises at the same time
- (b) has several problems
- (c) has many ideas in his head
- (d) has a fire burning constantly in his house

S.S.C. Tax Asst. परीक्षा, 2009

उत्तर (a)

लोकोक्ति/मुहावरे का तात्पर्य है- 'is engaged in too many enterprises at the same time' य 'to have many projects carrying on at the same time' अर्थात् 'एक साथ कई योजनाओं पर कार्य करना'।

17. The prodigal son was left high and dry by his friends, when he lost all his money.

- (a) wounded
- (b) alone
- (c) depressed
- (d) neglected

S.S.C. Tax Asst. परीक्षा, 2008

उत्तर (d)

left high & dry का अर्थ है to abandon somebody or leave someone helpless.

18. She has a bee in her bonnet and can say anything.

- (a) is a crazy person
- (b) is a frank person
- (c) is a foolish person
- (d) is a proud person

S.S.C. मल्टी टॉकिंग (M.T.S.) परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (a)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त रेखांकित अंश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (a) is a crazy person; 'a single idea or a thought that remains in one's mind; an obsession' से है अर्थात् 'to think or to talk about something all the time and to think that it is very important' यानि किसी बात की धुन या सनक सवार होना।

I

1. In the soup

- (a) Avoiding responsibility
- (b) Making progress
- (c) In a difficult situation
- (d) Giving a chance

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन मल्टी टॉकिंग (M.T.S.) 17 सितंबर, 2017 (I-परी)

उत्तर (c)

Idioms/Phrases 'In the soup' का तात्पर्य है- In a difficult situation; to be in an unpleasant situation; in trouble, in a bad situation; having difficulties, to have a lot of problems; यानि 'मुसीबत में'।

2. In the nick of time

- (a) In search of something
- (b) Just in time
- (c) In a hurry
- (d) After a long period of time

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन मल्टी टॉकिंग (M.T.S.) 17 सितंबर, 2017 (I-परी)

उत्तर (b)

Idioms/Phrases 'In the nick of time' का तात्पर्य है- Just in time; at the last possible moment; at the right or vital moment; at the precise moment; यानि 'ठीक समय पर, ऐन मौके पर'।

3. It goes without saying

- (a) To silently bear the injustice
- (b) Something which is implied to be obvious
- (c) There is no point in doing something after you are told to do it
- (d) Break long relationship with someone

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन स्नातक स्तरीय (T-I) 19 अगस्त, 2017 (III-परी)

उत्तर (b)

Idioms/Phrases 'It goes without saying' का तात्पर्य है- Something which is implied to be obvious; to be so obvious as to need no explanation; of course, naturally; be obvious, यानि 'स्पष्ट होना'।

4. Ill at ease.

- (a) Unwell
- (b) Irritated
- (c) Uneasy
- (d) Confused

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन स्नातक स्तरीय (T-I) 2 सितंबर, 2016 (II-परी)

उत्तर (c)

दिए गए Idioms/Phrases 'Ill at ease' का तात्पर्य है- 'Uneasy; anxious; worried and uncomfortable' अर्थात् बेचैन, परेशान, व्याकुल एवं व्यग्र।

5. I was in two minds whether to buy a new television or a new computer.

- (a) to be undecided
- (b) to lose one's mind
- (c) to take two decisions
- (d) to be firm

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2015

उत्तर (a)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'to be undecided'; if you are in two minds about something, you cannot decide what to do, or you can't decide which option is the best; to not to be certain about something, or to have a difficulty in making a decision; यानि 'असमंजस की स्थिति; दुविधा की स्थिति'।

6. He wanted this agreement in black and white.

- (a) in writing (b) orally
(c) in discourse (d) in detail

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (a)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/P Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'in writing; on paper and in writing; in print; officially;' यानि 'लिखित रूप में; छपा हुआ'।

7. I will be back in two shakes.

- (a) with a bang
(b) with two milkshakes
(c) very soon
(d) in two minutes

S.S.C. स्टेनोग्राफर (ग्रेड 'सी' एवं 'डी'), परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (c)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/P Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (c) 'very soon' 'very quickly, without delay' (अति शीघ्र) से है।

8. Our plan to go to London is in the air.

- (a) undecided (b) certain
(c) under consideration (d) for approval

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I), परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (a)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/P Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (a) 'undecided' से है।

9. The boy was in Dutch with his friends.

- (a) in love (b) in good terms
(c) in awe (d) in trouble

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (d)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/P Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (d) 'in trouble'; in disfavoured, (परेशानी में पड़ना) से है।

10. Hard work pays in the long run.

- (a) always
(b) over a period of time
(c) indefinitely
(d) never

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2013

S.S.C. Section Off. परीक्षा, 2006

उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/P Phrases) का तात्पर्य 'over a period of time; eventually; before all is over; ultimately, यानि 'अंत में', 'अंततोगत्वा' से है।

11. Ask Mr. Das. He can give you all the news you need: he is always in the swim.

- (a) at the swimming pool
(b) in search of news
(c) well-informed and up-to-date
(d) giving news to others

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (c)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/P Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (c) 'well informed and up-to-date'; involved in things that are happening in the society or in a particular situation; in the current of events; acquainted with all that is going on. से है।

12. The personality development class started with an ice breaking session.

- (a) having breakfast
(b) starting conversation
(c) introducing chief guest
(d) making speeches

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/P Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (b) Starting conversation; to commence speaking after an embarrassing silence; to begin to speak on a delicate subject; breaking down a social stiffness to make things more comfortable. This phrase sometimes used when the cold social awkwardness is broken between two people who are meeting for the first time 'किसी नाजुक मुद्दे पर वार्ता प्रारंभ करना' से है।

13. In a nutshell.

- (a) Writing (b) Brief
(c) Angrily (d) Casually

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2012, 2014, 2015

उत्तर (b)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त Idioms/phrase का तात्पर्य है 'brief, in the smallest possible space or in the fewest possible words or simply and tersely; this is said of a thing which is capable of, or presented in, brief expression; to state something very concisely. (अति संक्षेप में कहना)

14. He knows the ins and outs of the case.

- (a) Entry and exit (b) Separate ways
(c) Route (d) Full details

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (d)

रेखांकित Idiom/Phrase का तात्पर्य Full details यानि Full details of anything or its whole working से है।

15. in cold blood.

- (a) angrily (b) deliberately
(c) excitedly (d) slowly

S.S.C. स्नातक स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (b)

दिए गए Idiom/phrase का तात्पर्य 'deliberately' (जान-बूझ कर) से है। अन्य शब्द हैं- Coldly; dispassionately.

in cold blood= "He Killed her in cold blood".

16. If you are in the good books of the boss, you are sure to rise quickly.

- (a) Work well for the boss
(b) Praise the boss
(c) In favour with the boss
(d) Co-operate with boss

S.S.C. Section off. परीक्षा, 2006

उत्तर (a)

Idiom/Phrase का अर्थ 'work well for the boss' या 'a favourite of' अर्थात् 'कृपापात्र' होता है।

17. The reputed company is in the red due to the recession.

- (a) making money (b) losing money
(c) in danger (d) spending money

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2010

उत्तर (b)

Idiom/phrase 'in the red' का अर्थ है 'आर्थिक' दृष्टि से खतरनाक स्थिति' अर्थात् 'losing money'.

18. They were offered six months' rent in lieu of notice to vacate the building.

- (a) in spite of (b) in place of
(c) despite of (d) in addition to

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2010

उत्तर (b)

Idiom/Phrase का अर्थ 'in place of' अर्थात् 'के स्थान पर' होगा।

19. The parents are in high spirits as their son has got a decent job.

- (a) In good position (b) Drunk
(c) Cheerful (d) Shocked

S.S.C. स्टेनोग्राफर परीक्षा, 2010

उत्तर (c)

In high spirits मुहावरे का अर्थ 'Cheerful' 'अत्यंत प्रसन्नता की स्थिति' होता है।

K

1. Kick the bucket

- (a) Loose temper
(b) To delay a little longer
(c) To die
(d) To meet with an accident

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन स्नातक स्तरीय (T-I) 9 अगस्त, 2017 (III-परी)

उत्तर (c)

Idioms/Phrases 'Kick the bucket' का तात्पर्य है- 'To die'; यानि 'मर जाना, निधन होना'।

Note : The term 'kick the bucket' originated in the 16th century. The wooden frame used to hang animals by their feet for slaughter was called a bucket. As the animals struggled and spasmed, they were said to "kick the bucket".

2. Keep at bay

- (a) Keep your problems to yourselves
(b) To control something and prevent it from causing you problems
(c) Not share a secret
(d) Maintain a long distance relationship

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन स्नातक स्तरीय (T-I) 21 अगस्त, 2017 (I-परी)

उत्तर (b)

Idioms/Phrases 'Keep at bay' का तात्पर्य है- 'To control something and prevent it from causing you problems; to keep something at a distance from oneself, especially which is harmful or unpleasant; prevent, either a person or an event, from advancing nearer, if you keep something or someone at bay, or hold them at bay, you prevent them from reaching, attacking, or affecting you, यानि 'दूर रखना'।

3. Even in the middle of the fire he kept a level head.

- (a) was self-centred (b) was impulsive
(c) was sensible (d) was crazy

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2015

उत्तर (c)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'was sensible; calm and sensible; able to make good decisions even in difficult situations; calm and able to deal easily with difficult situations; to be discreet, to have a well balanced mind.

4. The king of metals is becoming dearer by the day.
 (a) iron (b) gold
 (c) diamonds (d) platinum

S.S.C. स्टेनोग्राफर (ग्रेड 'सी' एवं 'डी'), परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (b) 'gold' से है। 'Gold' is called the king of metals for it is used for making coins, ornaments, jewellery etc.

5. I'll be able to do my job very well when I know the ropes.

- (a) work in silence (b) learn the procedures
 (c) gain confidence (d) become bolder

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (b) 'learn the procedures'; know how to set about some activity or business; to know how a particular job should be done. से है।

6. Mrs. Roy keeps an open house on Saturday evening parties – you'll find all kinds of people there.

- (a) keeps the gates open for a few persons
 (b) welcomes all members
 (c) welcomes a select group of people
 (d) keeps the doors of the house open

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (b) welcomes all members; is it be ready to entertain all comers, to be at all times hospitably inclined से है।

7. Just keep your wig on Everything will be alright.

- (a) Hold on to your wig, so it won't fall off
 (b) Get another hair cut
 (c) Calm down
 (d) Take off your wig

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (c)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त Idioms/phrase का तात्पर्य है 'calm down'. (शांत रहना)

8. The officer kicked up a row over the issue.

- (a) avoided the issue (b) gave strict orders
 (c) gave a kick in the air (d) made a great fuss

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (d)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त Idioms/phrase का तात्पर्य है 'to cause a disturbance; to be violent in behavior.' (उपद्रव मचाना)

9. You can easily overcome this situation if you keep your head.

- (a) keep faith in (b) remain calm
 (c) believe in (d) trust the others

S.S.C. मल्टी टॉकिंग परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (b)

Idiom/Phrase का तात्पर्य अर्थात् 'remain calm' से है। जिसका अर्थ है- 'शांत चित रहना।'

L

1. Look before you leap

- (a) To take risk
 (b) To keep waiting
 (c) To think before doing
 (d) To exercise influence

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन स्टेनोग्राफर (ग्रेड 'सी' एवं 'डी') 13 सितंबर, 2017 (II-पती)

उत्तर (c)

Idioms/Phrases 'Look before you leap' का तात्पर्य है- To think before doing; think of the consequences before you act, think carefully about the possible risks and effects before you decide to do something; check that you are clear what is ahead of you before making a decision that you cannot go back on, यानि 'कुछ करने से पूर्व भलीभांति विचार करना'।

2. Last straw

- (a) Last problem in the series of problems
 (b) Last attempt to do something
 (c) Last chance to take decision
 (d) Last chance

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन स्टेनोग्राफर (ग्रेड 'सी' एवं 'डी') 14 सितंबर, 2017 (II-पती)

उत्तर (a)

Idioms/Phrases 'Last Straw' का तात्पर्य है- Last problem in the series of problems; the final imitation or problem that stretches one's endurance or patience beyond the limit, the final difficulty in a series; the final additional small burden that makes the entirety of one's difficulties unbearable, यानि 'बर्दाश्त से बाहर'।

3. **Leaveno stone unturned**

- (a) Search for the hidden treasure
- (b) Do a futile task
- (c) Be known for achieving a tremendous feat
- (d) Try every possible course of action in order to achieve something

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन स्नातक स्तरीय (T-I) 20 अगस्त, 2017 (III-परीक्षा)

उत्तर (d)

Idioms/Phrases 'Leave no stone unturned' का तात्पर्य है- Try every possible course of action in order to achieve something; make every possible effort; to exhaust every possibility in attempting to achieve one's goal; spare no effort; यानि 'हर संभव प्रयत्न करना'।

4. **He is a fine man, but to call him a saint is laying it on thick.**

- (a) a reality
- (b) an exaggeration
- (c) a compulsion
- (d) a development

S.S.C. C.P.O. परीक्षा, 2015

उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'an exaggeration; to exaggerate; to do anything extravagantly,' यानि 'बढ़ा-चढ़ाकर कहा या दिखाया हुआ; अतिशयोक्तिपूर्ण एवं झूठ'।

5. **Instead of keeping his promise of helping me with office work, he just left me high and dry.**

- (a) left me alone to do the work
- (b) left me feeling like a fool
- (c) left me in a state of anger
- (d) left me without a drop of water

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2015

उत्तर (a)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'left me alone to do the work; out of the water; in a dry place; safe; unbothered by difficulties, unscathed; to leave someone in a difficult situation without any help; stranded, without help or hope of recovery; in a deprived or distressing situation; deserted; to leave someone unsupported and unable to maneuver; to leave someone helpless;' यानि 'कठिन स्थिति में; निस्सहाय'।

6. **They have latched on to tourism as a way of boosting the local economy.**

- (a) promoted
- (b) discovered
- (c) exposed
- (d) explored

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (a)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (a) 'promoted' यानि 'समर्थना' से है।

7. **The construction remains unfinished and the workers have let the grass grow under their feet.**

- (a) grown grass all over the lawn
- (b) gone on a luxury tour
- (c) delayed doing the work
- (d) demanded more benefits

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (c)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (c) delayed doing the work; to be inactive; to be idle and lazy; to not delay in getting things done 'आलसीपन, निष्क्रियता' से है।

8. **My ten-year-old son is an incredible live-wire.**

- (a) naughty
- (b) energetic
- (c) lazy
- (d) dangerous

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (b)

Live wire means an alert and energetic person.

9. **He promised to look into the matter.**

- (a) to take care of
- (b) to investigate
- (c) to question
- (d) to peer closely at

S.S.C. F.C.I. परीक्षा, 2013

S.S.C. स्टेनोग्राफर (ग्रेड 'सी' एवं 'डी') परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (b)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त रेखांकित अंश (Phrase) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (b) to investigate; to examine something से है।

10. **Most people live from hand to mouth these days because of inflation.**

- (a) Lavishly
- (b) Happily
- (c) Comfortably
- (d) Miserably

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (d)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त Idioms/phrase का तात्पर्य विकल्प (d) 'miserably'; 'to have just enough money to live on and nothing extra, to satisfy one's basic needs because of a lack of money' अर्थात् 'किसी प्रकार गुजारा करना' से है।

11. To feel like a fish out of water.

- (a) Disgusted (b) Uncomfortable
(c) Disappointed (d) Homeless

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय मुख्य (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2011

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (b)

इस Idioms/phrase का तात्पर्य है- You feel like a fish out of water if you're surrounded by people who are different to you and it's making you feel a little uncomfortable.

12. We wanted to give Rita a surprise party but John let the cat out of the bag.

- (a) spoiled the party with a cat
(b) gave her a party himself
(c) told her about it unintentionally
(d) prevented her from attending it

S.S.C. Tax Asst. परीक्षा, 2009

उत्तर (c)

इस मुहावरे का तात्पर्य है, 'told her about it unintentionally' या 'to disclose a secret' अर्थात् 'रहस्योद्घाटन करना'।

13. After fifteen years of marriage she did not expect her husband to leave her in the lurch.

- (a) listen to her (b) provoke her
(c) ignore her (d) desert her

S.S.C. स्टेनोग्राफर परीक्षा, 2010, 2011

उत्तर (d)

Idiom/Phrase का अर्थ 'desert her' या 'to leave in a helpless condition' यानि 'निस्सहाय अवस्था में छोड़ देना' होता है।

14. Do not lose your head when faced with a difficult situation.

- (a) forget anything (b) neglect anything
(c) self control (d) get jealous

S.S.C. स्टेनोग्राफर परीक्षा, 2011

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (c)

lose your head का अर्थ 'Self control, get angry, to become too excited' यानि 'क्रोधित या उत्तेजित हो जाना'।

15. We cannot depend on him for this assignment as it needs careful handling and he is like a bull in a china shop.

- (a) a clumsy person (b) a tactful person
(c) a no-nonsense person (d) a felicitous person

S.S.C. मल्टी टैकिंग (M.T.S.) परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (a)

रेखांकित अंश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (a) 'clumsy person; belonging recklessly and clumsily in a situation where one is likely to cause damage'; 'awkward or clumsy person' अर्थात् 'शीशमहल में बंदर' से है।

M

1. Make a clean breast of it

- (a) To take care of
(b) To disobey rule
(c) To follow the lead
(d) To confess completely

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन स्टेनोग्राफर ग्रेड 'सी' एवं 'डी' 13 सितंबर, 2017 (II-परी)

उत्तर (d)

Idioms/Phrases 'make a clean breast of it' का तात्पर्य है- To confess completely; confess fully one's mistakes or wrongdoings; confess fully to tell the truth about something; to make a full disclosure; to make a confession of; to make a full confession; यानि 'अपराध स्वीकार करना'।

2. Make a scene

- (a) To perform beautifully in front of an audience
(b) Make a public disturbance or excited emotional display
(c) To narrate and elaborate false story
(d) Describe a scene in so much detail that it comes vivid

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन CHSL (T-I) 6 मार्च, 2018 (I-परी)

उत्तर (b)

Idioms/Phrases 'Make a scene' का तात्पर्य है- Make a public disturbance or excited emotional display; create a scene; make an uproar; complain noisily; behave badly; to exhibit anger, indignation, fiery temper, hysterics, etc., in a public outburst; to bring unnecessary attention to oneself; यानि 'तमाशा बनाना'।

3. Man in the street

- (a) Man of talent (b) A foolish man
(c) Simple man (d) A dutiful person

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन मल्टी टैकिंग (M.T.S.) 16 सितंबर, 2017 (I-परी)

उत्तर (c)

Idioms/Phrases 'Man in the street' का तात्पर्य है- Simple man; the average man; an average man; the ordinary citizen; a typical person; a man or men who think like most other people; an ordinary person, usually with regard to their opinions, or as distinct from an expert; यानि 'साधारण व्यक्ति; आम आदमी'।

4. Mealy-mouthed

- (a) Ill-tempered (b) Soft-spoken
(c) Enthusiastic (d) Depressed

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन स्नातक स्तरीय (T-I) 5 अगस्त, 2017 (III-परीति)

उत्तर (b)

Idioms/P phrases 'Mealy-mouthed' का तात्पर्य है- Soft-spoken; afraid to speak frankly or straightforwardly; avoiding the use of direct and plain language, as from timidity, excessive delicacy, or hypocrisy; inclined to mince words; insincere, devious, or uncompromising, यानि 'बात को टालने वाला'। हालाँकि इस प्रश्न को त्रुटिपूर्ण मानते हुए कर्मचारी चयन आयोग (SSC) ने अपने संशोधित उत्तर-पत्रक (Revised Answer Key) में इस प्रश्न का कोई भी उत्तर सही नहीं माना है और सभी परीक्षार्थियों को समान अंक (Benefit to all) प्रदान किया है। जबकि लेखक James Main Dixon कृत 'English Idioms' नामक पुस्तक में Idioms/P phrases 'Mealy mouthed' का अर्थ 'soft-spoken; using mild language; afraid to speak out' दिया गया है। अतः इस प्रश्न के उत्तर विकल्प (b) को सही मानते हुए पूर्ववत् रखा गया है।

5. Make an ass out of

- (a) Cause someone or oneself to look foolish or stupid
(b) Work very hard like a donkey
(c) Be smart but act dumb
(d) Make a mistake

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन स्नातक स्तरीय (T-I) 22 अगस्त, 2017 (II-परीति)

उत्तर (a)

Idioms/Phrases 'Make an ass out of' का तात्पर्य है- Cause someone or oneself to look foolish or stupid; behave in a way that makes one look foolish or stupid.

6. Made light of.

- (a) Did not hear (b) Treated it lightly
(c) Blew away (d) Carried with him

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन स्नातक स्तरीय (T-I) 30 अगस्त, 2016 (I-परीति)

S.S.C. स्टेनोग्राफर (ग्रेड 'सी' एवं 'डी') परीक्षा, 2002

उत्तर (b)

दिए गए Idioms/P phrases 'Made light of' का तात्पर्य है- 'treated it lightly; to treat something as if it were unimportant or humorous; to consider something unimportant; to treat something as not very serious; to disregard', to tread as unimportant अर्थात् 'किसी वस्तु या व्यक्ति को महत्वपूर्ण न मानना या हल्के तौर पर लेना'।

7. Make room.

- (a) Clean the room (b) Make space
(c) Attain the room (d) Make a clean sweep

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन स्नातक स्तरीय (T-I) 28 अगस्त, 2016 (III-परीति)

उत्तर (b)

दिए गए Idioms/Phrases 'Make room' का तात्पर्य है- 'To provide space for someone or something; make space' यानि 'दूरी बनाना या जगह उपलब्ध कराना'।

8. Mend your ways.

- (a) Happy with one's behaviour
(b) Sad with one's behaviour
(c) Destroy one's behaviour
(d) Improve one's behaviour

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन स्नातक स्तरीय (T-I) 28 अगस्त, 2016 (III-परीति)

उत्तर (d)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त Idioms/P phrases 'Mend your ways' का तात्पर्य है- 'Improve one's behaviour'; to improve your behaviour after you have been behaving badly for a long time' यानि 'व्यक्ति के व्यवहार में सुधार आना'।

9. The day the new product was launched, people made a beeline to purchase it.

- (a) rushed
(b) went on-line
(c) were doubtful
(d) refused

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2015

उत्तर (a)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/P phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'rushed; to go straight towards something or somebody as quickly as you can; following a straight course, as a bee is supposed to do, a straight direct course, to go quickly in a straight direct course; go directly towards.

10. Everybody thought Asha and Ashok were a happy couple, but it was all just make believe.

- (a) hatred (b) treachery
(c) pretence (d) reality

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2015

उत्तर (c)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'pretence; imagining or pretending things to be different or more exciting than they really are; to pretend; pretence, especially of an innocent or playful kind; feigning, sham; things that are imagined or pretended to be true or real; a pretending that what is not real is real; making oneself believe in an illusion;' यानि 'स्वप्न भ्रमना; अभिनय करना'।

11. Amit said to Rekha, "Don't make a mountain out of a molehill."

- (a) exaggerate a minor problem
- (b) attempt an impossible task
- (c) start looking for molehills in mountains
- (d) create problems

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2015

उत्तर (a)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'exaggerate a minor problem; cliché to make a major issue out of a minor one; to exaggerate the importance of something; to magnify a small matter, making it unnecessarily important; to make a slight difficulty seem like a serious problem; one who escalates small things into a big problems; to exaggerate a minor difficulty' यानि 'तिल का ताड़ बनाना'।

12. Unless you make amends for the loss, nobody is prepared to excuse you.

- (a) confess
- (b) compensate
- (c) improve
- (d) pay debt

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2015

उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'compensate; to make up to someone for something that someone or something did; to do something to improve the situation after doing something wrong, stupid etc.; to compensate, as for an injury, loss or insult; to do something good to show that you are sorry about something you have done; express remorse; regret; offer compensation;' यानि 'प्रायश्चित्त करना'।

13. He spoke well though it was his maiden speech.

- (a) long speech
- (b) first speech
- (c) brief speech
- (d) emotional speech

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2014

S.S.C. (डाटा एंट्री ऑपरेटर) परीक्षा, 2008

उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (b) 'first speech'; the **first speech** made by an M.P. in the parliament of some countries. (प्रथम व्याख्यान या भाषण) से है।

14. The trial made a mockery of justice.

- (a) people mocked at the judgement
- (b) it was a mock trial
- (c) there was no serious outcome
- (d) made the system look ridiculous

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (d)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (d) 'made the system look ridiculous'; to make something seem ridiculous or useless' से है।

15. Try to make do with what you have.

- (a) create
- (b) do
- (c) produce
- (d) manage

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (d)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (d) manage to live without things that you would like to have or with things of a worse quality than you would like; to manage with something that is not really good enough; to manage to get along with the means 'काम चलाना' से है।

16. She could never measure up to her parent's expectation.

- (a) reach the level
- (b) work as hard
- (c) assess the amount
- (d) increase her height

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2010

उत्तर (a)

Idiom/Phrase का अर्थ 'reach the level' अर्थात् 'आशानुकूल' होता है।

N

1. Now and again

- (a) Occasionally
- (b) Always
- (c) To be continued
- (d) At present time or future

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन मल्टी टैस्किंग (M.T.S.) 16 सितंबर, 2017 (1-परी)

उत्तर (a)

Idioms/Phrases 'Now and again' का तात्पर्य है- Occasionally; from time to time; sometimes, but not very often, sometimes, but not regularly or often; intermittently; यानि 'कभी-कभी, समय-समय पर, कभी न कभी'।

2. Not to mince matters

- (a) To be at ease
- (b) To not confuse others
- (c) To not interfere in others affairs
- (d) To speak out politely

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन स्नातक स्तरीय (T-I) 9 अगस्त, 2017 (II-परी)

उत्तर (*)

इस प्रश्न को त्रुटिपूर्ण मानते हुए कर्मचारी चयन आयोग (SSC) ने अपने संशोधित उत्तर-पत्रक (Revised Answer Key) में इस प्रश्न का कोई भी उत्तर सही नहीं माना है और सभी परीक्षार्थियों को समान अंक (Benefit to all) प्रदान किया है। Idioms/Phrases 'Not to mince matters' का तात्पर्य है- to speak frankly; use polite or moderate expressions to indicate disapproval; to speak directly and frankly; be blunt or outspoken, moderate or restrain one's language to be polite or avoid giving offense. To-day these phrases are nearly always put negatively, as in 'Not to mince matters', यानि 'मुंह पर कहना'।

3. If you are no spring chicken, you are

- (a) inexperienced (b) not young
- (c) a dead chicken (d) not energetic

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2015

उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'Not young; no longer young often said of a woman; no longer a young person. This unflattering expression, often applied to woman, has been used since the early 1700s; a person's well past youth; an old person; to be no longer young. The phrase 'No spring chicken' is usually used in a negative way to describe someone who is no longer young, probably past his adulthood, and sometimes doesn't realize it and tries to look and act younger than his age.

4. The policy has been declared to be null and void.

- (a) Empty (b) Valid
- (c) Impossible (d) Invalid

S.S.C. F.C.I. परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (d)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त रेखांकित अंश (Idiom/Phrase) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (d) Invalid; having no legal force; not valid से है।

5. There are no hard and fast rules for admission to this college.

- (a) Easy (b) Strict
- (c) Fixed (d) Slow

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (b)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त Idioms/phrase का तात्पर्य है strict. Idiom hard and fast (rules, etc.), means that cannot be altered to fit special cases. (अपरिवर्तनीय; अनुलंघनीय)

O

1. On the brink of

- (a) To be alert (b) To be near to
- (c) Not at all (d) Occasionally

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन C.P.O.S.I. 2 जुलाई, 2017 (I-परी)

उत्तर (b)

Idioms/Phrases 'On the brink of' का तात्पर्य है- To be near to; a situation when you are almost in a new situation; usually a bad one; if you are on the brink of something, usually something important, terrible, or exciting, you are just about to do it or experience it; यानि 'के नजदीक'।

2. Over head and ears

- (a) Nearer (b) Completely
- (c) Alert (d) Obsolete

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन मल्टी टैकिंग (M.T.S.) 19 सितंबर, 2017 (I-परी)

उत्तर (b)

Idioms/Phrases 'Over head and ears' का तात्पर्य है- Completely; deeply; completely trapped; wholly; hopelessly; beyond one's depth; as, over heads and ears in debt; overwhelmed; deeply engrossed or involved; यानि 'बाल-बात कर्ज में होना'।

3. On one's guard

- (a) About to fall
- (b) To be careful
- (c) To be not in proper order
- (d) Cause of somebody

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन मल्टी टैकिंग (M.T.S.) 19 सितंबर, 2017 (I-परी)

उत्तर (b)

Idioms/Phrases 'On one's guard' का तात्पर्य है- To be careful; vigilant; wary; prepared to face danger difficulties, etc; watching for possible danger ; threats, problems, etc; alert against someone or something; alert and watchful; cautious; to be careful to avoid being tricked or getting into a dangerous situation; यानि 'सतर्क, सावधान'।

4. On thin ice

- (a) To keep failing after repeated efforts
- (b) To endure a harsh winter
- (c) To keep one's cool even in a tough situation
- (d) In a precarious or risky situation

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन स्नातक स्तरीय (TI) 17 अगस्त, 2017 (III-परी)

उत्तर (d)

Idioms/Phrases 'On thin ice' का तात्पर्य है- In a precarious or risky situation; at risk of upsetting or annoying someone; in a risky situation; to be doing something that is dangerous or involves risks; in a delicate situation, यानि 'खतरा मोल लेना'।

5. Ramah was on cloud nine when she heard that she had won the lottery.

- (a) frustrated
- (b) very happy
- (c) confused
- (d) shocked

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2015

उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'very happy; extremely happy; blissfully happy; to be extremely and excited; having strong feelings of happiness or satisfaction; in a state of blissful happiness;' यानि 'सातवें आसमान पर', 'अत्यधिक प्रसन्नता की अवस्था'।

6. For any group work to be successful, it is important that everyone is on the same page.

- (a) present for the meeting
- (b) registered for the work
- (c) willing to pay the same fees
- (d) thinks in a similar way

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I), परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (d)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (d) 'thinks in a similar way', 'if two or more people or groups are on the same page, 'it means they agree about what they are trying to achieve' से है।

7. Please be as brief as you can, I have other fish to fry.

- (a) to cook the food
- (b) to take rest
- (c) some important work to attend to
- (d) to attend the friends

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (c)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (c) 'some important work to attend to; more important or interesting things to do; other business to attend to' से है।

8. We visit the shopping mall off and on.

- (a) up and about
- (b) often
- (c) really and truly
- (d) once upon a time

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (b) 'Often at intervals, sometimes working, sometimes doing nothing' 'समय-समय पर, यदा-कदा' से है।

9. Nowadays, one gets good literary books once in a blue moon.

- (a) when moon gives blue light
- (b) rarely
- (c) from renowned publisher
- (d) at very low cost

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (b)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त Idioms/phrase का अर्थ है 'rarely'; a phenomenon which happens rarely. (यदा-कदा; बहुत कम)

10. On the spur of the moment.

- (a) To act at once
- (b) To ride a horse in a race
- (c) To act deliberately
- (d) To act at the appointed time

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (a)

इस Idiom/Phrase का तात्पर्य है- 'to act at once' यानि acting under the first impulse ; without reflection or deliberation.

11. Going abroad for a holiday was out of the question.

- (a) Undesirable (b) Impossible
(c) Unpleasant (d) Irresistible

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2011
उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित Idiom/Phrase का तात्पर्य 'Impossible' यानि Unworthy of discussion; impracticable से है।

12. Helena was over head and ears in love with Demetrius.

- (a) carefully (b) completely
(c) brilliantly (d) cautiously

S.S.C. C.P.O. परीक्षा, 2010

उत्तर (b)

Idiom/Phrase का अर्थ 'completely' अर्थात् 'पूर्णतया या पूर्णरूपेण' होगा।

13. The thief was on good terms with the police.

- (a) kept terms and conditions
(b) was friendly
(c) followed the rules
(d) agreed with them

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2010
उत्तर (b)

Idiom/Phrase का अर्थ 'was friendly' अर्थात् 'दोस्ताना' होता है।

14. His position in the company was on the brink of disaster.

- (a) At the top of (b) At the point of
(c) On the side of (d) On the back of

S.S.C. स्टेनोग्राफर परीक्षा, 2010

उत्तर (b)

On the brink of मुहावरे का अर्थ होता है- 'कगार पर'।

15. The strawberry dessert you made was out of this world.

- (a) extraordinary (b) ordinary
(c) bitter (d) tasteless

S.S.C. मल्टी टॉकिंग (M.T.S.) परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (a)

रेखांकित अंश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (a) extraordinary (असाधारण; उल्लेखनीय) से है। This Idioms/Phrases used to emphasize how good, beautiful; extremely good etc. something is.

P

1. Put the saddle on right horse

- (a) To blame the right party
(b) To feel superior
(c) To resist continuously
(d) To go to ruin

SS.C. ऑनलाइन स्टेनोग्राफर (ग्रेड 'सी' एवं 'डी') 13 सितंबर, 2017 (II-परी) उत्तर (a)

Idioms/Phrases 'Put the saddle on right horse' का तात्पर्य है- To blame the right party; impute where it is deserved; यानि 'वास्तविक अपराधी को पहचान लेना'

2. Pull the wool over someone's eyes

- (a) To protect someone
(b) To keep oneself warm
(c) Deceive someone by telling lies
(d) To pretend to be blind to the other person's bad behaviour

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन CHSL (T-I) 4 मार्च, 2018 (I-परी)

उत्तर (c)

Idioms/Phrases 'Pull the wool over someone's eyes' का तात्पर्य है- Deceive someone by telling lies; to try and deceive someone; to hide your real actions or intentions from somebody; to deceive, fool someone, or misdirect someone; from the woollen wigs formerly worn by judges; to hoodwink; to deceive someone in order to prevent them from discovering something; delude someone; deceive someone into thinking well of them; यानि 'आंखों में धूल झाँकना'।

3. Part and parcel

- (a) Arguments for and against
(b) Send the message
(c) An essential part
(d) Distribute and give away

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन मल्टी टॉकिंग (M.T.S.) 20 सितंबर, 2017 (I-परी)

उत्तर (c)

Idioms/Phrases 'Part and parcel' का तात्पर्य है- An essential part, basic element; fundamental part; necessary, or integral part; यानि 'अवयवभूत अंश, खंड, भाग'।

4. **Put up the shutters.**

- (a) Went out of business
- (b) Experienced a downside
- (c) Sold off assets
- (d) Changed ownership

S.S.C. **अंशतः स्नातक स्तरीय (T-I) 7 सितंबर, 2016 (III-या)**

उत्तर (a)

दिए गए Idioms/Phrases 'Put up the shutters' का तात्पर्य है- 'Went out of business; to close business at the end of the day or permanently; cease trading for the day or permanently' यानि 'व्यापार बंद करना'।

5. **My brother puts by a little money every month.**

- (a) spends carefully
- (b) saves
- (c) gives away
- (d) loses

S.S.C. **संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2015**

उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'saves; to save an amount of money to use later; to save for later use; to lay aside; save;' यानि 'बाद में उपयोग करने हेतु पैसे की बचत करना'।

6. **The lawyer tried to put words in his client's mouth.**

- (a) ask a person to pretend
- (b) not to tell anything
- (c) tell a person what to say
- (d) ask a person to lie

S.S.C. **स्टेनोग्राफर परीक्षा, 2014**

उत्तर (c)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (c) 'tell a person what to say' से है।

7. **Don't come in his way. It is like playing with fire.**

- (a) facing a dangerous situation
- (b) burning yourself
- (c) being angry
- (d) facing an easy situation

S.S.C. **स्टेनोग्राफर परीक्षा, 2014**

उत्तर (a)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (a) 'facing a dangerous situation' से है।

8. **She is a person who pulls no punches.**

- (a) speaks politely
- (b) speaks frankly
- (c) speaks rudely
- (d) speaks sweetly

S.S.C. **संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I), परीक्षा, 2014**

उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (b) 'speaks frankly' से है।

9. **She played ducks and drakes with her money.**

- (a) spent lavishly
- (b) borrowed
- (c) lent
- (d) did not spend

S.S.C. **स्टेनोग्राफर परीक्षा, 2014**

S.S.C. **संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2014**

S.S.C.C.P.O. **परीक्षा, 2012, 2015**

उत्तर (a)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'spent lavishly; to spend foolishly; making ducks and drakes is a game played with a flat piece of stone or metal, which, when flung with its broad surface almost parallel to smooth water, skips up and down like a bird; spending foolishly; squandered; to waste. यानि 'लापरवाही से उपयोग करना'।

10. **She wanted to go hitch-hiking but her mother put her foot down and now she's going by bus.**

- (a) Took a firm stand
- (b) Expressed her displeasure
- (c) Scolded her badly
- (d) Got irritated

S.S.C. **स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2012**

S.S.C. **संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2014**

S.S.C. **Tax Asst. परीक्षा, 2009**

उत्तर (a)

प्रयुक्त वाक्य में Idioms/phrase का अर्थ है 'took a firm stand; to refuse to go further; to be firm in refusing, to make a decided stand; to show determination in the face of opposition; take a resolute stand. (किसी चीज या बात का दृढ़ता से विरोध करना)

11. **Chetan is very upset because the new manager always picks on him.**

- (a) advises
- (b) warns severely
- (c) selects
- (d) treats badly

S.S.C. **मल्टी टैरिफिंग (M.T.S.) परीक्षा, 2014**

उत्तर (d)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (d) 'treats badly'; 'to treat somebody unfairly, by blaming, criticizing or punishing them. अर्थात् 'किसी के साथ दुर्व्यवहार करना' होगा।

12. We have to put up with the sorrows of life.

- (a) bear patiently (b) fight against
(c) welcome cheerfully (d) treat with indifference

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2013

S.S.C. F.C.I. परीक्षा, 2012

S.S.C. स्नातक स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (a)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (a) bear patiently; to suffer, to pass over without resentment, to accept somebody or something that is annoying, unpleasant etc. without complaining; to tolerate 'चुपचाप सहन करना' से है।

13. He is in the habit of picking holes in everything.

- (a) delving deep into
(b) finding fault with
(c) causing trouble to
(d) asking questions about

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2013

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (b) finding fault with; to find fault; to criticize; to seek and discover flaws or a flaw in; to pick something to pieces to criticize something severely; to point out the fallacies in an argument 'नुक़्ताचीनी करना; कमी निकालना अथवा आलोचना करना' से है।

14. Parents pay through their nose for their children's education.

- (a) by taking loans
(b) an extremely high price
(c) grudgingly
(d) willingly

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (b)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त Idioms/phrase का तात्पर्य है 'an extremely high price' or to pay an extravagant price. (किसी वस्तु आदि के लिए अत्यधिक भुगतान करना)

15. Hewas pulled up by the Director of the Company.

- (a) assaulted (b) dragged
(c) reprimanded (d) cleared

S.S.C. स्टेनोग्राफर परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (c)

Idiom/Phrase का अर्थ डांट पड़ना/चेतावनी या 'to cause to stop'; to come to a stop' अर्थात् 'रोक लगाना' होता है।

R

1. He usually goes to bed very early and rises with the lark.

- (a) at midnight (b) after sunrise
(c) very early (d) very late

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2015

उत्तर (c)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'very early; to rise from bed very early in the morning;' यानि 'तड़के सुबह उठना; अल सुबह उठना'।

2. He could not get money from his master because he rubbed him up the wrong way.

- (a) asked him to speed up
(b) suggested a wrong method
(c) advised him to be strict
(d) irked or irritated him

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (d)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (d) 'irked or irritated him'; to make somebody annoyed or angry, often without intending to, by doing or saying something that offends them; यानि 'किसी को क्रोधित करना' से है।

3. When my friend was in Kolkata, he ran into an old friend at the theatre.

- (a) Hit (b) Met accidentally
(c) Planned to meet (d) Invited

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित Idiom/Phrase का तात्पर्य 'Met accidentally' यानि 'run across; meet; encounter' से है।

4. The company has run into a lot of debts.

- (a) incurred (b) settled
(c) opened up (d) avoided

S.S.C. Tax Asst. परीक्षा, 2007

उत्तर (a)

मुहावरे का अर्थ 'in curred' अर्थात् 'meet with' कर्ज लेना से है।

5. Do not run down your friends in public.

- (a) fight with (b) follow
(c) make a mention of (d) criticise

S.S.C. (डाटा एंट्री आपरेटर) परीक्षा, 2009

उत्तर (d)

Idiom/phrase का तात्पर्य 'criticise' से है। इसका अन्य तात्पर्य है- 'to speak against या to criticize unfavourably'।

6. The police caught the thief red handed.

- (a) In a red uniform
- (b) With blood in hands
- (c) At the time of committing the crime
- (d) After reading the rules

S.S.C. स्टेनोग्राफर परीक्षा, 2010

उत्तर (c)

Caught Red handed का अर्थ है- 'अपराधी को अपराध करते समय पकड़ लिया जाना'।

7. It is clear that the ideas of both reformers ran in the same groove.

- (a) promoted each other
- (b) clashed with each other
- (c) moved in harmony
- (d) moved in different directions

S.S.C. मल्टी टॉस्किंग परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (c)

यहाँ ran in the same groove का अर्थ है 'moved in harmony'.

8. The fashion of long flowing skirts will run its course.

- (a) continue for a long time
- (b) become very popular
- (c) develop and then come to its usual end
- (d) end very soon

S.S.C. मल्टी टॉस्किंग परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (c)

When something runs its course, it begins, continues for a long time & then ends.

S

1. Swelled head

- (a) Tired
- (b) Timid
- (c) Dreamer
- (d) Pride

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन C.P.O.S.I. 1 जुलाई, 2017 (II-परी)

उत्तर (d)

Idioms/Phrases 'Swelled head' का तात्पर्य है- Pride; if someone has a swollen head, that person thinks they are more intelligent and important than they really are; an exaggerated opinion of oneself, self-conceit; a vain or arrogant person; conceited, यानि 'अभिमानि व्यक्ति'।

2. Strike while the iron is hot

- (a) To be contrary to
- (b) To prevent progress by influence
- (c) To make use of an opportunity
- (d) To be unsuccessful

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन स्टेनोग्राफर ग्रेड 'सी' एवं 'डी' 13 सितंबर, 2017 (II-परी)
उत्तर (c)

Idioms/Phrases 'Strike while the iron is hot' का तात्पर्य है- To make use of an opportunity; take advantage of favourable conditions; if you strike while the iron is hot, you act quickly; while there is the best chance of succeeding at something; a blacksmith (= a person who makes things out of iron) must strike (= hit) the iron while it is hot enough to bent into the shape required; act decisively and take your opportunities when they arise; 'लोहा गरम है, मार दो हथौड़ा, अवसर का लाभ उठाना, मौके का फायदा उठाना'।

3. Sail in the same boat.

- (a) be in a different situation
- (b) suspect something wrong
- (c) be in the same situation
- (d) suspect something uncanny

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2015
S.S.C. C.P.O. परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (c)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- be in the same situation; being in the same difficult situation; to be in the same difficult situation, यानि 'एक नाव में सवार होना अर्थात् दो व्यक्तियों की एक-समान स्थिति होना'।

4. At the police station, he showed a clean pair of heels.

- (a) ran away
- (b) displayed clean heels
- (c) kneeled down
- (d) showed courage

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (a)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'ran away; to go faster than someone else in a race; if you show someone a clean pair of heels, you run faster than them when they are chasing you; run away (from someone) extremely fast; run away; flee; to run off; to outpace;' यानि 'तेजी से भागना'।

5. His friend turned out to be a snake in the grass.

- (a) an unreliable and deceitful person
- (b) a hidden enemy
- (c) low and mean
- (d) cowardly and brutal

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2015

उत्तर (a)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'an unreliable and deceitful person; someone who pretends to be your friend while secretly doing things to harm you; a sneaky and despised person; a treacherous person, especially one who feigns friendship; a concealed danger;' यानि 'एक गैर-भरोसेमंद और धोखेबाज व्यक्ति'।

6. Before the report reached the authority the media spilled the beans.

- (a) dropped the charges
- (b) revealed the secret information
- (c) hinted at the consequences
- (d) spilled the contents of the package

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2015

उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'revealed the secret information; to give away a secret or a surprise; to let secret information become known; to reveal a secret often by accident or with intentions that are not good; disclose a secret or reveal something prematurely; to divulge a secret, especially to do so inadvertently or maliciously; to confess, reveal secret, to tell the truth, usually accidentally;' यानि 'रहस्योद्घाटन करना'।

7. In his salad days he was quite a dandy.

- (a) childhood
- (b) adolescence
- (c) school days
- (d) old age

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (b) 'adolescence'; the time when you are young and do not have much experience of life; यानि 'किशोरावस्था' से है।

8. I do not see eye to eye with you in this matter.

- (a) to give a correct decision
- (b) to obtain suitable punishment
- (c) to have the same eyesight
- (d) to have the same opinion

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (d)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (d) 'to have the same opinion'; 'to share the same views; यानि 'सहमत होना' से है।

9. He immediately set about organizing the department.

- (a) looked around
- (b) took charge
- (c) started
- (d) took steps towards

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (d)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (d) 'took steps towards'; to commence; to make preparations for; to start doing something'; यानि '(कोई कार्य) आरंभ करना' से है।

10. The convict claimed innocence and stood his ground in spite of the repeated accusations.

- (a) knelt
- (b) surrendered
- (c) kept standing
- (d) refused to yield

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (d)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (d) 'refused to yield'; to continue with your opinions or intentions when somebody is opposing you and wants you to change' यानि 'डटे रहना, पीछे न हटना' से है।

11. The police smelt the rat behind the death of the girl.

- (a) got very much confused
- (b) identified the cause of death
- (c) suspected that something is fishy
- (d) jumped to the conclusion

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय, परीक्षा, 2011

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2013

S.S.C. मल्टी टॉरिंग (M.T.S.) परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (c)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'suspected that something is fishy' suspect something is wrong (संदेहजनक); to detect something wrong' अर्थात् 'कुछ अनुचित होने का संदेह होना'।

12. I saw through the trick and was on guard.

- (a) anticipated
- (b) detected
- (c) witnessed
- (d) defeated

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (b) detected; to realize the truth about somebody or something 'भांपना, धोखे में न आना' से है।

13. You must admire the way she sticks to her guns.

- (a) Maintains her opinion
- (b) Holds on to the pistol
- (c) Does not let her weapon go
- (d) Refuses to shoot

S.S.C. मल्टी टॉकिंग परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (a)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त रेखांकित अंश (Idiom/Phrase) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (a) Maintains her opinion से है। When a person sticks to his guns it means to refuse to change his mind about something even when other people are trying to persuade him that he is wrong.

14. I expect my friends to stand by me.

- (a) Release
- (b) Energise
- (c) Support
- (d) Accompany

S.S.C. मल्टी टॉकिंग परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (c)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त रेखांकित अंश (Idiom/Phrase) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (c) support से है।

15. She kept her home spick and span.

- (a) Well-furnished
- (b) Clean and tidy
- (c) Untidy
- (d) Closed

S.S.C. F.C.I. परीक्षा, 2012

S.S.C. मल्टी टॉकिंग (M.T.S.) परीक्षा, 2013

S.S.C. स्टेनोग्राफर (ग्रेड 'सी' एवं 'डी') परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (b)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त Idioms/phrase का तात्पर्य है clean and tidy or very neat and trim. (साफ-सुथरा और चमकदार)

16. The sum and substance of our Principal's speech was that students should learn discipline.

- (a) Outline
- (b) Theme
- (c) Conclusion
- (d) Gist

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (d)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त Idioms/phrase का तात्पर्य है 'the gist; of an argument is the whole drift and meaning of it. (सारांश)

17. "If he does not perform his duties properly, I will send him packing," said the manager.

- (a) serve him a notice
- (b) terminate his services
- (c) send him to packing department
- (d) give him a warning

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (b)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त Idioms/phrase का अर्थ है 'terminate his services; 'to dismiss him summarily; 'to send him off' (छुट्टी कर देना; बर्खास्त कर देना)

18. The news of the President's death spread like wild fire.

- (a) Spread rapidly
- (b) Caused a major confusion
- (c) Was a wild rumour
- (d) Set the nation on the fire

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2011

S.S.C. स्टेनोग्राफर (ग्रेड 'सी' एवं 'डी') परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (a)

रेखांकित Idiom/Phrase का तात्पर्य 'Spread rapidly' से है अर्थात् जिस प्रकार जंगल में आग विनाशकारी ढंग से फैलती है उसी प्रकार राष्ट्रपति की मृत्यु की खबर जंगल में आग की तरह से फैल गई।

19. There is no soft option to the crisis now.

- (a) Popular opinion
- (b) Popular solution
- (c) Easy and agreeable option
- (d) Difficult choice

S.S.C. C.P.O. परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (c)

वाक्य में रेखांकित अंश (Idiom/Phrase) का तात्पर्य 'Easy and agreeable option' अर्थात् 'सहज एवं सहमतिजन्य' विकल्प से है।

20. The passing of anti-defection law struck a chill to the heart of every opportunistic legislator.

- (a) caused anger
- (b) caused relief
- (c) aroused fear
- (d) awakened bitterness

S.S.C. Tax Asst. परीक्षा, 2007

उत्तर (c)

रेखांकित भाग (idiom/phrase) का तात्पर्य 'aroused fear' से है।

21. The little girl with her flawless performance stole the show.

- (a) stole something from the show
- (b) crept into the show
- (c) won everybody's praise
- (d) disappeared from the show

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2010

उत्तर (c)

Idiom/Phrase का अर्थ 'won everybody's praise' अर्थात् 'सबको पीछे छोड़कर पूरे प्रदर्शन में छा जाना' होता है।

22. The poor subordinates are made scapegoats by their superiors.

- (a) punished for others misdeeds
- (b) developed poor relations
- (c) treated humbly and respectfully
- (d) scolded with arrogant reactions

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2010

उत्तर (a)

Idiom/Phrase का अर्थ 'punished for others misdeeds' अर्थात् 'बलि का बकरा बनना' अर्थात् 'किसी और की गलती की सजा किसी और द्वारा भुगतना' होता है।

23. The traffic came to a standstill after the heavy down-pour of rain.

- (a) complete halt
- (b) accident spot
- (c) diversion
- (d) confused disorder

S.S.C. (डाटा एंट्री ऑपरेटर) परीक्षा, 2009

उत्तर (a)

Idiom/Phrase का तात्पर्य 'complete halt' से है। इसका अर्थ एक ऐसी प्रक्रिया से है जो पूरी तरह से रुक जाती है।

24. Who are we to sit in judgement over their choices?

- (a) lecture
- (b) criticize
- (c) speak
- (d) communicate

S.S.C. स्टेनोग्राफर परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (b)

यहाँ sit in judgement का अर्थ है to decide whether something is good or bad अर्थात् to criticize.

25. Don't worry about the silly row it was just a storm in a tea cup.

- (a) important matter dealt with ease
- (b) hot tea being served
- (c) commotion over a trivial matter
- (d) confusion and chaos

S.S.C. Tax Asst. परीक्षा, 2008

उत्तर (c)

Storm in a tea cup का अर्थ है a situation where people get very angry or worried about something that is not important.

26. The Rajput warriors set their face against the invader

- (a) became enemies
- (b) turned away from
- (c) faced difficulty
- (d) opposed strongly

S.S.C. Tax Asst. परीक्षा, 2008

उत्तर (d)

Idiom/phrase का तात्पर्य है- 'opposed strongly'। इसका अर्थ है- to oppose with determination.

27. The A.T.S. set the bait to arrest the terrorists.

- (a) laid the trap
- (b) announced the reward
- (c) set the record
- (d) put the bet

S.S.C. मल्टी टॉस्किंग परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (a)

इसका तात्पर्य 'laid the trap' (जाल बिछाना) से है।

28. Her mother saw through the excuse she gave.

- (a) revealed
- (b) detected
- (c) viewed
- (d) hacked

S.S.C. मल्टी टॉस्किंग (M.T.S.) परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (b)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त रेखांकित अंश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य detected; 'to understand or detect the true nature of someone or something' से है जिसका अर्थ है भांपना; धोखे में न आना।

29. The whole problem has been swept under the carpet but that is not the solution.

- (a) kept hidden
- (b) ignored
- (c) solved
- (d) detected

S.S.C. मल्टी टॉस्किंग (M.T.S.) परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (a)

रेखांकित अंश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (a) kept hidden; to try to stop people from finding out about something wrong, illegal, embarrassing, etc. that has happened or that you have done अर्थात् दोषारोपण से बचने के लिए तथ्य आदि छिपाना, से है।

T

1. To lead astray

- (a) To take back what you have said
- (b) To misguide
- (c) To achieve two results with one effort
- (d) To apologize humbly

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन C.P.O.S.I. 3 जुलाई, 2017 (II-परी)

उत्तर (b)

Idioms/Phrases 'To lead astray' का तात्पर्य है- To misguide; to lead one in the wrong direction; misdirect; mislead; to guide one in the wrong direction; यानि 'गुमराह'।

2. To make a pile

- (a) To keep at a distance
- (b) To make a lot of money
- (c) To aggravate the situation
- (d) To face the risk

SS.C. ऑनलाइन C.P.O.S.I. 3 जुलाई, 2017 (II-पती)

उत्तर (b)

Idioms/Phrases 'To make a pile' का तात्पर्य है- To make a lot of money; to earn a large amount of money; become rich; to earn a win; a fortune; यानि 'देर सारा पैसा कमाना'।

3. Throw over

- (a) Enumerate
- (b) Invent
- (c) Reprimand
- (d) Reject

SS.C. ऑनलाइन C.P.O.S.I. 3 जुलाई, 2017 (II-पती)

उत्तर (d)

Idioms/Phrases 'Throw over' का तात्पर्य है- Reject; to refuse to accept; abandon; to forsake; defriend; unfriend; यानि 'छोड़ना, त्याग देना'।

4. To sow the dragons' teeth

- (a) To disturb the work
- (b) To suspect something foul
- (c) To take some action
- (d) To act foolishly

SS.C. ऑनलाइन C.P.O.S.I. 1 जुलाई, 2017 (II-पती)

उत्तर (c)

Idioms/Phrases 'To sow the dragon's teeth' का तात्पर्य है- To take some action; take an action that is intended to prevent strife or trouble but that actually brings it about; sow the seeds of battle or quarrel; things which bring future destruction; यानि 'लड़ाई के बीज बोना'। यद्यपि कि आयोग ने अपने पूर्व उत्तर-पत्रक में इस प्रश्न का सही उत्तर विकल्प (c) को माना था परंतु बाद में अपने संशोधित उत्तर-पत्रक (Revised Answer Key) में इस प्रश्न का सही उत्तर विकल्प (d) को माना है जो कि त्रुटिपूर्ण है।

5. To cudgel one's brains

- (a) To think hard
- (b) To kill by shooting in the head
- (c) To manipulate
- (d) To oppose someone

SS.C. ऑनलाइन C.P.O.S.I. 1 जुलाई, 2017 (II-पती)

उत्तर (a)

Idioms/Phrases 'To cudgel one's brains' का तात्पर्य है- To think hard; to try very hard to comprehend; think of; think hard about a problem; to struggle to recall or think of something; to try to think of very hard to remember something you have forgotten; to make a painful effort to remember; यानि 'माथापच्ची करना'।

6. To paddle one's own canoe

- (a) thoughtful
- (b) manage independently
- (c) to praise oneself
- (d) working vigorously

SS.C. ऑनलाइन C.P.O.S.I. 7 जुलाई, 2017 (I-पती)

उत्तर (b)

Idioms/Phrases 'To paddle one's own canoe' का तात्पर्य है- manage independently; be independent and self-sufficient; to be able to act independently; to do something by oneself; to be alone; to mind one's own business; to handle one's own affairs; यानि 'अपने पैरों पर खड़ा होना, अपनी ही शक्ति पर भरोसा करना'।

7. To keep the pot boiling

- (a) to sharper my wits
- (b) to be cautious
- (c) to keep controversy alive
- (d) to repent

SS.C. ऑनलाइन C.P.O.S.I. 7 जुलाई, 2017 (I-पती)

उत्तर (*)

Idioms/Phrases 'To keep the pot' का तात्पर्य है- to keep going on actively maintain the brisk momentum of something; to continue to rouse, incite, antagonize, or provoke someone or something; if you keep the pot boiling you do something to make sure that a process does not stop or to make sure that a situation continues to be interesting. यद्यपि कि इस प्रश्न को त्रुटिपूर्ण मानते हुए कर्मचारी चयन आयोग (SSC) ने अपने संशोधित उत्तर-पत्रक (Revised Answer Key) में इस प्रश्न का कोई भी उत्तर सही नहीं माना है और सभी परीक्षार्थियों को समान अंक (Benefit to all) प्रदान किया है।

8. To beat the air

- (a) to settle a dispute
- (b) to gamble
- (c) to make efforts that are useless
- (d) to try to do the impossible

SS.C. ऑनलाइन C.P.O.S.I. 7 जुलाई, 2017 (I-पती)

उत्तर (c)

Idioms/Phrases 'To beat the air' का तात्पर्य है- To make efforts that are useless; continue to make futile attempts, fight to no purpose; useless efforts; to make repeated futile attempts; यानि 'व्यर्थ का काम करना, निरर्थक प्रयत्न करना'।

9. Threw a spanner

- (a) reverie (b) disinterested
(c) sabotage (d) boasting

SS.C. ऑनलाइन C.P.O.S.I. 7 जुलाई, 2017 (I-पती)

उत्तर (c)

Idioms/Phrases 'Threw a spanner' का तात्पर्य है- Sabotage; to disrupt; foil, or cause problems to a plan, activity, or project; deliberately causing mayhem; to do something that prevents a plan or activity from succeeding; यानि 'किसी कार्य में समस्या उत्पन्न करना'।

10. To end in smoke

- (a) To go alongside (b) To provoke to quarrel
(c) To come to nothing (d) To compensate

SS.C. ऑनलाइन स्टेनोग्राफर ग्रेड 'सी' एवं 'डी' 13 सितंबर, 2017 (II-पती)

उत्तर (c)

Idioms/Phrases 'To end in smoke' का तात्पर्य है- To come to nothing; to be burned; to be destroyed or ruined; to terminate without producing a result; be unsuccessful; to be wasted; in vain, यानि 'कोई परिणाम न निकलना'।

11. To have a bee in one's bonnet

- (a) To have something to fall back upon
(b) To be obsessed with something
(c) To miss an opportunity
(d) To find fault in others

SS.C. ऑनलाइन स्टेनोग्राफर ग्रेड 'सी' एवं 'डी' 13 सितंबर, 2017 (I-पती)

उत्तर (b)

Idioms/Phrases 'To have a bee in one's bonnet' का तात्पर्य है- To be obsessed with something; have an obsessive preoccupation with something; be preoccupied or obsessed with something; to be obsessed with one idea; if you have a bee in your bonnet about a subject, you feel very strongly about it and keep talking about it; यानि 'का भूत सवार होना'।

12. To go to somebody's head

- (a) To have a huge ego
(b) To complain to the highest authority
(c) To make someone dizzy or slightly drunk
(d) To arrive at the central point of the topic

SS.C. ऑनलाइन स्नातक स्तरीय (T-I) 21 अगस्त, 2017 (III-पती)

उत्तर (*)

इस प्रश्न को त्रुटिपूर्ण मानते हुए कर्मचारी चयन आयोग (SSC) ने अपने संशोधित उत्तर-पत्रक (Revised Answer Key) में इस प्रश्न का कोई भी उत्तर सही नहीं माना है और सभी परीक्षार्थियों को समान अंक (Benefit to all) प्रदान किया है। Idioms/Phrases 'To go to somebody's head' का तात्पर्य है- To cause one to become arrogant; if success goes to someone's head, it makes them feel more important than they really are; to make someone conceited; to affect someone's brain; make one dizzy, tipsy or drunk; make one proud or vain.

13. To make amends

- (a) To make new friends
(b) To feel guilty for something you have not done
(c) To compensate
(d) To make flimsy excuses

SS.C. ऑनलाइन स्नातक स्तरीय (T-I) 21 अगस्त, 2017 (III-पती)

उत्तर (c)

Idioms/Phrases 'To make amends' का तात्पर्य है- To compensate; to make up to someone for something that someone or something did; compensate someone for a grievance or injury; loss or insult; to do something to correct a mistake that one has made or a bad situation that one has caused; make up for a wrong doing, यानि 'प्रायश्चित्त करना; अदला-बदली करना'।

14. The alpha and the omega

- (a) Happy and sad
(b) The beginning and the end
(c) The love and the hatred
(d) Truth and dare

SS.C. ऑनलाइन स्नातक स्तरीय (T-I) 8 अगस्त, 2017 (I-पती)

उत्तर (b)

Idioms/Phrases 'The alpha and the omega' का तात्पर्य है- The beginning and the end; the first and last; starting and end; यानि सारा; सब।

15. Throw up the sponge

- (a) To attack (b) To laugh at someone
(c) To surrender (d) To talk loudly

SS.C. ऑनलाइन स्नातक स्तरीय (T-I) 8 अगस्त, 2017 (I-पती)

उत्तर (c)

Idioms/Phrases 'Throw up the sponge' का तात्पर्य है- To surrender, to give up a contest; to acknowledge defeat; also throw in the towel, give up, acknowledge defeat; (of boxes or the seconds) throw a towel (or sponge) into the ring as a token of defeat; abandon a struggle; admit defeat; to concede defeat; यानि हार मान लेना।

16. To heave a sigh of relief

- (a) To become very tired with routine or boring work
- (b) To suddenly feel very happy because something unpleasant has not happened or has ended
- (c) To feel extremely sad over someone else's misfortune
- (d) To feel silent anger over real or perceived injustice

SS.C. ऑनलाइन स्नातक स्तरीय (T-I) 18 अगस्त, 2017 (I-पती)

उत्तर (b)

Idioms/Phrases 'To heave a sigh of relief' का तात्पर्य है- To suddenly feel very happy because something unpleasant has not happened or has ended; to feel comfortable again after worrying about something; यानि राहत भरी सांस लेना, ठंडी सांस लेना।

17. To be on cloud nine

- (a) To extremely happy
- (b) To feel lucky
- (c) To experience the feeling of being intoxicated
- (d) To make one last attempt

SS.C. ऑनलाइन स्नातक स्तरीय (T-I) 18 अगस्त, 2017 (I-पती)

उत्तर (a)

Idioms/Phrases 'To be on cloud nine' का तात्पर्य है- 'To extremely happy; in a state of blissful happiness; very happy; a state of perfect happiness; extremely happy; elated, यानि 'सातवें आसमान पर'।

18. To hit the nail on the head

- (a) To take out frustration by beating a person
- (b) To make a wrong decision
- (c) To find exactly the right answer
- (d) To unwittingly fall into a trap

SS.C. ऑनलाइन स्नातक स्तरीय (T-I) 17 अगस्त, 2017 (III-पती)

उत्तर (c)

Idioms/Phrases 'To hit the nail on the head' का तात्पर्य है- To find exactly the right answer; to say something that is exactly right or completely true; to do exactly the right thing; get to the precise point; यानि 'सच्चाई बता देना'।

19. To put a spoke in one's wheel

- (a) To be advantageous at the time of difficulty
- (b) To maintain under all circumstances
- (c) To blame the other party
- (d) To put a difficulty in the way of progress

SS.C. ऑनलाइन स्नातक स्तरीय (T-I) 8 अगस्त, 2017 (II-पती)

उत्तर (d)

Idioms/Phrases 'To put a spoke in one's wheel' का तात्पर्य है- To put a difficulty in the way of progress; to disrupt, foil or cause problems to someone's plan, activity, or project; barrier, prevent someone from carrying out a plan; यानि 'टांग अड़ाना'।

20. To let someone off

- (a) To let someone fall
- (b) To leave someone in his present state
- (c) To release someone from blame
- (d) To refuse to answer

SS.C. ऑनलाइन स्नातक स्तरीय (T-I) 19 अगस्त, 2017 (III-पती)

उत्तर (c)

Idioms/Phrases 'To let someone off' का तात्पर्य है- To release someone from blame; to not punish someone; grant exemption or release to; to give a light punishment to someone; to punish someone lightly or not at all for a misdemeanour or offence, यानि क्षमा करना, मुक्त करना, छोड़ देना। कर्मचारी चयन आयोग (SSC) ने पूर्व में इस प्रश्न का सही उत्तर विकल्प (b) को माना था परंतु अपने पुनरीक्षित अथवा संशोधित (revised) उत्तर पत्रक (answer key) में इस प्रश्न का सही उत्तर विकल्प (c) को माना है।

21. To go off the air

- (a) To remove ventilator of a patient on his death bed
- (b) To not eat food for a long period of time
- (c) To stop broadcasting a radio or TV program
- (d) To waste time on silly or trivial things.

SS.C. ऑनलाइन स्नातक स्तरीय (T-I) 21 अगस्त, 2017 (II-पती)

उत्तर (c)

Idioms/Phrases 'To go off the air' का तात्पर्य है- To stop broadcasting a radio or TV program; to stop broadcasting; not broadcasting; not being broadcast; 'off the air' का तात्पर्य है- not broadcast, but said, played, or happening in a radio or television studio context; यानि 'अप्रसारित'।

22. To make a fuss about

- (a) To be extremely delighted
- (b) To work hard for eventual success
- (c) To be very strict or have very high standards
- (d) An excessive display of attention or activity

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन स्नातक स्तरीय (T-I) 21 अगस्त, 2017 (II-पती)

उत्तर (d)

Idioms/Phrases 'To make a fuss about' का तात्पर्य है- An excessive display of attention or activity; to play a lot of attention to someone or something, to show that you are pleased with them or like them; cause a needless commotion or display; treat someone with excessive attention, solicitude, or affection; यानि 'पर अत्यधिक ध्यान देना'।

23. Throw caution to the winds.

- (a) To be fearful
- (b) To warn others not to travel
- (c) To behave recklessly
- (d) To behave with care and caution

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन स्नातक स्तरीय (T-I) 2 सितंबर, 2016 (II-पती)

उत्तर (c)

दिए गए Idioms/Phrases 'Throw caution to the winds' का तात्पर्य है- 'To behave recklessly; to become very careless; to do something without worrying about the risk or negative result' अर्थात् लापरवाह होना, जोखिम भरा कार्य करना।

24. Throw cold water:

- (a) Encourage
- (b) Discourage
- (c) Attack
- (d) Drench

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन स्नातक स्तरीय (T-I) 4 सितंबर, 2016 (II-पती)

उत्तर (b)

दिए गए Idioms/Phrases 'Throw cold water' का तात्पर्य है- 'Discourage; to express misgivings about or disapproval; to be negative about something; to criticize someone's opinions or ideas and stop people believing them or being excited about them' अर्थात् हतोत्साहित करना।

25. To take to task.

- (a) Forgave him
- (b) Slapped him
- (c) Gave him extra work
- (d) Reprimanded him

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन स्नातक स्तरीय (T-I) 2 सितंबर, 2016 (I-पती)

उत्तर (d)

दिए गए Idioms/Phrases 'To take to task' का तात्पर्य है- 'Reprimanded him'; to scold or reprimand someone; to criticize someone angrily for something that they have done' अर्थात् निंदा करना, खरी-खोटी सुनाना।

26. To keep in abeyance.

- (a) In a state of permanence
- (b) In a state of emergency
- (c) In a state of suspension
- (d) In a state of revision

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन स्नातक स्तरीय (T-I) 8 सितंबर, 2016 (I-पती)

उत्तर (c)

दिए गए Idioms/Phrases 'To keep in abeyance' का तात्पर्य है- 'In a state of suspension; not being used, or being stopped for a period of time' अर्थात् स्थगित रखना।

27. To be in a fix.

- (a) In pain
- (b) In distress
- (c) Depressed
- (d) In a difficult situation

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन स्नातक स्तरीय (T-I) 8 सितंबर, 2016 (I-पती)

उत्तर (d)

दिए गए Idioms/Phrases 'To be in a fix' का तात्पर्य है- 'In a difficult situation'; in a bad situation; to have a problem that is difficult to solve' अर्थात् घबरहट, कठिनाई की स्थिति में।

28. To break the ice.

- (a) Made people angry
- (b) Made people laugh
- (c) Made people excited
- (d) Made people relaxed and comfortable

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन स्नातक स्तरीय (T-I) 8 सितंबर, 2016 (I-पती)

S.S.C. F.C.I. परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (d)

दिए गए Idioms/Phrases 'To break the ice' का तात्पर्य है- 'Made people relaxed and comfortable; to attempt to become friends with someone; to do or say something that makes people feel less shy or nervous in social situation; यानि 'चुप्पी तोड़ना'।

29. To take to heart.

- (a) To be greatly affected
- (b) To take something heartily
- (c) To strike at the heart, out of enjoyment
- (d) To suffer from heart disease

S.S.C. अंग्रेज़ी स्तर (T-I) 30 अगस्त, 2016 (II-परीक्षा)

S.S.C. F.C.I. परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (a)

दिए गए Idioms/Phrases 'To take to heart' का तात्पर्य है- 'To be greatly affected; be deeply moved or affected or upset by; to grieve over' यानि 'प्रभावित होना; किसी बात का बहुत बुरा मानना'।

30. To bring to light.

- (a) To put on light
- (b) To reveal
- (c) To bring a light
- (d) To arrange light sufficiently

S.S.C. अंग्रेज़ी स्तर (T-I) 30 अगस्त, 2016 (II-परीक्षा)

S.S.C. अंग्रेज़ी स्तर (T-I) 2 सितंबर, 2016 (I-परीक्षा)

उत्तर (b)

दिए गए Idioms/Phrases 'To bring to light' का तात्पर्य है- 'To reveal; to expose or disclose something that was hidden or unknown; to find out information; to discover or reveal; to present or reveal someone or something to the public; to make something known; to discover facts; make or become widely known or evident' यानि 'प्रकट होना; स्पष्ट हो जाना; उजागर करना; प्रदर्शित करना'।

31. To angle.

- (a) To measure the river breadth
- (b) To fish with a net
- (c) To fish
- (d) To sit and watch the river

S.S.C. अंग्रेज़ी स्तर (T-I) 27 अगस्त, 2016 (III-परीक्षा)

उत्तर (c)

दिए गए Idioms/Phrases 'To angle' का तात्पर्य है- 'To fish; to fish with a hook and line; यानि 'कंटे से मछली पकड़ना'।

32. To pull a long face.

- (a) Looked happily
- (b) Looked surprised
- (c) Looked sad
- (d) Looked calm

S.S.C. अंग्रेज़ी स्तर (T-I) 27 अगस्त, 2016 (I-परीक्षा)

उत्तर (c)

दिए गए Idioms/Phrases 'To pull a long face' का तात्पर्य है- 'looked sad'; glum; disapproving' अर्थात् 'मुंह लटकाना, दुःखी दिखना'।

33. To beat about the bush.

- (a) To try to win favours
- (b) To talk well
- (c) To talk about relevant things
- (d) To talk about irrelevant things

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2010

S.S.C. अंग्रेज़ी स्तर (T-I) 2 सितंबर, 2016 (III-परीक्षा)

S.S.C. कांस्टेबल (G.D.) परीक्षा, 2015

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्तर (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (d)

दिए गए Idioms/Phrases 'To beat about the bush' का तात्पर्य है- 'To talk about irrelevant things; to discuss a topic without being specific about anything; discuss a matter without coming to the point; avoiding the main topic; does not talk specifically; not to come to the point; speak in a round-about manner' यानि 'इधर-उधर की बातें करना; घुमा-फिराकर बात करना; मुख्य मुद्दे पर न आना'।

34. To strike a chord.

- (a) To hit the wrong note
- (b) To strum a guitar
- (c) To be reminded of something familiar
- (d) To hit the chords forcefully

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2015

उत्तर (c)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'To be reminded of something familiar; trigger a feeling or memory; to cause someone remembering something, to remind someone of something, to be familiar; cause someone to feel sympathy, emotion or enthusiasm.

35. I have taken fancy to this car.

- (a) given imaginative touches
- (b) developed liking for
- (c) improved
- (d) revised

S.S.C. कांस्टेबल (G.D.) परीक्षा, 2015

उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'developed liking for; to start liking someone or something, often without an obvious reason; यानि 'पसंद करना'।

36. To be in a quandary.

- (a) to be in a confusing situation
- (b) to be in an unenviable position
- (c) to be in a commanding position
- (d) to be on the alert

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2015
उत्तर (a)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/P Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'to be in a confusing situation; to be in the state of not being able to decide what to do in a difficult situation'; यानि uncertain about what to do; perplexed; 'उलझन अथवा दुविधा में पड़ना'।

37. The jury is out.

- (a) The jury has taken a break between hearings
- (b) No decision has been reached
- (c) The entire jury decides to stay out of the proceedings
- (d) A jury member is absent

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2015
उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/P Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'No decision has been reached; the jury is (still) out on something used when you are saying that something is still not certain;'; judgement has not yet been finalised on a particular subject; especially due to information being incomplete; a decision has not yet been reached; यानि 'अनिर्णय की स्थिति'।

38. To make up one's mind.

- (a) To remember things clearly
- (b) To remind oneself of something
- (c) To think creatively
- (d) To decide what to do

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2015
उत्तर (d)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/P Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'to decide what to do; if you make up your mind, you make a decision; form an opinion or decision, resolve;'; यानि 'निश्चय कर लेना'।

39. Nowadays it has become a fashion to take French Leave.

- (a) Saying goodbye in French style
- (b) Absenting oneself without permission
- (c) Taking leave to go to France
- (d) Seeking permission from French Embassy

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2015
S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2015
उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/P Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'absenting oneself without permission; to take leave without permission; absence from work or duty without permission; being absent without permission' यानि बिना अनुमति के काम छोड़कर चले जाना या अनुपस्थित हो जाना।

40. International monetary affairs are governed by the gnomes of Zurich.

- (a) foreign leaders
- (b) big international bankers
- (c) guardians of treasure
- (d) witchcraft of Zurich

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2015
उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/P Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'a big international bankers'; a term used by British Labour Party ministers in the 1960s, when the pound was losing value, to refer to Swiss bankers and the power and influence with which they control foreign money.

41. To eat humble pie.

- (a) to act apologetically
- (b) to starve
- (c) to have a low estimate of oneself
- (d) to pretend to be humble

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2015
S.S.C. C.P.O. परीक्षा, 2015

उत्तर (a)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/P Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'to act apologetically; to apologize abjectly, to say and show that you are sorry for a mistake that you make; act submissively and apologetically, especially admitting an error; यानि 'स्वाभिमान रहित', 'नाक रगड़ना'।

42. Men like Vidyasagar and Bhagat Singh are the salt of the earth.

- (a) famous men
- (b) hardworking men
- (c) ideal men
- (d) makers of the earth

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2015
उत्तर (c)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/P Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'ideal men; people or classes morally advanced; a very good and honest person that you can always depend on; the wholesome portion of a community, that portion of a community which has a good influence upon the rest, यानि 'आदर्श व्यक्ति', 'बहुत ही ईमानदार व्यक्ति'।

43. Toshun evil company.

- (a) To kick out evil company
- (b) To give up evil company
- (c) To put off evil company
- (d) To let loose evil company

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2015
उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/P phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'To give up evil company' यानि 'बुरी संगत छोड़ना'।

44. You will be reminded of the seamy side of life if you visit the slum tenements.

- (a) the softer aspects
- (b) the unpleasant aspects
- (c) the pleasanter aspects
- (d) the gentler aspects

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2015
उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/P phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'the unpleasant aspect or the most unpleasant or roughest aspect of life; the worst side or view of anything; the seamy side of something is the 'unpleasant or sordid aspect it has,' यानि 'जीवन का अरुचिकर पक्ष'।

45. I was taken aback when he proposed to marry my daughter.

- (a) hurt
- (b) shocked
- (c) pleased
- (d) surprised

S.S.C. C.P.O. परीक्षा, 2015

उत्तर (d)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/P phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'surprised', to surprise or astonish, यानि 'चकित हो जाना'।

46. To win laurds.

- (a) To be victorious in a game
- (b) To memorise
- (c) To be disappointed
- (d) To earn great prestige

S.S.C. C.P.O. परीक्षा, 2015

उत्तर (d)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/P phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'to earn great prestige; to win honour; to win distinction;' यानि 'सम्मान अर्जित करना'।

47. I threw up my cards forwant of funds.

- (a) gave up my plan
- (b) put my whole income at stake
- (c) gambled all my money
- (d) looked out for help

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2015

उत्तर (a)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/P phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'gave up my plan; to cease to struggle; to despair of success in any enterprise, to confess oneself vanquished; give up; accept defeat.

48. I cannot allow you to take liberties with me.

- (a) fool around
- (b) do whatever you want
- (c) share my liberty
- (d) treat me disrespectfully

S.S.C. स्टेनोग्राफर (ग्रेड 'सी' एवं 'डी'), परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (d)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/P phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (d) 'treat me disrespectfully'; 'to be too friendly with somebody, especially in a sexual way'. से है।

49. Beforegoing to the party, the children weretold to mind theirp's and q's.

- (a) to learn the alphabet
- (b) to complete their homework
- (c) to dress up properly
- (d) to take care of their behaviour

S.S.C. स्टेनोग्राफर (ग्रेड 'सी' एवं 'डी'), परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (d)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/P phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (d) 'to take care of their behaviour'; 'to behave in the most polite way you can' से है।

50. "Don't try to throw dust into my eyes. You will not succeed."

- (a) You should not try to blind me with dust.
- (b) I know how to protect my eyes.
- (c) I will not let you blind me with dust.
- (d) "Don't try to mislead or confuse me."

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2013

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (d)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/P phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (b) 'Don't try to mislead or confuse me; cheat me', 'आंखों में धूल झाँकना' से है।

51. Deepak did not care for his family, he wanted to gather roses only.

- (a) to save money miserly
- (b) to paint a rosy picture of the past
- (c) to seek all enjoyments of life
- (d) to obtain fame by hardwork

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (c)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/P phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (c) 'to seek all enjoyments of life' से है।

52. He worked hard to feather his nest.

- (a) be the envy of others
- (b) trap birds
- (c) decorate his home
- (d) provide for his own needs

S.S.C. स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2011

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2015

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (d)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'provides for his own needs; to provide for one's own personal comfort and interests; to lay by money for oneself; to dishonestly use your position at work to get a lot of money for yourself; to make yourself rich, especially in a way that is unfair or dishonest; if someone feathers their own nest, they use their position or job for personal gain, make money for oneself in an opportunistic or selfish way;' यानि 'दूसरों के खर्च पर आरामदायक या सुखद जीवन बिताना'।

53. With great difficulty he was able to carve out a niche for himself.

- (a) became a sculptor
- (b) did the best he could do
- (c) destroyed his career
- (d) developed a specific position for himself

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (d)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (d) 'developed a specific position for himself' यानि 'मेहनत से अपना भविष्य बनाया/नाम कमाना' से है।

54. You will succeed if you follow my advice to the letter.

- (a) about writing letters
- (b) written in the letter
- (c) in every detail
- (d) very thoughtfully

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (c)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (c) 'in every detail'; doing/following exactly what somebody/ something says, paying attention to every detail, literally and strictly' से है।
Ex. I followed your instructions to the letter.

55. A critic's work is to read between the lines.

- (a) to comprehend the meaning
- (b) to appreciate the inner beauty
- (c) to understand the inner meaning
- (d) to read carefully

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2014

S.S.C. Tax. Asst. परीक्षा, 2009

उत्तर (c)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (c) 'to understand the inner meaning'; to look for or discover a meaning in something that is not openly stated; to see a writer's concealed meaning; find more meaning than the words appear to express' यानि 'वह अर्थ ढूँढना जो स्पष्ट वर्णित न हो' से है।

56. To bury the hatchet.

- (a) to keep a secret
- (b) to make peace
- (c) to obtain money
- (d) to make friends

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2013, 2014

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'to make peace'; to cease fighting. The phrase comes from a Red Indian custom in warfare; to stop being unfriendly and become friends again. अर्थात् 'झगड़ा समाप्त करके मित्र बनना'।

57. I have recently changed my job and I am going to have teething problems.

- (a) difficulties at the start
- (b) difficulties at the end
- (c) difficulties all the time
- (d) problem with my teeth

S.S.C. मल्टी टैस्किंग (M.T.S.) परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (a)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (a) difficulties at the start; small problems that a company, product, system etc. has at the beginning. अर्थात् 'प्रारंभिक चरणों में छोटी कठिनाइयाँ' होगा।

58. I am sure the girls will fight tooth and nail for their rights.

- (a) with all their might
- (b) without any weapon
- (c) in a cowardly manner
- (d) with all their rights

S.S.C. मल्टी टैस्किंग (M.T.S.) परीक्षा, 2014

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2014

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2011

S.S.C. Section Off. परीक्षा, 2006

उत्तर (a)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'with all their might; fight very fiercely; to use every means possible to overcome a difficult opposition; engage in vigorous combat or make a strenuous effort, using all one's resources; with strength and fury; to make every possible effort; to oppose resolutely' यानि 'जी जान से लड़ना'।

59. If you want to solve the problem forever you must take the bull by the horns.

- (a) pull the bull's horns.
- (b) face a difficulty or danger boldly.
- (c) run away from a difficulty or danger.
- (d) face a difficulty or danger confidently.

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2012, 2013, 2015

उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (b) face a difficulty or danger boldly or courageously; to attack something formidable in a bold and direct fashion 'आपत्ति/कष्टों का धैर्य और साहसपूर्वक सामना करना' से है।

60. The die is cast and nothing can be done now.

- (a) The game has been played
- (b) There has been a failure
- (c) The effect has worn out
- (d) The decision has been taken

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (d)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (d) The decision has been taken; said when a situation is certain to develop in a particular way because decisions have been taken that cannot be changed and fate will decide the consequences; the decision is made; the decisive step is taken 'ऐसा फैसला जिसे बदला न जा सके' से है।

61. If you develop friendship with an individual, you must stand by him through thick and thin.

- (a) to accompany through a thick forest
- (b) in day and night
- (c) to think about his/her welfare
- (d) under all circumstances

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2012

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (d)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त Idioms/phrase का तात्पर्य है 'under all circumstances; through every obstacle; daunted by nothing. (सभी मुश्किलों के बावजूद)

62. Thousands put on a daily fight to keep the wolf from the door.

- (a) guard from pickpockets
- (b) ward off mosquitoes
- (c) keep oneself healthy
- (d) avoid starvation

S.S.C. C.P.O. परीक्षा, 2011

S.S.C. F.C.I. परीक्षा, 2013

S.S.C. स्टेनोग्राफर (ग्रेड 'सी' एवं 'डी') परीक्षा, 2011

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2014

S.S.C. मल्टी टॉसिंग (M.T.S.) परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (d)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त रेखांकित अंश (Idiom/Phrase) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (d) avoid starvation; to have enough money to avoid going hungry; to avoid extreme poverty; escape starvation; avoid starvation से है।

63. I take my hat off to all those who donate blood regularly.

- (a) Congratulate
- (b) Welcome
- (c) Admire
- (d) Encourage

S.S.C. मल्टी टॉसिंग परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (c)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त रेखांकित अंश (Idiom/Phrase) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (c) Admire से है। When a person take his hat off to somebody it means that he admires somebody very much for something they have done.

64. You better learn to toe the line to avoid consequences.

- (a) To be indifferent to rules
- (b) To disobey rule
- (c) To follow the lead
- (d) To make your own rules

S.S.C. मल्टी टॉसिंग परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (c)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त रेखांकित अंश (Idiom/Phrase) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (c) To follow the lead से है। When a person toe the line it means to say or do what somebody in authority tells you to say or do, even if you do not share the same opinions.

65. She vaguely takes after her grand mother.

- (a) accepts (b) constitutes
(c) follows (d) resembles

S.S.C. मल्टी टॉकिंग परीक्षा, 2013

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2015

उत्तर (d)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त रेखांकित अंश (Idiom/Phrase) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (d) resembles से है। इसका अर्थ है- to look or behave like an older member of your family, especially your mother or father; to resemble, यानि 'सदृश होना'।

66. Don't lose heart, but tide over dangers and difficulties boldly.

- (a) Ignore (b) Welcome
(c) Retaliate (d) Overcome

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (d)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त Idioms/phrase का अर्थ है 'overcome', to overcome a difficulty temporarily; is to surmount; to cause to overcome. (मुश्किलों पर पार पाना; किसी चीज पर नियंत्रण पाना)

67. I took exception to his remarks and left the meeting.

- (a) Objected (b) Suggested
(c) Heard (d) Excused

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2011, 2012, 2013

उत्तर (a)

दिए गए वाक्य में Idioms/phrase का तात्पर्य है 'objected; object to; disagree with; protest against; object; objected to, (असहमत होना; विरोध करना)

68. He is a nationalist to the core.

- (a) Partially (b) Ultimately
(c) Completely (d) Consequently

S.S.C. F.C.I. परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (b)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त Idioms/phrase का अर्थ है 'ultimately'. (अंतर तक; गहराई तक; मौलिक रूप से)

69. Turn up.

- (a) Twist (b) Appear
(c) Curt (d) Wind

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (b)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त phrase 'turn up' का तात्पर्य है 'to appear', 'to show oneself', 'to happen unexpectedly; to come to light; to transpire, to happen. (उपस्थित होना)

70. To put an end to.

- (a) Continue (b) Start
(c) Stop (d) Enforce

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (c)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त phrase का तात्पर्य है 'to stop; cause to end. (रोकना; स्थगित करना)

71. To hail from.

- (a) Call (b) Receive
(c) Come from (d) Arrive

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (c)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त phrase का तात्पर्य है 'have come from'. (उस स्थान का रहने वाला होना)

72. If he is lazy, why don't you turn him off.

- (a) Dismiss (b) Warn
(c) Scold (d) Punish

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (a)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त Idioms/phrase का अर्थ है 'to dismiss'. (बर्खास्त कर देना)

73. To egg on.

- (a) to ask (b) to warn
(c) to urge (d) to advise

S.S.C. स्टेनोग्राफर (ग्रेड 'सी' एवं 'डी') परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (c)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त Idioms/phrase का तात्पर्य है 'to urge' or 'to incite'; to instigate. (किसी को उकसाना या भड़काना अथवा विनती करना)

74. **The project is carried over to this year and we need to keep the ball rolling.**

- (a) to continue the work (b) more information
(c) to do better (d) new strategies

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (a)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त Idioms/phrase का अर्थ है 'to continue the work; encourage us to continue. (बातचीत/क्रिया-कलाप शुरू करना या जारी रखना)

75. **I hope to talk him over to our view.**

- (a) convince (b) support
(c) oppose (d) analyze

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (a)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त Idioms/phrase का अर्थ है 'to convince'; to persuade; persuade somebody to accept or agree to something. (विचार-विमर्श करना)

76. **Sarala is always ready to eat anyone's salt.**

- (a) an infectious disease
(b) to deceive someone
(c) to be one's guest
(d) to cook tasty dishes

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (c)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त Idioms/phrase का तात्पर्य है 'to be one's guest; to partake of his hospitality; to be his guest or independent. (किसी का मेहमान बनना)

77. **She is too fond of her own voice.**

- (a) loves singing
(b) very selfish
(c) does not listen properly to anyone else
(d) very talkative

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (c)

जिसे दूसरों के पक्ष पर गौर करने की आदत नहीं होती है वह अपने को ही सर्वगुणसंपन्न समझते हैं।

78. **To look down one's nose.**

- (a) To show anger
(b) To retaliate
(c) To insult in the presence of others
(d) To regard with contempt

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (d)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त Idioms/phrase का तात्पर्य है- 'regard with contempt; have a low opinion of, अर्थात् किसी को तुच्छ समझना या हेय दृष्टि से देखना।

79. **A false friend never hesitates to shed crocodile tears.**

- (a) to pretend to be sympathetic
(b) to feel disappointed
(c) to move from one place to another
(d) to show false happiness

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2011, 2015

उत्तर (a)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'to pretend to be sympathetic; hypocritical tears shed by an unfeeling person; if somebody sheds (cries) crocodile tears, they pretend to be sad about something, but they are not really sad at all; to pretend grief' यानि 'घड़ियाली आंसू या झूठे आंसू बहाना'।

80. **To go scot-free.**

- (a) To walk like a native of Scotland
(b) To get something free
(c) To escape without punishment
(d) To save tax

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (c)

इस Idiom/Phrase का तात्पर्य है- 'to escape without punishment' (बेदाग छूट जाना) अर्थात् 'quite uninjured'; exempt from payment; untaxed; and hence; unhurt; safe; without molestation; scot formerly was the name of a tax or assessment. Hence scot free is literally free from the scot or tax.

81. **To explore every avenue.**

- (a) To search all streets
(b) To scout the wilderness
(c) To find adventure
(d) To try every opportunity

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (d)

दिए गए Idiom/Phrase का तात्पर्य है- To try every opportunity अथवा to try every possibility in order to obtain a result or find a solution.

82. To have something up one's sleeve.

- (a) To hide something in the sleeve
- (b) To play a magician trick
- (c) To have a secret plan
- (d) To play hide and seek

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (c)

If you have something up your sleeve, you have some hidden or secret plan, idea etc. to use to your advantage when the time is right.

83. To miss the bus.

- (a) To miss the bus that one regularly takes
- (b) To miss an opportunity
- (c) To have something to fall back upon
- (d) To find fault with others

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (b)

To miss the bus का तात्पर्य To miss an opportunity 'हमारे हाथ से अच्छा अवसर निकल जाने' से है।

84. To call it a day.

- (a) decide to finish working
- (b) put off work for another day
- (c) give the day a name
- (d) the day was marvellous

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2015

S.S.C. F.C.I. परीक्षा, 2012

S.S.C. स्नातक स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (a)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'decide to finish working; if you call it a day, you stop doing something for a while, normally at least until the following day; to stop an activity for the rest of the day; to stop the work you are doing; to conclude proceedings' यानि 'दिन भर के लिए कार्य समाप्त करना'। रेखांकित Idiom शुद्ध नहीं है अर्थात् Idiom के रूप में उपर्युक्त वाक्यांश का प्रयोग 'to call in a day' के स्थान पर 'to call it a day' के रूप में किया जाता है।

85. To give currency.

- (a) To make publicly known
- (b) To misinterpret
- (c) To bestow importance
- (d) To originate

S.S.C. F.C.I. परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (a)

इस Idiom/Phrase का तात्पर्य 'to make publicly known' अर्थात् 'to give publicly; to spread story around' से है।

86. To play havoc with.

- (a) To ruin
- (b) To alter
- (c) To swallow
- (d) To affect

S.S.C. F.C.I. परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (a)

इस Idiom/Phrase का तात्पर्य 'to ruin' अर्थात् 'to cause someone to have trouble doing something; to damage something' से है।

87. To lose ground.

- (a) To become less powerful
- (b) To become less popular
- (c) To lose foundation
- (d) To be without a leader

S.S.C. F.C.I. परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (a)

दिए गए Idiom/Phrase का तात्पर्य 'To become less powerful; to retreat; to give way' यानि 'आधार खोने से व्यक्ति का शक्तिहीन होना' से है।

88. To make both ends meet.

- (a) To buy costly articles
- (b) To live a luxurious life
- (c) To live within one's income
- (d) To please all people

S.S.C. F.C.I. परीक्षा, 2012

S.S.C. (डाटा एंट्री ऑपरेटर) परीक्षा, 2009

उत्तर (c)

इस Idiom/Phrase का तात्पर्य 'To live within one's income' अर्थात् 'To make one's income cover one's expenditure; to keep out of debt; to live within one's income' से है।

89. To fall back on.

- (a) To oppose something important
- (b) To suffer an injury on the back in an accident
- (c) To fail to do something important in time
- (d) To seek support out of necessity

S.S.C. F.C.I. परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (d)

दिए गए Idiom/Phrase का तात्पर्य 'To seek support out of necessity' यानि किसी प्रकार की विकट परिस्थिति में आवश्यकतानुसार समर्थन के लिए प्रयत्नशील होना' से है।

90. To make one's blood boil.

- (a) To make somebody furious
- (b) To develop fever
- (c) To get excited
- (d) To make someone nervous

S.S.C. F.C.I. परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (a)

इस Idiom/Phrase का तात्पर्य 'To make somebody furious' यानि 'गुस्से के समग्र खून में उबाल आना' से है।

91. To strain every nerve.

- (a) To make utmost efforts
- (b) To feel weak and tired
- (c) To be a diligent worker
- (d) To be methodical in work

S.S.C. स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (a)

दिए गए Idiom/Phrase का तात्पर्य 'to make utmost efforts' से है यानि 'to try extremely hard to do something'.

92. To flog a dead horse.

- (a) To whip a dead horse
- (b) To attempt to do the impossible
- (c) Waste one's efforts
- (d) To take advantage of a weakness

S.S.C. स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (c)

दिए गए Idiom/Phrase का तात्पर्य 'to waste one's efforts' से है।

93. To show a clean pair of heels.

- (a) To hide
- (b) To escape
- (c) To pursue
- (d) To follow

S.S.C. स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (b)

दिए गए Idiom/Phrase का तात्पर्य 'to escape' से है, यानि to go faster than someone else in race; to abscond.

94. To die in harness.

- (a) Premeditated murder
- (b) Dying young in an accident
- (c) To die while in service
- (d) To be taken by surprise

S.S.C. स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (c)

इस Idiom/Phrase का तात्पर्य 'to die while in service' से है, जबकि मूल Idiom है - 'in harness' - इसका अर्थ है- 'On duty or at work; to continue at one's occupation until one's death; to refuse to retire from active life.'

95. To be all at sea.

- (a) A family voyage
- (b) Lost and confused
- (c) In the middle of the ocean
- (d) A string of islands

S.S.C. स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (b)

इस 'Idiom/Phrase' का तात्पर्य है- in a state of perplexity or unable to give any explanation or solution.

96. To bite the dust.

- (a) Eat voraciously
- (b) Have nothing to eat
- (c) Eat roots
- (d) None of the above

S.S.C. स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (d)

यद्यपि इस 'Idiom/Phrase' का सही उत्तर (d) है, तथापि इसका अर्थ ज्ञात होना आवश्यक है। इसका अर्थ है- to die or to give out.

97. To take to one's heels.

- (a) To walk slowly
- (b) To run away
- (c) To march forward
- (d) To hop and jump

S.S.C. स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (b)

इस 'Idiom/Phrase' का तात्पर्य 'to run away' से है।

98. There was a job for me to cut my teeth on.

- (a) to gain experience
- (b) to try
- (c) so sharpen my wits
- (d) to earn a decent salary

S.S.C. मल्टी टॉकिंग परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (a)

इस Idiom/Phrase का तात्पर्य 'to gain experience' या 'to learn or do as a beginner or at the start of one's career' से है।

99. To pull strings.

- (a) To tease
- (b) To play with ropes
- (c) To exert hidden influence
- (d) To play music

S.S.C. स्टेनोग्राफर (ग्रेड 'सी' एवं 'डी') परीक्षा, 2011
S.S.C. मल्टी टॉस्किंग परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (c)

इस Idiom/Phrase का तात्पर्य है - 'to exert hidden influence; to set in action secretly; to be the real though hidden promoter of anything; use personal influence.'

100. To weigh up the pros and cons is to.

- (a) measure the ingredients
- (b) observe etiquette
- (c) consider all facts
- (d) postpone action

S.S.C. स्टेनोग्राफर (ग्रेड 'सी' एवं 'डी') परीक्षा, 2011
S.S.C. Section off. परीक्षा, 2006
S.S.C. Tax Asst. परीक्षा, 2007

उत्तर (c)

Idiom/Phrase का अर्थ 'consider all facts' या arguments for and against (minute discussion) for and against अर्थात् 'किसी कार्य को करने के पूर्व सभी पहलुओं पर विचार करना' होता है।

101. to take someone for a ride.

- (a) to give a ride to someone
- (b) to deceive someone
- (c) to be indifferent
- (d) to disclose a secret

S.S.C. स्नातक स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (b)

दिए गए Idiom/Phrase का तात्पर्य 'to deceive someone' से है।
I was **taken for a ride** on this matter.

102. To move heaven and earth.

- (a) to cause an earthquake
- (b) to try everything possible
- (c) to pray to all Gods
- (d) to travel in a rocket

S.S.C. स्नातक स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (b)

दिए गए Idiom/phrase का तात्पर्य 'to try everything possible' या 'to make every possible effort' से है। इसका अर्थ है- 'to do everything you can to achieve something'.

103. The teacher advised the student to take into account the advice given by the elders.

- (a) to obey
- (b) to neglect
- (c) to consider
- (d) to reject

S.S.C. Tax Asst. परीक्षा, 2007

उत्तर (c)

लोकोक्ति /मुहावरे का तात्पर्य है - 'to consider' या 'to make allowance for' अर्थात् 'विचार करना या ध्यान रखना'।

104. Naresh Goyal had to stand on his feet very early in his life.

- (a) to be physically strong
- (b) to be independent
- (c) to stand erect
- (d) to be successful

S.S.C. C.P.O. परीक्षा, 2010

उत्तर (b)

Idiom/Phrase का अर्थ 'to be independent' अर्थात् 'आत्मनिर्भर होना' होगा।

105. John's offer of help was turned down by the police.

- (a) sent back
- (b) twisted around
- (c) refused
- (d) handed over

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2010

उत्तर (c)

Idiom/Phrase का अर्थ 'refused' अर्थात् 'दुकरा देना' होता है।

106. His friends beat the boy to pay off old scores.

- (a) to refund old dues
- (b) to take revenge
- (c) to force him to be a scorer in a match
- (d) because he had not scored well earlier

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2010

उत्तर (b)

Idiom/Phrase का अर्थ 'to take revenge' अर्थात् बदला लेना जो शारीरिक, मानसिक या आर्थिक दण्ड के रूप में हो सकता है।

107. The students were advised to pore over the lessons thoroughly.

- (a) go through (b) go down
(c) go off (d) go out

S.S.C. (डाटा एंट्री आपरेटर) परीक्षा, 2009

उत्तर (a)

Idiom/Phrase का तात्पर्य 'go through' से है। इसका तात्पर्य यह भी है- 'to read something carefully; study with close attention.'

108. The administration found it difficult to cope with the striking employees.

- (a) move
(b) compromise
(c) handle
(d) subdue

S.S.C. (डाटा एंट्री आपरेटर) परीक्षा, 2008

उत्तर (c)

Idiom/Phrase का तात्पर्य 'handle' (तालमेल बैठाना) से है।

109. I joined college late and found it difficult to catch up with other students.

- (a) to compete with
(b) to come to their level
(c) to overtake them
(d) to hold them and stop

S.S.C. Tax Asst. परीक्षा, 2009

उत्तर (b)

इस मुहावरे का तात्पर्य है- 'come to their level' अर्थात् 'बराबर आ पहुँचना'।

110. They have made many changes in the policy, but how many of these changes are going to affect the man in the street?

- (a) the homeless man
(b) the ordinary man
(c) the man who works on the street
(d) the man who repairs road

S.S.C. Tax Asst. परीक्षा, 2009

उत्तर (b)

इस मुहावरे का तात्पर्य है- 'the ordinary man' अर्थात् 'जनसाधारण' (विशेषतः तब जब, उनके सलाह एवं विचारों की बात की जाए)।

111. The Earl of Leicester threw down the glove.

- (a) accepted defeat
(b) rejected the prize
(c) resorted to wrong tactics
(d) gave a challenge

S.S.C. Tax Asst. परीक्षा, 2009

उत्तर (d)

'gave a challenge' (बहस या युद्ध के लिए) अर्थात् चुनौती देना या 'to challenge; to show readiness to fight with.'

112. The teacher took me to task for not completing my homework.

- (a) gave me additional homework
(b) punished me
(c) took me to the principal
(d) reduced my homework

S.S.C. स्टेनोग्राफर परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (b)

Idiom/Phrase का अर्थ 'punished me' या 'to reprove' या 'to find fault with' अर्थात् 'सुधार करना' होता है।

113. Our Principal is not a man to mince matters.

- (a) to confuse issues
(b) to say something mildly
(c) to mix everything together
(d) to be very modest

S.S.C. Tax Asst. परीक्षा, 2008

उत्तर (b)

Idiom/phrase का अर्थ है 'moderate or restrain one's language to be polite'.

114. We tend to take for granted the conveniences of modern life.

- (a) to consider (b) to admit
(c) to accept readily (d) to care for

S.S.C. Tax Asst. परीक्षा, 2008

उत्तर (c)

Idiom/phrase का अर्थ 'to accept readily' है।

115. The success of his first novel completely tumed his head.

- (a) made him vain
(b) made him look back
(c) changed him completely
(d) made him think

S.S.C. Tax Asst. परीक्षा, 2008

उत्तर (a)

Idiom/phrase का अर्थ 'made him vain' है। इसका तात्पर्य है- अहंकारी बनाना।

116. She turns up her nose at this kind of dress.

- (a) despises (b) loves
(c) sees no harm in (d) can just tolerate

S.S.C. Tax Asst. परीक्षा, 2008

उत्तर (a)

Idiom/phrase का अर्थ है- 'despises' इसका तात्पर्य है 'to show contempt (despise) for'.

117. I have decided to give it a shot.

- (a) click a picture (b) try something
(c) pose for a picture (d) injure someone

S.S.C. मल्टी टॉकिंग परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (b)

इसका तात्पर्य 'try something' से है।

118. He tuned a blind eye to his son's pranks.

- (a) pretended not to notice
(b) paid special attention to
(c) covered up for
(d) punished severely

S.S.C. मल्टी टॉकिंग परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (a)

इसका तात्पर्य 'pretended not to notice' से है जिसका अर्थ है- 'गलतियों को जानबूझकर नजरअन्दाज करना'।

U

1. Utopian

- (a) Idealistic (b) Weak spot
(c) Top priority (d) Source of strength

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन स्टेनोग्राफर ग्रेड 'सी' एवं 'डी' 13 सितंबर, 2017 (I-परी)

उत्तर (a)

Idioms/Phrases 'Utopian' का तात्पर्य है- Idealistic; ideal but often impractical; visionary, यानि 'कात्पनिक आदर्श करने वाला, आदर्शवादी व्यक्ति; आदर्शवादी, कात्पनिक, अव्यवहारिक।

2. 'I am going to stay at home because I am feeling under the weather today.'

- (a) unhappy (b) sick
(c) depressed (d) irritated

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2015

उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'sick'; to be or feel ill; if you are or feel under the weather, you feel slightly ill/sick and not as well as usual; feeling sick; not well; not feeling well, but not very sick; to be a little ill-with a headache; feeling sick; ill, feel a little bit sick or depressed; it can also mean that a person is feeling sad or depressed.' यानि 'दुखी; अप्रसन्न'।

3. You need to improve your work because it is not up to the mark.

- (a) up to the potential displayed
(b) according to the required standard
(c) as good as the others
(d) marked properly and accurately

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'according to the required standard; not good enough; ordinary; suboptimal; not up to the required standard;' यानि 'ठीक; अच्छी हालत में'।

4. His utopian idea was entertaining but not acceptable.

- (a) unworthy idea
(b) imaginary idea
(c) classic idea
(d) intelligent idea

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (b)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त Idioms/phrase का तात्पर्य है 'an imaginary idea. Utopia was the name given by Sir Thomas More to an imaginary island which had an ideally perfect government. Hence the term Utopian has come to be applied generally to an admirable scheme or project that is fanciful; chimerical; incapable of accomplishment. (आदर्श समाज का विचार)

V

1. If the speaker continues with his boring speech, the audience will probably vote with their feet.

- (a) kick him out
- (b) show their disapproval
- (c) stop him from speaking
- (d) choose him as leader

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2015

उत्तर (b)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'show their disapproval; if you vote with your feet, you leave an organization or stop supporting, using or buying something, and change to a new organization, service, or product;' यानि 'नापसंद करना'।

W

1. Wide of the mark

- (a) Inaccurate
- (b) Inquisitive
- (c) Expensive
- (d) Brightened

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन स्टेनोग्राफर (ग्रेड 'सी' एवं 'डी') 13 सितंबर, 2017 (I-परी)

उत्तर (a)

Idioms/Phrases 'Wide of the mark' का तात्पर्य है- Inaccurate; to be wrong; inadequate; far from what is required or expected; incorrect; not exact; यानि 'अनुपयुक्त, यथार्थ से परे होना'।

2. When pigs fly

- (a) Something that will never happen
- (b) When miracle happens
- (c) When there is a sudden change in the weather
- (d) When something bad is about to happen

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन स्टेनोग्राफर (ग्रेड 'सी' एवं 'डी') 14 सितंबर, 2017 (I-परी)

उत्तर (a)

Idioms/Phrases 'When pigs fly' का तात्पर्य है- Something that will never happen; highly unlikely to happen; impossible; never; यानि 'सूरज पश्चिम से उगेगा'।

3. Wet behind the ears

- (a) To take a bath
- (b) Lacking experience or be immature
- (c) To speak bad behind other's back
- (d) Not able to eavesdrop despite trying hard

S.S.C. ऑनलाइन CHSL (T-I) 8 मार्च, 2018 (I-परी)

उत्तर (b)

Idioms/Phrases 'Wet behind the ears' का तात्पर्य है- 'Lacking experience or be immature; naive; inexperienced; young and inexperienced; green; यानि 'अनुभवहीन'।

4. The officer was in the soup when there was a raid in his office.

- (a) preparing soup
- (b) drinking soup
- (c) distributing soup
- (d) to be in trouble

S.S.C. C.P.O. परीक्षा, 2015

उत्तर (d)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'to be in trouble'; to be in an unpleasant or difficult situation; in deep trouble; in a bad situation, यानि 'विषम परिस्थितियों में'।

5. After the public meeting, the crowd went haywire.

- (a) were in jubilation
- (b) protested
- (c) became out of control
- (d) left the venue

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (c)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (c) 'became out of control' यानि 'नियंत्रण खो देना, गड़बड़ा जाना, अनियंत्रित हो जाना' से है।

6. People who call a spade a spade are always **appreciated**.

- (a) who are generous
- (b) who play cards
- (c) who tell the truth
- (d) who help others

S.S.C. स्टेनेग्राफर परीक्षा, 2014

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (c)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य 'who tell the truth'; 'to use plain language', 'to be straightforward in the terms one uses to be frank' यानि 'अपना मत निःसंकोच व्यक्त करना चाहे दूसरे को बुरा ही क्यों न लगे' से है।

7. Our school is within a stone's throw of the railway station.

- (a) within a certain radius
- (b) very far off
- (c) at a short distance
- (d) within a definite distance

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2014

S.S.C. Tax. Asst. परीक्षा, 2007

उत्तर (c)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (c) 'at a short distance'; a very short distance away; very near to, यानि 'थोड़ी दूरी पर' से है।

8. Watch his step.

- (a) walk carefully
- (b) watch his friends
- (c) behave with caution
- (d) observe the threshold

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (c)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (c) behave with caution; to be very careful about how you behave अर्थात् 'सोच-समझकर व्यवहार करना' से है।

9. wet blanket.

- (a) good companion
- (b) warm and friendly
- (c) kill-joy
- (d) helpful

S.S.C. मल्टी टॉकिंग (M.T.S.) परीक्षा, 2014

उत्तर (c)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य है- 'kill joy' अर्थात् A person who discourages or causes others to become disheartened; also discouragement यानि 'दूसरे को हतोत्साहित करना'।

10. Once the case reached the court, the police washed their hands off it.

- (a) Waited for a response to
- (b) Claimed credit for
- (c) Disassociated themselves from
- (d) Seemed eager to continue

S.S.C. स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2012

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (c)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त Idioms/phrase का अर्थ है 'disassociated themselves from; to refuse to have anything more to do with. This phrase is derived from a striking scene in Bible history. At the trial of Jesus Christ, Pilate, the Roman Governor, called for a vessel of water, washed his hands before the people and said, I am innocent of the blood of this just person. So when a man gets involved in a matter, and when he sees that it will not end as he had hoped, he, fearing disaster, blame or dishonour, he withdraws from all connections with it, and says; refused to accept responsibility for; 'I wash my hands of this whole business'. (किसी मामले से स्वयं को अलग कर लेना)

11. The manager hesitated to assign the job to the newcomer as he was wet behind the ears.

- (a) young and inexperienced
- (b) drenched in the rain
- (c) unpunctual and lethargic
- (d) stupid and slow-witted

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2012

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2013

S.S.C. उच्चतम स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) 10 सितंबर, 2016 (I-परी)

उत्तर (a)

रेखांकित वाक्यांश (Idioms/Phrases) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (a) 'young and inexperienced; young and without much experience, to be young and without; inexperienced much experience 'नौसीखिया; अनुभवहीन' से है।

12. Hestopped at the bar to wet his whistle.

- (a) have a problem (b) have a drink
(c) have a nap (d) be happy

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-I) परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (b)

If you are thirsty and have an alcoholic drink, it means you wet your whistle.

13. He made a few statements, but all were wide off the mark.

- (a) irrelevant
(b) crucial
(c) important
(d) unreasonable

S.S.C. मल्टी टॉकिंग परीक्षा, 2013

उत्तर (a)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त रेखांकित अंश (Idiom/Phrase) का तात्पर्य विकल्प (a) Irrelevant से है। Wide off the mark means be far away from the actual point or goal.

14. Their friendship lasted without a cloud to the end of his life.

- (a) Without concealment
(b) Without stigma
(c) Without trouble
(d) Without romance

S.S.C. C.P.O. परीक्षा, 2012

उत्तर (c)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त Idioms/phrase का अर्थ है 'without trouble'.
(बिना किसी परेशानी के)

15. Reena is a kind of person who wears her heart on her sleeve.

- (a) suppresses her emotions openly
(b) suppresses her excitement sparingly
(c) expresses her emotions freely
(d) expresses her emotions curbingly

S.S.C. संयुक्त स्नातक स्तरीय (Tier-II) परीक्षा, 2012

S.S.C. संयुक्त हायर सेकण्डरी (10+2) स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2010

उत्तर (c)

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त Idioms/phrase का अर्थ है 'to expresses her emotions freely; to expose one's inmost thoughts to one's neighbours; allow one's emotions; especially one's love for somebody to be seen; expresses his feelings openly. (अपनी भावनाओं को स्वतंत्रतापूर्वक अभिव्यक्त करना)

16. The teacher's extra hours of coaching went a long way in improving the students' performance.

- (a) took great effort
(b) spent a lot of time
(c) extended widely
(d) helped considerably

S.S.C. (डाटा एंट्री आपरेटर) परीक्षा, 2008

उत्तर (d)

Idiom/Phrase का तात्पर्य 'helped considerably' से है।

17. Since you couldn't accept a timely warning, it's no use repenting now. Why cry over spilt milk?

- (a) cry over irreparable loss
(b) to regret uselessly
(c) cry needlessly
(d) feel guilty of

S.S.C. स्टेनोग्राफर परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (b)

Cry over spilt milk means it is useless to worry about things that have already happened & cannot be changed.

Y

1. Yeoman's service

- (a) Medical help
(b) Excellent work
(c) Social work
(d) Hard work

S.S.C. F.C.I. परीक्षा, 2012

S.S.C. स्नातक स्तरीय परीक्षा, 2011

उत्तर (b)

दिए गए Idiom/Phrase का तात्पर्य 'Excellent work' से है।