

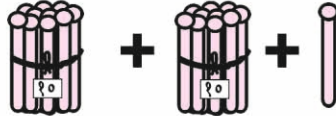
સંખ્યા

૧૦૪૫૧

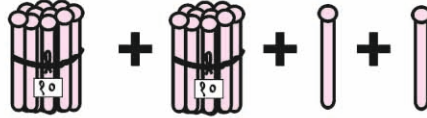
પન્નમ : પાઠ :

પઠતુ જાનાતુ (ઘઢ ઓ જાઢા)

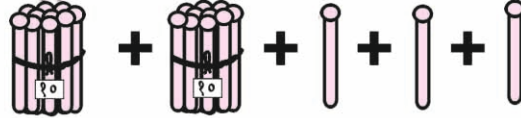
૨૧ એકવિંશતિ:



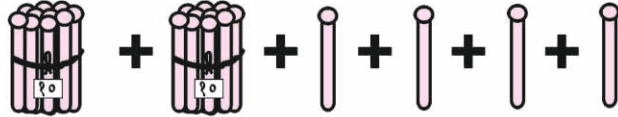
૨૨ દ્વાવિંશતિ:



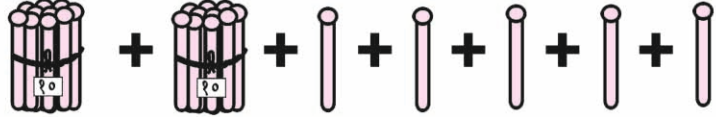
૨૩ ત્રયોવિંશતિ:



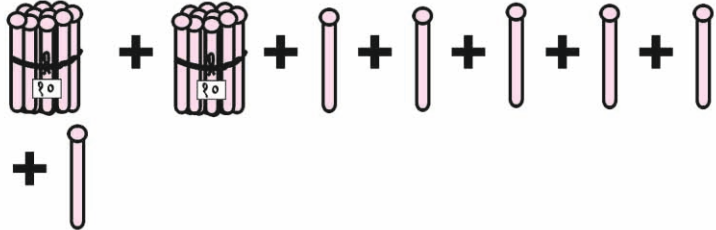
૨૪ ચતુર્વિંશતિ:



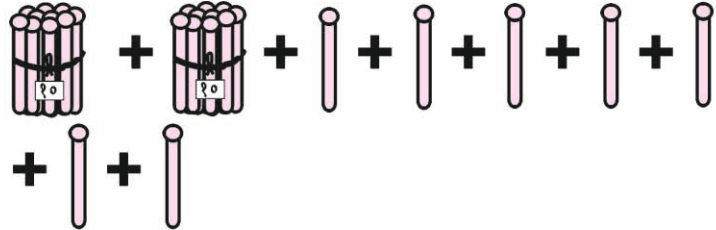
૨૫ પન્નવિંશતિ:



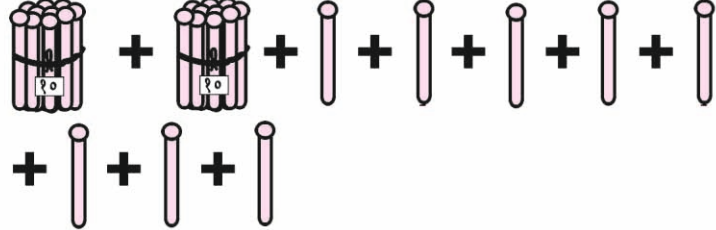
૨૬ ષઢ્વિંશતિ:



૨૭ સપ્તવિંશતિ:

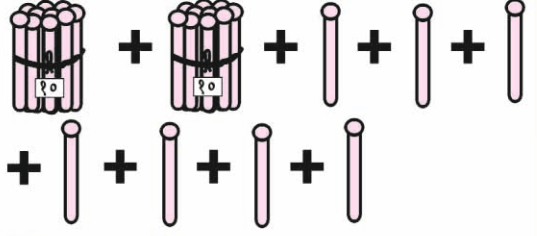


૨૮ અષ્ટાવિંશતિ:



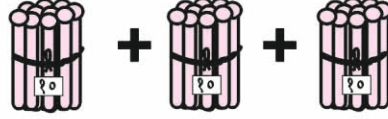
२९

नवविंशतिः / ऊनत्रिंशत्



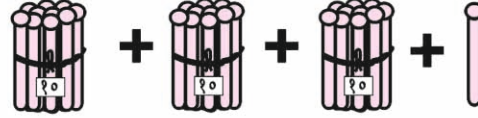
३०

त्रिंशत्



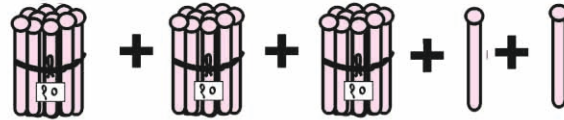
३१

एकत्रिंशत्



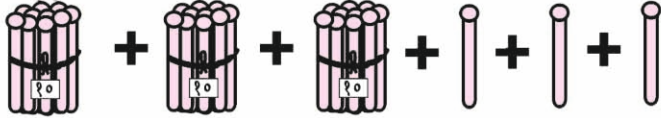
३२

द्वात्रिंशत्



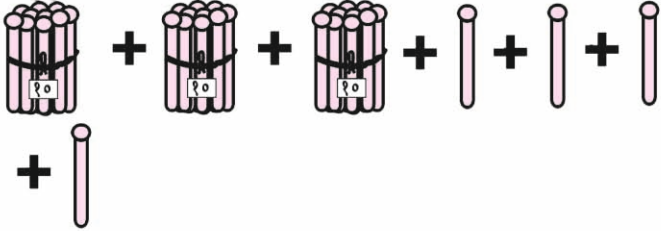
३३

त्रयस्त्रिंशत्



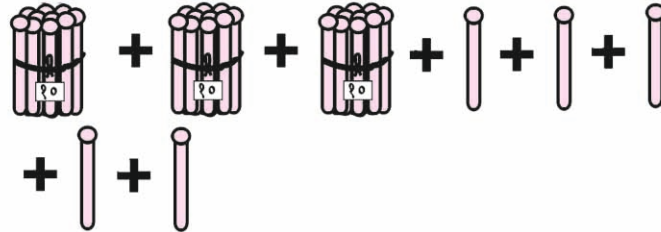
३४

चतुस्त्रिंशत्



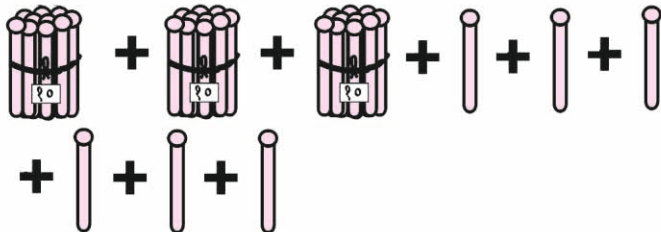
३५

पञ्चत्रिंशत्



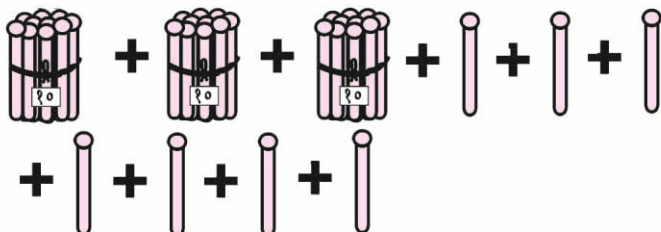
३६

षट्त्रिंशत्



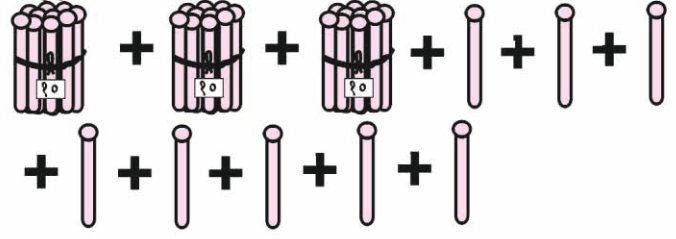
३७

सप्तत्रिंशत्



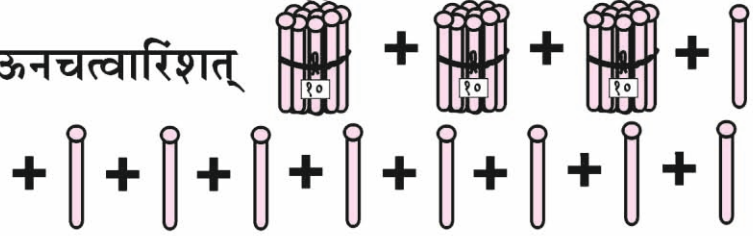
३८

अष्टात्रिंशत्



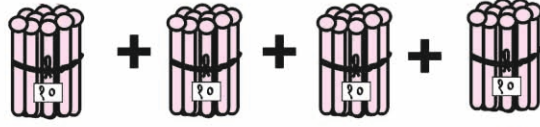
३९

नवत्रिंशत् / ऊनचत्वारिंशत्



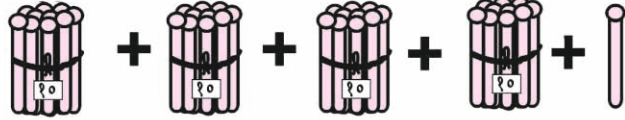
४०

चत्वारिंशत्



४१

एकचत्वारिंशत्



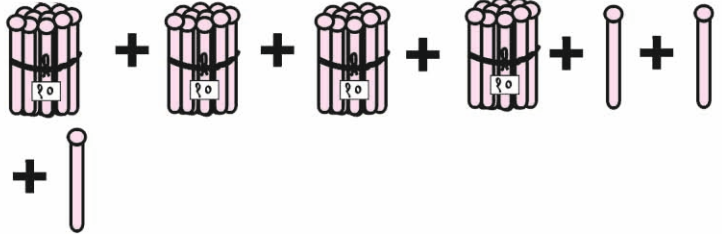
४२

द्विचत्वारिंशत्



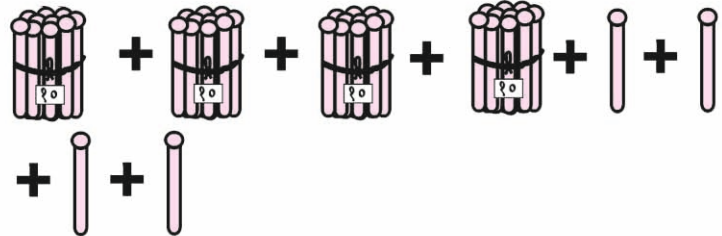
४३

त्रिचत्वारिंशत्



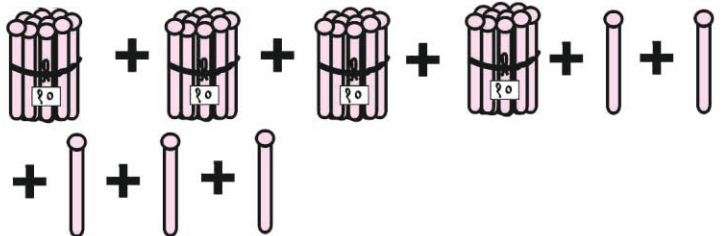
४४

चतुश्चत्वारिंशत्



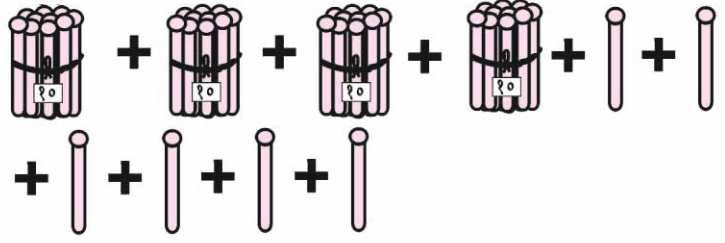
४५

पञ्चचत्वारिंशत्



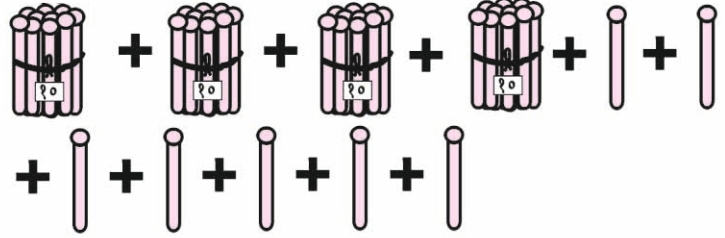
४६

षट्चत्वारिंशत्



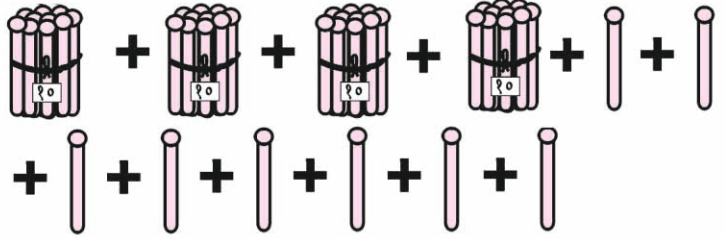
४७

सप्तचत्वारिंशत्



४८

अष्टचत्वारिंशत्



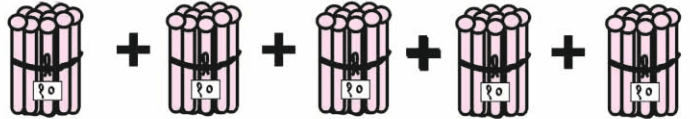
४९

नवचत्वारिंशत् / ऊनपञ्चाशत्



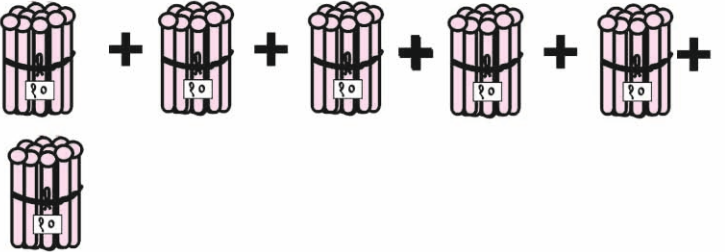
५०

पञ्चाशत्



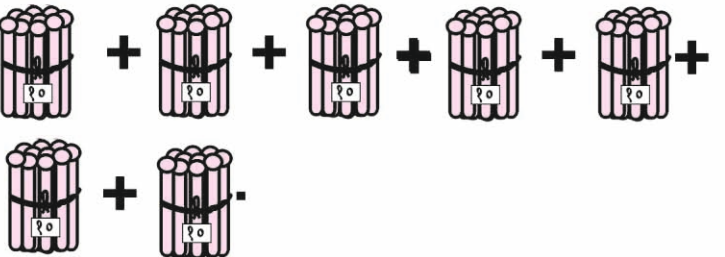
६०

षष्टिः



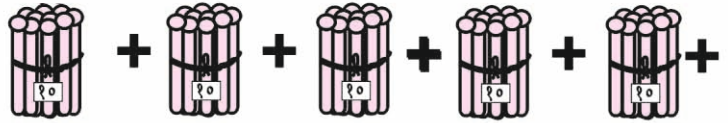
७०

सप्ततिः



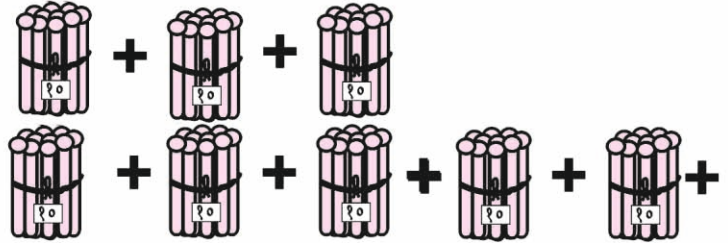
୮୦

ଅଶୀତି:



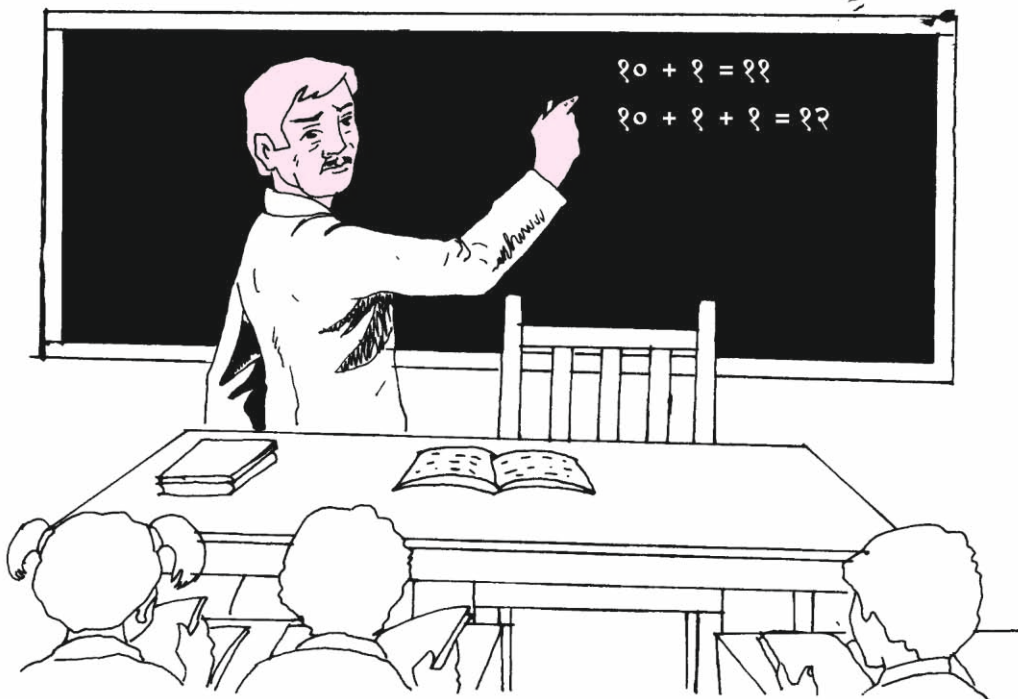
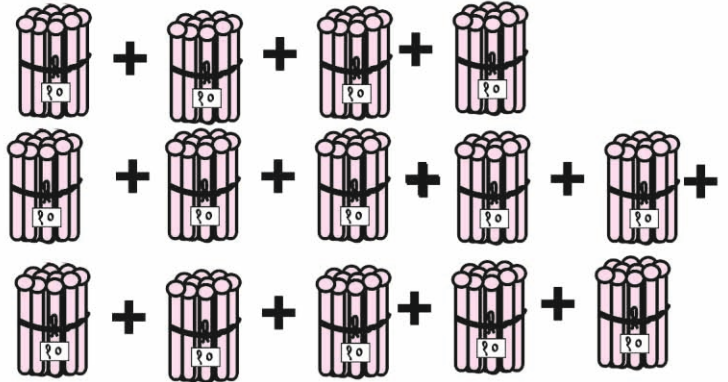
୧୦

ନବତି:



୧୦୦

ଶତମ୍



ନୌଷ୍ଟକ - ସଂସ୍କୃତରେ ୨୧ରୁ ୩୦ ବା ୩୧ରୁ ୪୦ ବା ୪୧ରୁ ୫୦ ପର୍ଯ୍ୟନ୍ତ ସଂଖ୍ୟା କୁହ ।

ପଠତୁ ଅବଗଚ୍ଛତୁ - ପଢ଼ ବୁଝ

୧	ଏକମ୍
୧୦	ଦଶ
୧୦୦	ଶତମ୍
୧୦୦୦	ସହସ୍ରମ୍
୧୦୦୦୦	ଅୟୁତମ୍
୧୦୦୦୦୦	ଲକ୍ଷମ୍
୧୦୦୦୦୦୦	ନିୟୁତମ୍
୧୦୦୦୦୦୦୦	କୋଟି:
୧୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦	ଅର୍ବୁଦମ୍
୧୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦	ବୃନ୍ଦମ୍
୧୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦	ଖର୍ବ:
୧୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦	ନିଖର୍ବ:
୧୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦	ଶଞ୍ଜ:
୧୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦	ପଦ୍ମ:
୧୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦	ସାଗର:
୧୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦	ଅନ୍ତ୍ୟମ୍
୧୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦	ମଧ୍ୟମ୍
୧୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦୦	ପରାର୍ଦ୍ଧମ୍

ଶ୍ଳୋକଂ ପଠତୁ ସ୍ମରତୁ - (ଶ୍ଳୋକ ପଢ଼ ଓ ମନେରଖ)

ଏକଂ ଦଶ ଶତଂ ଚୈବ ସହସ୍ରମୟୁତଂ ତଥା
 ଲକ୍ଷଂ ଚ ନିୟୁତଂ ଚୈବ କୋଟିରର୍ବୁଦମେବ ଚ ।
 ବୃନ୍ଦଂ ଖର୍ବଂ ନିଖର୍ବଂ ଶଞ୍ଜଃ ପଦ୍ମଂ ସାଗରଃ
 ଅନ୍ତ୍ୟଂ ମଧ୍ୟଂ ପରାର୍ଦ୍ଧଂ ଚ ଦଶ ବୃଦ୍ଧ୍ୟା ଯଥାକ୍ରମମ୍ ।

ଶିକ୍ଷକଂ ପ୍ରତି

ପଦର ଶେଷରେ, ବାକ୍ୟର ଶେଷରେ ଏବଂ ସ୍ୱରବର୍ଣ୍ଣ ପୂର୍ବରୁ 'ମ୍' ରହିବ । ବ୍ୟଞ୍ଜନ ବର୍ଣ୍ଣ ପୂର୍ବରୁ ଅନୁସ୍ୱାର(ଂ) ରହିବ । ବିଦ୍ୟାର୍ଥୀମାନଙ୍କୁ ଏହି ବିଷୟରେ ଉଦାହରଣ ଦେଇ ଅବଗତ କରାଇବେ ।

ଯଥା - ମଧୁରମ୍, ଏକମ୍, ଏକଂ ପଲମ୍, ପଲମ୍ ଆନୟ, ଜଳଂ ପିବାମି

अभ्यासः (थळपाव)



१- कति सन्ति, अक्षरेण लिखतु

यथा - १ एकं फलम्

१. _____ मस्तकम्

२. _____ फले

३. _____ पुस्तकानि

५. _____ अङ्गुलयः

९. _____ ग्रहाः

७. _____ दिवसाः

३२. _____ दन्ताः

१०. _____ अवताराः

१२. _____ मासाः

२४. _____ सोपानानि

२. मातृभाषया अर्थं लिखतु (मातृभाषाकेरु अर्थं लेख)।

अष्टाविंशतिः वानराः

पञ्चत्रिंशत् पत्राणि

चत्वारिंशत् बालिकाः

षट्चत्वारिंशत् पुत्तलिकाः (कलेख)

द्विपञ्चाशत् स्तम्भाः

୩. ଅଢ଼େନ ଲିଖତୁ - ସଂଖ୍ୟାରେ ଲେଖ

❖ ଏକାଦଶ -

❖ ଅଷ୍ଟାଦଶ -

❖ ବିଂଶତି: -

❖ ଚତୁର୍ବିଂଶତି: -

❖ ସପ୍ତବିଂଶତି: -

❖ ତ୍ରିଚତ୍ୱାରିଂଶତ -

❖ ନବଚତ୍ୱାରିଂଶତ -

❖ ଏକପଞ୍ଚାଶତ -

❖ ଦ୍ୱିଷଷ୍ଠି: -

❖ ସପ୍ତଷଷ୍ଠି: -

୪. ଶ୍ଚମ୍ଭଂ ଯୋଜୟନ୍ତୁ ଶ୍ଚମ୍ଭ ନିଲନ କର

କ

ଅଷ୍ଟାଦଶ

ଦ୍ୱାବିଂଶତି:

ତ୍ରୟସିଂଶତ

ପଞ୍ଚାବିଂଶତି:

ସପ୍ତତ୍ରିଂଶତ

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୩୩

୫. କତି ମୁଦ୍ରା: ସନ୍ତି କଥୟତୁ (କେକେ ଟଙ୍କା ଥିଛି କୁହ)

କ)



ଗ)



ଖ)



ଘ)