

Verb and Modal

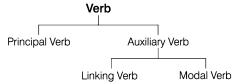
Verb

A word that denotes an action or state of being is called 'a verb'.

e.g. He plays football.

She is jumping on the floor.

Types of Verb



Principal Verb

Action words that came after helping verb are called 'principal verb'. These are the words that indicate the main action.

e.g. Raju plays football.

action word

Sameer <u>does not</u> <u>drink</u> milk.

helping verb action word

Auxiliary Verb

Verbs that help the formation of tense and its mood, are called 'the auxiliary verbs'. It includes do, does, is, am, was, has, can, should, may etc.

e.g. He <u>is</u> a student.

She was a cute girl.

Linking Verb

Words that connect the subject of a sentence to its verb or action are called 'linking verb'. It helps in the formation of tense and mood of the sentence.

Helping/Linking verb of present tense are is, am, are, do, does, has, have, etc.

e.g. She is a doctor.

We do not punish them.

Linking verb of past tense are- was, were, did, had, etc.

e.g. He was a engineer.

We did not punish them.

Modal Verb

Words that denote the mode of action of the main verb are called 'modal verb'. It includes

Can, could, may, might, would, should, might, shall

Uses of Some Important Modals

- 1. Can is used in the following ways.
 - Ravi <u>can</u> speak this language. (ability)
 - He <u>can</u> lift a heavy boom. (power)
 - She <u>can</u> enter the room. (permission)
- 2. <u>Could</u> is used in the following ways.
 - She <u>could</u> walk in the ramp. (ability)
 - She <u>could</u> meet him. (possibility)
 - They <u>could</u> complete their task. (power)

- 3. May is used in the following ways
 - May we live long! (wish)
 - May I sit there. (permission)
 - It may rain heavily. (possibility)
- 4. Would is used in the following ways
 - Mohan would study at 5 O°clock.

(past habit)

- Would you give me your book? (request)
- Would you like to have tea? (offer)
- 5. Should is used in the following ways
 - The police should arrest the thief. (duty)

- You <u>should</u> work regularly. (advice)
- We <u>should</u> respect our elders. (obligation)
- 6. Must is used in the following ways.
 - We <u>must</u> not see this. (prohibition)
 - You <u>must</u> pay your fee on time.

(obligation)

- Soldiers <u>must</u> him the battle. (necessity)
- 7. Shall/Will are used in the following ways
 - I shall meet my parents.
 - I will help you.
 - They will attend his marriage function.

Here is the list of the forms of verb

lst Form	IInd Form	IIIrd Form	Ist Form	IInd Form	IIIrd Form
beat	beat	beaten	hang	hung	hung
begin	began	begun	have	had	had
bend	bent	bent	hear	heard	heard
bet	bet	bet	hide	hid	hidden
bid	bid	bid	hit	hit	hit
blow	blew	blown	hold	held	held
break	broke	broken	hurt	hurt	hurt
buy	bought	bought	keep	kept	kept
catch	caught	caught	know	knew	known
choose	chose	chosen	lay	laid	laid
come	came	come	lead	led	led
cost	cost	cost	leave	left	left
cut	cut	cut	lend	lent	lent
dig	dug	dug	let	let	let
do	did	done	lie	lay	lain
draw	drew	drawn	lose	lost	lost
drive	drove	driven	make	made	made
drink	drank	drunk	mean	meant	meant
eat	ate	eaten	meet	met	met
fall	fell	fallen	pay	paid	paid
feel	felt	felt	put	put	put
fight	fought	fought	read	read	read
find	found	found	ride	rode	ridden
fly	flew	flown	ring	rang	rung
get	got	gotten	rise	rose	risen
give	gave	given	run	ran	run
go	went	gone	say	said	said
grow	grew	grown	see	saw	seen

Practice Exercise

Directions (Q.Nos. 1-25) Fill the blanks with the most suitable verbs from the options.

1.	Last week, Kapil friends.		•	14.	Reena will come here (a) meeting (c) met		e to me. (b) meets (d) meet			
	(a) celebrates(c) celebrating	(b) celebra (d) celebra		16	,		. ,			
2.	Ankit has a new (a) bought (b) buy	` '	(d) buying	15.	(a) Smoke (c) Smokes		(b) Smokir (d) Smoke			
3.	Many years ago, th	ere two (c) were	kings. (d) was	16.	To score al	bove 90% o (b) can	ne stud (c) could			
4.	Mohan always (a) studying	(b) study	. 1: 1		(a) Can	• •	(c) Must	(d) Should		
5.	(c) studies His brothers tau		play chess.	18.	He s (a) must	peak Englis (b) may	sh very wel (c) might			
6	(a) has (b) have He has been the	` '	(d) were	19.		had met w		accident so he		
О.	(a) watched (c) singing	(b) watchi (d) dancin	ing		(a) cannot	not	(b) will no (d) could n			
7.	Though he was qui office.			20.	If you do not complete your work, the teacher definitely punish you.					
	(a) can not go (c) will not go	(b) should (d) did no		-	, ,	(b) could	` '	(d) should		
8.	It is raining so we . (a) can (b) shou	stay at ld (c) might	21.	The water jump (a) will not		d is very di (b) should				
9.	When I reached her				(c) cannot		(d) may no			
	(a) waking (c) cooking	(b) playing (d) cutting	g	22.	You have l	learned you play.	ır lessons n	ow you		
10.	She a car so she (a) had (b) has	e will go to D (c) have	elhi in it. (d) having		, ,	(b) could	• •	' '		
11.	The mangoes be children.	, ,	. ,	23.	otherwise you will get ill. (a) must (b) will (c) can (d) could					
	(a) is (b) are	(c) have	(d) has	24.	. ,	injuries Ra		, ,		
12.	Everybody lau (a) was (b) were		(d) could		(a) may not (c) should not		(b) cannot (d) would			
13.	He is poor so he (a) should (b) can	. not buy thi (c) could	s house. (d) would	25.	God (a) Can	bless you w (b) Will	vith a child (c) Should			
			Ans	wer	'S					

1	(d)	2	(a)	3	(c)	4	(c)	5	(b)	6	(b)	7	(d)	8	(b)	9	(c)	10	(b)
11	(b)	12	(a)	13	(b)	14	(d)	15	(b)	16	(d)	17	(b)	18	(d)	19	(d)	20	(c)
21	(b)	22	(c)	23	(a)	24	(b)	25	(d)										