# **Entrepreneurship XII Model Test Paper 2024-25**

Class-12 <sup>th</sup>	(Sr. Sec	cond	ary)				Code-A
Roll No.						]	
					(]	English Medium)	
						Academic/Open	

Time Allowed: 3 Hours Maximum Marks- 60

- Please make sure that the printed pages in this question paper are --in numbers and it contains 30 questions.
- The Code no. on the right side of question-paper should be written by the candidate on the front page of the answer book.
- Before beginning to answer a question, its Serial Number must be written.
- Don't leave blank page/pages in your answer book.
- Except answer book, no extra sheet will be given, write to the point and do not strike the written answer.
- Candidate must write their Roll No on the question paper.
- Before answering the questions, ensure that you have been supplied the correct and complete question paper, not claim in this regard, will be enterained after examination.

#### **General Instruction:-**

- i. All questions are compulsory.
- ii. Write the correct option in objective type questions.
- iii. Marks of each question are indicated against it.
- iv. The question paper contains 4 section A,B,C and D.
- v. Section A Contains Multiple choice questions.

### (Section - A)

1x15=15

- Q.1 Which is the first stage of process of innovation?
  - a. Idea generation
  - b. Implementation
  - c. Preparation
  - d. Creativity
- Q2. High introductory price is related to
  - a. Pricing objectives
  - b. Penetration pricing
  - c. Price skimming
  - d. Cost plus pricing strategy

Q3.	Given below are the factors necessary for developing a successful idea. Identify the correct combination from the following options.  a. Skills and Knowledge  b. Trend and demand  c. Skills, knowledge and competencies  d. Trend, demand and change
Q4.	Who plays a very vital role as a financial intermediary?  a. Primary market  b. Capital market  c. Stock market  d. Securities and Exchange Board of India
Q5.	Which of the following is not a component of product mix?  a. Branding  b. Labeling  c. Packing  d. Promotion
Q6.	The Entrepreneurs have an option to brand their product alpha numerically as it signifies  a. Chemical characteristics b. Physical characteristics c. Neutral characteristics d. Mathematical characteristics
Q7.	feature of partnership states that any partner can act on behalf of the firm.
Q8.	Managing a third party who is supplying various resources is related to
Q9.	Labour Policies are factor?
Q11.	Define innovation? Define OPC? What do you mean by venture capital?
Ų12.	That do you moun by Tomato capital:

Q13. Assertion (A) – Minors cannot form a partnership firm.

Reason (R) - Minors are incompetent to enter into a valid contract.

Choose the best option from the followings?

- a. Both assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason(R) is the correct explanation for assertion A.
- b. Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation for A.
- c. A is true but R is false.
- d. R is true but A is false.
- Q14. Assertion (A) Advertising is a paid form of communication.

Reason (R) – successful advertising makes the products and services positively known by that reaction of the public most likely to purchase them.

- a) Both assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and R is the correct explanation for assertion A.
- b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation for A.
- c) A is true but R is false.
- d) R is true but A is false.
- Q15. Assertion (A) A franchise agreement is the official documents.

Reason (R) – Franchising opportunities have often evolved from changes in the environment as well as important social trends.

- a) Both assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and R is the correct explanation for assertion A.
- b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation for A.
- c) A is true but R is false.
- d) R is true but A is false.

## (Section - B)

2x6 = 12

Q16. How does social environment effect the business?

OR

What do you mean by Business opportunity?

- Q17. What do you mean by Trend Spotting?
- Q18. Write any two differences between partnership and company?
- Q19. What do you mean by skimming or Creaming pricing?

OR

Write the types of Franchising?

- Q20. What do you mean by inventory control?
- Q21. Define Angel Investor?

## (Section - C)

3x6 = 18

- Q22. Why organization make a business plan?
- Q23. Name any three idea fields?
- Q24. Write short note on organizational plan?
- Q25. Explain any three importance of sales promotion?

OR

Write short note on vendor management?

- Q26. Write any three features of partnership?
- Q27. What do you mean by Net working capital? Give examples of current assets?

OR

Write any three methods of floatation of securities in primary market?

(Section - D)

5x3 = 15

Q28. Explain the steps of creativity process?

OR

What is the need for a business plan. Elaborate on various formats in presenting a business plan to prospective investors?

Q29. What do you mean by Negotiation?

Explain methods of Negotiations.

OR

Franchising is advantageous for both franchisor and franchisee. Explain five advantages of franchising for franchisee?

Q30. Define stock exchange. Explain various functions of stock exchange?

OR

Explain the factor affecting working capital?

## Marking Scheme Class – XII Subject – Entrepreneurship

Time- 3Hours M.M.-60

#### General Instructions-

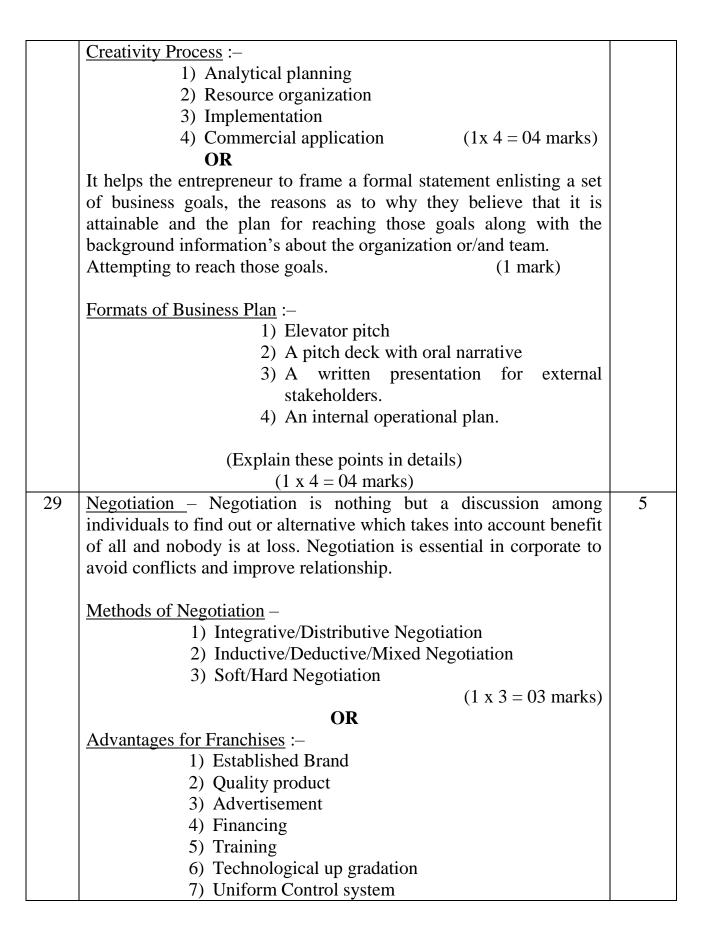
- The Question paper is divided into parts. There is no overall choice, though the internal choice is given in selected sections.
- Section A has 15 Objective questions carrying 1 mark each.
- Section B has 6 questions carrying 2 marks each. Answers may be within 50 to 75 words
- Section C has 6 questions carrying 3 marks each answers may be about 100 words
- Section D has 3 questions carrying 5 marks each. Answer may be about 150 words.

Q.	Answers	Marks
No.		
1	(d) Creativity	1
2	(c) Price Skimming	1
3	(a) Skills, knowledge and competencies	1
4	(b) Capital Market	1
5	(d) promotion	1
6	(b) physical charactertics	1
7	Implied Authority/ Innovation	1
8	Vendor Management	1
9	Economic Factor	1
10	<u>Innovation</u> – Innovation is the application of creative solution to	1
	problems or opportunities to enhance or to enrich people's live. In	
	simple words, application of new inventions is called innovation.	
11	OPC – One person Company means a company with only one	1
	person as its member	
12	Venture Capital is defined as money provided by professional who	1
	invest alongside management in new young rapidly growing	
	companies that have the potential to develop into significant	
	economic contributors.	
13	(a) both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the	1
	correct explanation for Assertion (A).	
14	(a) both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true. And Reason (R) is	1
	the correct explanation for Assertion (A)	

15	(b) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true but Reason (R) is not the correct explanation for Assertion (A).					
16	Society is the base of business. Businessman must known about the taste and preferences of the people living in the society. The businessman can not overlook the components of social-environment as these components may not have immediate impact on the business but in the long run the social-environment has great impact on the business.  OR  Business Opportunity — Business opportunity can e defined as an economic idea which can be converted into business enterprise to					
	earn p	rofit.				
	Problem Opportunity Grabbing the opportunity first Success in Business					
17	Trend Spotting —  Trend Spotting means identification of new trends.  This will help the entrepreneur to understand the market and produce the goods or services as per new trends.					
18	produc	ce the goods of	services as per new t	ionas.	2	
	Sr. NO.	Basic of Comparison	Partnership	company		
	1.	Formation	Easy to form, registration is optional	Lengthy & expensive formation, registration is compulsory		
	2.	Liability	Unlimited Liability	Limited Liability		
19	Skimming/Creaming pricing — Under this strategy, a high introductory price is charged for an innovative product and later on the price is reduced when more marketers enter the market with the same type of product.				2	
			OR			
	Types	of Franchising	=			
	A. Product Franchise B. Manufacturing Franchise					
			2. Business Franchise	iciiisc		

	D. Business Format Franchise	
20	<u>Inventory Control</u> – Inventory control is a process of deciding what and how much of various items to be kept in stock. The basis objective of inventory control is to find out idle level of inventory so that there is no extra inventory and production level, does not suffer due to look of inventories.	2
21	<u>Angle Investor</u> – Angel Investor are wealthy investors who invest in entrepreneurial firms, usually during start up. They provide cash to young investors and take equity in return.	2
22.	Reasons for Making Business Plan:  1) Used for getting finance from banks or equity funding.  2) Helps the director to make capital investment decisions.  3) Evaluation of all elements of business.  4) Provide standards	3
23	Name of Idea fields:  1) Natural Resources 2) Existing product or services 3) Market drive and Demand drive ideas 4) Trading related ideas 5) Service sector ideas	3
24	Organizational Plan – Organizational Plan is the plan that gives complete idea the set up of the organization. Organizational plan includes the following elements:-  1) Forms of Ownership 2) Identifications and complete details about business associate 3) Administrative structure, level of mgt. etc. 4) Identification of management team	3
25	Importance of Sales promotion – Sales promotion techniques are very useful because they being :—  1) Short and immediate effect on Sale. 2) Stock clearance is possible with sales promotion	3

	3) Sales promotion techniques help to win over the competitor  OR  Vendor Management – Vendor management means managing third party who are supplying various resources including human resources to organization. Vendor management make sure that third parties meet the goal of service, quality and cost-optimization. Few consideration of Vendor Management are :—  i. Establishing goals  ii. Selecting Vendors  iii. Managing Vendors  iv. Consistently meet goals	
26	Features of partnership:  i. Formation ii. Liability iii. Risk Bearing iv. Decision Making v. Continuity vi. Number of partner vii. Mutual Agency Relationship  (Explain any 3)	3
27	Net working Capital – This refers to excess of current assests over current liabilities.  Example of current assets :- Cash, B/R, Prepaid Expenses, Inventories etc.  OR  Methods of flotation of securities in Primary Market :-  1) Public issue through prospector (Explain any 03) 2) Offer for sale 3) Private placement 4) Right issue	
28	<u>Creativity</u> – Creativity is the ability to develop new ideas and to discover new ways of looking at a problem and opportunities. It refers to "Thinking new things" or "Doing things differently"	5



	8) Better Start	
	(explain these points in details)	
30	Stock Exchange: — An organization or body of individual, whether	
	incorporated or not, established for the purpose of assisting,	
	regulating and controlling of business in buying, selling and dealing	
	in securities. (01 marks)	
	<u>Functions</u> –	
	1) Economic barometer	
	2) Pricing of Securities	
	3) Safety of transactions	
	4) Constributes to economic growth	
	5) Providing scope for specialization	
	6) Liquidity	
	7) Better allocation of capital	
	(explain any 04 point) $(1 \times 4 = 04 \text{ marks})$	
	OR	
	Factors effecting working capital –	
	1) Length of operating cycle	
	2) Nature of Business	
	3) Scale of Operation	
	4) Business cycle fluctuation	
	5) Seasonal factors	
	6) Technology and Production cycle	
	7) Credit allowed	
	8) Credit avail	
	9) Operating efficiency	
	10) Availability of Raw Material	
	11) Level of competition	
	12) Inflation	
	13) Growth prospects	
	(Explain any 10 points) ( $10 \times \frac{1}{2} = 05 \text{ marks}$ )	