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Formation of Words

Every Language of the world is a kind of well-knit and progressive huge family. Every word of that language is a member of that family. Therefore the development of the whole language depends upon the development of each word in it. Further, each word has its own family too, and its family also grows and develops by slow degrees. Every word has its origin in some Primary or Base Word. Many words are formed from each Primary word through a number of linguistic processes. Many new words are formed by the addition of Prefixes and Suffixes to the Primary words and their **Derivatives**, and these new words belong to different Parts of Speech and are of different Numbers and Genders. Thus, for example, Verbs, Adjectives, Adverbs, etc. can be formed from Nouns, and so on. The Vocabulary of a student can develop immensely by understanding and making use of these linguistic processes. Therefore, we give below a comprehensive list of Suffixes and Prefixes and the words formed

Prefixes are used before and **Suffixes** after the Primary words or their Derivatives to form new words.

Let us first take the **Suffixes**. These Suffixes are called **Conversion Suffixes** because they convert the Primary words into different **Parts of Speech** and their **kinds**—

Suffixes

(1) Noun Suffixes

(i) Noun to Noun

- an : Republican, Indian, Russian.

- ese : Chinese, Japanese.

- ist : Florist, socialist, royalist.

- ism : idealism, absenteeism, Buddh-

- eer : engineer, profiteer.

- ery, - ry: slavery, drudgery, machinery.

- ful : mouthful, handful, spoonful.

(ii) Common Noun to Abstract Noun

 - hood : womanhood, boyhood, priesthood, knighthood.

- dom : officialdom, martyrdom, wisdom

ship : kingship, friendship, membership, fellowship.

(iii) Adjective to Noun (Abstract)

- ness : Happiness, kindness, gentleness, greatness.

- ity : seniority, diversity, activity, superiority.

(iv) Other words to Noun (Abstract)

- t, th (With frequent changes in Vowels): high-height, thief-theft, dead-death, hot-heat.

(v) Verb to Noun

- er, or : driver, waiter, writer, actor, dic-

ant : consultant, informant, inhabitant, determinant.

- ee : payee, employee, nominee.

- action : dictation, citation, starvation, exploitation.

ment : judgement, postponement, payment, government.

al : arrival, dismissal, disposal, proposal.

- ing : painting, drawing, gardening, drinking.

- age : cartage, postage, usage, carriage.

(vi) Nouns made by change of Vowel or Consonant in the Verb

breathe-breath; lose-loss; lend-loan; feed-food; think-thought.

(2) Verb Suffixes

Noun / Adjective to Verb

- (i) ify : beautify, classify, modify, simplify, terrify.
 - ize : sympathize, humanize, memorize, idealize.
 - **en** : quicken, widen, heighten, strengthen.
- (ii) **Prefixes be-, en-, em-:** embitter, empower, enrage, encourage, bemoan, belittle.

(3) Adjective Suffixes

(i) Noun to Adjective

- ful : beautiful, useful, helpful, boun-
- less : harmless, useless, childless, meaningless.
- y, ly : hairy, glassy, rosy, lovely, manly, brotherly.
- like
 ish
 some
 : childlike, teacherlike.
 selfish, girlish, foolish.
 handsome, troublesome.
- worthy: praiseworthy, trustworthy, airworthy.
- al : cultural, natural, agricultural.
 ive : attractive, expensive, responsive.

- ous, eous,

ious : amitious, injurious, pious, virtuous, famous, beauteous.

- ie : heroic, scientific, emphatic.- esque : picturesque, statuesque.

- arian,

ean : authoritarian, Shakespearean.

(ii) Verb / Adjective to Adjective

- able,

ible : dependable, readable, memorable, comprehensible, divisible.

- ish : longish, bluish,s greenish, smallish.

- ing
- running, rising, sinking, boiling.
- ed
: tired, walled, spotted, adopted.

(iii) Compound Adjectives

Present Participle

(- ing) : fast-moving train, long-suffering man, grass-cutting, high-flying.

Past Participle

(- ed, - t): long-haired, well-fed, thin-covered, wind-swept, well-kept.

Nume-

rals : five-rupee note, three-storied, fifty-year old, fourteenth-century poet.

(4) Adverb Suffixes

- -ily, ly: heavily, largely, painfully, greatly, easily.
- ward(s): downward(s), upward(s), heavenward(s), homeward(s).
- wise : lengthwise, clockwise, moneywise

A list of popular words converted into different parts of speech is given below:

(i) NOUNS INTO VERBS

Authority –	Authorize	Class -	classify
Apology –	apologize	Colony –	colonize
Allusion –	allude	Collision -	collide
Blood -	bleed	Company –	accompany
Beauty -	beautify	Custom -	accustom
Body –	embody	Camp –	encamp
Circle –	encircle	Character -	characterize
Excellence -	Excel	Origin –	originate
Economy -	economize	Office -	officiate
Food –	feed	Perception -	perceive
Fool –	befool	Patron –	patronize
Force -	enforce	Peace -	pacify
Friend -	befriend	Person –	personify
Grass -	graze	Prison –	imprison
Glory –	glorify	Peril –	imperil
Gold –	gild	Power –	empower
Habit –	habituate	Right -	rectify
Harmony –	harmonize	Relief –	relieve
Haste -	hasten	Sermon –	sermonize
Height –	heighten	Shrine –	enshrine
Idol –	idolize	Slave -	enslave
Justice -	justify	Substance -	substantiate
Knee -	kneel	Throne –	enthrone/
Loss –	lose		dethrone
List –	enlist	Title –	entitle
Monopoly –	monopolize	Tomb –	entomb
Magnet -	magnetize	Utility –	utilize
Memory -	memorise	Verse –	versify
Nature –	naturalize	Vigour –	invigorate
Notice -	notify	Vacancy -	vacate
Necessity -	necessitate	Victim -	victimize
		Vice –	vitiate

(ii) VERBS INTO NOUNS

(v) NOUNS INTO ADJECTIVES

Accom	accomplish-	Respond -	response
plish –	ment	Heal –	health
Accom	accom-	Know -	knowledge
pany –	paniment	Lend -	loan
Acquit -	acquittal	Move -	motion
Bathe -	bath	Narrate -	narration
Betray –	betrayal	Oblige –	obligation
Conceive -	conception	Persuade -	persuasion
Commit -	commitment	Please -	pleasure
Deceive -	deception	Precise -	precision
Defy –	defiance	Pursue –	pursuit
Deny –	denial	Redeem -	redemption
Do –	dæd	Urge –	urgency
Rely –	reliance	Vary –	variety

(iii) OTHER WORDS INTO ABSTRACT NOUNS

Apt -	aptness	Long –	length
Beautiful –	beauty	Machine -	mechanism
Bond –	bondage	Regent -	regency
Beggar –	beggary	Servant -	service
Coward -	cowardice	Sad -	sadness
Courageous -	courage	Smooth -	smoothness
Dead –	death	Short -	shortness
Difficult –	difficulty	True –	truth
Deep –	depth	Weak -	weakness
Generous -	generosity	Wise -	wisdom
Hero –	heroism	Witch -	witchery
Infant –	infancy	Warm –	warmth
Jealous –	jealousy	Young -	youth

(iv) ADJECTIVES INTO NOUNS

Able –	ability	Local -	locality
Acid –	acidity	Merry –	merriment
Brief –	brevity	Magnificent -	– magnifi-
Busy –	business		cence
Chaste -	chastity	Notorious –	notoriety
Civil –	civility	Obedient -	obedience
False –	falsehood	Pious -	piety
Ferocious -	ferocity	Public -	publicity
Gay –	gaiety	Rival –	rivalry
Grand -	grandeur	Secret -	secrecy
Generous -	generosity	Splendid –	splendour
Humble –	humility	Vain –	vanity
Just -	justice	Wide -	width
Liberal –	liberality	Worthy -	worth

Advice -	advisable	Angel –	angelic
Air –	aerial	Authority –	authoritative
Angle –	angular	Autumn –	autumnal
Bounty –	bounteous	Merchant -	merchantile
Brass –	brazen	Metal –	metallic
Beast -	bestial	Medicine -	medicinal
Contempt -	contemp-	Merit -	meritorious
	tuous/	Minister -	ministerial
	contemptible	Muscle -	muscular
Calamity -	calamitous	Myth -	mythical
Circle –	circular	Money -	monetary
College –	collegiate	Night –	nocturnal
Conscience -	conscientious		
Circumstance	– circumstanti	al	
Emperor –	imperial	Nose –	nasal
Expectation -	expectant	Offence -	offensive
Example –	exemplary	Omen –	ominous
Enemy –	inimical	Population -	populous
Essence -	essential	Professor –	professorial
Explana-	explana-	Pathos –	pathetic
tion –	tory	Picture -	picturesque/
Fraud –	fraudulent		pictorial
Flower –	floral	Prejudice –	prejudicial
Fable –	fabulous	Problem -	problematic
Fever –	feverish	Palace -	palatial
Fate -	fatal	Ruin –	ruinous
Grief –	grievous	Supersti-	supersti-
Grass -	grassy	tion –	tious
Hand –	handy	Sun –	solar
Hypocrite -	hypocritical	Star –	starry
Industry –	industrious	Sedition -	seditious
Joy –	joyous	Service -	serviceable
Joke –	jocular	Secretary -	secretarial
Judge –	judicial	Study -	studious
Licence -	licentious	Tribe –	tribal
Lustre –	lustrous	Vice -	vicious

(vi) FORMATION OF SOME TYPICAL ADJECTIVES

Voice -

vocal

Age –	senile	Church -	ecclesias-
Brother -	fraternal		tical
Blood –	sanguinary	Dog –	canine
Cat -	feline	Egg –	oval
City –	urban	Eye –	optical
Flock -	gregarious	Flesh –	carnal
Hair –	capillary	Sun –	solar

Life –	vital	Tooth –	dental	
Love -	amorous	Town –	urban	
Moon –	lunar	Taste -	palatable	
Punishment-	penal	Village –	rural	
Salt –	saline	War –	martial	
Sea –	marine	Woman –	effeminate	
Ship –	naval	Watch -	vigilant	
Sky –	etherial	Youth -	juvenile	
Spring –	vernal	Year –	annual	

(vii) ADJECTIVES INTO VERBS

Able –	enable	Large –	enlarge
Abundant –	abound	Little –	belittle
Bitter -	embitter	Long –	prolong
Base -	debase	Mad –	madden
Clear –	clarify	Moist -	moisten
Civil -	civilize	Noble -	ennoble
Clean -	cleanse	Public –	publish
Different -	differentiate	popular –	popularise
Double -	duplicate	Poor –	impoverish
Dramatic -	dramatize	Perpetual -	perpetuate
Equal –	equalize	Pure –	purify
Fat -	fatten	Real –	realize
Fertile –	fertilize	Rich -	enrich
Firm –	confirm	Safe -	save
Fresh -	refresh	Sweet -	sweeten
Feeble –	enfeeble	Solid –	solidify
Fond –	fondle	Sure -	ensure
General –	generalize	Vile –	vilify
		Venerable –	venerate

(viii) VERBS INTO ADJECTIVES

Agree –	agreeable	Change –	changeful
Accept -	acceptable	Divide –	divisible
Bear –	bearable	Defend –	defensive
Break -	breakable	Desire –	desirable
Consider –	considerable	Deceive -	deceitful
Encourage –	courageous	Resist -	resistible
Fear –	fearful	Read -	readable
Gain –	gainful	Regret -	regrettable
Govern –	governable	Respect -	respectable
Harm –	harmful	Respond -	responsive
Hate -	hateful	Receive -	receptive
Imagine -	imaginative	Spend –	spendthrift
Injure –	injurious	Succeed -	successful
Loathe -	loathsome	Slip –	slippery
Marry –	marriageable	Solicit -	solicitous
Manage -	manageable	Taste -	tasteful
Meddle –	meddlesome	Tire –	tiresome

Negotiate -	negotiable	Terrify –	terrific
Perish –	perishable	Transfer –	transferable
Punish -	punishable	Vary –	various
Permit -	permissible	Work –	workable

Negative Prefixes and Suffixes

Antonyms are formed by adding the following Prefixes or Suffixes before or after some words-

(a) Prefixes

il -before words beginning with I (as illegal) im-before b, m, or p, (as imbalance, immature or impure) ir-before r (as irreligious) in-before other letters (as inability, independent)

un-(as untrue)

dis- (as disadvantage)

non-(as nonviolence, nonvegetarian, non-

- (b) Suffix-less (as graceless, meaningless, powerless)
- (c) Verb Prefixes

em - (as empower, embody, embitter)

en - (as enable, ensure, encourage)

re – (as recall, remind, reopen)

de – (as devalue, decompose, decontrol)

mis – (as misunderstand, miscalculate)

pre - (as prepaid, prejudge)

illegal

A list of popular Antonyms formed by **Negative Prefixes is given below:**

Legible

illegible

Legal

Legitimate	illegitimate	Liberal	illiberal
Literate	illiterate	Logical	illogical
(ii) im—			
Balance	imbalance	Material	immaterial
Mature	immature	Measurable	immeasurable
Mobile	immobile	Modest	immodest
Moral	immoral	Mortal	immortal
Movable	immovable	Perfect	imperfect
Pertinent	impertinent	Pious	impious
Partial	impartial	Possible	impossible
Patient	impatient	Penitent	impenitent
Proper	improper	Prudent	imprudent
Pure	impure		

(iii) in— Ability Accurate Adequate Applicable Coherent Complete Convenience Credible	inability inaccurate inadequate inapplicable incoherent incomplete Correct incredible	Accessible Action Animate Artistic Competent Consistent inconveni- ence Capable	inaccessible inaction inanimate inartistic incompetent inconsistent incorrect incapable	(v) un— Able Bearable Certain Fit Fortunate Known Pleasant Social Timely Well (vi) dis—	unable unbearable uncertain unfit unfortunate unknown unpleasant unsocial untimely unwell	Answerable Called-for Comfor- table Foreseen Happy Natural Seen Thinkable Usual	unanswerable uncalled-for uncomfor- table unforeseen unhappy unnatural unseen unthinkable unusual
Decent Direct Efficient Fallible Human Secure Sufficient Valid Vulnerable (iv) ir—	indecent indirect inefficient infallible inhuman insecure insufficient invalid invulnerable	Dependent Domitable Elegant Formal Organic Sincere Tolerant Variable	independent indomitable inelegant informal inorganic insincere intolerant invariable	Advantage Agreeable Appoint Comfort Credit Grace Honour Order Regard Satisfaction Union	disunion	Agree Appear Close Connect Encourage Honest Like Qualification Respect Service Unity	disagree disappear disclose disconnect discourage dishonest dislike disqualifica- tion disrespect disservice disunity
Rational Regular Reconcil- able Resolute Redeem- able	irrational irregular irreconcil- able irresolute irredeemable	Recoverable Religious Removable Reparable Repressible	irrecoverable irreligious irremovable irreparable irrepressible	Artful Cheerful Fruitful Hopeful Merciful Painful Tasteful	artless cheerless fruitless hopeless merciless painless tasteless	Careful Colourful Graceful Harmful Powerful Remorseful Thoughtful	careless colourless graceless harmless powerless remorseless thoughtless