	એ. જી. હાઈસ્કૂલ અને જી. એન્ડ ડી. પરીખ હાયર સેકન્ડરી સ્કૂલ							
			નવરંગપુરા, અમદાવાદ - ૩૮૦ ૦૦૯. યોથુ રોમેસ્ટર પરીક્ષા – ૨૦૧૪					
मे लिया या विपुर्ति	તારીખ	: २०-०२-२०९	૧૪ ધોરશ ઃ ૧૨	સમય ઃ ૩ઃ૦૦ કલાક				
⁹⁹⁷ या वि ⁹ 5	વાર	: શુક્રવાર	વિષય : અંગ્રેજી (એસ.એલ.)	ગુણ :૧૦૦				
PART-A				05 MARKS				

Instructions :-

- 1. There are total 100 questions in this question paper.
- Each question carries 1 mark. 2.
- All questions are compulsory. 3.
- The OMR sheet is given for answering the questions. The answer of each question is 4. represented by (A) O, (B) O, (C) O, (D) O. Darken the circle O of the correct answer with ball-pen.

Read the following extracts and answer the questions selecting the most appropriate options given below them : [Questions : 1 to 24]

"That scratching noise in the kitchen. Did you remember to close the back door ?" She asked accusingly. "My dear, Mandakini !" This time I heard it too a scratching followed by coughing grunt. I paled (as much as a dark, complexion could pale). My sister clutched my arm. "My ! it's wild animal," she whispered.

1.	What noise did Mandakini's sister hear too?

- Whispering **(B)** Scratching (A)
- Laughing (C) (D) Shouting
- "My sister, clutched my arm" means that 2. she had became brave
 - **(B)** she had become unstable
 - (C) she feared a lot
- (D) she was encouraged

I was one of many children - a short boy with rather undistinguished looks, born to tall and handsome parents. We lived in our ancestral house, which was built in the middle of the 19th century. It was fairly large pucca house, made of limestone, and brick, on the Mosque street in Rameshwaram.

- Undistinguished looks of a shortly boy and parents are tall and handsome which 3. is great
 - similiarity (A) **(B)** contradiction
 - resemblence (D) (C) commonness
- Ancestral house means 4.

(A)

- house made in ancient time (A)
- house got from relatives (C)
- **(B)** house inherited by ancesters
- house made of self-efforts (D)

And so two years passed since I had not Mr. Franks. Then one day, just before school was to break up for the winter vacations, I got a letter from Daddy. He had been transferred to Delhi, and I was to complete my last two years of school there. He would be coming to lucknow the following week to complete formalities at my school and to take me home.

I was very sad when I read Daddy's letter. I thought of my school & my friend & knew I would feel terrible leaving them.

- 5. What news did the writer get from her father?
 - (A) The school was to break up for the winter vacation.
 - (B) Her father had been transferred to Delhi.
 - (C) She was to complete her last two years of school in Lucknow.
 - (D) Mr. Franks was no more.
- 6. Why was the writer sad when she read her father's letter?
 - (A) It was very difficult for her to leave her school & friends.
 - (B) The school was to break up for the winter vacation.
 - (C) Her father was not coming Lucknow to take her.
 - (D) None of these

Frightening though it may sound, it has to be faced ! So lets think of what we would do to be able to give a "good" interview. You must konw the answers to all or at least, most of the questions, and that means preparation. But simply knowing what to say is not enough ! How you say it is equally important. Besides, how you look, behave, react is also very important. Because an interview is an assessment of your personality as well as of your knowledge.

- 7. To give a "good" interview you must know ____
 - (A) the answer to all or at least most of the questions.
 - (B) how to answer the questions.
 - (C) Who is taking an interview
 - (D) Both (A) & (B)
- 8. An interview is
 - (A) an assessment of personality & knowledge of the interviewers.
 - (B) an assessment of personality & knowledge of the interviewee.
 - (C) an assessment of the memory power.
 - (D) All of these.

The sixty-one-year-old Gobinda had a large family to support; this included a son who had a wife and two children. He had turned out to be an irresponsible drifter who spent his days away from the house fishing idly for shrimp and carp in the Mahanadi. The second had been taken in as an apprentice in a paper mill. There remained only the youngest, a mere thirteen-year-old. Out of the three he alone showed promise of taking up the ancestral profession, thus restoring a measure of calm to the father's mind.

- 9. What did Gobinda's eldest son do?
 - (A) Wondering

(B) fishing idly for shrimp and carp

(C) stay on Mahanadi

- (D) None of these
- 10. Who had accepted Gobinda's ancestral profession?
 - (A) the eldest son

- (B) the middle son
- (C) the youngest son (D) his wife

But the challange lies in identifying good teachers & the lessons to be generated and in using innovative technique to explain geography, science, mathematics and so on.

Since EDUSAT has regional beams for the southern, northern, northeastern; and western regions of the country, teaching can be done in the languages of various states.

- What kind of 'techniques' are required? 11.
 - innovative techniques (A)
 - (C) innovation techniques
- **(B)** geography
- (D) science, maths
- 12. Which regions are indicated here?
 - Southern (A) (C) Northeastern

- **(B)** Northern
- All of them (D)

The Army Marksmanship Unit (AMU) of Infantry School, Mhow celebrated in grand way the first Olympic Silver Medal won by its officer Major Rajyavardhan Singh Rathore in double trap shooting in Athens.

"The entire brass of the unit rejoice over the success of one of their own last night and also called up Major Rathore posted here as Officer-in-charge (OIC) of the shotgun team to congratulate him on his historic big bore rifle team." Major G. S. Dhillon said today.

The commandant of the infantry school Gen. D. P. Singh also praised Rathore on his remarkable feat.

- 13.. In which Olympic event did Major Rathore participate?
 - Single trap shooting (A)
- Double trap shooting **(B)**
- Triple trap shooting (C)

Which post was given to Major Rathore? 14.

- Office in Charge of Shot gun team (B) (A) Olympic team
- None of these In charge team (C) (D)

The name of Nana Sahib will always be remembered by the poeple of free India. He was one of the greatest patriots and fighters for the freedom of India. He was the adopted son of Peshwa Baji Rao who was a pensioner of the British Government, from childhood he thought of the freedom of Bharat Varsha. It was uppermost, in his mind. Peshwa Baji Rao gave him the best of training in arms & manly pursuits. After the death of Baji Rao the British Government stopped the pension of eight lacs of rupees given to him. Nana Saheb left no stones unturned in pressing his case for the pension but to no rupee.

(B)

(D)

Who will be remembered by the people of free India? 15.

- (A) Peshwa Baji Rao
- Bharat Varsha (C)
- Who was Nana Sahib? 16.
 - A son of Peshwa Rao (A)
 - The king of Madras (C)
- Who was Peshwa Baji Rao? 17.
 - A pensioner of the British Government (A)
 - A prisoner of the British Government. **(B)**
 - A prince of the British Government. (C)
 - Both (A) & (B) (D)

British government

- **(B)** An dadpoted son of Peshwa Baji Rao
- Maratha King (D)

Nana Sahib

- (D)
 - Both (A) & (C)

18.	How	many rupees were given as a pensi-	on?	
	(A)	five lacs	(B)	eight lacs
	(C)	eighty lacs	(D)	eighteen lacs
19.	Nana	got the training in childhood		-
	(A)	horse riding	(B)	arms and manly pursuits
	(C)	sword-expert	(D)	arrow-expert

Derf felt very excited. He had never seen this before. A computer break down, Yes ! but computer ignorance, no !

Dert started to feed lots of silly question into his computer. It couldn't answer them. He had the questions faster & faster, why? Where? How? When? Which?

The computer worked faster & faster. It clicked and hummed But it couldn't do the work. In the end, its light went off, and it printed out its last message. Derf read it. Computer breakdown - Please repair.

Derf smiled. He had won a victory. It was a small victory, but it was a beginning.

(B)

(D)

- 20. Why was Derf excited?
 - (A) due to unseen state of computer
 - (C) computer language was strange
- 21. The word 'ignorance' suggests
 - (A) the state of being ignorant
 - (C) the quality of ignorance
- 22. How and what kind of questions Derf fed to computer?
 - (A) rapidly and informative
 - (C) slowly and intelligent
- 23. What was the result of feeding question fast?
 - (A) computer couldn't work
 - (C) computer replied all question
- 24. What was a victory for the Derf?
 - (A) computer worked fast
 - (C) computer received message

- (B) the action of ignoring
- (D) the synonym of knowledge

Computer stopped working

due to computer's working

- (B) with ill at ease
- (D) faster & silly
- (B) computer work fast
- (D) computer received message
- (B) computer replied all questions
- (D) computer breakdown

Read the following stanzas and answer the questions selecting the most appropriate options given below them : [Questions : 25 to 30]

"Dont you see, Mr. Brown,"

- cried the youth, with a frown,
- "How wrong the whole thing is
- How preposterous each wing is,
- How flattened the head is, how jammed down the neck is -

In short, the whole owl, what an ignorant wreek 'tis !

I make no apology;

I've learned owl eology.

I have passed days and nights in hundred collections,

And cannot be blinded to any deflections.

12 (S	cience) : 5	; .	Sub.: English (SL)
Wha	t did the critic say about the speciali	zation	in the study of owls ?
(A)			-
(C)		• •	
Whic	ch of the following faults is not poin		
(A)	wing is preposterous		
(C)	head is very big	· · ·	head is flattened
The o		· · ·	
(A)	ignorant wreek		unskillful
(C)	the laughing-stock		blind
The v	word 'deflection' means -		
(A)	turning away from the main track	(B)	do not leave the main track
(C)	being blind	(D)	None of these
	I like noise,		
		100f.	
			n.
What			
	disturbs the brain	•	whoop
	numbs the brain	• •	beating drum
` '		• •	Ç.
(A)	rattle of train	(B)	
(C)	throb of machinery	(D)	
	 (A) (C) Which (A) (C) The of (A) (C) What (A) (C) Findo 	 What did the critic say about the specialit (A) he has learned owl apology (C) he has learned owl-eology Which of the following faults is not poin (A) wing is preposterous (C) head is very big The cricit says that the person who stuffed (A) ignorant wreek (C) the laughing-stock The word 'deflection' means - (A) turning away from the main track (C) being blind I like noise, The whoop of a boy, the thud of a H The rattle of rain on a galvanized r The throb of machinery numbing th The switching of wires in an overh What is the effect of the noise produced the (A) disturbs the brain (C) numbs the brain 	What did the critic say about the specialization (A) he has learned owl apology (B) (C) he has learned owl-eology (D) Which of the following faults is not pointed out (A) wing is preposterous (B) (C) head is very big (D) The cricit says that the person who stuffed the of (A) ignorant wreek (B) (C) the laughing-stock (D) The word 'deflection' means - (A) turning away from the main track (B) (C) being blind (D) I like noise, The whoop of a boy, the thud of a hoof, The rattle of rain on a galvanized roof, The hubhub of traffic, the roar of a train, The throb of machinery numbing the brai The switching of wires in an overhead tra What is the effect of the noise produced by mac (A) disturbs the brain (B) (C) numbs the brain (D) Findout the similar word for 'noise of vehicles' f

"Friends, Canada has become (31) independent in 1867. The name Canada comes from the word Kanada who (32) means village or 'Community'. A few of we (33) are immigrants which has (34) came from Britain & France. Our Emblem is including (35) three red maple leaves.

31.	(A)	has became	(B)	become	(C)	becomes	(D)	became
32.	(A)	what	(B)	that	(C)	when	(D)	which
33.	(A)	A few of us	(B)	A litte of us	(C)	Few of us	(D)	little of us
34.	(A)	Who has	(B)	Who have	(C)	Which have	(D)	Whom have
35.	(A)	included	(B)	is included	(C)	includes	(D)	include

Complete the following passage by selecting the most appropriate form of verbs for the blanks from those given below it . [Questions : 36 - 40]

Look, they (36) (write) exercise very sincerely. I'm sorry. I (37) (lose) your pen today. Please don't (38A) me, (38B) (Make + Search) in my room. Who (39) (hide) my bag? He (40) (have) his lunch when I reached home.

3 (a	. 12 (5	cience)			6:			Sub.: English
36.	(A)	is writing	(B)	were writin	ng (C)	are writing	(D)	are being writte
37.	(A)	have losed	(B)	is lost	(C)	am lost		have lost
38.	(A)	make search	-		(B)	to make sear	· · ·	
	(C)	make to sear	ch		(D)	to make to s	earch	
39.	(A)	had hidden			(B)	has hidden		
	(C)	has been hidd	len		(D)	have hidden		
40.	(A)	had	(B)	was had	(C)	was having	(D)	having
Com	plete t	he following p	assag	ge by selectin	ng the mo	ost appropria	te for	m of conjunctio
for t	he blar	iks from those	give	n below it .	[Questio	ns : 41 – 43]		
	Gand	lhiji used to say	all hi	s life <u>41</u>	peop	le of all religio	ns. Sh	ould help one
anoth	ner	42 this is t	he on	ly way to ma	ke India h	appy. <u>43</u>	no	body follows
-	rinciple		·					
41.	(A)	that	(B)		(C)	when	(D)	but
42.	(A)		(B)		(C)	and	(D)	so
43.	(A)	though	(B)	as	(C)	but	(D)	that
Repl	ace the	underlined w				e most appro	priate	e option given
belov	v the p	assage. [Que	stion : 44 – 4	46]			
		was looking for						ge. When she
reach		had cold feet (4						
44.	(A)	looking ahead			(B)	waiting eage	rly for	
	(C)	messageforwa			(D)	telling eager	ly _	
45.	(A)	was frightene			(B)	was sad		
	(C)	had frightened			(D)	had sad		
46.	(A)	cross the road	1		(B)	cross ahead		
	(C)	foundation			(D)	found	:	
Com	plete tl	e following p	assag	e by selection	ng the m	ost appropria	te fo	rm of word for
	ks from	those given b	elow	it. [Questi	ons : 47 -	- 50]		
		nould be <u>47</u>				<u>48</u> is cur	se for	India. If they
vant			ıst we	ork <u>50</u>	and n	nust not eat sta	le foc	od.
1 7.	(A)	Sympathetic			(B)	Sympathy	i.	
	(C)	Sympathise			(D)	Sympathetica	illy	
18.	(A)	poor			(B)	poverty		
	(C)	poorness			(D)	poverish		
19.	(A)	succeed			(B)	success	•	
	(C)	successive			(D)	successful		
50.	(A)	system			(B)	systemly		
	(C)	with system			(D)	systematicall	y	
			·					

*. . . .