

Brackets (English Medium)

Exercise

Solution 1(1):

$$\begin{aligned}[3 + 2\{3 \times (6 \div 2)\}] - 1 \\= [3 + 2\{3 \times 3\}] - 1 \\= [3 + 2\{9\}] - 1 \\= [3 + 18] - 1 \\= [21] - 1 \\= 21 - 1 \\= 20\end{aligned}$$

Solution 1(2):

$$\begin{aligned}[6 + 2\{2 \times (10 \div 2)\}] - 4 \\= [6 + 2\{2 \times 5\}] - 4 \\= [6 + 2\{10\}] - 4 \\= [6 + 20] - 4 \\= [26] - 4 \\= 26 - 4 \\= 22\end{aligned}$$

Solution 1(3):

$$\begin{aligned}[3 + 2\{2 \times (6 \div 2)\}] - 3 \\= [3 + 2\{2 \times 3\}] - 3 \\= [3 + 2\{6\}] - 3 \\= [3 + 12] - 3 \\= [15] - 3 \\= 15 - 3 \\= 12\end{aligned}$$

Solution 1(4):

$$[4 + 3\{4 \times (6 \div 3)\}] - 1$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= [4 + 3\{4 \times 2\}] - 1 \\
&= [4 + 3\{8\}] - 1 \\
&= [4 + 24] - 1 \\
&= [28] - 1 \\
&= 28 - 1 \\
&= 27
\end{aligned}$$

Solution 1(5):

$$\begin{aligned}
&[3 + 2\{3 \times (6 \div 2)\}] - 2 \\
&= [3 + 2\{3 \times 3\}] - 2 \\
&= [3 + 2\{9\}] - 2 \\
&= [3 + 18] - 2 \\
&= [21] - 2 \\
&= 21 - 2 \\
&= 19
\end{aligned}$$

Solution 1(6):

$$\begin{aligned}
&[4 + 5\{2 \times (5 - 1)\}] - 4 \\
&= [4 + 5\{2 \times 4\}] - 4 \\
&= [4 + 5\{8\}] - 4 \\
&= [4 + 40] - 4 \\
&= [44] - 4 \\
&= 44 - 4 \\
&= 40
\end{aligned}$$

Solution 1(7):

$$\begin{aligned}
&[3 + 4\{2 \times (3 - 1)\}] + 7 \\
&= [3 + 4\{2 \times 2\}] + 7 \\
&= [3 + 4 \times \{4\}] + 7 \\
&= [3 + 16] + 7 \\
&= [19] + 7 \\
&= 19 + 7 \\
&= 26
\end{aligned}$$

Solution 1(8):

$$\begin{aligned}
&[1 + 2\{3 \times (4 - 3)\}] \times 2 \\
&= [1 + 2\{3 \times (1)\}] \times 2 \\
&= [1 + 2\{3\}] \times 2 \\
&= [1 + 6] \times 2 \\
&= [7] \times 2 \\
&= 7 \times 2 \\
&= 14
\end{aligned}$$

Solution 2(1):

$$\begin{aligned}
&a - [a + \{a - (a + 2)\} + 2] \\
&= a - [a + \{a - a - 2\}] + 2 \\
&= a - [a + \{-2\}] + 2
\end{aligned}$$

$$= a - [a - 2 + 2]$$

$$= a - [a]$$

$$= a - a$$

$$= 0$$

Solution 2(2):

$$3y - [2y - \{4 - (y - 2)\} - 5]$$

$$= 3y - [2y - \{4 - y + 2\} - 5]$$

$$= 3y - [2y - \{6 - y\} - 5]$$

$$= 3y - [2y - 6 + y - 5]$$

$$= 3y - [2y + y - 6 - 5]$$

$$= 3y - [3y - 11]$$

$$= 3y - 3y + 11$$

$$= 11$$

Solution 2(3):

$$3a - [\{3a - (y - 2y)\} - 3a] + y$$

$$= 3a - [\{3a - (-y)\} - 3a] + y$$

$$= 3a - [\{3a + y\} - 3a] + y$$

$$= 3a - [3a + y - 3a] + y$$

$$= 3a - [y] + y$$

$$= 3a - y + y$$

$$= 3a$$

Solution 2(4):

$$[3x^2 - \{4x - (2x^2 + 5x - 3)\}] - 5$$

$$= [3x^2 - \{4x - 2x^2 - 5x + 3\}] - 5$$

$$= [3x^2 - 4x + 2x^2 + 5x - 3] - 5$$

$$= [3x^2 + 2x^2 - 4x + 5x - 3] - 5$$

$$= [5x^2 + x - 3] - 5$$

$$= 5x^2 + x - 3 - 5$$

$$= 5x^2 + x - 8$$

Solution 2(5):

$$-x - [x - \{-(-x)\}]$$

$$= -x - [x - \{x\}]$$

$$= -x - [x - x]$$

$$= -x - 0$$

$$= (-x)$$

Solution 3(1):

$$[6 + 3\{4 \times (9 - 2)\}] + 10$$

Verification:

$$[6 + 3\{4 \times (9 - 2)\}] + 10$$

$$= [6 + 3\{4 \times 7\}] + 10$$

$$= [6 + 3\{28\}] + 10$$

$$= [6 + 84] + 10$$

$$= [90] + 10$$

$$= 90 + 10$$

$$= 100$$

Solution 3(2):

$$2[6 + 3\{4 \times (5 - 1)\}] - 8$$

Verification:

$$2[6 + 3\{4 \times (5 - 1)\}] - 8$$

$$= 2[6 + 3\{4 \times (4)\}] - 8$$

$$= 2[6 + 3\{16\}] - 8$$

$$= 2[6 + 48] - 8$$

$$= 2[54] - 8$$

$$= 108 - 8$$

$$= 100$$

Solution 3(3):

$$2[9\{5 \times (7 - 4)\} \div 3] + 10$$

Verification:

$$2[9\{5 \times (7 - 4)\} \div 3] + 10$$

$$= 2[9\{5 \times (3)\} \div 3] + 10$$

$$= 2[9\{15\} \div 3] + 10$$

$$= 2[135 \div 3] + 10$$

$$= 2[45] + 10$$

$$= 90 + 10$$

$$= 100$$

Solution 3(4):

$$[4\{8 \times (9 \div 3)\} + 5] - 1$$

Verification:

$$[4\{8 \times (9 \div 3)\} + 5] - 1$$

$$= [4\{8 \times (3)\} + 5] - 1$$

$$= [4\{24\} + 5] - 1$$

$$= [96 + 5] - 1$$

$$= [101] - 1$$

$$= 101 - 1$$

$$= 100$$

Solution 3(5):

$$[3\{7 \times (10 \div 2)\} - 6] + 1$$

Verification:

$$[3\{7 \times (10 \div 2)\} - 6] + 1$$

$$= [3\{7 \times (5)\} - 6] + 1$$

$$= [3\{35\} - 6] + 1$$

$$= [105 - 6] + 1$$

$$= [99] + 1$$

$$= 99 + 1$$

$$= 100$$

Practice – 1

Solution 1:

$$\begin{aligned}7 + \{3 + (5 - 3)\} \\= 7 + \{3 + 2\} \\= 7 + \{5\} \\= 7 + 5 \\= 12\end{aligned}$$

Solution 2:

$$\begin{aligned}10 - \{8 + (4 \div 2)\} \\= 10 - \{8 + 2\} \\= 10 - 10 \\= 0\end{aligned}$$

Solution 3:

$$\begin{aligned}19 - [30 - \{12 + (8 - 3)\}] \\= 19 - [30 - \{12 + 5\}] \\= 19 - [30 - 17] \\= 19 - 13 \\= 6\end{aligned}$$

Solution 4:

$$\begin{aligned}5x - [-\{-(-5x)\}] \\= 5x - [-\{5x\}] \\= 5x + 5x \\= 10x\end{aligned}$$

Solution 5:

$$\begin{aligned}30 - [\{17 + (9 - 4)\} + 17] \\= 30 - [\{17 + 5\} + 17] \\= 30 - [\{22\} + 17] \\= 30 - [39] \\= (-9)\end{aligned}$$

Solution 6:

$$\begin{aligned}5 + [18 - \{27 - (12 - 3)\}] - 6 \\= 5 + [18 - \{27 - (9)\}] - 6 \\= 5 + [18 - \{18\}] - 6 \\= 5 + [0] - 6 \\= 5 - 6 \\= (-1)\end{aligned}$$

Solution 7:

$$\{(3x^2 - 6x + 5) + (2x - 2x^2 + 5)\} - (x^2 - 4x + 10)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \{3x^2 - 6x + 5 + 2x - 2x^2 + 5\} - (x^2 - 4x + 10) \\
&= \{3x^2 - 2x^2 - 6x + 2x + 5 + 5\} - (x^2 - 4x + 10) \\
&= \{x^2 - 4x + 10\} - (x^2 - 4x + 10) \\
&= x^2 - 4x + 10 - x^2 + 4x - 10 \\
&= x^2 - x^2 - 4x + 4x + 10 - 10 \\
&= 0
\end{aligned}$$

Solution 8:

$$\begin{aligned}
&3m - \{m + 2(5 - m)\} \\
&= 3m - \{m + 10 - 2m\} \\
&= 3m - \{-m + 10\} \\
&= 3m + m - 10 \\
&= 4m - 10
\end{aligned}$$

Solution 9:

$$\begin{aligned}
&[\{5x - (x + 3y)\} - \{x + (2x - y)\}] \\
&= [\{5x - x - 3y\} - \{x + 2x - y\}] \\
&= [\{4x - 3y\} - \{3x - y\}] \\
&= [4x - 3y - 3x + y] \\
&= 4x - 3x - 3y + y \\
&= x - 2y
\end{aligned}$$

Solution 10:

$$\begin{aligned}
&15 - [3x - \{x + (2x + 5) - (x + 3)\}] \\
&= 15 - [3x - \{x + 2x + 5 - x - 3\}] \\
&= 15 - [3x - \{x + 2x - x + 5 - 3\}] \\
&= 15 - [3x - \{2x + 2\}] \\
&= 15 - [3x - 2x - 2] \\
&= 15 - [x - 2] \\
&= 15 - x + 2 \\
&= 17 - x
\end{aligned}$$