(Supplementary) Chapter 7: Jalebis

Comprehension Check (Page No. 58)

Question 1:

Why didn't he pay the school fees on the day he brought money to school?

Answer 1:

He did not pay the school fees on the day he brought money to school because the teacher responsible for collecting the fees was on leave, and so it was to be collected the next day.

Question 2:

- (i) What were the coins 'saying' to him?
- (ii) Do you think they were misguiding him?

Answer 2:

- (i) The coins were asking him to buy the jalebis.
- (ii) Yes, they were misguiding him. The money which he had with him was for the paying the fees but they lured him to spend them all on jalebis.

Question 3:

Why didn't he take the coins' advice? Give two or three reasons.

Answer 3:

He did not take the coins' advice because:

- → He was a sincere boy.
- → He was diligent and had a good image in the school which he did not want to spoil.
- → He did not want to get caught doing anything wrong.

Question 4:

- (i) What did the oldest coin tell him?
- (ii) Did he follow his advice? If not, why not?

Answer 4:

- (i) The oldest coin told him that they were telling him something for his good. It also told him that as he would get the scholarship money the next day, he could pay his fees with it. So, he could very easily buy the jalebis for him with the fees money.
- (ii) No, he did not follow its advice. Even though the very thought of buying jalebis filled his mouth with water, but then he realized that he was one of the most talented student of the school. In class fourth exams, he had won a scholarship of four rupees a month. Also, he came from quiet a affluent family which had a huge reputation. He had never got any beating in the school. Rather his teacher made him beat the other boys. He thought that being such a child he would not look nice standing in the middle of the market and eating jalebis. Thinking all this, he returned home.

Question 5:

He reached home with the coins in his pocket. What happened then?

Answer 5:

When he reached home, the coins started speaking again. During the lunch time, they began screaming. He was so painstakingly fed up that he hurried out of the house barefoot and started running towards the market. Although he was horrified, he asked for a whole rupee worth of jalebis. The halwai opened up the entire newspaper and put a mound of jalebis on it.

Comprehension Check (Page No. 61)

Question 1:

- (i) Why didn't he eat all the jalebis he had bought?
- (ii) What did he do with the remaining jalebis?

Answer 1:

- (i) He did not eat all the jalebis he had bought because he had already eaten so many of them and if anybody would have pressed his stomach a little, the jalebis would have come out of his ears and nostrils.
- (ii) He distributed the left over jalebis to the children who had gathered in the gali where he was eating the jalebis.

Question 2:

"The fear was killing me." What was the fear?

Answer 2:

The fear that he would be caughtby his parents and they would find out that he had eaten so many jalebis. He was burping with every breath. And with every burp, there was a danger of jalebis popping. This fear was killing h

Question 3:

"Children's stomachs are like digestion machines." What do you understand by that? Do you agree?

Answer 3:

This means that children have a strong digestion power. They can digest more than their usual diet. Yes, I do agree with this because children are always involved in different physical activities so are able to digest more than their usual diet.

Question 4:

How did he plan to pay the fees the next day?

Answer 4:

He planned to pay his fees the next day with the previous month's scholarship that he would be getting the next day.

Question 5:

When it is time to pay the fees, what does he do? How is he disobeying the elders by doing so?

Answer 5:

When it was time to pay the fees, he tucked his bag under his arm and left the school. He kept on walking, and prayed to the god expecting some miracle to happen that would save him. He reached the Kambelpur railway station.

He had disobeyed his elders who had warned him not to cross the railway tracks. They had also warned him not to eat sweets with one's fees money.

Comprehension Check (Page No. 65)

Question 1:

What was the consequence of buying jalebis with the fees money?

Answer 1:

The consequence of buying jalebis with the fees money was that for the first time in his life he did not attend the school and was absent from his school. He also disobeyed his elders for the first time in his life.

Question 2:

His prayer to God is like a lawyer's defence of a bad case. Does he argue his case well? What are the points he makes?

Answer 2:

He did not argue well. He tried his level best to impress God and made promises to him. He said that he had learnt the entire namaaz. He even knew the last ten surats of the Quran by heart. He said that he was a dedicated servant of God and was badly in need of money which was supposed to be paid as his fee. He realized his mistake, but to avoid getting scolded by his parents he still said that he had not eaten all the jalebis.

He said that shared them with other children. He promised that he would not eat sweets next time from the fees money and if he did it again, he should be punished the way a thief is punished. He said that there was no shortage of anything in God's treasury. Even the chaprasi used to get a lot of money for his work. He also said that he was the nephew of a big officer and so, God should give him the money as he was asking for four rupees only.

Question 3:

He offers to play a game with Allah Miyan. What is the game?

Answer 3:

The game that he wanted to play with Allah Miyan was that he would go to the signal from where he was standing. After that, God would secretly keep four rupees under a big rock. Meanwhile, he would touch the signal and come back. Then, when he would lift the rock and he would find the four rupees below it.

Question 4:

Did he get four rupees by playing the game? What did he get to see under the rock?

Answer 4:

No, he did not get four rupees by playing this game. He saw a big hairy worm curling, twisting and wriggling towards him when he lifted the rock.

Question 5:

If God had granted his wish that day, what harm would it have caused him in later life?

Answer 5:

If God had granted him his wish that day, he would have not learnt a lesson from his mistake. He would have kept on doing such wrong deeds, thinking that God would save him after his arguments.

Exercise

Question 1:

Work in small groups.

- 1. Select and read sentences that show
 - that the boy is tempted to eat jalebies
 - that he is feeling guilty.
 - that he is justifying a wrong deed.

Answer 1:

- (a) The following lines show the meaning of the given statement: "that the boy is tempted to eat jalebis."
 - Jalebis are meant to be eaten, and those with money in their pocket can eat them.

- But then, these jalebis are no common sort of Jalebis either. They're crisp, fresh and full of syrup.
- My mouth watered. I rushed out of the house barefoot and ran towards the market.
- (b) The following lines show the meaning of the given statement: "that he is feeling guilty."
 - · When the recess bell rang I tucked my bag under my arm and left the school.
 - Now just for eating a few Jalebis, for the first time in my life I was absent from school.
 - Sitting under a tree, at first I felt like crying.
- (c) The following lines show the meaning of the given statement: "that he is justifying a wrong deed."
 - · I didn't eat them all by myself, and I fed them to a whole lot of children.
 - · Oh! God! I am a good boy.
 - I have memorised the entire school life.

Question 2:

Discuss the following points.

- · Is the boy intelligent? If so, what is the evidence of it?
- Does his outlook on the *jalebis* episode change after class VIII? Does he see that episode in a new light?
- Why are coins made to 'talk' in this story? What purpose does it serve?

Answer 2:

- Yes, the boy was intelligent. In school, he was among the most talented students. In class fourth exam, he had won a scholarship of four rupees a month. He was also about to get the previous month's scholarship on the next day with which he had to pay his fees. Also, he had never been missed his school even for a single day.
- Up to class VIII, he kept wondering what harm it would have done to anyone if God had sent him four rupees that day. However, later, he came to the conclusion that if God were to give everyone everything on asking for it, then man would be living in nests such as vultures and crows, and would not have learnt how to make jalebis. He was trying to convey that man would not have made any efforts to do anything at all if God would have given him everything he wanted in his life.
- Coins are made to 'talk' in the story to show how greedy one can be. They wanted to show the greed of the boy. His good nature was trying to stop him from spending money on jalebis. But his greed was pushing him to get the jalebis and gulp them down.