

S-8-A

Roll No.

Total No. of Questions : 27]

[Total No. of Printed Pages : 4

XIAPBASZJD22

7708-A

POLITICAL SCIENCE

Time : 3 Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 100

(Very Very Short Answer Type Questions)

1 each

1. When was the last session of the Constituent Assembly of India held ?
2. Who is a Alien ?
3. What is natural equality ?
4. What is Greek notion of politics ?
5. What is a class ?

(Very Short Answer Type Questions)

2 each

6. Discuss any two objectives of our Constitution as embodied in the preamble.
7. What is amendment by special majority ?
8. Describe the Marxian perspective of politics.
9. Why do we need political theory ? Give any two reasons.
10. Write any two factors making a Constitution effective.

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Turn Over

S-8-A

(Short Answer Type Questions)

4 each

11. Mention any *four* grounds for inclusion of citizenship of a state.
12. How does violence promote peace ?
13. What are the main features of development ?
14. What are the various forms of inequality ? Explain in brief.
15. Why is India a federal state with a strong unitary bias ? Explain.
16. How is the Lok Sabha comparatively more powerful than Rajya Sabha ?

Part-A

(Long Answer Type Questions)

5 each

17. How is the independence of Judiciary ensured in India ?

Or

What is the need for Judiciary ? Why do we need an independent Judiciary in India ?

18. Describe the importance of political philosophical approach of the Constitution.

Or

Describe the criticism levelled against the Indian Constitution.

19. Describe the negative and positive concepts of Liberty.

Or

Examine the adequate safeguards for maintenance of freedom.

20. Which of the following arguments could be used to justify state action to provide basic minimum conditions of life to all citizens ?
- (a) Providing free services to the poor and needy can be used to justified as an act of Charity.
 - (b) Some people are naturally lazy and we should be kind to them.
 - (c) Providing all citizens with a basic minimum standard of living is one way of ensuring equality of opportunity.
 - (d) Ensuring basic facilities and a minimum standard of living to all is a recognition of our shared humanity and a human right.
21. Describe the status of Local Government in India. How far has it been successful ?

Part-B

(Very Long Answer Type Questions)

6 each

22. How is Right to Freedom of Religion (Articles 25–28) a guarantee of secularism by the Indian Constitution ?

Or

Distinguish between Directive Principles and Fundamental Rights. How are they interrelated ?

23. Describe the methods of election adopted in India. Distinguish between FPTP system and Proportional system of Representation.

Or

What is the difference between the system of reservation of constituencies and the system of separate electorate ? Why did Constitution makers reject the latter ?

24. Describe the different types of executives prevalent in the world.

Or

Describe the power and position of the Indian President.

25. Rights place some limits on the authority of the state ? Explain with examples.

Or

Examine the various types of duties.

26. What are the features which constitute a nation ? How is a nation different from nationality ?

Or

What demands does a nation make on its citizens ? Explain.

27. What is Secularism ? What domains of life does it relate to ? Explain.

Or

Indian secularism focuses on more than the religion-state separation. Explain.