

FIRST TERM 2011-2012

CLASS IV – EVS

Ln 5 : Where do babies come from ?

Fill in the blanks :

1. The process by which living beings produce their own kind is called _____.
2. Animals that give birth to young ones directly are called _____.
3. Viviparous animals also called as _____.
4. A bird lives in a _____.
5. Animals that lay eggs are called _____.
6. _____ a child means to become legal parents to that child.
7. Only birds and mammals display a great sense of _____ case.
8. All _____ produce young ones of their own kind.
9. All _____ lay eggs which have hard brittle shells.

Write 'True' or False :

1. The young ones of mammals develop inside the mother's body [].
2. The whale and dolphins which live in water are mammals.[].
3. Fishes, Frogs and reptiles care for their young ones.[].
4. Pigeon is a viviparous animal.[].
5. All birds lay eggs which have soft shells. [].
6. Mayfly lives only for a few hours as an adult.[].
7. The mammals and birds take much care of their young ones. [].
8. Bats that fly in the air are mammals.[].

Name the following :

1. Examples of mammals

a) _____ b) _____

2. Two animals that do not care for their young ones.

a) _____ b) _____

3. Examples of oviparous animals.

a) _____ b) _____

Match the following :

1. Human beings

a) Puppy

2. Cow

b) Oviparous animal.

3. Dog

c) Viviparous animal.

4. Birds

d) Calf

Ln 6: Our Sense Organs

Fill in the blanks :

1. Blind people can read with the help of the _____ script.

2. Blind people read by using their _____ over raised dots.

3. We should not touch or play with _____ things.

4. We should not make fun of people who are _____.

5. Braille script is a system which use _____.

6. Children have about _____ taste buds.

Write True or False :

1. We have six sense organs. []

2. We should make fun of people who are differently abled. []

3. We should touch or play with sharp things. []

4. Children have about 10,000 taste buds. []

Ln 8 : How we get food

Fill in the blanks :

1. _____ is known as the 'land of spices'.
2. _____ grow food.
3. _____ catch fish.
4. Dairy workers gather _____.
5. Spices add _____ to our food.
6. _____ are unwanted plants.

Write True or False :

1. Weeds are useful. []
2. Salt is a spice . []
3. Fisherman grows food. []

Ln 10 : Water Sources

Fill in the blanks :

1. _____ is the ultimate source of water on earth.
2. Rain water that seeps into the earth is known as _____ water.
3. _____ at the bottom of the well help to filter the water.
4. _____ is the only kind of water which can be used for drinking.
5. A small collection of water is called a _____.
6. _____ uses electricity to draw out underground water.

Name the following :

1. Large water bodies
 - a) _____
 - b) _____
2. Small bodies of water.
 - a) _____
 - b) _____

3. Three sources of water.

a) _____ b) _____ c) _____

4. Chief source of water. _____.

5. Sources provide us with underground water.

a) _____ b) _____ c) _____

Write True or False :

1. Lakes are bigger collection of water than pond. []
2. Sea water is safe for drinking.[]
3. A tube well uses electricity to draw out underground water.[]
4. We get filtered water from a tube well.[]
5. Water from open well is safe for drinking.[]
6. Underground water is brought out for use by hand pumps, wells and tube wells. []

Ln 11 : How water gets dirty

Fill in the blanks :

1. ORS stands for _____.
2. A large mass of water is called _____.
3. When we suffer from _____ ; we lose a lot of water from our body.
4. _____ is the holiest river of the Hindus.
5. _____ is the longest river in India.
6. _____ is called the Ganga of the south.
7. Brahmaputra together with the _____, it forms the world's biggest delta in West Bengal.
8. _____ is saline.

Name the following :

1. Name five famous rivers of India

a) _____ b) _____ c) _____

d) _____ e) _____ f) _____

2. Name three diseases which is caused by water pollution.

a) _____ b) _____ c) _____

3. Name five animals that live in sea.

a) _____ b) _____ c) _____

d) _____ e) _____

Write True or False :

1. Animals should be bathed in canals or rivers. []

2. Water should not be boiled or filtered before drinking. []

3. An octopus lives in the pond.[]

4. Indus was known as Sindhu in ancient times.[]

5. A person who is having loose motions and vomiting should drink ORS.
[]

6. Pipes should be checked at regular intervals. []

Ln 12 : Evaporation

Fill in the blanks :

1. The heat of the _____, dries up the puddle.

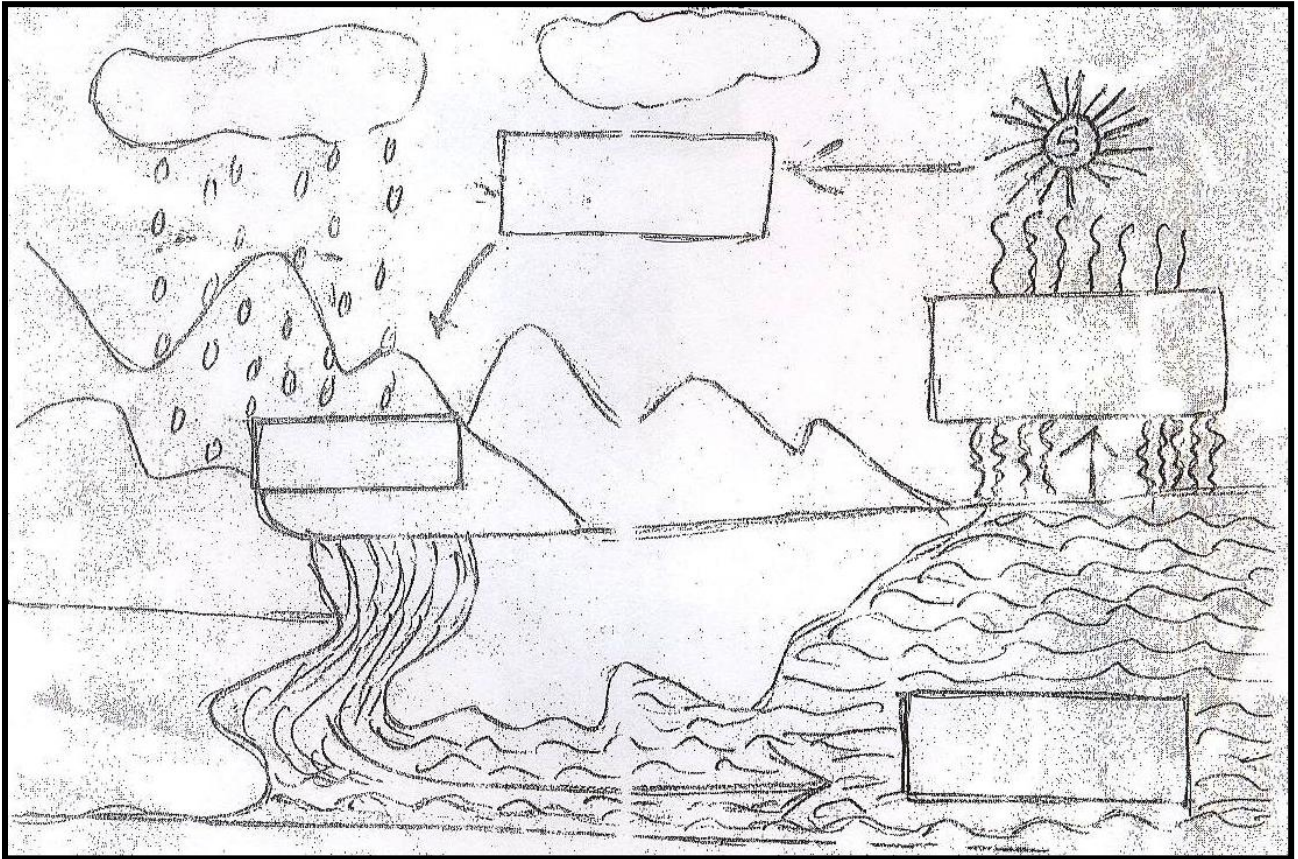
2. _____ is taking place in nature all the time.

3. _____ is a process in which water changes into water vapour due to heat.

4. _____ is a process in which water vapour changes to water due to cooling.

5. _____ cools down to form tiny drops of water.

Colour and Label the Water Cycle :



Ln 16 : How they learnt their skills

Fill in the blanks :

1. A _____ stitches clothes.
2. A _____ makes pots.
3. A _____ mends shoes.
4. A _____ makes furniture.
5. An _____ makes beautiful patterns on fabrics.
6. ITI stands for _____
7. A jack is used by _____
8. An owl is used by a _____
9. The tools of a _____ are sewing machine, scissors and needle.
10. A potter makes pots with the help of _____.
11. The tools of an _____ are needle and circular wooden frames.

Name the following :

1. The tools used by the tailor.

a) _____ b) _____ c) _____

2. The tools used by an embroider

a) _____ b) _____

3. The tools used by the cobbler.

a) _____ b) _____

4. The tools used by the carpenter

a) _____ b) _____