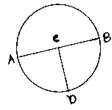
## CHAPTER: 7 SHAPES, SPACE AND PATTERNS

## Fill in the blanks:-

1shapes	are called closed curves.	
2. Closed shapes formed	by straight lines are called	
3. A is	named according to the number of sides it has.	
4. A polygon with three lin	ne segments is called a	
5. A polygon with 4 line s	egments is called a	
6. A is a	quadrilateral with opposite sides equal.	
7. A is a q	uadniateral with all sides equal.	
8. A is a simple closed curve .		
9. The length of the circle	is called its	
10. The point where the d	iameter and the radius meet is called	of the circle.
11. In the given figure		
12. The	a)Centre of the circle is  b)Radius of the circle is  c)Diameter of the circle is  is twice the length of the radius.	
13. The	is half the length of the diameter.	
14. The radius of a circle	is 3cm .lt s diameter is	
15. The diameter of a circ	cle is 16m .lt s radius is	

## Do the following

- 1. Name the parts of the circle.
- a) Centre \_\_\_\_\_
- b) Diameter\_\_\_\_\_
- c) Radius\_\_\_\_\_\_
- d) A8\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
- e) CD\_\_\_\_\_\_



- 2. Give the radius of the circle with the following diameter
  - a) 32cm
- b) 10m
- c)74m
- d) 90cm

- e) 16cm
- f) 52m
- g) 28cm
- h)50m
- 3. Give the diameter of circle with the following radius .
  - a) 30cm
- b) 25m
- c)85cm
- d)9m

- e) 50cm
- f) 18m
- g) 72m
- h) 44cm

- 4. Say whether the following are true or false.
- a) All the radii of a particular circle are of equal length.
- b) The diameter is half the radius...
- c) The diameter goes through the centre of the circle.