# Chapter – 4

# Measurements

# Ex 4.1

Question 1. Fill in the blanks.
(i) 7 kg 400 g = $\ g$
<b>Answer:</b> 7400
(ii) 5 g 50 mg = $\_$ mg
Answer: 5050
(iii) 9500 mg = g mg
<b>Answer:</b> 9,500
(iv) 15 kg 350 g = g
<b>Answer:</b> 15350
(v) $6250 g = \underline{\qquad} kg \underline{\qquad} g$
<b>Answer:</b> 6,250
Question 2. Add the following:
(i) 4 kg 250 g + 3 kg 450 g

	kg	 g
		(1)
	4	250
+	3	450
· · ·	7	 700

4 kg 250 g + 3 kg 450 g = 7 kg 700 g

## (ii) 75g 430 mg + 750 g

#### Answer:

9	mg
75	430
(+) 750	000
825	430

75g 430 mg + 750 g = 825 g 430 mg

(iii) 97 kg 45 g + 77 kg 450g + 33 kg 250 g

Answer:

kg	9
(1)	(1)
97	45
77	450
(+) 33	250
207	745

97 kg 45 g + 77 kg 450g + 33 kg 250 g = 207 kg 745 g

(iv) 75 kg 400 g + 30 kg 250 g

kg	9
75	400
(+) 30	250
105	650

75 kg 400 g + 30 kg 250 g = 105 kg 650 g

## Question 3. Subtract the following:

## (i) 40 kg 350 g – 25 kg 200 g

#### Answer:

Kg	9
40	350
(-) 25	200
15	150

40 kg 350 g - 25 kg 200 g = 15 kg 150 g

#### (ii) 35 kg 850 g – 18 kg 500 g

Answer:

kg	g
35	850
(-) 25	500
17	350

35 kg 850 g – 18 kg 500 g = 17 kg 350 g

## (iii) 985 kg 475 g – 275 kg 325 g

kg	9
985	475
(-)275	325
710	150

985 kg 475 g – 275 kg 325 g = 710 kg 150 g

## (iv) 700 kg – 300 kg 500 g

#### Answer:

kg	g
700	000
300	500
399	500

700 kg – 300 kg 500 g = 399 kg 500 g

#### Question 4.

Multiply the following:

(i) 4 kg 300 g × 7

#### Answer:

(2)

4 kg 300 g × 7

#### 30 kg 100 g

 $4 \text{ kg } 300 \text{ g} \times 7 = 30 \text{ kg } 100 \text{ g}$ 

(ii) 17kg 750 g × 8

142 kg	000 g
17 kg	750 g × 8
(6)(6)	(4)

 $17 \text{kg} 750 \text{g} \times 8 = 142 \text{kg}$ 

(iii) 25 kg 550 g × 4

#### Answer:

(2) 25 kg 550 g × 4 102 kg 200 g

 $25 \text{ kg} 550 \text{ g} \times 4 = 102 \text{ kg} 200 \text{ g}$ 

(iv) 72g 350 mg × 5

#### Answer:

(1)(1) (2) 72 g 350 mg × 5 361 g 750 mg

 $72g 350 \text{ mg} \times 5 = 361 \text{ g} 750 \text{ mg}$ 

Question 5. Divide the following:

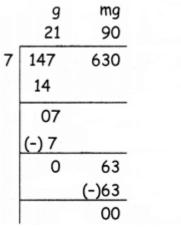
(i) 99 kg 99 0g ÷ 3

	kg 33	9 330	
3	99	990	
	(-)9		
	09		
	(-)9		
	0	9	
		(-)9	
		09	8
		(-)9	
	5	00	

99 kg 99 0g ÷ 3 = 33 kg 330 g

(ii) 147 g 630 mg  $\div$  7

Answer:



147 g 630 mg ÷ 7 = 21 g 90 mg

(iii) 550 kg 220 g ÷ 11

	kg	9
	50	20
11	550	220
	55	
	00	22
		(-)22
		00

550 kg 220 g  $\div$  11 = 50 kg 20 g

(iv) 484 g 384 mg ÷ 4

Answer:

	kg	9
	121	96
4	484	384
	(-)4	
	08	
	8	
	04	
	(-)4	
		38
		(-)36
		24
		(-)24
		0

 $484 \text{ g} 384 \text{ mg} \div 4 = 121 \text{ g} 96 \text{ g}$ 

#### Question 6.

What is the total weight of 7 kg 500 g of cashew nut and 3 kg 350 g of pista?

#### Answer:

cashew nut = 7 kg 500 g pista = 3 kg 350 g Total weight = 7 kg 500 g + 3 kg 350 g = 10 kg 850 g

kg	9	
7	500	
3	350	(+)
10	850	

### Question 7.

Vimal had a sack of cotton seeds weighing 50 kg 350 g. He used 7 kg 300 g cotton seeds to feed his cow. How much cotton seed will be remaining after feeding his cow?

#### Answer:

	kg	kg g	
	(4) (10)		
Total	50	350	
Used =	(-) 7	300	
Remaining =	43	050	

Remaining cotton seeds = 43 kg 50 g

## Question 8.

A glass bottle can contain 25 g 125 mg of medicine, how much medicine can 7 such bottles contain?

## Answer:

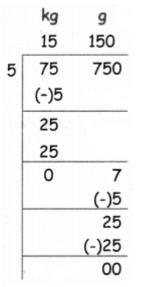
	175 g	875 mg
7 bottles =	25g	125 mg × 7
	(3)	(1) (3)
One bottle =	25 g	125 mg

7 bottles contain = 175 g 875 mg

## Question 9.

75 kg 750 g of groundnut seed is filled in five bags, how much groundnut seed can a bag contain?

Total = 75 kg 750 g One bag = 75 kg 750 g  $\div$  5



one bag = 15 kg 150 g

## Ex 4.2

### **Question 1.** Fill in the blanks

(i) \_\_\_\_\_ is the smallest metric measure of capacity.

#### Answer:

Milliliter

(ii) \_\_\_\_\_ is the largest unit of volume and equals \_\_\_\_\_ litres

### Answer:

Kilometer, 1000

(iii) 7 kl 301 = \_\_\_l.

## Answer:

7030

(iv)  $5 l 400 ml = \__m ml$ .

**Answer:** 5400

(v) 1300ml = \_\_\_ l \_\_\_ ml

### Answer:

1,300

## Question 2. Match the following

1. 4500 ml	6 l 500 ml
2. 3250 ml	8 l 200 ml
3. 6500 ml	7 l 50 ml
4. 8200 ml	4 l 500 ml
5. 7050 ml	3 l 250 ml

### Answer:

1. 4500 ml	4 l 500 ml
2. 3250 ml	3 l 250 ml
3. 6500 ml	6 l 500 ml
4. 8200 ml	8 l 200 ml
5. 7050 ml	7 l 50 ml

## Question 3.

Add and write in litres

(i) 400 l; 50 l; 500 ml

1	ml
400	000
50	000
(+)	500
450	500

 $sum = 450 \, l \, 500 \, ml$ 

(ii) 3 kl; 400 I; 3 ml

#### Answer:

15485 I

3 kl = (-) 3000 l 12485 l

sum = 3400 l 3 ml

(iii) 1400 ml; 5680 ml; 280 l

#### Answer:

		ml
1400 ml =	1	400
5680 ml =	5	680
2801 =	280	000
_	287	080

 $sum = 287 \ l \ 080 \ ml$ 

## Question 4. Subtract:

(i) 3 kl from 15485 l

		15485	1
3 kl	=	(-) 3000	L
		12485	1

Difference = 12485 l

(ii) 15 kl from 20 kl

#### Answer:

20 kl

(-) 5 kl

Difference = 15 kl

(iii) 345 ml from 5 l

#### Answer:

1	ml
(4)	(9) (9) (10)
5	000
(-) 0	345
40	655

Difference = 5 l 655 ml

## Question 5.

Multiply the following:

## (i) 31200 ml × 8

25 I	600 ml
×	8
31	200 ml
(1)	

Product = 25 l 600 ml

(ii) 4 I 450 ml × 4

#### Answer:

17	800 ml
×	4
41	450 ml

Product = 17 l 800 ml

## (iii) 51300 ml × 5

## Answer:

26 I	500 ml
×	5
51	300 ml
(1)	

Product = 26 l 500 ml

## (iv) 61700 ml × 6

### Answer:

40 I	200 ml
×	6
61	700 ml
(4)	

Product = 40 l 200 ml

**Question 6.** Divide the following:

(i) 18 l 240 ml ÷ 6

## Answer:

	1	ml	
	3	40	
6	18	240	
	(-)18		
	1.	24	
	(-)	24	
1		00	

 $18 l 240 ml \div 6 = 3 l 40 ml$ 

(ii) 20 l 600 ml ÷ 2

#### Answer:

	1	ml	
	10	300	
2	20	600	
1	(-)2		
	00	6	
	(-)	6	
		000	
20	1600	ml ÷ 2	= 10  l  300  ml

(iii) 21 l 490 ml ÷ 7

	1	ml
	3	70
7	21	490
	21	
F	0	49
		49
		00

 $21 l 490 ml \div 7 = 3 l 70 ml$ 

(iv) 25 l 350 ml ÷ 5

#### Answer:

	1	ml
	5	70
5	25	350
	25	
	0	35
		35
		000

 $25 \, l \, 350 \, ml \div 5 = 5 \, l \, 70 \, ml$ 

## Question 7.

Kalaiyarasi bought 5 l 500 ml groundnut oil and 750 ml sesame oil. How much oil did she bought in all?

### Answer:

Ground nut oil = 5 I 500 ml Sesame oil = 750 ml Total = 5 I 500 ml + 750 ml = 6 l 250 ml

1	ml
(1)	
5	500
(+) 0	750
6	250

#### Question 8.

In a fuel station there was 70 l 500 ml of fuel. How much amount of fuel will be left after selling 35 l 700 ml of fuel?

#### Answer:

		1	ml
		(6) (9)	(15)
Total	=	70	500
Selling	=	(-) 35	700
Total	=	34	800

Fuel left = 34 l 800 ml

### Question 9.

A pot contains 9 l 500 ml of water, how much amount of water will 7 such pots contain?

#### Answer:

One pot contain = 91500 ml One pot contains = 91 500 ml (3) Seven pot contains = 91 500 ml  $\times$  7 Total = 661 500 ml Tatal - 661 500 ml

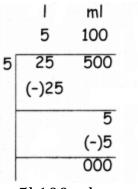
Total = 66 l 500 ml

### Question 10.

25 l 500 ml of milk is filled in 5 milk cans, how much milk is filled in one can?

## Answer:

In 5 cans = 25 | 500 m|1 can = 25 | 500 m| + 5



= 5l 100 ml

## **InText Questions**

Let us recall (Text Book Page No.24)

**Question 1.** 10 milligram = \_\_\_\_ centigram

**Answer:** 10 milligram = 1 centigram

**Question 2.** 10 centigram = \_\_\_\_ decigram

**Answer:** 10 centigram = 1 decigram

**Question 3.** 10 decigram = \_\_\_\_ gram

Answer: 10 decigram = 1 gram **Question 4.** gram = \_\_\_\_\_ decagram

Answer: gram = 1 decagram

**Question 5.** \_\_\_\_\_ decagram = 1 hectagram

**Answer:** 10 decagram = 1 hectagram

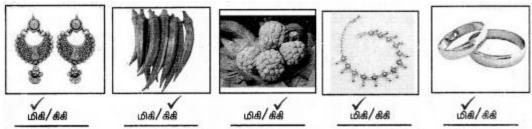
**Question 6.** 10 hectagram = \_\_\_\_\_ kilogram

**Answer:** 10 hectagram = 1 kilogram

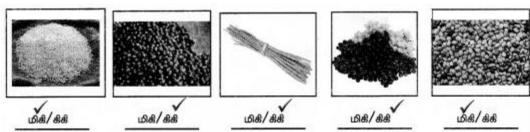
## Activity (TextBook Page No. 24 & 25)

## Tick the suitable unit to measure the following objects









Try These (TextBook Page No. 24 & 25)

## Convert into grams

### Question 1. 2250 mg Answer: 2250 mg = 2250 $\div$ 1000 g = 2 g 250 mg 29 1000) 2250 2000 250 mg

## Question 2.

5 kg 400 g Answer: 5 kg 400 g = (5 × 1000) + 400 g = 5000 + 400 g = 5400 g

## Try These (TextBook Page No. 26)

**Convert into kilogram Question 1.** 4000 gram

# Answer: $4000 \text{ g} = 4000 \div 1000 \text{ kg}$ = 4 kg 1000 4000 $\frac{4000}{0}$

## Question 2.

7350 gram

## Answer:

 $7350 g = 7350 \div 1000 g$ = 7 kg 350 g 7kg1000)7350 7000350g

## Question 3.

4750 gram

## Answer:

 $4750 g = 4750 \div 1000 g$ = 4 kg 750 g 4kg1000)4750 4000750g

## Try These (TextBook Page No. 27)

Find the sum of the following Question 1. 5 kg 300g + 19 kg 850 g

Kg	9
(1) (1)	
+ 5	300
(+) 19	850
25	150
	and the second se

Sum = 25 kg 150 g

## Question 2.

15 g 450 mg + 14 g 25 mg + 3 g 700 mg

#### Answer:

9	mg
(1) (1)	
15	450
14	025
(+) 3	700
33	175

Sum = 33 g 175 mg

## Question 3.

18 kg 750 g + 16 kg 400g + 3 kg 500g.

kg	9
(1) (1)	
18	750
16	400
3	500
38	650

Sum = 38 kg 650 g

Try This (TextBook Page No. 28)

Subtract the following

#### a. 75 kg – 35 kg 4009

#### Answer:

Kg	9
(6)(14)	(10)
	75
(-) 35	400
39	600

Difference = 39 kg 600 g

b. 57 kg 750 g – 23 kg 450 g

#### Answer:

57	750
(-) 23	450
34	300

Difference = 34 kg 300 g

## c. 975 kg 400 g – 755 kg 550

## Answer:

kg	9
(6)(4)	(13) (10)
975	400
(-) 755	550
219	850
Manager, many local data in the second second second second	And the second se

Difference = 219 kg 850 g

Try These (TextBook Page No. 29)

Multiply the following:

## a. 7 kg 350 g × 7

### Answer:

kg	g
7	350
×	7
51	450

 $7 \text{ kg} 350 \text{ g} \times 7 = 51 \text{ kg} 450 \text{ g}$ 

## b. 9 kg 750 g $\times$ 3

#### Answer:

kg	9
9	750
×	3
29	250

 $9 \text{ kg } 750 \text{ g} \times 3 = 29 \text{ kg } 250 \text{ g}$ 

## c. 45 kg 800 g $\times$ 6

#### Answer:

and the state of a state of a state of a state of the sta	
kg	9
(3)(4)	
45	800
×	6
274	800
and the second sec	

 $45 \text{ kg } 800 \text{ g} \times 6 = 274 \text{ kg } 800 \text{ g}$ 

## Try This (TextBook Page No. 29)

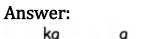
## Divide the following:

a. 7 kg 490 g ÷ 7

An	swer:		
	kg	9	
	1	70	
7	7	490	
	(-)7		
		49	14
		(-)49	
		00	

 $7 \text{ kg } 490 \text{ g} \div 7 = 1 \text{ kg } 70 \text{ g}$ 

b. 35 kg 650 g ÷ 5



	kg	9
	7	130
5	35	650
	(-)35	
		6
		(-)5
		15
		(-)15
		00

 $35 \text{ kg} 650 \text{ g} \div 5 = 7 \text{ kg} 130 \text{ g}$ 

c. 6 g 240 mg  $\div$  4

	9	mg
	1	560
4	6	240
	(-)4	
		22
	(-)	20
		24
		(-)24
		00

 $6 g 240 mg \div 4 = 1 g 560 mg$ 

d. 150 g 750 mg ÷ 15

Answer:

	9	mg
	10	50
15	150	750
	-4	
	00	75
		75
		00

 $150 \text{ g} 750 \text{ mg} \div 15 = 10 \text{ g} 50 \text{ mg}$ 

Try This (TextBook Page No. 34)

## Convert into milliliter:

## a. 5 l 500 ml

Answer:  $5 | 500 \text{ ml} = (5 \times 1000) + 500 \text{ ml}$  = 5000 + 500= 5500 ml b. 9 l 200 ml

### Answer:

9 l 200 ml = (9 × 1000) + 200 ml = 9000 + 200 = 9200 ml

## c. 2 l 300 ml

### Answer:

 $2 \mid 300 \text{ ml} = (2 \times 1000) + 300 \text{ ml}$ = 2000 + 300 = 2300 ml

## Activity (TextBook Page No. 34)

Litre	Millilitre
1. l	1000 ml
2. l	2000 ml
3. l	
4. l	
5. l 300 ml	5300 ml
6. l	
7. l	
8. l 400 ml	
9.1	
10. 1 200 ml	

Litre	Millilitre
1. l	1000 ml
2.1	2000 ml
3. l	3000 ml
4. l	4000 ml
5.1300 ml	5300 ml
6. l	6000 ml
7. l	7000 ml

8.1400 ml	8400 ml
9.1	9000 ml
10. 1 200 ml	10200 ml

## Try These (TextBook Page No. 35)

## Question 1.

4 l 300 ml + 6 l 700 ml

#### Answer:

1	ml
4	300
6	700
11	000

# Question 2.

71250 ml + 21300 ml

#### Answer:

	1	ml
	7	250
+	2	300
	9	550

Sum = 91550 ml

**Question 3.** 5 | 500 ml – 4 | 450 ml

ml
(4) (10)
500
450
050

Difference = 1 l 50 ml

### Question 4.

46 l 300 ml – 12 l 550 ml

#### Answer:

	ml
(5)	(12) (10)
46	300
(-)12	550
33	750

Difference = 33 l 750 ml

## Try These (TextBook Page No. 37)

**Question 1.** 2 l 250 ml × 2

## Answer:

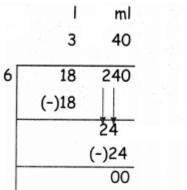
21 250 ml × 2

4 I 500 ml

 $21250 \text{ ml} \times 2 = 41500 \text{ ml}$ 

Question 2.  $18 \mid 240 \text{ ml} \div 6$ 





 $18 \mid 240 \text{ ml} \div 6 = 3 \mid 40 \text{ ml}$