

## Vital Villages, Thriving Towns

Question 1.

Shrenis were:

- (a) Associations of farmers
- (b) Associations of slaves
- (c) Associations of women
- (d) Associations of artisans and merchants.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (d) Associations of artisans and merchants.

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Question 2.

Mathura has been an important settlement for more than:

- (a) 5000 years
- (b) 4000 years
- (c) 3000 years
- (d) 2500 years

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (d) 2500 years

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Question 3.

Roman designs were found in:

- (a) Mathura site
- (b) Samath Site
- (c) Arikamedu site
- (d) Pataliputra

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (c) Arikamedu site

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Question 4.

Rules for spinning and weaving are mentioned in Arthashastra:

- (a) Chapter 8
- (b) Chapter 10
- (c) Chapter 12
- (d) Chapter 15

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (a) Chapter 8

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Question 5.

What was not found in Arikamedu?

- (a) Bricks structure which may have been warehouse.
- (b) Pottery along with Roman pottery.
- (c) Small tanks for dying the cloths.
- (d) Making of beads from semi-precious stones and glass.
- (e) Emblem.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (d) Making of beads from semi-precious stones and glass.

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Question 6.

There is evidence for the growing use of iron tools:

- (a) Around 2500 years ago
- (b) Around 3000 years ago
- (c) Around 3500 years ago
- (d) Around 4000 years ago

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (a) Around 2500 years ago

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Question 7.

Canals, wells, tanks and artificial lakes specially contribute in:

- (a) Building houses
- (b) Irrigation
- (c) Animal bath
- (d) Rearing of animals

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (b) Irrigation

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Question 8.

Jatakas are:

- (a) Stories composed by ordinary people
- (b) Stories composed by Sangams
- (c) Text composed by Buddhist monks
- (d) Text composed by Kings

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (a) Stories composed by ordinary people

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Question 9.

Who described all the ports he visited?

- (a) Megasthenes

- (b) An Italian sailor
- (c) An unknown Greek sailor
- (d) None

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (c) An unknown Greek sailor

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Question 10.

The design of earliest coins were:

- (a) Punched to the metal
- (b) Engraved on the metal None.
- (c) Colouring on the metal
- (d) None

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (a) Punched to the metal

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Question 11.

Some of the largest collections of iron tools and weapons were found in the

- (a) Sanchi stupas
- (b) Mehrgarh
- (c) Megalithic burials
- (d) Ring wells

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (c) Megalithic burials

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Question 12.

Which of the following was the means of irrigation that were built around 2500 years

- (a) Canals
- (b) Wells
- (c) Artificial lakes
- (d) All of these

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (d) All of these

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Question 13.

An assembly of gathering of literacy persons

- (a) Satembly
- (b) Satyam
- (c) Sangam
- (d) Sagar

▼ Answer

Answer: (c) Sangam

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Question 14.

Archaeologists have found rows of pots, or ceramic rings arranged one on top of the other. These are known as

- (a) Canals wells
- (b) Tank wells
- (c) Tube wells
- (d) Ring wells

▼ Answer

Answer: (d) Ring wells

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Question 15.

Mathura became the second capital of \_\_\_\_\_

- (a) Mauryas
- (b) Kushanas
- (c) Pallavas
- (d) Guptas

▼ Answer

Answer: (b) Kushanas

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Question 16.

Northern Black Polished Ware were known for its

- (a) Farmers association
- (b) Agriculture
- (c) Fine pottery
- (d) Kings Palace

▼ Answer

Answer: (c) Fine pottery

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Question 17.

Blacksmith, potter, carpenter and weaver came under the category of \_\_\_\_\_

- (a) Craftsmen
- (b) Kings
- (c) Farmers
- (d) Headman

▼ Answer

Answer: (a) Craftsmen

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Question 18.

Sculptors carved scenes depicting

- (a) Animals live in the villages
- (b) Types of religion people follow
- (c) Types of animals found here
- (d) Peoples lives in towns and villages

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (d) Peoples lives in towns and villages

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Question 19.

Roman lamps, glassware and gems have also been found at the site

- (a) Varanasi
- (b) Sanchi
- (c) Arikamedu
- (d) Mathura

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (c) Arikamedu

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[Match the following](#)

1.

Column-I	Column-II
1. Ploughmen	(a) Vellalar
2. Landless labourer	(b) Uzhavar
3. Large landowner	(c) Kadaisiyar

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer:

Column-I	Column-II
1. Ploughmen	(b) Uzhavar
2. Landless labourer	(c) Kadaisiyar
3. Large landowner	(a) Vellalar

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2.

Column-I	Column-II
1. Village headmen	(a) Karmakara
2. Independent farmer	(b) Gramabhojaka

3. Landless (c) grihapatis

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer:

Column-I	Column-II
1. Village headmen	(b) Gramabhojaka
2. Independent farmer	(c) grihapatis
3. Landless	(a) Karmakara

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[Fill in the blanks](#)

1. Mathura was the second capital of .....

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: Kushanas

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2. In northern part of the country, village headman was known as .....

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: Gramabhojaka

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3. Sangam literature were composed in the city of .....

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: Madurai

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4. Jatakas are ..... composed by ordinary people and written and preserved by Buddhist monks.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: stories

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5. Rows of pots or ceramic rings arranged one on top of the other is called .....

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: ring wells

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6. Mathura was an ancient ..... centre.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: religious

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7. Association of crafts persons and merchants is called ..... .

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: shrenis

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8. Arikamedu was a ..... settlement.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: coastal

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9. Stamped red-glazed pottery was known as ..... .

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: Arretine Ware

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10. The city of Europe which developed around the same time as the cities in Ganga valley was ..... .

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: Rome

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### [Map Skills](#)

1. Find out following in the map of India.

(a) Mathura (b) Arikamedu (c) Bharuch

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer:

