

No. of Printed Pages : 15

Roll No.

Name

117/2 323 (OB)

2017

ENGLISH

Second Paper

Time : 3 Hours 15 Min. ] [ Max. Marks : 50

*Instruction :* First 15 minutes are allotted to the candidates for reading the question paper.

*Note :*

- i) Question No. 4 has *three* Parts : I, II and III. Attempt only *one* part of Question No. 4.
- ii) All other questions are compulsory.

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[ Turn over



1. a) Change the following into indirect form of speech :  $1 + 1 = 2$

i) She said, "Alas ! how foolish I have been !"

ii) Ravi said to him, "Do you write a good hand ?"

b) Combine the following sentences as directed within the brackets :

$$1 + 1 = 2$$

i) I did not go to Lucknow. My brother did not go to Lucknow.

( into *Compound sentence* )

ii) Honesty is the best policy. That is known to all.

( into *Complex sentence* )



- c) Transform the following sentences as directed within the brackets :

$$1 + 1 = 2$$

- i) Tourists often throw coins in fountains.

( into *Passive voice* )

- ii) Everybody likes to be prosperous.

( into *Interrogative* )

- d) Correct *four* of the following sentences :

$$4 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2$$

- i) Three associates and myself chose the architect for the building.
- ii) Each of these prescriptions cause bloating and irritability.



- iii) Before I opened the door, I ring the doorbell.
- iv) Was any of the samples defective ?
- v) Off into the horizon run the herd of buffalo.
- vi) Why must it always be me who cleans up the lounge ?

2. Use *three* of the following idioms / phrases in your own sentences so as to make their meanings clearly :  $3 \times 1 = 3$

- a) to put up with
- b) turn down
- c) bring to book
- d) on the eve of
- e) a white elephant.



3. a) Give the antonyms of the following words :

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1$$

i) frown

ii) freedom.

b) Give the synonyms of the following words :

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1$$

i) hardship

ii) disaster.

c) Substitute one word for the following expressions :

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1$$

i) He is a lover of mankind

ii) This word is no longer in use.

d) Use the following words in sentences of your own so as to bring out the difference in their meanings clearly :

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1$$

i) sight

ii) site.



**PART - I**

4. a) Translate the following into English : 10

असफलता से हमें कभी निराश नहीं होना चाहिए। सफलता और असफलता बहनें हैं। असफलता हमारी आँखें खोलती है और हमारी कमजोरियों को उजागर करती है। उन्हें दूर कर हम पुनः सफल हो सकते हैं। बड़े-बड़े वैज्ञानिक अपने प्रयोग में असफल होते हैं। बड़े-बड़े योद्धा युद्ध के मैदान में पराजित होते हैं। महान नेता चुनाव में हार जाते हैं। पर वे निरन्तर प्रयास करते रहते हैं और एक दिन अवश्य सफल होते हैं। मार्ग की कठिनाइयों को देखकर कभी निराश नहीं होना चाहिए। यदि हम दृढ़ निश्चय कर लें तो कोई भी चीज असम्भव नहीं। जीवन संघर्ष का ही दूसरा नाम है; यह फूलों की सेज नहीं ।



b) Translate the following into Hindi : 5

We Indians do not have to go abroad in search of the past. We have an abundance of it in our country. If we go to foreign countries it is in search of the present. The search is necessary. Isolation from the present means retrogression and decay. The world of Emerson's time has changed. Life has become internationalised. We have to play our part in this internationalism, and for this it is necessary to travel, meet others, learn from them and understand them.

OR



**PART - II**

- a) Give the substance of the following poem  
in your own words in about 70 to  
80 words : 4

Leave this chanting and singing  
And telling of beads ! Whom dost thou  
Worship in this lonely dark corner of a  
Temple with doors all shut ? Open  
Thine eyes and see the God is  
Not before thee !  
He is there where the tiller is  
Tilling the hard ground and where  
The pathmaker is breaking stones.  
He is with them in sun and shower,  
And his garment is covered with dust.  
Put off thy holy mantle and even  
Like him come down on the dusty soil !



- b) Write a summary of the following passage in about 60 words : 6

The man who is perpetually hesitating which of the two things he will do first, will do neither. The man who resolves, but suffers his resolution to be changed by the first counter-suggestion of a friend, — who fluctuates from opinion to opinion, from plan to plan and veers like a weather-cock to every point of the compass, with every breath of caprice that blows — can never accomplish anything great or useful. Instead of being progressive in anything, he will be at best stationary, and more probably retrograde in all. It is only the man who consults wisely, then resolves firmly, and



d) Correct *three* of the following sentences :

$$3 \times 1 = 3$$

- i) I will not help you unless you do not work hard.
- ii) The number of seats in the class have been doubled.
- iii) I have never seen such man.
- iv) He denied that he was not a thief.
- v) This question is the easiest of the two.

OR

### PART - III

- a) Write a short essay on *one* of the following topics in about 150 words : 8
- i) Ben Jonson as a poet
  - ii) Scott as a novelist
  - iii) Modern Poetic Drama
  - iv) Sonnets of Shakespeare
  - v) Twentieth Century novelists.



- b) Match the literary works of **List A** with their authors in **List B** :

$$6 \times \frac{1}{2} = 3$$

**List-A****List-B**

- |                             |                      |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| (a) Paradise Regained       | (i) E. M. Forster    |
| (b) Murder In the Cathedral | (ii) Shakespeare     |
| (c) Great Espectations      | (iii) D. H. Lawrence |
| (d) Sons and Lovers         | (iv) Charles Dickens |
| (e) Hamlet                  | (v) T. S. Eliot      |
| (f) A Passage to India      | (vi) Milton.         |

- c) Describe in about 60 words the main characteristics of *one* of the following : 4

- i) Satire
- ii) Ode
- iii) Sonnet.



5. Write an essay on *one* of the following topics in about 250 words : 10
- a) Life in Indian Metropolitan cities.
  - b) The book that inspired you most.
  - c) My experiences in a crowded train.
  - d) Women's place in society.
  - e) Effects of mobile phones on our youth.
6. Write a letter to your friend inviting him to accompany you to a picnic. 5

OR

Write a letter to a business firm acknowledging receipt of the goods you had ordered and complaining about the damage caused in transit on account of packing.

(*Note* : Do not write your name and address anywhere in the letter.)



7. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow :

'Election is a very funny affair. The candidate pays compliment to each and every voter, generally undeserving. There is an activity and bustle, hue and cry, for all factors are the complements of each other to secure success. ( The polling station is a suitable building away from the town, situated in some lonely spot. A pole is fixed and a sign-board suspended to it informing *all and sundry* that they have to vote there.) The poll takes place on a certain day. It is very difficult for a partisan to cede the least concession to his opponent. Even those who hew wood are welcomed like princes. But once their vote is cast, *nobody cares a fig for them.*



The veil is lifted, and they realise that all their importance has vanished. The seed of dissension is sown and the harvest is a costly law-suit accompanied by a division of the community.

- a) What is a polling station ? 1
- b) What are the after-effects of the elections that you gather from the above passage ? 1
- c) Explain the portions italicized in the passage. 1
- d) Give the summary of the passage in your own words.  $1\frac{1}{2}$
- e) Give a suitable title to the above passage.  $\frac{1}{2}$

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