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GENERAL STUDIES (TEST CODE : 1420)

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Medium Hindi/Eng.	ENGLISH	Registration Number	52250
Center	JALPURA	Date	11/12/21

INDEX TABLE

Q. No.	Maximum Marks	Marks Obtained
1(a)	10	
1(b)	10	
2(a)	10	
2(b)	10	
3(a)	10	
3(b)	10	
4(a)	10	
4(b)	10	
5(a)	10	
5(b)	10	
6	10	
7	10	
8	10	
9	20	
10	20	
11	20	
12	20	
13	20	
14	20	

Total Marks Obtained:

Remarks:

Signature of Examiner

INSTRUCTIONS

- Do furnish the appropriate details in the answer sheet (viz. Name, Registration Number and Test Code).
उत्तर पुस्तिका में सूचनाएं भरना आवश्यक है (नाम, पं-पं कोड, विद्यार्थी क्रमांक आदि)।
- There are **FOURTEEN** questions printed in **ENGLISH & HINDI**.
इसमें चौदह प्रश्न हैं अंग्रेजी और हिन्दी में छपे हैं।
- All questions are compulsory.**
सभी प्रश्न अनिवार्य हैं।
- The number of marks carried by a question/part is indicated against it.
प्रत्येक प्रश्न/भाग के अंक उसके सामने दिए गए हैं।
- Answers must be written in the medium authorized in the Admission Certificate, which must be stated clearly on the cover of this Question-Cum-Answer (QCA) Booklet in the space provided. No marks will be given for answers written in medium other than the authorized one.
प्रश्नों के उत्तर उसी माध्यम में लिखे जाने चाहिए जिसका उल्लेख आपके प्रवेश पत्र में किया गया है और उस माध्यम का स्पष्ट उल्लेख प्रश्न-सह-उत्तर (क्यूसीए) पुस्तिका के मुख्य पृष्ठ पर अंकित निर्दिष्ट स्थान पर किया जाना चाहिए। उल्लिखित माध्यम के अतिरिक्त अन्य किसी माध्यम में लिए गए उत्तर पर कोई अंक नहीं मिलेंगे।
- Word limit in questions, if specified, should be adhered to.
प्रश्नों में शब्द सीमा, जहाँ विनिर्दिष्ट है, का अनुसरण किया जाना चाहिए।
- Any page or portion of the page left blank in the Question-Cum-Answer Booklet must be clearly struck off.
उत्तर पुस्तिका में खाली छोड़ा हुआ पृष्ठ या उसके अंश को स्पष्ट रूप से काटा जाना चाहिए।

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EVALUATION INDICATORS

1. Contextual Competence
2. Content Competence
3. Language Competence
4. Introduction Competence
5. Structure - Presentation Competence
6. Conclusion Competence

Overall Macro Comments / feedback / suggestions on Answer Booklet:

1.

2.

3.

4.

5.

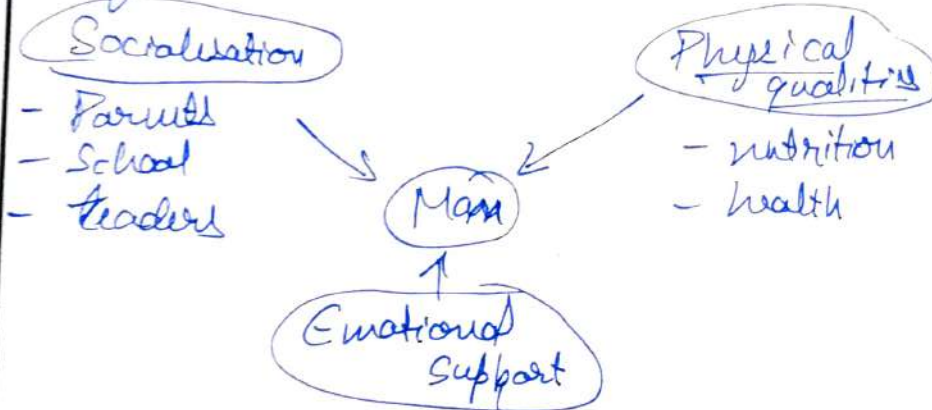
6.

SECTION - A

1. (a) Man is not only a product of his environment but can also modify the environment. Do you agree with this view? Justify your answer with suitable examples. (150 words) 10

मनुष्य न केवल अपने परिवेश का उत्पाद है, बल्कि वह परिवेश को रूपांतरित भी कर सकता है। क्या आप इस दृष्टिकोण से सहमत हैं? उपयुक्त उदाहरणों के साथ अपने उत्तर का औचित्य सिद्ध करें।

Man is considered a product of his environment



But at the same time he is separate capable of to

modify the environment:-

- 1) An individual with values can cause change in society
- ↳ eg Gandhiji led the country in freedom struggle.

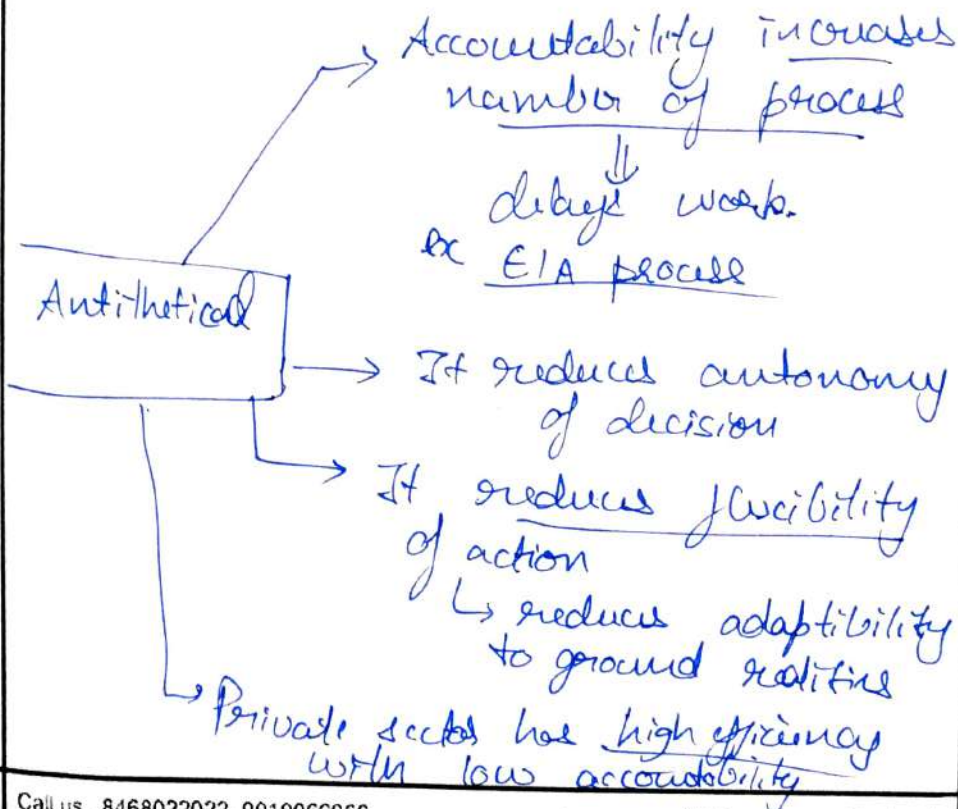
- 2) He can inculcate good values in his society.
 - ↳ Swami Vivekananda
 - ↳ Teachers in school.
 - 3) Scientists causing breakthroughs to change human environment.
 - ↳ Vaccines to tackle disease.
 - 4) Youth of world coming together to protect environmental degradation.
 - ↳ Fridays for future.
 - 5) Changing social environment
 - ↳ eg movement for female right.
 - 6) These environmental changes are later codified into laws.
- Thus, we all should use our conscience to cause a positive change in our environment.

1. (b) Though it may seem that accountability and efficiency are antithetical to each other, accountability is a sine qua non for good governance. Discuss. (150 words) 10

हालांकि यह प्रतीत हो सकता है कि जवाबदेही और दक्षता एक-दूसरे के प्रतिपक्षी हैं, किंतु जवाबदेही मुशासन के लिए अपरिहार्य और आवश्यक है। विवेचना कीजिए।

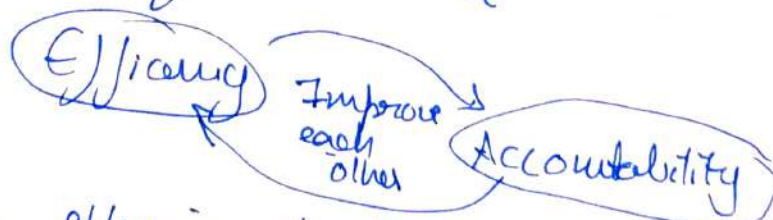
Accountability is the answerability and enforceability of punishment against public servant for his duty.
While efficiency is the judicious use of resources to gain complete work.

Both may seem antithetical



But accountability and efficiency
is give you non for
good governance:-

- 1) Accountability reduces corruption
↳ improve efficiency in
long run.
- 2) It makes policy more responsive
to public demand
- 3) It reduces the discretion and
hence objective policy
↳ ex - RTI for PDS
- 4) Efficiency is achieved in long
term
↳ when policies reach the
target audience



Thus, efficiency should be attempted
in ambit of accountability ex
Citizen charter model

2. (a) Gandhian ideals can be of immense help in dealing with the Covid-19 pandemic. Evaluate. (150 words) 10

कोविड-19 महामारी से निपटने में गांधीवादी आदर्श अत्यंत सहायक सिद्ध हो सकते हैं। मूल्यांकन कीजिए।

Gandhian values provides an umbrella framework of ethics to deal with all situations of life, and covid is not an exception to it.

Ideals

- Ahimsa

In covid

for police dealing with migrants

- Sarvodaya

to guide governments to provide medical facility, food to food

→ for people to do voluntary work

Private hospitals to regulate their charges

3) Satyagrah

- for public to dissent against unjust government actions.
- peaceful violent protest

4) Trusteeship

- business to share wealth with society
eg Tata gave salary to employees
PM CARES donation

5) Honesty

- in disclosing data

6) Rationality

- In deciding vaccine

7) Spiritualism

- have faith in God
in tough times

8) Stand against
crowd if they
are wrong

- eg against violators
of lockdown

And thus Gandhiji is ~~less like an~~
more like an 'ideal' to be cherished
and refurbished to guide in
current times too.

2. (b) While civil servants have the legal right to undertake post-retirement jobs, it raises key ethical issues. Comment. (150 words) 10
- यद्यपि सिविल सेवकों को सेवानिवृत्ति के बाद नौकरी करने का विधिक अधिकार है, किंतु इसमें महत्वपूर्ण नैतिक मुद्दे भी उत्पन्न होते हैं। टिप्पणी कीजिए।

Civil servants, though are like ordinary citizens post retirement but due to responsibility of past position have some duty to uphold.

In such times, it is legal right to undertake job

→ No conflict of duty

→ Article 19 - allow freedom of profession

→ Code of conduct allows

But it raises key issues:-

1) It questions the impartiality of post-retirement working

↳ eg retired C.S. joining private companies

2) It creates a possibility of quid

pro quo in pre-retirement time
Lg biasness in tendering

3) They due to working are going
to governmental working

↳ can misuse this information

4) Some senior ~~the~~ C-S hold
considerable influence over juniors

5) It reduces public trust in
administration

6) And such move over time
reduces probity in governance

Thus there is need to

- ensure consistency of ethical
- Have a cooling off period
post retirement
- Disclose conflict of interest
if it comes in duty

3. Given below are quotations of moral thinkers/philosophers. Bring out what they mean to you in the present context:
नीचे नैतिक विचारकों/दार्शनिकों के उद्धरण दिए गए हैं। वर्तमान संदर्भ में आपके लिए उनके क्या अर्थ हैं:

(a) Try not to become a man of success but rather try to become a man of value. Albert Einstein
(150 words) 10

सफल व्यक्ति बनने का प्रयास न करें, बल्कि मूल्यों के लिए जीने वाला व्यक्ति बनने का प्रयास करें। अल्बर्ट आइंस्टीन

Albert Einstein, was a science genius who also laid some remarkable ethical guidance for humanity.

Here, if ask individuals to not run behind materialistic success

Rather, one should focus on gaining values and living upto it. As this is more important and provide long term success.

In present context

1) Our education system need to change from success driven to value driven

2) Gandhiji didn't lie in class to

3. (b) Having knowledge of an unethical act and allowing it to continue can spread a contagion that can affect multiple beings in society. Bertrand Russell (150 words) 10

अनैतिक कार्य का ज्ञान होने और इसके बावजूद उसे जारी रखने देने में एक प्रकार का संक्रमण फैल सकता है जो समाज में अनेक व्यक्तियों को प्रभावित कर सकता है। बर्ट्रैंड रसेल

Bertrand Russell explains how at times people despite having knowledge about unethical act fail to contain it. These findings cause such unethical activities to spread like disease and harm many more.

Current context :-

1) As Socrates said

'It is better to be dissatisfied, than to be fool satisfied'

which ask those with wisdom to understand unethical act and respond to prevent.

2) Important to stop domestic abuse in family
↳ spread patriarchy

- 3) In society, when women is harassed, raped - people turn mute → causes spread of harassment.
- 4) We need to act brave and resist such activity.
- 5) Cow vigilante, destroy secular fabric
↳ but since it doesn't harm us, we stay silent.
- 6) There is a need to stop this or else it snowballs into violent riots.

Thus having knowledge is not enough but we need

- Courage to act on knowledge
- will to sustain adversity for our cause

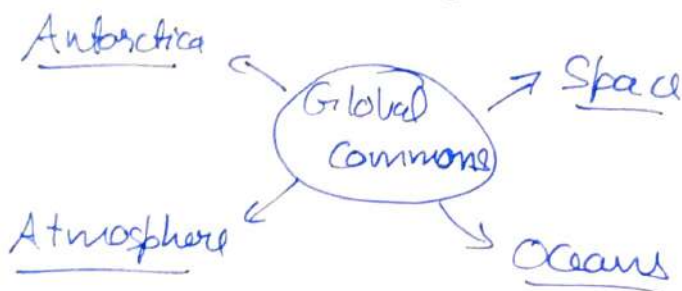
↳ to be socrates dissatisfied than poor satisfied

4. (a) When people use a common resource without a coordinated plan the result is often a tragedy of the commons in which the resource is depleted. In this context, discuss the various ethical challenges arising out of utilization of Global Commons. (150 words) 10

जब लोग समन्वित योजना के बिना किसी सर्वनिष्ठ संसाधन का उपयोग करते हैं, तो इसके परिणामस्वरूप प्रायः ट्रेजेडी ऑफ कॉमन्स घटित होती है जिसमें संसाधन का अवनश्य हो जाता है। इस संदर्भ में, वैश्विक सर्वनिष्ठ संसाधनों के उपयोग में उत्पन्न विभिन्न नैतिक चुनौतियों की विवेचना कीजिए।

"Everyone's responsibility is no one's responsibility"

And ~~can~~ global commons faces lack of responsibility, even when everyone is ready to use them



Ethical challenges in utilisation:-

- 1) No international mechanism to coordinate action

↳ eg No space treaty to prevent weaponisation
(Outer Space Treaty prevents only nuclear weapon)

- 2) This utilisation is by rich people
↳ no equity of utilisation
- 3) But disproportionate impact on poor
↳ e.g. ocean garbage affect poor people on coast
- 4) Inequity among nations for them.
- 5) Unequal responsibility but equal impact

↓
 US, US caused
 global warming

↓
 equally
 impact Africa
- 6) Mechanism to bring accountability is lacking

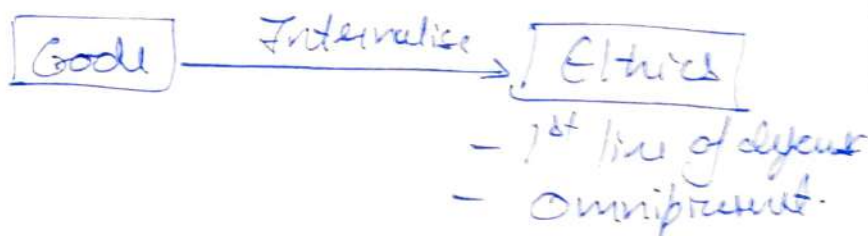
Thus there is a need to lay a ethical framework and institutional measures to by coordination

4. (b) While a code of conduct merely establishes minimal standards of conduct, a better strategy to promote ethical work culture is through internalization of values. Discuss. (150 words) 10

जबकि आचार संहिता केवल आचरण के न्यूनतम मानकों को स्थापित करती है, नैतिक कार्य संस्कृति को बढ़ावा देने के लिए मूल्यों का आंतरिकरण बेहतर रणनीति है। विवेचना कीजिए।

Code of conduct provides a basic cloth and devil of an organisation.

While Internalisation allows it to act a ethice



Internalisation is better

- 1) 1st line of defence to any wrong doing
- 2) Effective in newer domain
ex cyber space.
- 3) works even when no one is watching

- 4) No need for justifiability
- 5) Provide sustained work culture

or Tata company has 150 yrs
legacy and good work
culture

While coc is also important

- 1) To punish erring employee
- 2) Not everyone internalises
ethics

- 3) Need to punish some
crimes

↳ or women harassment

- 4) Coc cannot be objectively
assessed.

- 5) Employee may have variable
ethics

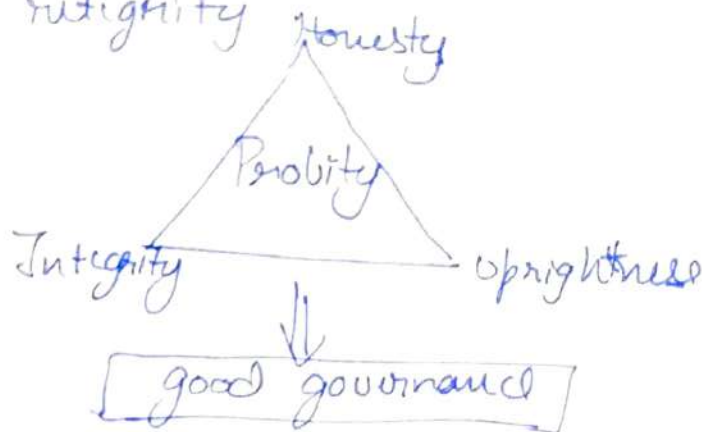
Thus internalisation is essential,
but only over a well laid Coc
to provide justifiability also

5. (a) A state that does not have the political will and the discipline to enforce probity in governance, can not get rid of the menace of prolonged corruption. Discuss.

(150 words) 10

वह राज्य जिसमें शासन में ईमानदारी को प्रवर्तित करने की राजनीतिक इच्छाशक्ति और अनुशासन नहीं है, वह दीर्घकाल में व्याप्त भ्रष्टाचार की समस्या से छुटकारा नहीं पा सकता है। विवेचना कीजिए।

Probity in governance is a value laden governance of consistency and integrity.



A state without political will to remove corruption and without discipline in enforcement mechanism, cannot get rid of corruption:-

- 1) African dictatorial countries lack political will
↳ corruption high.

- 2) India has political will in
some law
↳ weak enforcement due to
criminalisation of politics
and mess with bureaucrats
↓
high corruption.

- 3) While Singapore under
Kee Leun Yew
↳ strong will
↳ good enforcement police
↓
eliminated corruption

- 4) Technological solutions like
ePos in PDS provide such
disciplined solutions

Now with strong political will,
and IT based disciplined
solutions, India should attempt
to get rid of corruption

5. (b) India cannot march successfully in to the 21st century with the administrative system having a colonial mindset. Discuss in context of the bureaucratic work culture in India. (150 words) 10

भारत औपनिवेशिक मानसिकता वाले प्रशासनिक तंत्र के साथ 21वीं शताब्दी में सफलतापूर्वक प्रगति नहीं कर सकता है। भारत में नौकरशाही कार्य संस्कृति के संदर्भ में विवेचना कीजिए।

Bureaucratic work culture is
the working habits and
interactions of permanent
executive.

It is colonial inspired as
secrecy of work, delay in
implementation, rigidity to
rules,

This hampers 21st century
march of India

- 1) Secrecy alienates public
↳ can't ask for rights
- 2) Low accountability of bureaucracy
↳ Non responsible to
public demand
- 3) Rigidity to rules

↳ doesn't allow flexibility
to deal with 21st century
challenges.

4) Bureaucracy is process centric
↳ we need people centric

Hence for 21st century we need

1) New processes like citizen
charter, social audit

2) Informed citizenry

3) RTI to keep them informed

4) Responsive bureaucracy

↳ eg IRCTC replying to
rail delay

5) Participative and consultative
policy

↳ to tackle challenges like
Bitcoin, farm law.

6. Which corporate leader has inspired you the most and what moral lessons have you learnt from their life? (150 words) 10

किस कॉर्पोरेट नेतृत्वकर्ता ने आपको सबसे अधिक प्रेरित किया है और आपने उनके जीवन से कौन-से नैतिक पाठ सीखे हैं?

Corporate arena is usually dominated by profiteering tendencies. In this only few emerge out due to their ethical ideas

I am inspired by Bill Gates of Microsoft

<u>His life</u>	<u>Lessons</u>
→ Punctuality of work	- Important in study routine
	- going to work
→ good working culture with employees	- build strong social capital
	- interact with many people

VISION IAS™

- Run world's
biggest charity
organisation

→ importance
of giving back
in life

→ prevent
concentration
of wealth

→ humanity is of
prime
importance

→ Rationality
of
thoughts

→ remain
rational
in our
choices

↳ and no
wasteful
charity

→ look for
solutions of
problems

→ Innovative idea
of microsoft

→ Adaptability

→ innovation

These values inspire not just me
but a generation to look
beyond success to be a better human.

7. Increasing participation of people in governance and easy access to information is what transforms governance to good governance. Elaborate.

(150 words) 10

शासन में लोगों की बढ़ती भागीदारी और सूचनाओं तक सरल पहुँच ही शासन को मुशामन में परिवर्तित करते हैं। विस्तारपूर्वक बताइए।

~~Good g~~
Governance is the networked effort of governors, market and civil society to deliver public service

But when we add following to it! —

Increasing participation

- 1) It increases consensus for policy
- 2) Makes policy more responsive to public demand.
- 3) Inclusive policy formation
↳ address concerns of all sections of society.

4) Ensure equity and efficiency
of policy

Also access to information ex RTI

5) Increases transparency

6) It makes government
accountable to people

7) Effectiveness of action taken
increases

8) Rule of law prevails

And these eight additions
make it good governance as
suggested by UNDP

Thus we need tools like
citizen charter, social audit
to ensure such value driven
governance.

8. It is sometimes believed that moral scrupulousness in one's private life automatically guarantees high moral stature in professional life. Do you agree? Justify your stand with logical arguments. (150 words) 10

कभी-कभी यह माना जाता है कि किसी के निजी जीवन में नैतिक सत्यनिष्ठा, स्वतः ही पेशेवर जीवन में उच्च नैतिक उन्नता की गारंटी देती है। क्या आप सहमत हैं? न्यायमंगत तर्कों के माध्यम से अपने दृष्टिकोण का औचित्य सिद्ध कीजिए।

Private and public life are
two vastly different domains
for an individual. But since
the participant is same the
outcome gets linked.

Morals of private life do
reflect in morals in professional
life! —

1) The way, a person treats wife
at home

↳ reflects in his behaviour
towards women employees

eg recent IPS video of
beating wife.

2) If a dichotomy of behaviour

is present

↳ it can lead to cognitive
dissonance

3) Emotional intelligence to manage
ones emotions

↳ allow to tackle societies

↳ eg Doctor should not faint
and serve the patient.

4) Ethics are omnipresent and
are 1st line of defense

↳ hence act in all circumstances

Thus to ensure high ethical
standards of work

→ Educate children with good
morals

→ Play a role model role for
them.

→ Select people with good morals
and train them.

SECTION – B

In the following questions, carefully study the cases presented and then answer the questions that follow (in around 250 words):

9. You are working as a District Magistrate in an aspirational district where women literacy and sex ratio is one of the lowest in the country. It is brought to your notice that a woman who has been elected as 'Sarpanch' on a seat reserved for women candidates in a panchayat in your district is head 'only on the paper'. All the work related to the panchayat is actually carried out by her husband. Even the flag hoisting ceremony on Independence Day is carried out by her husband. However, her husband happens to be a good administrator as indicated by that panchayat's performance on various developmental parameters as compared to other panchayats in the district. Also, her husband enjoys the support of the local people. Given the situation, answer the following:

(a) Identify the stakeholders and issues involved in this case?

(b) What options are available to you as the District Magistrate in such a scenario? Also, evaluate each option and indicate what option will you choose.

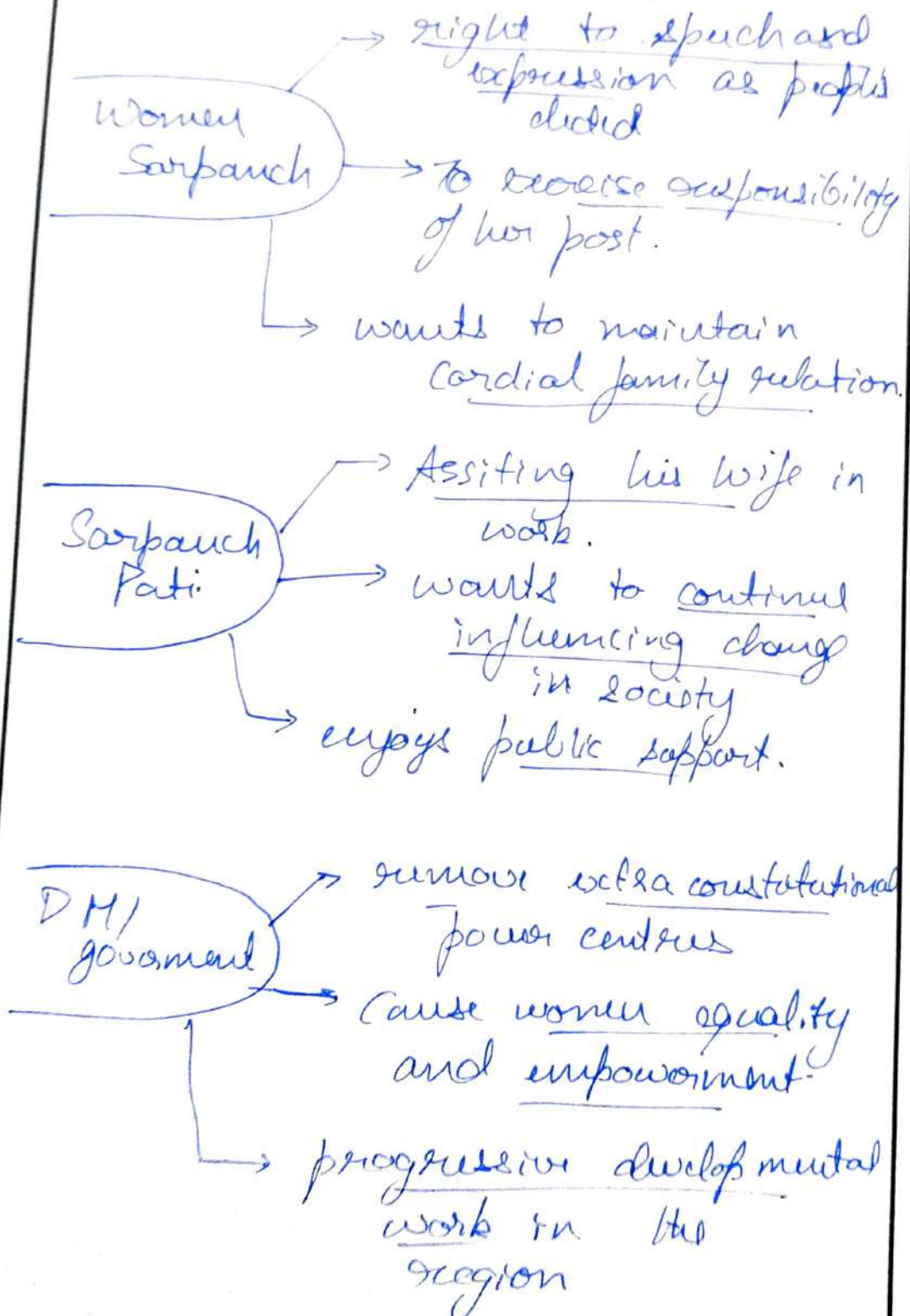
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आप एक आकांक्षी जिले में जिलाधिकारी के रूप में काम कर रहे हैं जहां महिला साक्षरता और लिंगानुपात देश में सबसे कम में से एक है। आपके ध्यान में यह बात लाई जाती है कि आपके जिले की एक पंचायत में महिला उम्मीदवारों के लिए आरक्षित सीट पर 'सरपंच' के रूप में चुनी गई एक महिला केवल 'कागजों पर ही सरपंच' हैं। पंचायत से संबंधित सभी कार्य वास्तव में उनके पति द्वारा संपन्न किए जाते हैं। यहां तक कि स्वतंत्रता दिवस पर ध्वजारोहण समारोह की अध्यक्षता भी उनके पति द्वारा की जाती है। हालांकि, जिले की अन्य पंचायतों की तुलना में विभिन्न विकास मापदंडों पर पंचायत के प्रदर्शन से मिलने वाले संकेतों से पता चलता है उनके पति एक अच्छे प्रशासक हैं। साथ ही, उनके पति को स्थानीय लोगों का समर्थन भी प्राप्त है। उपर्युक्त स्थिति को देखते हुए, निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए:

(a) इस मामले में सम्मिलित हितधारकों और मुद्दों की पहचान कीजिए?

(b) ऐसे परिदृश्य में जिलाधिकारी के रूप में आपके पास क्या विकल्प उपलब्ध हैं? साथ ही, प्रत्येक विकल्प का मूल्यांकन कीजिए और इंगित कीजिए कि आप कौन-सा विकल्प चुनेंगे।

'Sarpanch Pati' concept reflects how progressive social law for women empowerment are conflicted by social inertia to cause cultural change.

Stakeholders and issue

People of village

→ to be represented by genuine elected person

→ wants development of village with efficiency

women in society at large

→ gender equality

→ end to patriarchy

6) Options available

① Warn the husband
& let woman sarpanch work

Arrest the husband

Let it continue
for village development

Evaluation

1) Warning husband & let woman work

↓
Merit

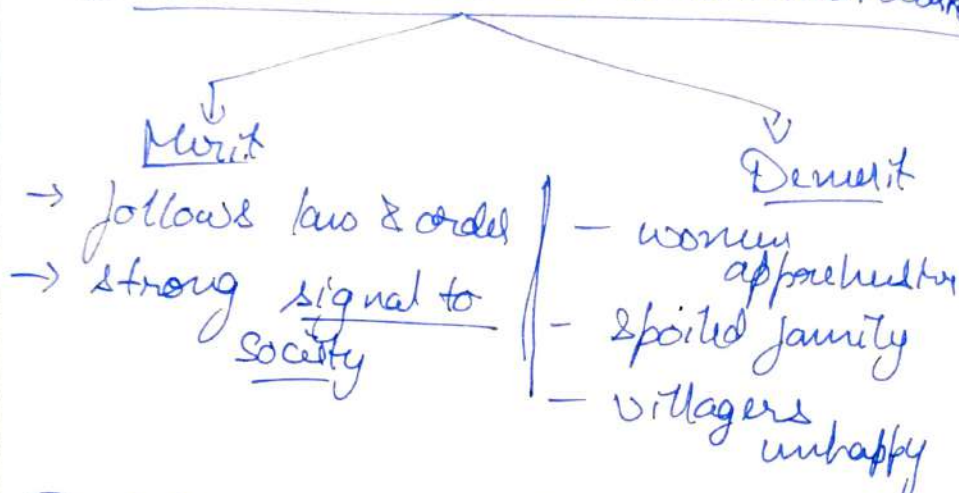
- gender equality
- genuine representation

↓
Demerit

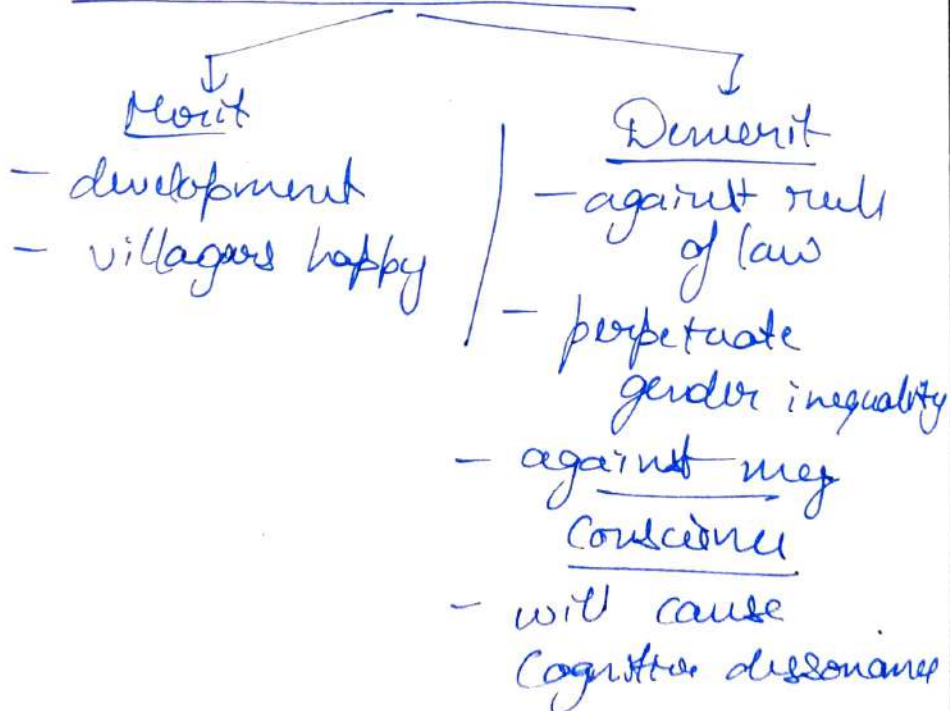
- may not work
- he continues to work

- cordial family relations
- villagers happy

② Arrest husband & let women work



③ Let them continue



Option 1 will choose

As a DM duty to uphold law,
Cause women empowerment &
development of village

1) I will reprimand the husband
for undue interference

- ↳ against inequality
- ↳ signal to society.

2) Make it mandatory for women
sarpanch to be present at
work

- ↳ genuine representation

3) I will empower gram Sabha
to support sarpanch

- ↳ husband can support here

- ↳ constitutional

- ↳ participative for people

- ↳ good development

4) Shifting of women Sarpanch
Thus law alone cannot propel society
we need enforcement for societal change.

10. The issues confronting humanity are multifaceted - from political conflicts and human rights abuses to pandemics and climate change. They are not contained within national borders, nor do they fit into the silos of separate government agencies or academic specialties. What is required is greater international cooperation, mutual respect, abiding by international laws and participative global decision-making. However, over the last decade, it has been observed that international relations have overshadowed these basic tenets of global governance and now we are at the verge of serious global catastrophic risks. When it comes to the structures of global governance, business as usual, is no longer an option. Not only an improvement in our understanding of risks is required but also taking responsibility to lead collective action for a coordinated global response.

(a) What do you think are the factors hindering collective actions?

(b) Provide a case for the moral obligation of the international community to come together and find solutions to the problems we face.

(c) What should be the principles guiding such international cooperation?

(20)

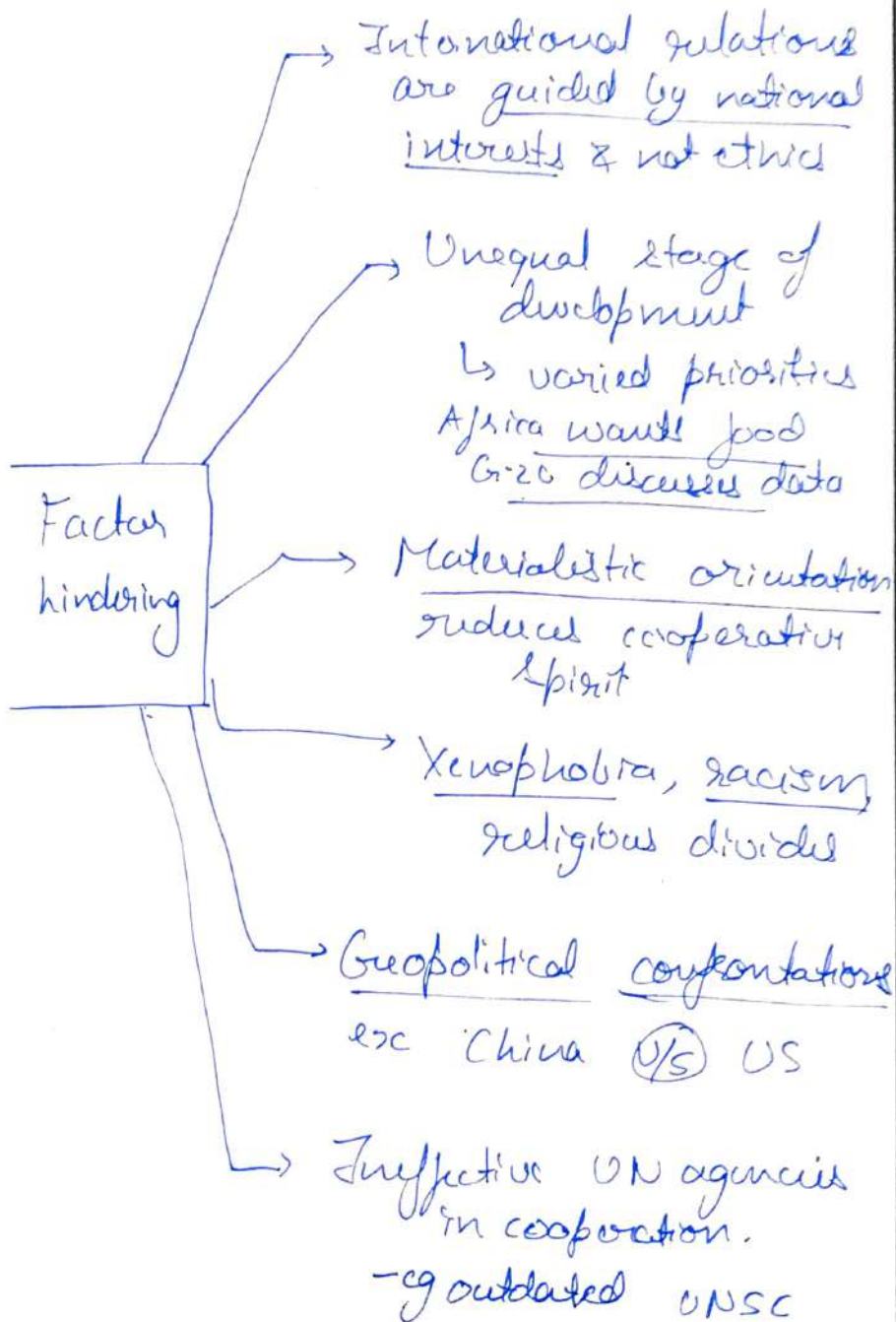
मानवता के सामने राजनीतिक संघर्षों और मानव अधिकारों के दुरुपयोग से लेकर महामारी और जलवायु परिवर्तन तक के बहुआयामी मुद्दे हैं। वे राष्ट्रीय सीमाओं तक सीमित नहीं हैं। न ही वे अलग-अलग सरकारी एजेंसियों या अकादमिक विशिष्टताओं के पृथक-पृथक निकायों में समायोजित होते हैं। इन्हें संबोधित करने के लिए अधिक से अधिक अंतर्राष्ट्रीय सहयोग, परस्पर सम्मान, अंतर्राष्ट्रीय कानूनों का पालन करने और मिलजुल कर वैश्विक निर्णय लेने की आवश्यकता है। हालांकि, पिछले एक दशक में, यह देखा गया है कि अंतर्राष्ट्रीय संबंधों ने वैश्विक शासन के इन मूलभूत सिद्धांतों को नेपथ्य में धकेल दिया है और अब हम गंभीर वैश्विक विनाशकारी जोखिमों की अंतिम सीमाओं पर पहुंच गए हैं। जब वैश्विक शासन की संरचनाओं की बात आती है, तो हमेशा की तरह व्यापार करते रहना, अब कोई विकल्प नहीं है। न केवल जोखिमों के विषय में हमारी समझ में सुधार किए जाने, अपितु समन्वित वैश्विक अनुक्रिया के लिए सामूहिक कार्रवाई का नेतृत्व करने की जिम्मेदारी लिए जाने की भी आवश्यकता है।

(a) आपके विचार से सामूहिक कार्यों में बाधा उत्पन्न करने वाले कारक कौन-से हैं?

(b) अंतर्राष्ट्रीय समुदाय के लिए एकजुट होने और हमारे द्वारा सामना की जाने वाली समस्याओं के समाधान निकालने हेतु नैतिक दायित्व का औचित्य सिद्ध करने हेतु प्रकरण प्रस्तुत कीजिए?

(c) इस प्रकार के अंतर्राष्ट्रीय सहयोग हेतु दिशा-निर्देशक सिद्धांत क्या होने चाहिए?

Globalisation has provided a means to bring world together, but parochial interest have wedged fragmentation of societies

a) Factors hindering collective action

B) But, it is moral obligation
to come together to find
solutions

1) We are all a part of
same humanity
↳ not religion / race divides

2) Unequally placed to transform
change
↳ Africa cannot change its
fortune
↳ But, US, India, China can
help it tackle this

3) Common but differentiated
responsibility and
historical liability
↳ developed world have caused
current problem and should
share the burden now.

4) Problems are becoming more global and interconnected
 ↳ e.g. climate change
 ↳ ozone hole formation

5) Humanitarian ethics to help the person in need.
 ↳ e.g. helping other countries in time of disaster

6) Principles → guide

1) United nation declaration of human rights CUNDHRI
 ↳ to form bedrock of ethical cooperation.

2) Equity of resource sharing
 ↳ more assistance to those in need

3) Common but differentiated responsibility

- 4) Gender equality
↳ as Patriarchy across all societies.
 - 5) Antiracism and against xenophobic sentiments
 - 6) More tolerance to other ideas
 - 7) Ideas of Ahimsa to causing cooperation
↳ avoid use of war as a means to achieve any well
 - 8) Idea of Sarvodaya
↳ to help the poorest across world
↳ including refugees without nationality.
 - 9) Policy of Panchsheel for dealing among nations
↳ mutual respect, cooperation
- Such [ethical frameworks] should guide international relations.

11. You are posted as Superintendent of Police in a district. A case has come up in which more than 30 girls were allegedly raped and sexually exploited at the city shelter home run by an NGO. The scandal came to light when media flagged complaints of sexual abuse of inmates of the city shelter home. A nexus of police, politicians, administration and criminals have been allegedly responsible for the racket going on for the last few years. In light of this, a lot of protests have erupted across the city. While, on one hand, media glare has meant that people are demanding swift action, you have been asked to go slow in investigating the case by top officers in your department. Elections in the state are due in a few months, so it has become a politically sensitive issue. You are also under immense political pressure from the ruling party to not take strict action and make compromises to cover up the case.

Given the situation, answer the following:

(a) Identify the issues involved in the case.

(b) What are the options available to you? Which of these options will you choose? Justify your stand with logical arguments.

(20)

आप एक जिले में पुलिस अधीक्षक के रूप में नियुक्त हैं। एक मामला सामने आया है जिसमें एक गैर सरकारी संगठन द्वारा चलाए जा रहे नगर आश्रय गृह (सिटी शेल्टर होम) में 30 से अधिक लड़कियों के साथ कथित रूप से बलात्कार और यौन शोषण किया गया। यह मामला तब सामने आया जब मीडिया ने शहर के आश्रय गृह में अंतेवासियों के यौन शोषण की शिकायतों को उजागर किया। पिछले कुछ वर्षों से चल रहे इस रैकेट के लिए कथित तौर पर पुलिस, राजनेताओं, प्रशासन और अपराधियों की साठगांठ जिम्मेदार है। इसकी जानकारी मिलने पर संपूर्ण शहर में अनेक विरोध प्रदर्शन हुए हैं।

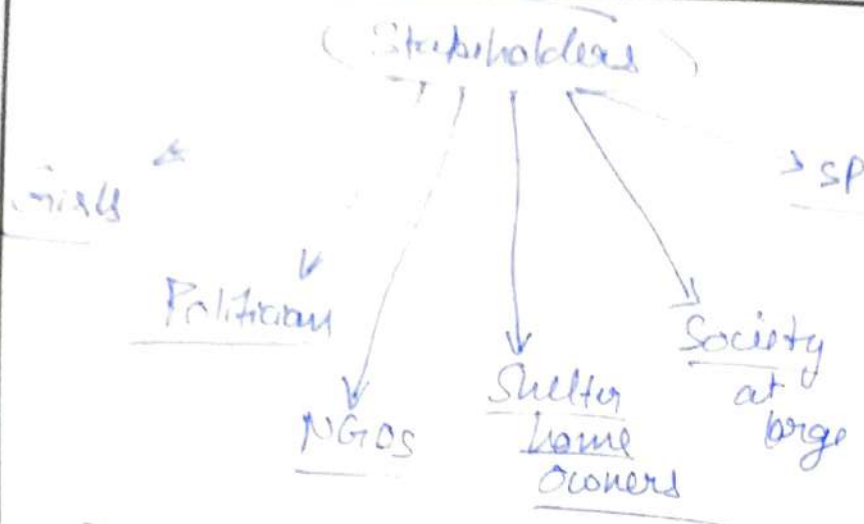
हालांकि, एक ओर मीडिया के द्वारा इस बात को अधिक से अधिक उछाले जाने का अर्थ यह है कि लोग इस मामले में तत्परतापूर्वक कार्यवाही करने की मांग कर रहे हैं, वहीं दूसरी ओर, आपके विभाग में उच्च अधिकारियों द्वारा आपसे इस मामले की जांच पड़ताल में धीमी गति बनाए रखने के लिए कहा गया है। कुछ ही महीनों में राज्य में चुनाव होने वाले हैं, इसलिए यह राजनीतिक रूप से संवेदनशील मामला बन गया है। आप पर भी सत्ताधारी दल की ओर से कड़ी कार्रवाई नहीं करने और मामले को दबा देने के लिए समझौता करवाने का दबाव है।

इन परिस्थितियों में, निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए:

(a) प्रकरण में शामिल मुद्दों की पहचान कीजिए।

(b) आपके पास कौन-से विकल्प उपलब्ध हैं? आप इन विकल्पों में से किसका चुनाव करेंगे? इस विषय में अपनी ओर से लिए जाने वाले निर्णय का औचित्य सिद्ध कीजिए।

*This case is a situation where
objective duty ethics are under
influence of superiors & public
movement equally*



Issues

- 1) Need to provide justice to the girls.
- 2) Need to rehabilitate them mentally and socially support.
- 3) Ensure objectivity of the case
- 4) Do not presume guilty based on public anguish
↳ give equality of opportunity for all
- 5) Manage public emotions.
- 6) Courage to face political pressure

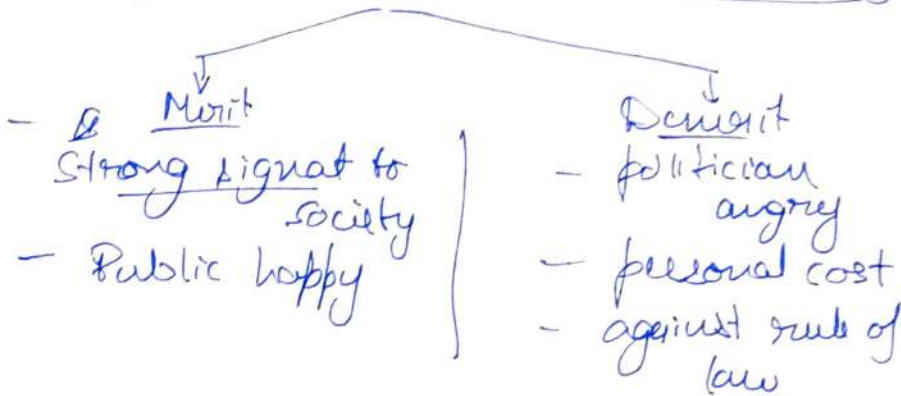
7) Reforming duty objectively
and in an impartial manner.

8) Signal the intent of justice to
society

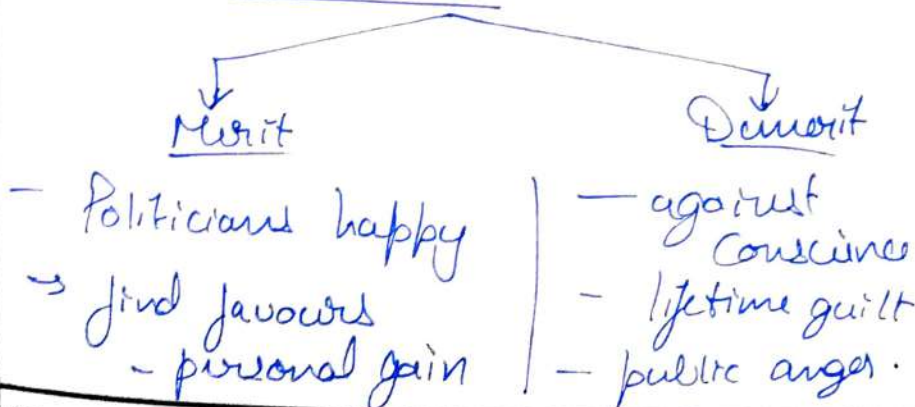
9) Promote women empowerment.

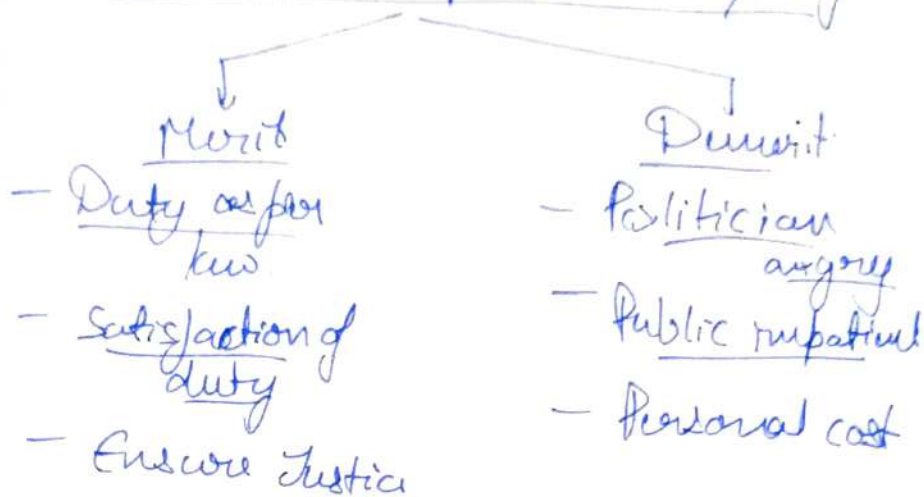
6) Options Available

1) Arrest the accused immediately



2) Do not arrest, follow politicians command



3) Conduct impartial enquiryOption to choose

ASP, duty to abide by duty
objectively and uphold rule of
law

Action

1) Conduct impartial enquiry
and submit report to
Court

- ↳ uphold law
- ↳ ensure justice
- ↳ faster action, decreases public anger

Measure to mitigate adverse impact
21 Use emotional intelligence
to tackle crowd

- ↳ need to ensure justice
- ↳ involve NGO's to continue fight for cause but without violating law

3) Prevent spread of fake news
and stop parallel trial by media

- ↳ impartial justice.

4) Will never succumb to political pressure.

Ask seniors to give command
in writing

- ↳ follow courts directive of written order

- ↳ shows courage

And, ultimately take measures to
register shutter homes to prevent such
repeat incidents.

12. Being the senior-most IAS officer, you are in line to be promoted as Chief Secretary after the incumbent retires in the next two months. Currently, you are heading the Public Works Department (PWD) and a road construction project worth crores has been opened for tender. A company X belonging to the son-in-law of the incumbent Chief Minister has also applied for the same. The director in charge of the screening process, a young IAS officer, has reported that company Y and the state PSU have submitted the best bids. Both you and the director are facing political pressure to favour the company X. The young IAS officer may be demoralised if you give in to the pressure. But if you don't give in then he may be transferred and your chances of promotion may also suffer. In light of the situation, answer the following:

(a) Discuss the ethical issues faced by you in the given case.

(b) What are the options available to you? Which of these options will you choose? Justify your stand with logical arguments.

(20)

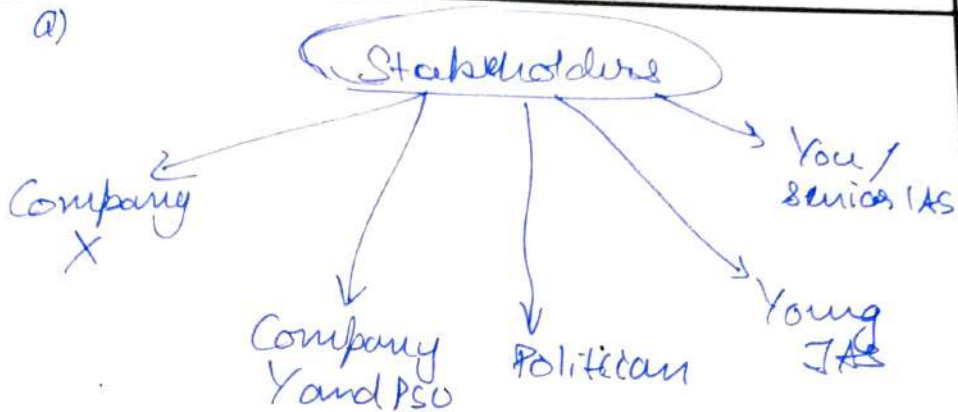
वरिष्ठतम आईएएस अधिकारी होने के नाते, आप अगले 2 महीनों में पदामीन मुख्य सचिव के सेवानिवृत्त होने के बाद मुख्य सचिव के रूप में पदोन्नत होने वाले हैं। वर्तमान में, आप लोक निर्माण विभाग (PWD) के प्रमुख हैं और करोड़ों की लागत वाली सड़क निर्माण परियोजना के लिए निविदाएं आमंत्रित की गई हैं। वर्तमान मुख्यमंत्री के दामाद से संबंधित एक कंपनी X ने भी इसके लिए आवेदन किया है। स्क्रीनिंग प्रक्रिया के प्रभारी निदेशक, एक युवा आईएएस अधिकारी ने यह रिपोर्ट दी है कि कंपनी Y और राज्य सार्वजनिक क्षेत्रक उपक्रम (PSU) ने सर्वश्रेष्ठ बोलियां प्रस्तुत की हैं। आप और निदेशक दोनों को ही कंपनी X का पक्ष लेने के लिए राजनीतिक दबाव का सामना करना पड़ रहा है। यदि आप इस दबाव के सामने हार मान लेते हैं तो युवा आईएएस अधिकारी का मनोबल गिर सकता है। लेकिन यदि आप उनके दबाव के सामने हार नहीं मानते हैं तो उस युवा अधिकारी का स्थानांतरण किया जा सकता है और इसके कारण आपकी पदोन्नति भी प्रभावित हो सकती है। इस स्थिति को देखते हुए निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए:

(a) दिए गए प्रकरण में आपको किन मुद्दों का सामना करना पड़ रहा है, उसकी विवेचना कीजिए?

(b) आपके पास क्या विकल्प उपलब्ध हैं? आप इनमें से कौन-सा विकल्प चुनेंगे? उपयुक्त तर्कों से अपने निर्णय का औचित्य सिद्ध कीजिए।

Tendering process is an avenue of collusive corruption, hidden from public. Hence need highest ethical working to tackle it.

a)



Ethical issues :-

- 1) To ensure objectivity in selection of the grading.
- 2) To maintain political neutrality for chief minister.
- 3) Prevent collusive corruption.
- 4) Playing role model role for young IAS officer.
- 5) Sacrificing personal gain for public duty.
- 6) Causing welfare of society by selecting best grad.

1) Causing efficient use of treasury resources.

b) Options available

1) Select bid between X & PSU

Merit

- Objective
- Role model role
- Societal welfare

Demerit

- loss of personal gains.
- transfer of young IAs

2) Scumb to pressure

Merit

- Personal gain of short term

Demerit

- guilt, against conscience
- reputational loss
- young officer will be corrupted

3) Do not decide

Merit

- save personal

Demerit

- shows escapism

gain

attitude- project overrun
Costs- Young officer will
get wrong signal.Q Option to choose

A seniormost IAS, duty to uphold
laws objectively and play a
leadership role.

1) I will ~~constitute~~ cause
Objective assessment of bids

2) And select best out of X and PSO

3) Objective parameters used and
no political biasness

4) Will submit reasons of
choosing to government

↳ for future scrutiny

5) Proactive disclosure of deal under
RTI

Reasons

- 1) Political neutrality
 - 2) Leadership role for young IAS
 - 3) Social welfare.
 - 4) Duty as an IAS
 - 5) No personal loss
 - ↳ as such promotions are temporary phenomenon.
 - ↳ ex. ex UP CS was removed and jailed when corruption found.
 - ↳ so, this action will protect from future problem.
 - 6) Satisfaction of duty and moral justified mental peace
 - 7) Transparency by disclosing details
- And this will improve public welfare in long term.

13. As the head of the Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV), you are tasked to complete the construction of a power plant. The project needs to be completed expeditiously to fulfil the promise made by the government to ensure access to power for all. The selected site is in a remote area and is ideal for plant construction. However, the project would require relocation of the people living in the vicinity. Initially, the local community objected to disruption in their lives but were convinced later about the economic benefits that would accrue to the region through this plant. The project had started gathering pace, but recently a local NGO working for environment protection got involved with the local community regarding the issue. And now the local community has started protesting against any developmental activity in the region.

As the officer-in-charge for the speedy execution of the project, answer the following:

(a) What are the issues involved in this case?

(b) What course of action will you take and why?

(20)

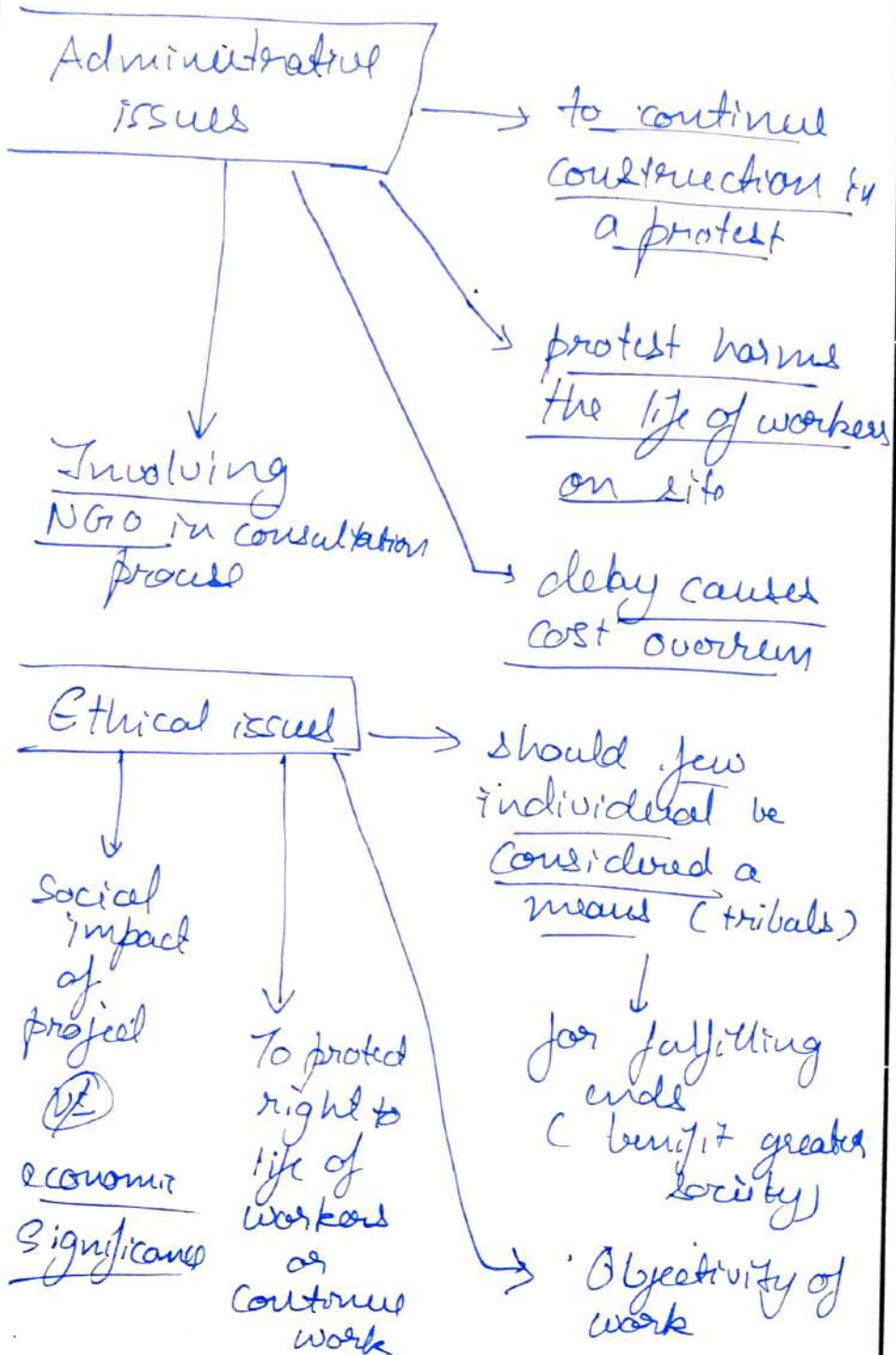
विशेष प्रयोजन वाहन (SPV) के प्रमुख के रूप में, आपको एक विद्युत संयंत्र का निर्माण पूरा करने का काम सौंपा जाता है। सभी के लिए विद्युत की उपलब्धता सुनिश्चित करने हेतु सरकार द्वारा किए गए वादे को पूरा करने लिए परियोजना को शीघ्र पूरा करने की आवश्यकता है। चयनित स्थल एक दूरस्थ क्षेत्र में है और संयंत्र निर्माण के लिए आदर्श है। हालांकि, इस परियोजना के लिए निकटवर्ती क्षेत्र में रहने वाले लोगों को स्थानांतरित करने की आवश्यकता होगी। प्रारंभ में, स्थानीय समुदाय ने इससे उनके जीवन में पड़ने वाले व्यवधान पर आपत्ति जताई, लेकिन बाद में उन्हें इस संयंत्र के माध्यम से क्षेत्र को होने वाले आर्थिक लाभों के विषय में आश्चस्त किया गया। इस परियोजना ने गति प्राप्त करना प्रारंभ कर दिया था, लेकिन हाल ही में पर्यावरण संरक्षण के लिए काम करने वाले एक स्थानीय गैर सरकारी संगठन ने इस मुद्दे के विषय में स्थानीय समुदाय के साथ सहभागिता करके कार्य करना आरंभ कर दिया। और अब स्थानीय समुदाय ने क्षेत्र में किसी भी विकासात्मक गतिविधि का विरोध करना प्रारंभ कर दिया है।

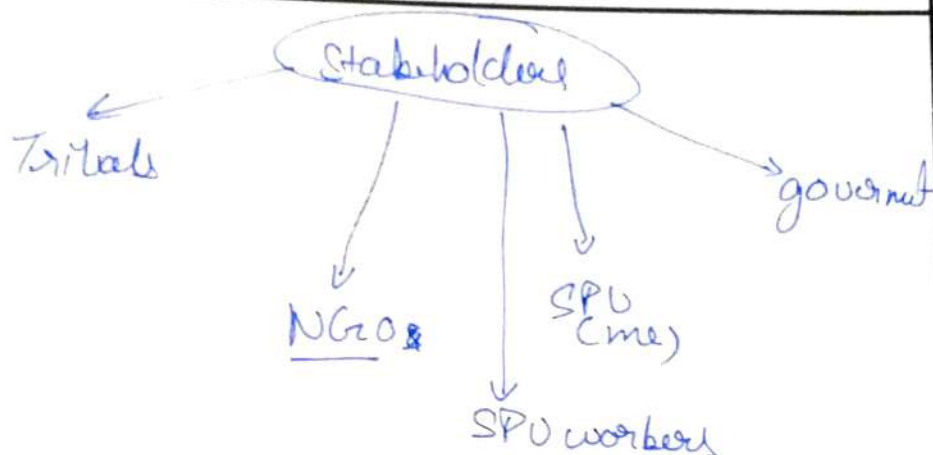
परियोजना के त्वरित निष्पादन हेतु प्रभारी अधिकारी के रूप में, निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए:

(a) इस प्रकरण में सम्मिलित मुद्दे क्या हैं?

(b) आप क्या कार्रवाई करेंगे और क्यों?

This case study takes inspiration from the Greenpeace mediated protest against Kundanbukur power plant.

Issues involved



6) Course of Action and Reasons

As a head of SPU duty
to complete project on time.
And reduce social impact.

1) Ensure safety of SPU workers
from protesters

↳ as human duty
2) If safety ensured, continued construction

3) In me ↳ to reduce cost overrun
↳ legal action as permission given

3) In meantime, consultation

With tribals and NGOs

- ↳ use of emotional intelligence
to understand their demand.
- ↳ control crowd activities to prevent any violent protest
- 4) Ask police administration for help
- 5) Ask local leaders and politicians to convince tribals
↳ as important to follow participatory approach
- 6) Will try to include tribals in benefits by project
↳ will promise them work in power plant on completion.

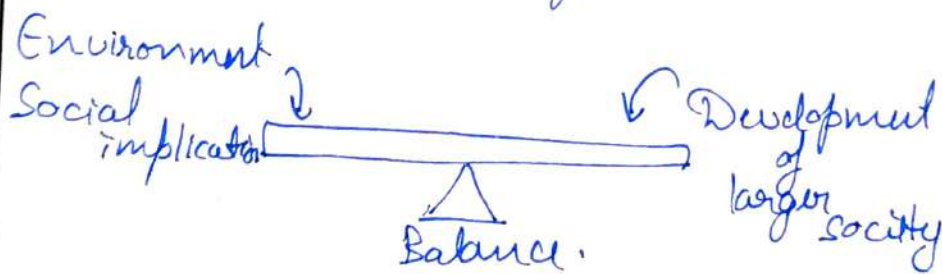
↳ skilling tribals using
CSR funds

↳ promise a fast rehabilitation
at a nearby and culturally
similar place

→ This ensures responsive
action to public grievance

7) Will submit report of delay
to senior and measures
taken to address issue.

8) Complain against NGO if vested
interest suspected



Thus, the balance is crucial
in such projects. And by
including tribals these social
impacts can be minimised.

14. Genetic editing has several applications with its potential to edit the genomes of both somatic and germ cells. This allows for the ability to not only cure genetic diseases but to edit the characteristics of future offspring. The last few years have seen the development of several efficient, more precise genetic engineering techniques. However, with growing sophistication, various issues of bioethics have also come to the forefront.

(a) Discuss the ethical considerations associated with genome editing.

(b) In the light of these ethical issues, provide an ethical framework on how this technology can be used for the betterment of humanity. (20)

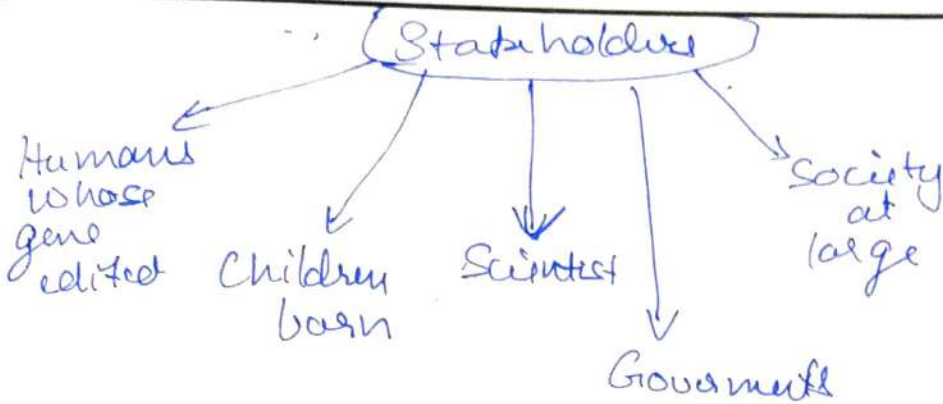
जेनेटिक एडिटिंग में कायिक-कोशिकाओं और जनन-कोशिकाओं दोनों के जीनोम को संपादित करने की क्षमता से युक्त कई अनुप्रयोग हैं। इससे न केवल आनुवंशिक रोगों का उपचार करने बल्कि भावी संतानों के लक्षणों को भी संपादित करने की क्षमता प्राप्त होती है। पिछले कुछ वर्षों में कई कुशल, अधिक सटीक जेनेटिक इंजीनियरिंग तकनीकों का विकास होते देखा गया है।

(a) जीनोम एडिटिंग से संबंधित नैतिक चिंताओं की विवेचना कीजिए।

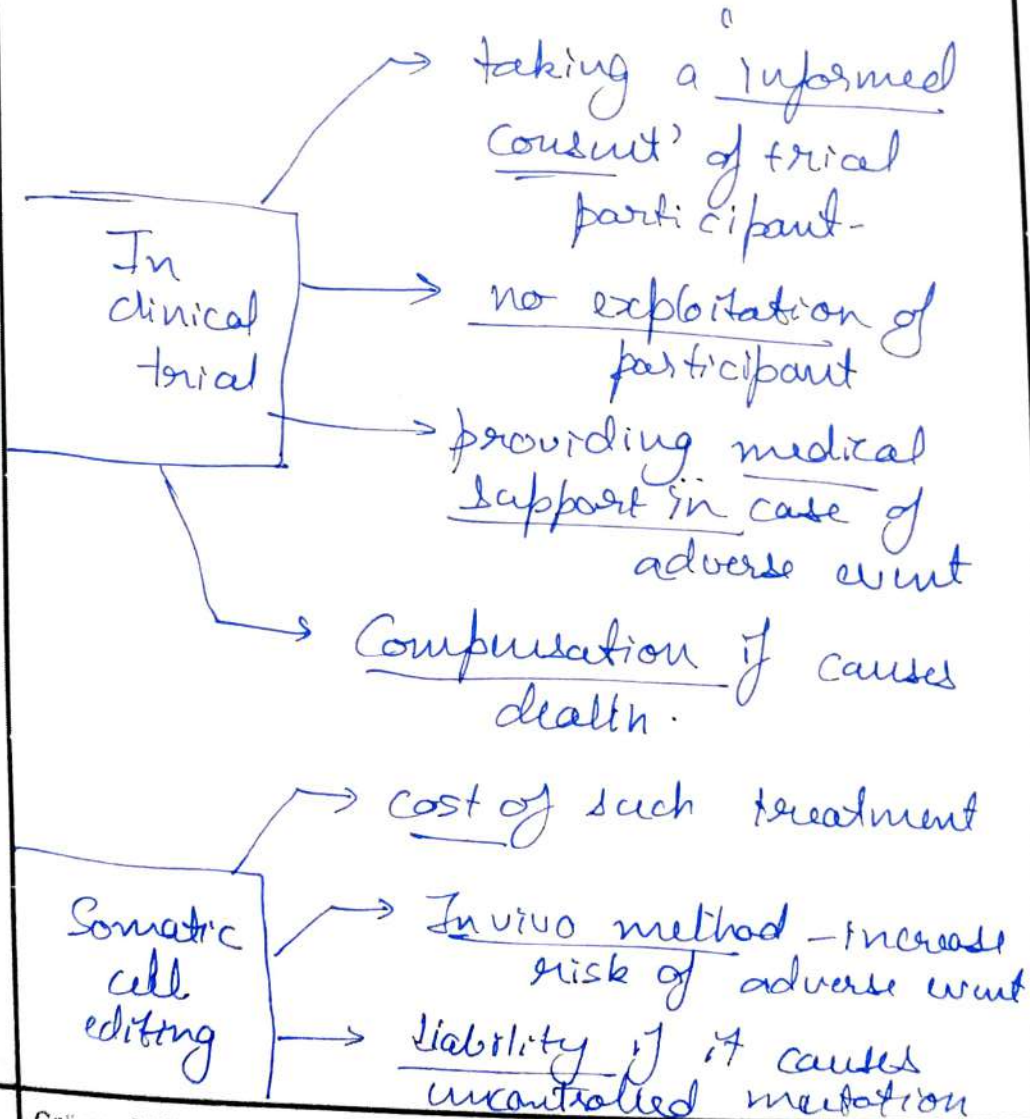
(b) इन नैतिक मुद्दों के आलोक में, मानवता के कल्याण के लिए इस प्रौद्योगिकी का उपयोग की जाने की कार्यप्रणाली का नैतिक ढांचा प्रदान कीजिए।

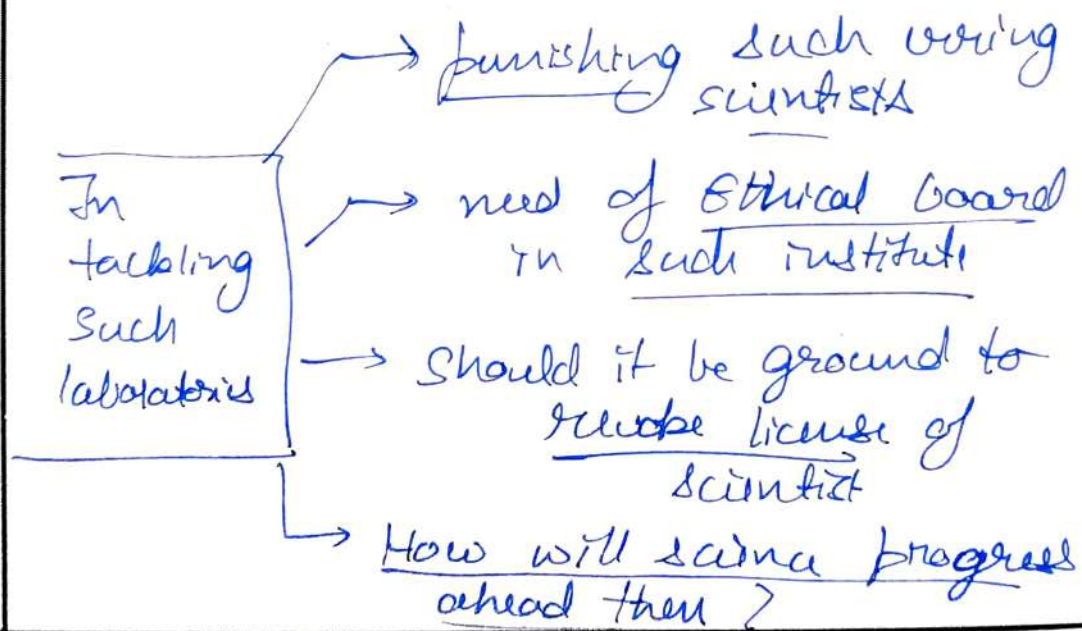
Genetic editing involves the use of molecular scissors to cause alteration of human genome. This is done to selectively attain desired characters and cure diseases.

Recent Chinese scientist's He Jueki experiment on human babies has brought the focus on ethics in these techniques.



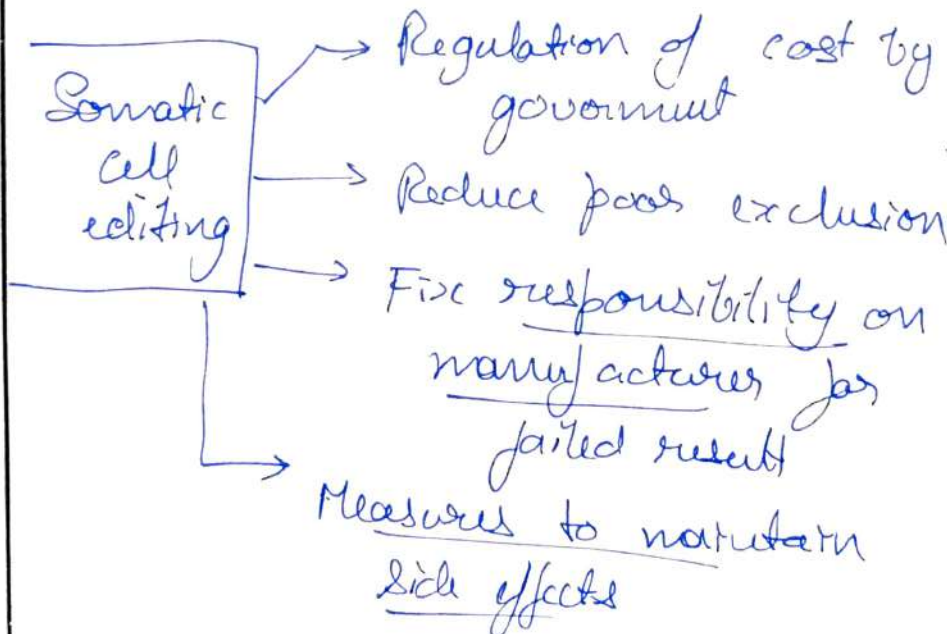
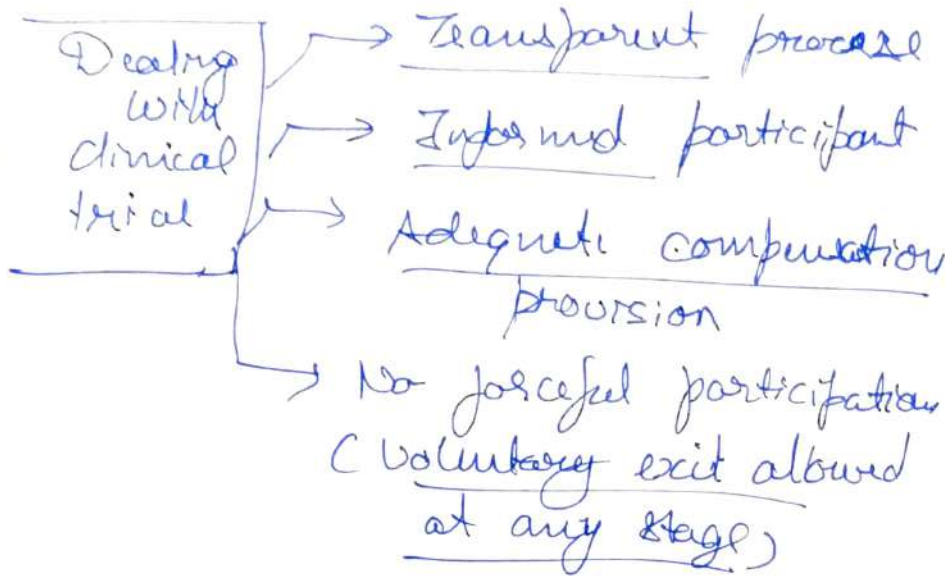
a) Ethical consideration

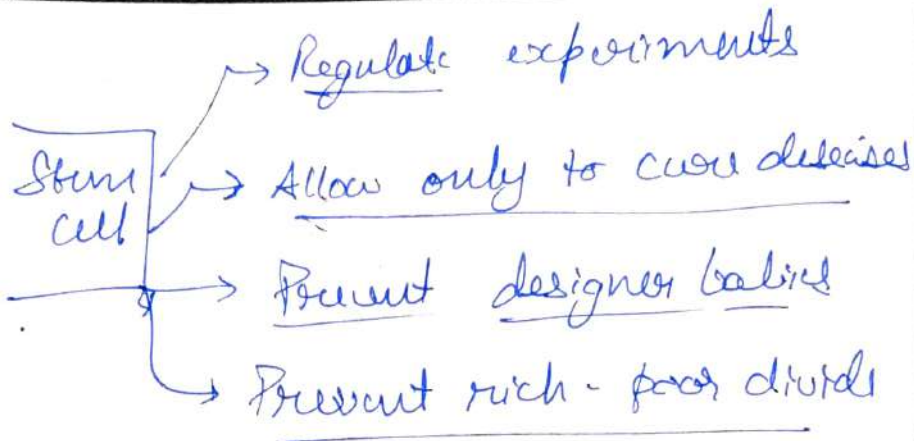




Hence there is a need of ethical framework

to guide in following stages





Other principles

- Objectivity of trials
- Compassion for human being
- Accountability of scientists to society
- Rationality of decision
 - ↳ does not prevent racism, xenophobia

Thus before science advances
we need to lay broad
criteria to prevent violation
of human rights.