## Government of Karnataka

# Karnataka School Examination and Assessment Board (KSEAB)

# Blueprint for Model Question Paper – 3

Subject: II PUC Electronics (40)

Academic Year: 2024-25

				Remember (35%)		Understand (35%)				Apply (20%)			нотѕ				
	Chapters	Hour	Marks	MCQ	SA	LA	LA	MCQ	FIB	SA	LA	LA	MCQ	SA	LA	LA	LA
				1M	2M	3M	5M	1M	1M	<b>2M</b>	3M	5M	1M	2M	3M	5M	5M
1	Field Effect Transistor (FET)	04	04	1							1						
2	Transistor Biasing	03	03		1			1									
3	Transistor Amplifiers	14	12	1					1*			1E				1N	
4	Feedback in Amplifiers	06	06			1		1						1N			
5	Operational Amplifiers	15	13	1			1E	1	1*								1N
6	Oscillators	08	07	1					1*		1			1N			
7	Wireless Communication	04	04					1			1						
8	Modulation and Demodulation	15	12	1		1			1*	1							1N
9	Power Electronics and its applications	08	06	1						1					1N		
10	Digital Electronics	18	18	1			1E		1*	1			1		1N	1N	
11	Microcontroller	10	08		1			1				1E					
12	C Programming	09	06	1			1E										
13	Modern Communication Systems	06	06	1		1				1							
	Total	120	105	9	4	9	15	5	5*	08	09	10	01	04	06	10	10
				37			37			21			10				

<sup>\* –</sup> Fill in the blank,

#### Question Paper Pattern Subject: II PUC Electronics (40) **Parts** Marks per **Total Questions** Questions to Question given including beanswered choices Part A - I (MCQ) 1 $15Q \times 1M = 15$ $15Q \times 1M = 15$ Part A - II (Fill in the Blanks) 1 $5Q \times 1M = 05$ $5Q \times 1M = 05$ Part B - III 2 $5Q \times 2M = 10$ $8Q \times 2M = 16$ Part C - IV 3 $8Q \times 3M = 24$ $5Q \times 3M = 15$ Part D - V Section I (Essay Type) 5 $3Q \times 5M = 15$ $5Q \times 5M = 25$ 5 Part D - VI Section II (Numerical) $4Q \times 5M = 20$ $2Q \times 5M = 10$ 105 **70**

# **Guidelines to question paper setters**

- Q No. 27 Short answer from microcontroller (meanings of mnemonics to be avoided).
- Q No. 34 Numerical on HWR or FWR for the given rms voltage.
- Q No. 35 Numerical (excluding POS).
- Q No. 37 Working of any one amplifier circuit.
- Q No. 38 Derivation on any one op-amp circuit.
- Q No. 40 ALP program (from the specified programs in the syllabus).
- Q No. 41 C program (from the specified programs in the syllabus).
- Q No. 42 Numerical on transistor r<sub>e</sub>' model (only silicon transistor).
  - Mention  $V_{BE} = 0.7 \text{ V}$  and  $r_e' = 26 \text{mV/I}_E$  in the problem.
- Q No. 43 Numerical on applications of OP-Amp (excluding differentiator and integrator).
- Q No. 44 Numerical on AM.
- Q No. 45 Numerical on four variable K-map (two groups).

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# Model Question Paper – 3

Sul	bject: II PUC Electronics	<b>A</b>	Academic Year: 2024-25							
[Ti	ime: 3 Hours]	[Total No. of	Questions: 45]	[Max Marks: 70]						
Ins	structions:									
	<ol> <li>For PART-A questions, only the first written answers will be considered for evaluation.</li> </ol>									
	2. Part – D consists of two sections.									
	Section - I is of essay type questions and Section - II is of problems.									
	3. Circuit diagram and truth tables must be drawn wherever necessary.									
	4. Solve the problems with necessary formulae.									
	<ol><li>For questions having diagrams, alternate questions are given at the end of the question paper in separate section for visually challenged students.</li></ol>									
		PAI	RT-A							
I. S	Select the correct answer	r from the choices gi	ven:	$15 \times 1 = 15$						
1.	Unitless parameter of JFET is									
	a) Drain resistance									
	c) Amplification factor d) None of these									
2.	The operating point is also called as									
	a) Cut-off point	b) Quiescent point	c) Saturation point	d) Pinch-off point						
3. Small signal amplifiers are also called as										
	a) Voltage amplifiers	b) Power am	plifiers							
4.	What happens to the ban	dwidth of an amplifie	r when negative feedba	ack is applied?						
	a) Remains same	b) Increases	c) Decreases	d) Oscillates						
5.	Slew rate is expressed in									
	a) $V/\mu S$	b) µS/V	c) A/mS	d) $\Omega/\mu S$						
6. The feedback component of op-amp differentiator is										
	a) Resistor	b) Capacitor	c) Inductor	d) Diode						

7. Name the oscillator which does not produce phase shift in feedback path									
	a) Phase sh	nift oscillato	r b) W	Vein bridge oscillator					
	c) Crystal oscillator			d) Hartley oscillator					
8.	The layer of atmosphere which reflects the radio waves is								
	a) Troposph	ere	b) Stratosphere	c) Mesosphere	d) Ionosphere				
9.	The interme	diate freque	ency in AM radio rece	iver is					
	a) 455 Hz		b) 455 KHz	c) 455 MHz	d) 455 GHz				
10	Identify bid	irectional co	onducting power device	ee.					
	a) Power Di	ode	b) Power Transisto	or c) SCR	d) Triac				
11.	Logic expre	ssion for the	e output of two input 2	KNOR gate is					
	a) $Y = AB$		b) $Y = A + B$	c) $Y = \overline{A}$	d) $Y = \overline{A \oplus B}$				
12.	Gray code is	s used in sha	aft position						
	a) decoder		b) multiplexer	c) encoder	d) register				
13.	Microcontro	oller chip co	ntain						
	a) RAM		b) ROM	c) Timer	d) All of these				
14.	Size of a flo	at data type	in C programming is						
	a) 1 byte		b) 2 bytes	c) 4 bytes	d) 8 bytes				
15.	Standard for	rm of GSM	is						
	a) Global Se	ervice for M	obile communication	b) General Service	for Mobile communication				
	c) Global Sy	ystem for M	obile communication	d) General System	for Mobile communication				
II.	Fill in the b	lanks by ch	oosing appropriate a	nswer from the brack	ket: $5 \times 1 = 5$				
[	a) current	b) twice	c) race around cond	lition d) oscillator o	e) summing f) heat sink ]				
16	CC amplifie	er has the hig	ghest gain						
17.	Op-amp inv	verting adde	r is also called as	amplifier.					
18	Positive fee	dback is use	ed in						
19	In Amplitud	de modulation	on bandwidth is	the modulating	g signal frequency.				
20	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	is the	disadvantage of JK fl	ip-flop.					
			PA	RT-B					
III	. Answer an	y FIVE que	estions.		$5\times2=10$				
21.	Write the ex	pressions fo	or the coordinates of o	perating point in voltag	ge divider biasing circuit.				
22.	Calculate th	e gain of a r	negative feedback amp	olifier with an open loo	p gain				
	A = 100 and	d feedback f	factor $\beta = \frac{1}{10}$ .						

- 23. A RC phase shift oscillator has  $R_1 = R_2 = R_3 = R = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$  and  $C_1 = C_2 = C_3 = C = 0.047 \text{ }\mu\text{F}.$  Determine frequency of oscillations.
- 24. Express P<sub>T</sub> in terms P<sub>C</sub>. What is the upper limit of m<sub>a</sub> in AM?
- 25. Draw two transistor model of a thyristor.
- 26. Write the logic diagram of D flip-flop.
- 27. Briefly explain register addressing mode.
- 28. Mention the important techniques used in Bluetooth operation

#### PART-C

## IV Answer any FIVE questions

 $5 \times 3 = 15$ 

- 29. Mention the differences between FET and BJT.
- 30. Compare input and output impedance characteristics of four types of feedback connections.
- 31. What is an oscillator? Mention Barkhausen criterion.
- 32. Draw the block diagram of a communication system and explain the function of each block.
- 33. Draw the frequency spectrum of an AM wave.
- 34. Determine  $V_{dc}$  and  $I_{dc}$  of SCR FWR. Given firing angle is  $0^0$  and rms voltage of ac input to the rectifier is 230 V and load is 20  $\Omega$ .
- 35. Convert (1010)<sub>G</sub> into binary number using XOR gates.
- 36. What is RADAR? Mention its two applications.

#### **PART-D** (Section I)

### V Answer any THREE questions.

 $3 \times 5 = 15$ 

- 37. With circuit diagram explain the working of CB amplifier.
- 38. Derive an expression for output voltage of op-amp non inverting amplifier.
- 39. What is full adder? Realize full adder using block diagrams of two half adders and an OR gate. Write the truth table of full adder.
- 40. Write an assembly language program to subtract 35H from 4AH and save the result into register R0. Verify the content of R0 after executing the program.
- 41. Write a C program to accept the three different integers and print the largest amongst them.

## **PART-D** (Section II)

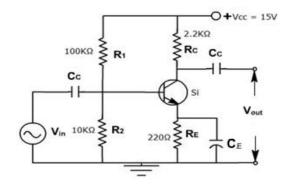
## VI Answer any TWO questions.

 $2 \times 5 = 10$ 

42. For the CE amplifier circuit shown in the circuit, find (a) DC voltage across 10 k $\Omega$ ,

(b) 
$$I_{E,}(c) r_e$$
 (d)  $Z_{in(base)}$  (e)  $Z_{o.}$ 

Given 
$$r_e' = \frac{26 \text{ mV}}{I_E}$$
 and  $\beta = 100$ .



- 43. Design an op-amp circuit to realize the output,  $V_0 = -(3V_1 + 2V_2 + V_3)$ . Assume  $R_F = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ . Determine output voltage when  $V_1 = 1 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_2 = -2 \text{ V}$  and  $V_3 = 2 \text{ V}$ .
- 44. The carrier current of an AM transmitter is 8 A, it increases to 8.65 A when the carrier is amplitude modulated. Find the percentage modulation. Determine the antenna current I<sub>a</sub> when the depth of modulation is 0.75 if carrier current remains same.
- 45. Simplify the Boolean expression  $Y = \Sigma m (0,2,7,8,10,13) + \Sigma d (5,15)$  using K-map. Draw the NAND gate equivalent circuit to realize the simplified equation.

#### **PART-E**

## (For visually challenged students only)

42. In a single stage CE transistor amplifier  $R_1$  = 100 k $\Omega$ ,  $R_2$  = 10 k $\Omega$ ,  $R_C$  = 2.2 k $\Omega$ ,  $R_E$  = 220  $\Omega$ ,  $V_{CC}$  = 15 V,  $\beta$  =100,  $V_{BE}$  = 0.7 V and  $r_e'$  =  $\frac{26mV}{I_E}$ .

Calculate (a) DC voltage across  $10~k\Omega$ , (b)  $I_{E,}$  (c)  $r_{e}$  (d)  $Z_{in(base)}$  (e)  $Z_{o}$ .

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