

Understanding Our Criminal Justice System

Question 1.

Under which Article of the Constitution every person has the Fundamental Right to be defended by a lawyer.

- (a) Art 35
- (b) Art 35a
- (c) Article 22
- (d) Art 27

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (c) Article 22

Question 2.

Who are the players in the criminal justice system?

- (a) Police
- (b) Public Prosecutor
- (c) Judge
- (d) All of the above

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (d) All of the above

Question 3.

Who among them represent the interests of the State?

- (a) Judge
- (b) Police
- (c) Lawyer
- (d) Public Prosecutor

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (d) Public Prosecutor

Question 4.

What is the of FIR?

- (a) First Information Report
- (b) First Investigation Report
- (c) First Informing Report
- (d) None of the above

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (a) First Information Report

Question 5.

A criminal offence is regarded as

- (a) Public wrong
- (b) Public welfare
- (c) Private wrong
- (d) Public safety

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (a) Public wrong

Question 6.

What are the players in criminal justice system?

- (a) Police
- (b) Public Prosecutor
- (c) Defence Lawyer
- (d) All the above

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (d) All the above

The four players in criminal justice system are Police, Public Prosecutor, Defence Lawyer and the judge.

Question 7.

Which is not the responsibility of the public prosecutor?

- (a) To represent the interest of the state.
- (b) Also represents the interest of the witness.
- (c) Has to act impartially
- (d) The prosecutor must conduct the prosecution

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (b) Also represents the interest of the witness.

Public prosecutor represents the interest of the state. He must conduct the prosecution. He has to act impartially.

Question 8.

Which is not applicable in Open court?

- (a) The police cannot be present during the proceedings.
- (b) What is held in the presence of the accused
- (c) People can see the whole proceedings
- (d) Hearing of the case in front of viewers

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (a) The police cannot be present during the proceedings.

In the Fair Trial Charge sheet filed by the police and the court gives the copy to the

accused and case are discussed in the Open court, where everyone can hear the case and on Basis of evidence judgment are taken.

Question 9.

Which of them is not true about the F.I.R.?

- (a) The police begin the investigation after the registration of F.I.R.
- (b) The complainant may/may not sign the F.I.R.
- (c) There is a prescribed form to register an F.I.R.
- (d) The F.I.R. mentions the date, time, and place of the offence

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (b) The complainant may/may not sign the F.I.R.

It is with the registration of an FIR that the police can begin their investigations into a crime. The F.I.R. mentions the date, time, and place of the offence. There is a prescribed form to register an F.I.R.

Question 10.

Why did Sub-inspector Rao kept Sushil in the police custody for two days?

- (a) The police forcibly kept Sushil in custody. He was not presented with a memo.
- (b) Sushil was abused.
- (c) They forcibly tried to extract a confession from him.
- (d) He was beaten.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (c) They forcibly tried to extract a confession from him.

It was not legal to arrest sushil in the police custody for two days and they forcibly tried to extract a confession from him.

Question 11.

Who was the sub-inspector to arrest shanti?

- (a) Mr. shinde
- (b) Mr. Rao
- (c) Mr. Sushil
- (d) None of these

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (b) Mr. Rao

When Shanti was arrested for theft, sub-inspector Rao kept her brother Sushil in the police custody for two days.

Question 12.

What are the importance of the court of law in our legal system?

- (a) Provide Documents
- (b) Provide Justice

- (c) Provide Wealth
- (d) None of these

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (b) Provide Justice

Courts play an important role in our legal system as they are the one who provides justice and see to it that person who has been accused of committed crime is guilty or not.

Question 13.

What is an Offence?

- (a) Act defines as relief
- (b) Act defines as punishment
- (c) Act defines as a Crime
- (d) None of these

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (c) Act defines as a Crime

This refers to the act that the law defines as a crime.

Question 14.

Which of the following is not mention in the four players in criminal justice system?

- (a) Police
- (b) Villagers
- (c) Judge
- (d) Defence lawyer

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (b) Villagers

The Police, The Defence Lawyer, The Public Prosecutor and The Judge are the four players in criminal justice system.

Question 15.

What are civil cases?

- (a) Cases of private right
- (b) Cases of crime offence
- (c) Cases of Parliament
- (d) None of these

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (a) Cases of private right

Cases connected with private rights are called civil cases. Breach of contract, matrimonial cases, etc. are examples of civil cases.

[Write true \(T\) or false \(F\)](#)

1. The judge is like an umpire in a game and conducts the trial impartially and in an open court.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: True

2. According to Article 22 criminal law guarantee to every arrested person Fundamental Rights. One of which is the Right to be informed at the time arrest of the offence for which the person is being arrested.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: True

3. A boy under 20 yrs of age and women cannot be called to the police station only for questioning.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: False

4. According to D.K. Basu guidelines, the police officials who carry out the arrest or interrogation should wear clear, accurate and visible identification and name tags with their designations.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: True

5. Article 39A of the Constitution says that every person has a Fundamental Right to be defended by a lawyer.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: True

[Match the following](#)

1.

Column-I	Column-II
1. Prosecutor	(a) Player in the criminal justice system.
2. Art 39A	(b) Cognizable offence
3. The Public Prosecutor	(c) on behalf of the state

4. FIR (d) State provides lawyer

▼ Answer

Answer:

Column-I	Column-II
1. Prosecutor	(c) on behalf of the state
2. Art 39A	(d) State provides lawyer
3. The Public Prosecutor	(a) Player in the criminal justice system.
4. FIR	(b) Cognizable offence

Fill in the blanks

1. The judge hears all the witnesses and any other presented by the and the defence.

▼ Answer

Answer: evidence, prosecution

2. The FIR also states the name and address of the

▼ Answer

Answer: Complainant

3. The and the law both state the every person should carry out their roles in a proper manner.

▼ Answer

Answer: Constitution

4. It was the responsibility of the to prove beyond reasonable doubt that Shanti was not guilty.

▼ Answer

Answer: Prosecution

5. A boy under of age and women cannot be called to the police station only for questioning.

▼ Answer

Answer: 15 yrs.
