## $\underline{\text{Chapter} - 4}$

## Basic Geometrical Ideas

## $\underline{Worksheet-1}$

1.	A is an exact position or location on a plane surface.
	a. Point
	b. Line Segment
	c. Line
	d. Intersecting lines
2.	A line segment has endpoints.
	a. 0
	b. 1
	c. 2
	d. 3
3.	A line contains points in it.
	a. 0
	b. 1
	c. 100
	d. Infinite
4.	Intersecting lines have common points among them?
	a. 0
	b. 1
	c. 2
	d. 3
5.	Two or more parallel lines have common points among them?
	a. 0
	b. 1
	c. 2
	d. 3
6.	A ray has endpoints.
	a. 0
	b. 1
	c. 2
	d. 3

- 7. A curve which does not cross itself is called a
  - a. Simple curve
  - b. Non-simple curve
  - c. Closed curve
  - d. Open curve
- 8. A curve which crosses itself at least once is called a
  - a. Simple curve
  - b. Non-simple curve
  - c. Closed curve
  - d. Open curve
- 9. Match the column:

Column A	Column B
a. Square	i. Sum of length of its three
	sides.
b. Perimeter of triangle	ii. Same number of vertices
	as rectangle.
c. Internal angle of a rectangle	iii. Always constant.
d. Distance between two	iv. Equal to 90°
parallel lines	

- 10. State true or false in the following statements:
  - a. An angle is formed by two rays.
  - b. A triangle cannot have more than 3 vertices.
  - c. The sum of vertices of a triangle and a pentagon is 9.
  - d. Collinear points are always equidistant from each other.
- 11. What is a 'Line segment'?
- 12. What is a "Line"?
- 13. Describe 'Parallel lines' in detail?
- 14. What is the definition of a 'Curve'?
- 15. What is the meaning of 'Region of a curve'?
- 16. Make a list of polygons which have number of sides from 3 to 10?
- 17. What is a "Quadrilateral'?
- 18. What is a 'Circle'?
- 19. Explain 'Radius' of a circle?