earning is a constant process, and the same applies to learning new words. There are no magic tricks to this, but the more words you know, the better you will be able to express yourself. The key to increasing the number of words you know is to have a habit of doing what is essential for this process and being committed to it. We will list some of these methods which you can adopt for building a better vocabulary.

EFFECTIVE WAYS OF INCREASING VOCABULARY

(1) Always be on the lookout for new words:

A lot of people just skip a new word when they see it, and then forget to look it up. The most important thing while learning new words is to find and almost hunt for new words. Whenever you see one, make sure you understand what that means and how it is used.

Whenever you encounter a new word, first try to think what it would mean by looking at the context of the text. Try to guess what would be the most logical meaning of that word. Then, grab a dictionary and see what is written there about that word. This would indeed inhibit your flow of reading and take you longer to finish pages, but in the long run, it is beneficial because learning new words will only help you in easy understanding and fast-reading long texts.

Make it your routine, to note down all the new words you have learned in that particular day; because it is important to revise the words as there are chances that you may not remember all the new words you have learned.

(2) Read

(a) ... as much as you can:

The best way to find the words you should know is to read whatever you can get your hands on. Reading also helps in revising the newly learned words as you might come across one of those words in the text you have just read. If you correctly remember that word, then it would also help your confidence. You should make a habit of reading a new book/novel/magazine every week and a newspaper every day. If you can do more, then it can only be better for you. When you pick up a new word, make sure you understand its meaning through some reputed dictionary and write that down somewhere. Reading is quintessential for learning new words, so you have to read, even if you do not like it.

(b) ... challenging books:

Many people just do not read literature books, or even the academic books written by foreign writers. But, you must consider these as rich sources of learning new words. For example, a classic literature book is bound to present more new words as compared to any other novel.

You should start with the classics because of two reasons. Firstly, these are trusted authors, so their writing is time tested and will have the correct use of words and proper grammar. Secondly, the classic English literature is a source of profound knowledge and hence, you will come across a wide variety of words.

(c) ... poems:

Good poems are famous for their concise word usage. You are certain to learn a lot of adjectives, especially by reading poems. A page of poem would probably give you more new words than a page of novel.

(3) Maintain a diary:

Having a diary is very important if you do not want to forget the words you learn. You can list all the words you have just learned in this diary. Write down in this diary, any new word you encounter and all the meanings it has. You can also write the meaning of this word in your words. You do not need to copy what the dictionary has to say. Also write a sentence using that word; thereby, showing how this word is used.

Make sure you revise this diary daily, or once in a week. It all depends on your learning pace. Once you have found new words, learning them is all about constantly revising those words until they stick in your memory and you are able to use them while you speak or write.

What we would suggest is to allot some of your time to vocabulary learning. You will use this time to see those words you learned that day, and revise the ones that you have already learned. It is also beneficial to set targets like, how many words you plan to learn by the end of the week/month and work towards achieving those goals.

(4) Using a dictionary:

Almost all of us know how to use a dictionary. It is a great source for vocabulary building and you can follow following steps towards using it better:

- (i) Use your own dictionary and keep it where you do your reading so that you are more likely to use it. Nowadays, a lot of mobile dictionary apps are also available, so if possible, have one in your mobile, as it will enable you to quickly find the meaning of a word.
- (ii) In your dictionary, encircle the word which you have just learnt. This way, when you are just having a look at your dictionary, or looking for a word in it, you will come across this circle and hence, will be able to revise these previously learned words. It serves as a quick review.
- (iii) Make sure that you read all that is given about that word in the dictionary: some words have multiple meanings and you should remember them all. Dictionaries provide synonyms of that word in order to make you understand the meanings of the word you are looking for, and reading all those synonyms will help you understand this word better.

Reading the history of this word, or its origin can also help in remembering the meaning of the word.

(5) Knowing the roots:

More than half of the English words are derived from Greek and Latin, i.e. they have Greek and Latin roots. If you are good with identifying the roots of the words, then you may be able to understand the meaning of the word even without looking in the dictionary; it is quite an effective technique.

We will look at the word sophomore as an example:

It refers to a second-year undergraduate student, but what does it mean to be sophomoric? Identifying the root behind the word will help us understand this. We know what philosophy means: "study of proper behaviour or search for wisdom" i.e. it relates a bit to studying. Now, both sophomore and philosophy have the same Greek root, so from that we can derive that there will be some similarity or connection in their meanings. The other part of the '-mor' shares the Greek root with moron. So sophomores are people who think they know a lot, but they actually do not, i.e. a wise fool is known as sophomoric.

There are great resources available for learning words through their word roots. Look up these resources and start on your way of vocabulary freedom today.

ROOT WORDS OR WORD ROOTS

A root word is the most basic form of a word that is able to convey a particular description, though or meaning. It does not have a prefix or a suffix (at the end of a word). Example ACT, ALL, ALTER etc.

Ambi, Amphi

Meaning: both, on both sides, around

Examples: ambidextrous - able to use both hands equally; ambidexterity, ambiguous - having more than one meaning; ambivalence - conflicting or opposite feelings toward a person or thing, ambivalent, ambient, amboceptor, amputation, ancipital.

ami, amic, imic

Meaning: Friend

Examples: *Amicable*, *Inimical*, *amiable* - friendly, pleasant, lovable; *amity* - friendly and peaceful relations; *amorous* - showing romantic love.

bell, belli

Meaning: war

Examples: Antebellum - Belonging to a period before a war, especially the American Civil War, bellicose - warlike; belligerent - hostile, ready to fight; rebel - person who opposes and fights, rebellion - refusal to accept some authority, code or convention.

bene

Meaning: good, well

Examples: benefactor - person who gives money to a cause; beneficial - producing a good effect; benevolent - showing kindness or goodwill

calc

Meaning: stone

Examples: calcite; calcium- the flame of acetylene gas generated by reaction of calcium carbide with water; calcification- impregnation with calcareous matter

carn

Meaning: flesh, meat

Examples: carnivorous - flesh-eating; carnal - pertaining to the body or flesh; incarnate - given bodily form

cata

Meaning: down, against completely, intensive,

Examples: cataclysm - a flood or other disaster, catalog - a complete --ing; catastrophe - turning for the worst, a substantial disaster

cede, ceed, cess

Meaning: go, yield

Examples: exceed - to go beyond the limits; recede - to go back; accessible - easily entered, approached, or obtained;

chrono

Meaning: time

Examples: chronic - lasting for a long time; chronological - arranging events in time order, synchronize - happening at the same time

demos

Meaning: people

Examples: democracy - government of the people; demographic - the study of people; epidemic - spreading among people in a region

derma

Meaning: skin

Examples: dermatologist - a doctor for the skin; pachyderm - a class of animals with very thick skin (elephant, rhinoceros); dermatitis - inflammation of the skin

ego

Meaning: self

Examples: egoistic - self-centered; alter ego - a higher aspect of oneself; egomania - excessive preoccupation with oneself.

endo

Meaning: within, inside

Examples: endotherm - a creature that can keep its inside temperature fairly constant; endocrine - relating to glands that secrete directly into the blood or lymph; endogamy - the custom to marry within one's clan, tribe etc.

erg

Meaning: work

Examples: ergonomics - study of the working environment; energy - the power to accomplish work; energetics - science that looks at energy and its transformation.

aesth

Meaning: feeling, sensation, beauty

Examples: esthetician - someone who beautifies; aesthetic - pertaining to a sense of beauty; kinesthesia - the sensation of bodily movement.

fac

Meaning: make, do

Examples: artifact - an object made by a person; factory - a place where things are made; malefact - a person who does wrong.

fid

Meaning: faith

Examples: confide - place trust in someone, fidelity - faithfulness; fiduciary - a trustee;

flect

Meaning: bend

Examples: deflect - to bend course because of hitting something; inflection - a bending in the voice's tone or pitch; flexible - easily bending.

gastr

Meaning: stomach

Examples: gastric - pertaining to the stomach; gastronomy - serving the stomach by providing good food; gastritis - inflammation of the stomach.

gen

Meaning: genesis, birth, production, formation, kind **Examples**: genealogy - the study of the history of a family; generation - all the people born at approximately the same time; genetic -relating to heredity encoded in the genes.

ger

Meaning: old age

Examples: geriatrics - medicine pertaining to the elderly; gerontocracy - the rule of the elders; gerontology - the science of aging.

graph

Meaning: writing, recording, written

Examples: Graphology - the study of handwritings; autograph - written with one's own hand; seismograph - a machine noting strength and duration of earthquakes.

helic

Meaning: spiral, circular

Examples: helicopter - an aircraft with horizontal rotating wing; helix - a spiral form; helicon - a circular tuba.

helio

Meaning: sun

Examples: heliotropism - movement or growth in relating to the sun; heliograph - apparatus used to send message with the help of sunlight; helianthus - genus of plants including sunflowers.

homo, homeo

Meaning: like, alike, same

Examples: homogeneous - of the same nature or kind; homonym - sounding alike; homeopath - a therapy that is based on treating "same with same"

hydro

Meaning: liquid, water

Examples: hydrate - to add water to; hydrophobia - intense fear of water; hydroponics - growing plants in liquid nutrient solution; hydraulic - operated by force created by a liquid.

icono

Meaning: image

Examples: icon - an (often religious) image, in modern usage a simplified graphic of high symbolic content; iconology

- science of symbols and icons; iconoclast - someone who destroys religious images and traditional beliefs.

idio

Meaning: peculiar, personal, distinct

Examples: idiomatic - Peculiar to a particular language; idiosyncracy - a physical or mental characteristic typical or a particular person; idiot - someone who is distinctly foolish or stupid.

ject

Meaning: throw

Examples: eject - to throw someone/something out; interject - to throw a remark into a discussion; project - to cast or throw something.

jud

Meaning: law

Examples: judgment - a decision of a court of law; judicial - having to do with judges or courts of law; judiciary - a system of courts of law.

kine

Meaning: motion, division, kinetics - study of the force of motion:

Examples: psychokinesis or telekinesis - the ability to move objects with your mind; cinematography - motion picture making.

lab

Meaning: work,

Examples: collaborate - to work with a person; elaborate - to work out the details; laborious - requiring a lot of hard work.

lact

Meaning: milk

Examples: lactate - to give milk, nurse; lactose - the sugar contained in milk; lactic acid.

logos

Meaning: word, doctrine, discourse

Examples: logic - correct reasoning; monologue - a long speech by one speaker; analogy - similarity, especially between things otherwise dissimilar.

loqu, locu

Meaning: speak

Examples: eloquent - speaking beautifully and forcefully; loquacious - very talkative; elocution - art of public speaking.

mal

Meaning: bad, ill, wrong

Examples: malcontent - wrong content; malaria - "bad air", infectious disease thought to originate from the "bad air" of the swamps, but caused by the bite of an infected mosquito; malicious - showing strong ill will.

meter

Meaning: measure

Examples: audiometer- an instrument that measures hearing acuteness; chronometer- an instrument that measures time; metric - measured.

osteo

Meaning: bone

Examples:osteoarthritis - inflammation caused by degeneration of the joints; osteopathy - therapy that uses among others manipulation of the skeleton to restore health; osteology - the study of bones.

oxi/oxy

Meaning: sharp

oxymoron - combining two ideas that sharply contradict each other; oxidize - corrode a surface.

nara

Meaning: beside, beyond, abnormal, assistant

Examples: parasite - an organism that lives on and off another living being; parallel - alongside and always an equal distance apart; paragraph - a portion of a written document that presents a distinct idea.

para

Meaning: protection from

Examples: parachute - protection from falling; parasol - an umbrella used to protect from the sun;

pathos

Meaning: feeling, emotion

Examples: antipathy - a feeling of great dislike; apathy - a lack of feeling or interest; empathy - ability to understand another's feelings.

radic, radix

Meaning: root

Examples: eradicate - pull out at the roots; radical - fundamental, looking at things from a drastic point of view; radish - an edible root of the mustard family.

radio

Meaning: radiation, ray

Examples: radioactive - emitting radiation; radiologist - someone diagnosing or treating via radiation.

rhod

Meaning: red

Examples: rhododendron - a flower with red/pink flowers; rhodium - an element which produces a red solution; rhodopsin - a purple pigment in the retina that is needed for vision.

rid

Meaning: laugh

Examples: deride - to make fun of someone; ridicule - to make fun or mock; ridiculous - silly, causing laughter.

scop

Meaning: see, examine, observe

Examples: microscope - a device used to see tiny things; periscope - a seeing instrument on a submarine; telescope - a device used to see over a distance.

scrib, script

Meaning: write, written

Examples: inscribe - to write letters or words on a surface; scribe - a person who writes out documents; describe - to represent with words or pictures.

tax

Meaning: arrangement

Examples: syntax - the systematic arrangement of words; taxonomy - the science of classification; ataxia - loss of the ability to coordinate muscle action.

techno

Meaning: technique, skill

Examples: technology - the practical application of knowledge; technocracy - rule of technology; technologically - characterized by technology.

tele

Meaning: far, distant, complete

Examples: telephone - a device to talk to a distant person; telescope - a device to view distant objects; television - a device to receive pictures from afar; telecommuting - working remotely, bridging the distance via virtual devices.

terra

Meaning: land, earth

Examples: extraterrestrial - existing outside the earth; terrain - ground or land; territory - an area of land.

theo

Meaning: god

Examples: monotheism - belief in one god; polytheism - worshiping more than one god; theology - the study of religion, god, etc.

ultra

Meaning: beyond, extreme, more than

Examples: ultrahigh - extremely high; ultramodern - more modern than anything else; ultrasonic - sound waves beyond human hearing.

urb

Meaning: city

Examples: suburb - residential area on the edge of a city; urban - relating to a city; urbanology - the study of city life.

vac

Meaning: empty

Examples: evacuate - to empty a dangerous place; vacant - empty, not occupied; vacation - a time without work.

verb

Meaning: word

Examples: verbalize - to put into words; adverb - a word relating to a verb; proverb - a short saying that expresses a well-known truth.

vers, vert

Meaning: turn

Examples: reverse - to turn around; introvert - being turned towards the inside; version - a variation of an original; controversy - a conversation in which positions are turned against each other.

vice

Meaning: acting in place of, next in rank

Examples: vice-president - the person next in rank to the president

vid

Meaning: see

Examples: evident clearly seen

vince, vic

Meaning: conquer

Examples: convince - to win someone over; invincible - not able to be conquered; victory - the conquest of an enemy.

vis, vid

Meaning: see

Examples: vision - the ability to see; envision - to picture in the mind; evident - clearly visible.

viv/ivit

Meaning: live, life

Examples: revival - the act of bringing back to life; vital - pertaining to live; vivacious - high-spirited and full of life.

voc/i

Meaning: voice, call

Examples: advocate - to speak in favor of; equivocate - to use misleading language that could be interpreted two different ways; vocalize - to produce with your voice.

vor, vour

Meaning: eat

Examples: carnivorous - meat-eating; voracious - desiring or eating food in great quantities; devour - to eat quickly.

xeno

Meaning: foreign

Examples: *xenoblast*, *xenon* - A colourless odourless inert gaseous element occurring in the earth's atmosphere in trace amounts, *xenogamy*, *xenophobic* - afraid of foreigners; *xenogenesis* - the creation of offspring that is completely different from either parent; *xenophile* - attracted to foreigners.

xyl

Meaning: wood

Examples: *xylem* - The woody part of plants: the supporting and water-conducting tissue, consisting primarily of tracheids and vessels, *xylocarp*; *xyloid*- resembling wood; *xylophone*-an organ percussion stop of similar tone quality

ZO

Meaning: animal, animal life, living being

Examples: *zoology* - study of animals; *zooid* - One of the distinct individuals forming a colonial animal such as a bryozoan or hydrozoan; *zooplankton* - Animal constituent of plankton; mainly small crustaceans and fish larvae.

zyg

Meaning: a pair, yoke

Examples: *Heterozygous* - having dissimilar alleles at corresponding chromosomal loci, *zygote* - a cell formed by the union of two gametes and the organism developing from that; *zygomorphic* - capable of division into symmetrical halves by only one longitudinal plane passing through the axis.

PREFIXES

Prefix	Meaning	Example
a-	not	Asynchronous (not synchronous), apolitical
acro-	high	Acrobatic (The performance of stunts while in flight in an aircraft), acrophobia
ante-	before	Antemeridian (Before noon), antecede, anteroom
anti-	Against, opposed to	anti-war (against war), antibody, antisocial
auto-	On its own or one's own, by its own action	Automatic (Operating with minimal human intervention), autocrat, autograph
bi-	two	Bicentric (Having two centers), biannual, binoculars
со-	with, joint	Coauthor (Joint author), coeducation, collision
contra-	contrasting	Contralateral (On or relating to the opposite side (of the body)), contrary
counter-	Opposite, complementary	Counteractive (Opposing, neutralizing or mitigating an effect by contrary action), counteroffensive
extra-	Beyond, out of scope	Extrajudicially (Beyond the usual course of legal proceedings; legally unwarranted), extraordinary
hexa-	six	Hexadecimal (Of or pertaining to a number system having 16 as its base), hexagon
im-	not	Impossible (Not capable of occurring), impatient
in-	not	Insane (Afflicted with or characteristic of mental derangement), inappropriate
intra-	within	Intragroup (Occurring within an institution or community), intrastate
ir-	not	Irresponsible (Showing lack of care for consequences), irredeemable
macro-	Very large in scale	macro instruction (A single computer instruction that results in a series of instructions in machine language), macro economics
mid-	Used in combination to denote the middle	Midafternoon (The middle part of the afternoon), midway, midterm
multi-	Multiple	Multibank (A bank holding company owning several banks), multimedia, multicoloured
non-	Not	Nonacceptance (The act of refusing an offer), non-profitable, non-friction
per-	For each	Percent (A proportion in relation to a whole), permanent
pseudo-	Fake, False	Pseudobulb (A solid bulblike enlargement of the stem of some orchids), pseudonym
re-	Again, anew	Reaccept (Consider or hold as true), reappraise, reawake
un-	Not	unorganized (Not having or belonging to a structured whole), unbelievable
up-	up; "increase"	Upward (Spatially or metaphorically from a lower to a higher position)
ad-	movement to	advance (expert, better) adulterate
trans-	across, beyond	transnational, transatlantic
post-	before in time place or order prelude, preadolescent, precondition	
pro-	favouring, in support of	pro-african
semi	half, partly	semifinal, semicircle, semiconscious
eu-	good, well	euphoria, euphemism
fore-	in front of	forebear, forecast

SUFFIXES

Suffix	Meaning	Example
-able	able to be	excitable, portable, preventable
-ac	pertaining to	cardiac, hemophiliac, maniac
acity (-ocity)	quality of	perspicacity, sagacity, velocity
-ade	act, action or process, product	blockade, cavalcade, promenade,
-age	action or process	passage, pilgrimage, voyage
-aholic (-oholic)	one with an obsession for	workaholic, shopaholic, alcoholic
-al	relating to	bacterial, theatrical, natural
-algia	pain	neuralgia, nostalgia,
-an (-ian)	relating to, belonging to	Italian, urban, African
-ance	state or quality of	brilliance, defiance, annoyance
-ant	a person who	applicant, immigrant, servant
-ar	of or relating to, being	lunar, molecular, solar
-ard	a person who does an action	coward, sluggard, wizard
-arian	a person who	disciplinarian, vegetarian, librarian
-arium (orium)	a place for	terrarium, aquarium, solarium
-ary	of or relating to	literary, military, budgetary
-ate	state or quality of (adj.)	affectionate, desolate, obstinat
-ation	action or process	creation, narration, emancipation
-ative	tending to (adj.)	creative, preservative, talkative
-cide	act of killing	homicide, suicide, genocide
-cracy	rule, government, power	bureaucracy, aristocracy, theocracy
-crat	someone who has power	aristocrat, bureaucrat, technocrat
-cule	diminutive (making something small)	molecule, ridicule,
-су	state, condition or quality	efficiency, privacy, belligerency
-cycle	circle, wheel	bicycle, recycle, tricycle
-dom	condition of, state, realm	boredom, freedom, wisdom
-dox	belief, praise	orthodox, paradox
-ectomy	surgical removal of	appendectomy, hysterectomy
-ed	past tense	called, hammered, laughed
-ee	receiver, performer	nominee, employee, devotee
-eer	associated with/engaged in	engineer, volunteer
-emia	blood condition	anemia, hypoglycemia, leukemia
-en	makes the word a verb	awaken, fasten, strengthen
-ence	state or condition, action	absence, dependence, negligence
-ency	condition or quality	clemency, dependency, efficiency
-ent	inclined to performing/causing, or one who performs/causes	competent, correspondent, absorbent
-er	more	bigger, faster, happier
-er	action or process	flutter, ponder, stutter
-er	a person who does an action	announcer, barber, teache
-path	one who engages in	homeopath, naturopath, psychopath
pathy	feeling, diseased	sympathy, apathy, neuropathy

FOREIGN WORD AND PHRASES

Foreign words and phrases are generally not asked directly. But the knowledge of foreign words and phrases will help you in reading comprehension and other types of common questions. So, make yourself familiar with the common foreign words and phrases.

Ab initio from the beginning. Ab origin from the origin.

Addenda list of additions'. (addenda to a book)

Advalorem according to value.

a body elected or appointed lor a definite Ad hoc

work. (ad hoc comm ittee).

Ad infinitum to infinity.

Alma mater a school which one has attended. A la carte according to the bill of fare. (a la carte

dishes are available)

Alamode according to the custom (fashion). (a la mode silk)

Alter ego the other self, intimate friend, (Kissinger

is the alter ego of Nixon)

Amende satisfactory apology, reparation. honorable

Amour propre self love

the former order of things. Ancien regime

A posteriori empirical

A priori from cause to effect, presumptive. (every science cannot be taught a priori)

Apropos in respect of

An couran fully acquainted with matters.

Au fait expert

Au revoir until we meet again (to say au revoir at

parting)

preliminary matter, preface Avant propos

Beau ideal the ideal of perfection. Beaumonde the world of fashion.

Beaux esprits men of wit.

Bete noire a special aversion (India has always been

bete noire for Pakistan)

Bona fide good faith (His bona fide in the matter

cannot be doubted)

Bizarre odd, fantastic.

Ban voyage a good voyage or journey to you. Casus belli that which causes or justifies war. Cause celebre a celebrated or notorious case in law

Charge d'affaires diplomat inferior in tank to an

Ambassador.

Chefd' oeuvre masterpiece (Mona Lisa is Vinci's Chef-d'

oeuvre)

Circa about ('circa 1930')

Confoere colleague

Contretemps an unexpected or untoward event; a hitch

a list of errors (in a book) Corrigenda

Coup d'etat violent change in government.

a finishing stroke. (The coup de grace Coup de grace

of the Russian Revolution was the total

annihilation of the Czar family)

Cul-de-sac a blind alley (The failure of the Policy of

non-alignment in 1962 saw our foreign

reach a cul-de-sac)

Deback' complete tout (debacle of opposition in

the election)

Defacto actual or actually (de facto recognition to

a state)

Dejure from the law, by law.

Denovo anew, again (trial of a case) Denouement the end of a plot (in play)

De profundis out of the depths

Dernier resort last resort

Detente easing of strained relations especially

between states.

Dramatis characters of the drama or play.

personae

Elite the best part; the pick. (The elite of town)

Enfant terrible a terrible child; one who makes

disconcerting remarks.

Entrepreneur person in effective control of a business

organization.

in a body. (They took leave en masse) En masse

En rapport in harmony

friends, group of people accompanying a Entourage

dignitary.

Errata list of errors

Esprit de corps the animating spirit of a collective body,

as a regiment.

Etcetera and the rest. Eureka I have found it

Ex-officio in virtue of his office.

Expose a statement

acting retrospectively Expost facto Fait accompli a thing already done.

a false step; slip in behaviour. Faus pas

Hoipolbi the rabble.

Impasse a deadlock. (Talks reached an impasse)

Inextenso at full length In memoriam in memory

Intoto entirely. (The committee's **WORD LIST** recommendations were accepted in tote) Ipso facto by that very fact. Laissez faire non interference Mala Fide with bad faith Mal-a-propos ill timed. Modus operandi manner of working. (of a gang, group etc.) Thus learning will be easier. Mutatis with the necessary changes (rules will mutandis come into force mutatis mutandis) Abandon Noblesse oblige rank imposes obligation. Abase Nota 'bene note well Abhor Par excellence pre-eminently. Abridge Absolute Pari passu side by side. Per se by itself. Absurd Piece de a resistance piece, the main dish of a Abundant resistance Poste restante to remain in the post office till called for. Accessory (said of letters) Adept Post mortem (examination) made after death. Adherent Prima facie at first view or consideration. (prima Adhesive facie a good case) Admire Pro bone publico for the good of the public Adore Pro forma for the sake of the form. Adversity Pro rata according to rate or proportion. Affliction one under the protection of another. Protégé Alien (S.Vietnam is U.S.'s protege). Alive Quid pro quo an equivalent, something in return. Alleviate Raisond'etre the reason for a thing's existence. Alms Resume a summary or abstract (of a discussion Amend Amicable holy of holies. (temple, church etc.) Sanctum Anxiety sanctorum Apathy Seiratim in a series Appalling Sine die without a day being appointed. Apposite the existing condition. (status quo on Status quo border should be maintained) Appraise Stet Apprehend before a court, not yet decided. (The case Sub judice Arbitrary is sub judice) Assent under the rose; confidentially Sub rosa Astonish in a class by itself Sui gereris Audacious Summon bonum the chief good. Aversion Terra incognita an unknown country Base a notable feat or strength of skill. Tour deforce Beg Ultra vires beyond one's authority Behaviour Verbatim word for word Brave Vice versa conversely valiant Videliect Brisk namely Brittle Frail, fragile Vis-à-vis opposite; face to face Brutal Viva voce an examination conducted orally. Burglar The voice of the people is The voice of Vox populi, vox

die Zeitgeist

spirit of the age.

Given below is a list of words placed in alphabetical order. Each word is followed by a few of its synonyms. Note these words whenever you come across them. You should be familiar with most of the words for which synonyms are given if you have done all the exercises till this point thoroughly. So, this list will be giving you synonyms for the words which you know.

Leave, desert, forsake Degrade, disgrace, humiliate Hate, loathe, detest Shorten, abbreviate Unalterable, unrestricted, unconditional Ridiculous, silly, foolish Ample, plentiful Additional, auxiliary, subsidiary Proficient, skilled, expert Follower, stickler Sticky, glue, gum Praise, adore, esteem

Respect, idolise, worship, admire Misery, misfortune Distress, sorrow, sadness Foreign, stranger, unknown Lively, vivacious, living Relieve, lighten, ease Gratuity, donation, grant Improve, change, emend

Suitable, friendly, lovable, amiable Eagerness, misgiving, worry Indifference, neutrality Terrific, terrifying, dreadful, horrible

Apt, suitable, well chosen Evaluate, estimate Seize, fear, arrest Despotic, wayward Agree, consent, acquiesce Astound, surprise, amaze, bewilder

Bold, courageous, daring

Dislike, detestation, hostility, hatred

Mean, low, ignoble

Implore, ask, beseech, solicit

Conduct, deportment, way, demeanour Courageous, intrepid, bold, daring,

Active, fast, quick, busy, alert

Animal, savage, beastly, cruel Thief, bandit, brigand, stealer Bystander Spectator, onlooker, beholder Calculate Estimate, count, reckon, compute

Callous	-	Hard, indifferent, cold-blooded	Decipher -	Translate, interpret, solve, explain
Calm	-	Cool, confident, quiet, serene, tranquil	Decorum -	Decency, etiquette, propriety, gravity
Cancel	-	Annual, withdraw, revoke, delete	Decree -	Law, edict, ordinance, mandate,
Candid	-	Sincere, straightforward. frank	D. C	judgement
Captive	-	Prisoner, confined, jailed, bonded	Defamation -	Calumny, disparagement, debasement
Cause	-	Make, originate, induce, generate,	Defection -	Abandonment, desertion
C		create	Defer -	Postpone, delay
Censor	-	Cut off, prohibit, ban	Deference -	Respect, reverence, honour
Character	-	Blame, condemn, reprove, reprimand	Deformity -	Disfigurement, malformation, ugliness
Character	-	Letter, emblem, type, OR nature, disposition, quality	Dejected -	Depressed, distressed, downhearted, downcast
Charity	-	Philanthropy, benevolence	Delectable -	Charming, delightful, pleasant
Chaste	-	Pure, immaculate, virgin, refined	Delegate -	Commission, depute, authorise
Chatter	-	Babble, ramble, talk, discourse	Deliberate -	Knowingly done, intentional, forcible
Cheat	-	Defraud, gull, outwit, dupe	Delicacy -	Softness, nicety, slenderness,
Cite	-	Quote, mention, name, adduce		refinement, purity
Clothes	-	Apparel, attire, dress, garb	Delusion -	Illusion, fancy, error, false belief
Colossal	-	Huge, gigantic, enormous, big	Demeanour -	Behaviour, conduct, bearing
Commence	-	Begin, start	Demise -	Death, decease
Commensurate	-	Equivalent, suitable, applicable,	Demolish -	Break, destroy, annihilate
		proportionate	Demure -	Modest, coy, humane
Conceal	-	Hide, cover, shelter, disguise	Denomination -	Name, appellation, designation
Confess	-	Admit, acknowledge, reveal, agree	Denounce -	Accuse, malign, criticise, defame,
Confuse or	-	Mix, perplex, astonish, Amaze,	_	condemn
confound		bewilder	Deny -	Contradict, refuse, disavow, withhold
Consequent	-	Following, resultant, outcome	Deride -	Ridicule, mock, taunt
Conspiracy	-	Plot, intrigue, treason	Descant -	Discourse, expatiate, enlarge
Convict	-	Felon, culprit, criminal, guilty	Desire -	Wish, long for, crave, covet
Cowardly	-	Craven, dastardly, fearful, poltroon	Desolate -	Lonely, deserted, solitary, devastated
Coy	-	Modest, shy, reserved	Despise -	Condemn, dislike
Crafty	-	Artful, adroit, dexetrous, cunning,	Despondency -	Despair, dejection, hopelessness
C		deceitful	Despotic -	Arbitrary, tyrannical, illegal
Crazy	-	Mad, insane, silly	Destitute -	Needy, poor, miserable, indigent
Credence	-	Belief, faith, trust, confidence	Destruction -	Ruin, demolition, ravage
Crisis	-	Turning point, emergency, decisive	Detain -	Lock in, arrest, hold, custody
Criterion		moment Test, touchstone, standard, yardstick	Detest -	Despise, abhor, dislike
Criticism	-	Analysis, review, stricture	Dethrone -	Depose, remove (from office)
Cruel	-	Brutal, unmerciful, beastly, savage	Devastate -	Ruin, demolition, ravage
Cynical	-	Captious, incredulous, sarcastic,	Devoid -	Lacking, empty, vacant
Cyllical	-	morose	Devout -	Religious, reverent
Danger	_	Hazard, risk, peril	Dexterity -	Adroitness, cleverness, skill
Dash	_	Run, rush, fly	Diabolical -	Fiendish, devilish, wicked
Dastardly	_	Cowardly, invaliant, afraid, fearful	Diatribe -	Tirade, denunciation
Dawn	_	Daybreak, appear, (sunrise), begin	Dictatorial -	Tyrannical, arbitrary, despotic
Deadly	_	Fatal, lethal, destructive	Diffident -	Hesitating, doubtful, distrusting
Dearth	_	Scarcity, lack, want	Digression -	Excursion, deviation, misguidance
Debase	_	Degrade, defame, disparage,	Diligence -	Care, industry, effort
Decay	_	Decompose, rot, decline in power,	Dire -	Terrible, awful, horrible; miserable
L cou,		wealth, waste, wither, fade	Disapprove -	Condemn, reject, disallow
Decease	_	Death, demise, end	Disavow -	Deny, refuse
Deceit	_	Fraud, cheating, forgery	Disciple -	Follower, learner, student
			Disclose -	Reveal, tell, uncover, divulge

Fluent, ready, glib (of writing), pliable,

docile, tractable

Disconsolate Sad, cheerless, miserable **Embarrass** Vex, confuse, entangle Discredit Disbelieve, doubt, disgrace Embezzle Steal, peculate, cheat Disgust Abhorrence, dislike, detestation Embody Incorporate, include, comprise Dismay Disappointment, discouragement **Emolument** Salary, wage, remuneration Disorder Disease, illness, OR untidiness, **Emulate** Compete, rival, vie against, copy uncleanliness Enchant Charm, bewitch, hypnotise Disown Disclaim, deny, renounce Encompass Surround, encircle Disparage Debase, decry, defame Encounter Come across, combat, fight Dispose Adjust, arrange, incline Encroach Trespass, intrude, invade Dispute Argument, controversy, altercation Endeavour Attempt, effort, aspiration Disregard Neglect, overlook, disrespect Endorse Back, approve, ratify Dissolute Corrupt, mean, lax, licentious Endurance Patience, continuance, fortitude Distaste Abhorrence, dislike, detestation Enfranchise Liberate, free, (also: give right to vote) Blurred, maligned, changed, disguised, Distorted Enlighten Illuminate, edify, elaborate deformed, misrepresented **Enmity** Hostility, hatred, animosity Distress Affliction, depression, misery Enormous Big, huge, colossal, gigantic Divert Turn aside, deflect, deviate Infuriate, madden, incense, irritate Enrage Divine Heavenly, metaphysical, godlike Succeed, follow, result Ensue Divulge Reveal, uncover, disclose Entangle Ravel, involve, perplex Docile Amenable, tractable, submissive Enterprise Undertaking, venture, endeavour Precept, principle, teaching Doctrine Enthusiasm Zeal, ardour, interest Dogmatic Categorical, authoritative, firm, Entice Allure, tempt, seduce, attract preachy Entreat Beseech, implore, beg Dolt Blockhead, stupid, fool, idiot, dullard Entwine Encircle, surround, encompass Domicile Dwelling, home, residence Enumerate Count, number one by one Dotage Senility, imebcility Enunciate Declare, publish, propound, reveal Downright Simple, unquestionable, blunt, frank Envoy Legate, messenger, ambassador Dread Apprehend, fear **Epoch** Era, time, age Drench Soak, wet Equivocal Doubtful, Ambiguous, uncertain Drowsy Sleepy, comatose, lazy, lethargic Eradicate Root out, extirpate, annihilate **Dubious** Suspicious, doubtful, unreliable Erroneous Wrong, false Ductile Pliant, yielding, flexible Erudite Learned, scholarly, lettered Cheat, befool, steal Dupe Esteem Admire, appreciate, adore, respect Dwindle Shrink, diminish, decrease Laudation, praise, extolling, felicitation Eulogy Earnest Eager, ardent, intent, anxious, sincere Evidence Testimony, proof, witness Irregular, anomalous, abnormal, odd Eccentric Evince Show, manifest, demonstrate Save, retrench Economise Exact Extort, oppress, loot **Ecstasy** Trance, enchantment, rapture Exaggerate Amplify, overstate Efface Blot out, obliterate, destroy Extract, quotations Excerpt Effeminate Womanly, weak, unmanly Expulsion, banishment, expatriation Exile Energy, virtue, potence Efficacy Exonerate Acquit, absolve, release Self-centered, egoist, self-conceited Egotistic Exorbitant Excessive, too much, very high Egregious Conspicuously bad, sinful, monstrous, Extinguish Quench, terminate, destroy, put out shocking Extravagant Excessive, lavish, stylish Elaborate Explain, discuss, elucidate Exuberant Abundant, plentiful Elevated Elated, promoted, upgraded, risen Exult Triumph, rejoice, delight Remove, replace, dismiss, discard Eliminate Fable Story, legend, myth, fiction Eloquence Oratory, rhetoric, finery (of speech) Fabricate Construct, forge, invent fluency of expression **Fabulous** Fictitious, mythical, exaggerated Emanate Originate, proceed, spring, issue

Facile

Free, deliver, liberate

Emancipate

Eastion		Clique schol discoud section	Emary		Dattlefeld combat bravel
Faction	-	Clique, cabal, discord, section	Fray Frisk	-	Battlefield, combat, brawl
Fallacy Falter	-	Deception, illusion, mistake	Frivolous	-	Skip, dance, caper, frolic
Famine	-	Waver, hesitate, delay, flounder		-	Vain, foolish, trivial
	-	Hunger, starvation, scarcity of food	Frugal Futile	-	Economical, thrifty
Fanatical	-	Bigoted, enthusiastic		-	Useless, hopeless, in vain
Fancy	-	Liking, conception, craving, whim	Gaiety	-	Hilarity, jollity, festivity
Farcical	-	Droll, comic, extravagant	Gainsay	-	Contradict, dispute, controvert, deny
Fascinate	-	Charm, bewitch, attract	Gallantry	-	Courage, bravery, heroism
Fastidious	-	Particular, over-nice, squeamish	Garbage	-	Filth, waste, useless, throwaway, trash
Fatal	-	Deadly, lethal, mortal	Garner	-	Accumulate, collect, gather
Fatigue	-	Weakness, exhaustion, tiredness	Garrulous	-	Prattling, chattering
Feeble	-	Weak, frail, dim	Gawky	-	Awkward, clumsy
Felicitate	-	Congratulate, compliment	Gay	-	Happy, merry, joyous
Felicity	-	Joy, happiness, good luck	Generous	-	Noble, magnanimous, kind, liberal
Felon	-	Criminal, sinner, guilty, bandit	Genteel	-	Well-bred, well-cultured, polite, refined
Ferment	-	Excite, agitate	Genuine	-	True, authentic, real
Ferocity	-	Fierceness, vehemence, fanaticism	Ghastly	-	Horrible, horrifying, horrific
Fervent	-	Glowing, heated, impassioned	Ghost	-	Phantom, spirit, spectre
Fervour	-	Warmth, glow, vehemence	Glimmer	-	Shine, flash, gleam
Festivity	-	Gaiety, merry-making	Glimpse	-	Glance, (quick) look, (brief) view
Fetter	-	Shackle, bind, imprison	Glisten	-	Shine, beam, glow
Feud	-	Dispute, broil, strife	Gloom	-	Depression, melancholy, loneliness
Fickle	-	Changeable, vacillating, varying	Glutinous	-	Sticky, viscous
Fiendish	-	Devilish, diabolical, malignant	Gluttonous	-	Greedy, gorging, voracious
Figurative	-	Typical, imaginative, emblematic,	Grandeur	-	Splendour, magnificence, glory
		metaphorical	Grapple	-	Grasp, clutch, seize
Filthy	-	Dirty, foul, nasty	Gratification	-	Satisfaction, enjoyment
Fissure	-	Crevice, rift, narrow opening	Gravity	-	Seriousness, importance, calmness
Flaccid	-	Soft, loose, weak	Greed	-	Avarice, ravenous, envious, covetous
Flatter	-	Adore, please, praise	Grievance	-	Hardship, complaint, trouble
Fleece	-	Rob, despoil, cheat	Grotesque	_	Horrifying, contorted, bizzare,
Flexible	-	Variable, pliable, changeable	•		whimsical
Flimsy	-	Transparent, thin, trivial, tenuous	Grudge	_	Grievance, begrudge, resent
Flounder	-	Stumble, falter, wallow, struggle	Gullible	_	Simple, easy, pliable, credulous
Fluctuate	_	Undulate, waver, vacillate	Hallucination	_	Delusion, illusion, nightmare
Flutter	_	Flip, quiver, ruffle, agitate	Hamper	_	Impede, block, fetter, bind
Folly	_	Absurdity, silliness, imprudence,	Hapless	_	Unfortunate, unlucky
,		foolishness	Harangue	_	a lengthy speech, oration
Fondle	-	Caress, touch, rub	Hardship	_	Trouble, adversity, difficulty
Foray	-	Incursion, inroad, venture	Haughty	_	Arrogant, overbearing, imperious
Forbearance	_	Abstaining, refraining	Havoc	_	Devastation, destruction, ruin
Forbid	_	Prohibit, disallow, debar	Hearty	_	Sincere, warm, ardent
Forebode	_	Betoken, indicate, augur	Heave	_	Raise, lift
Forlorn	_	Disconsolate, cheerless, distressed,	Hedge	_	Fence, hem
		abandoned, lonely	Heed	_	Advise, note, consider, mind
Formidable	_	Dreadful, difficult, hard to overcome		-	
Fragile	-	Weak, feeble, slender, delicate	Heinous	-	Atrocious, odious, wicked
Fragrant	_	Odorous, balmy, soothing	Hem	-	Border, edge, fringe, outskirt
Frailty	_	Weakness, delicacy, fragileness	Herculean	-	Colossal, laborious, excessive
Frantic	_	Frenzied, mad, distracted	Heterogeneous	-	Dissimilar, unlike, different, diverse, varied
Fraudulent	_	Dishonest, cheating, deceitful	Hideous		Terrific, horrible, filthy
			THECOUS	-	Torrino, norriote, many

			- 0		
Hilarious	-	Exceedingly, funny, boisterously merry, amusing, joyous	Infer -	-	Gather, conclude, deduce
Hindrance	_	Impediment, hampering, obstruction,		-	Authority, effect, power
Timurance	_	obstacle	0	-	Break, violate, transgress, encroach
Histrionic	_	Theatrical, dramatic	8	-	Constituent, component, element
Hoax or Humbug	_	Dupe, cheat, befool	Inherent -	-	Inborn, innate, built-in
Homage	_	Deference, salute, worshipping	Inhibition -	-	Restraint, check
Horizon	_	Verge, limit, skyline	1	-	Unjust, wrong, unfair
Hostile	_	Adverse, opposing, inimical	Initiate -	-	Start, begin, inchoate
Hover	_	remain in one place in the air, remain		-	Harmless, mild, innocent
		suspended, linger	/	-	Madness, lunacy, mania
Humane	-	Compassionate, caring, benevolent		-	Deceitful, treacherous
Humiliate	-	Abase, insult, mock, defy		-	Immediate, Sudden, quick
Humorous	-	Amusing, laughable, comical	O	-	Arouse, misguide, provoke
Hypocrisy	-	Pretence, imposture, deceit	Intact -	-	Untouched, unscathed, whole, unbroken, undamaged, unimpaired,
Idolise	-	Adore, worship, admire			entire
Illegal or Illicit	-	Unlawful, prohibited	Integrity -	_	Oneness, entirety, completeness,
Illogical	-	Inconsequent, irrational	8 4		honesty, wholeness, soundness
Imitate	-	Copy, follow, mimic, emulate	Intellectual -	-	Intelligent, rational, learned
Immaculate	-	Spotless, stainless, perfect	Intentional -	-	Deliberate, intended,
Immature	-	Crude, childish, unseasoned	Intercourse -	-	Intimacy, association, communication
Imminent	-	Impending, near, due, threatening	Intermission -	-	Suspension, stoppage, pause, cessation,
Immodest	-	Indecent, indelicate, unchaste			interval
Immortal	-	Everlasting, undying, endless	Intervene -	-	Interpose, mediate
Impassioned	-	Fervent, frenzied, fanatical	Intimate -	-	Close, tender, friendly or informal,
Impeachment	-	Imputation, accusation	* . 1 . 11		advertise, inform
Implicit	-	Implied, assumed, inferred		-	Unendurable, unbearable
Impostor	-	Cheat, conman, charlatan	O	-	Uncompromising, inflexible
Impracticable	-	Impossible, (merely) theoretical		-	Brave, fearless
Impressive	-	Striking, affecting, extraordinary	1111110410	-	Complex, difficult, complicated
Impunity	-	Exemption (from punishment)	1110011011	-	Insight, premonition, instinct
Inane	-	Empty, silly, idiotic		-	Habitual, deep-rooted
Inarticulate	-	Voiceless, indistinct, inexpressive		-	Compulsory, unwilled, reflex
Incense	-	Infuriate, enrage, anger	Irksome -	-	Annoying, disagreeable, tedious
Incessant	-	Unceasing, continual	Irresolute -	-	Wavering, confused, vacillating
Incognito	-	(Identity) Concealed, secretly, stealthily	Itinerant -	-	Travelling (on a circuit), wandering, nomadic
Inculcate	-	Instil, enforce, pass on, generate	Jaded -	_	Tired, weary
Inculpate	-	Blame, incriminate	-	_	cant, technical language, gibberish
Incumbent	-	Compulsory, obligatory, binding	Jocose -	_	Jocular, humorous
Incursion	-	Inroad, foray, venture	Jocular -	_	Inclined to joke.
Indefatigable	-	Tireless, assiduous	T . 1	_	Merry.
Indict	-	Accuse, charge	* 1	_	Prudent.
Indiscriminate	-	Mixed, undistinguished, confused,		_	Closeness, nearness
		wanton	771 1	_	Stand (open on one side), booth
Indolence	-	Apathy, inactivity, laziness,	77 1	-	Work up (into dough), press, squeeze
T 1		sluggishness, lethargy	.		Tear (tissue toughly), mangle
Industrious	-	Busy, active, tireless	Lachrymose -	-	Given to shedding tears.
Inevitable	-	Unavoidable, certain, sure	T 1 1 1	-	Listless.
Inexorable	-	Relentless, indefatigable	Laconic -	_	(Briskly) Short, concise, pithy
Infallible	-	Unfailing, unerring, certain		-	Listless, spiritless
Infectious	-	Catching, contaminating, corrupting, transmittable	Languid -	-	Lisuess, spiritiess
		ti anomittavic			

_					
Languish	-	Die (with hunger or desire), weaken,	Ominous	-	Portentous.
т		droop	Onerous	-	Burdensome or oppressive.
Lascivious	-	Lustful.	Onus	-	A burden or responsibility.
Lassitude	-	Weariness, tiredness	Palate	-	The roof of the mouth.
Latent	-	Hidden, concealed	Palatial	-	Magnificent.
Laudable	-	Praiseworthy.	Palliate	-	To cause to appear less guilty.
Legacy	-	A bequest.	Palpable	-	Perceptible by feeling or touch.
Legitimate	-	Genuine, lawful	Panoply	-	A full set of armor.
Levity	-	Frivolity.	Paragon	-	A model of excellence.
Libel	-	Defamation.	Pariah	-	A member of a degraded class; a social
Licentious	-	Wanton.			outcast.
Lithe	-	Supple.	Paroxysm	-	A sudden outburst (of any kind of
Loquacious	-	Talkative.			activity).
Lustrous	-	Shining.	Paucity	-	Fewness.
Malaise	-	A condition of uneasiness or ill-being.	Pellucid	-	Translucent.
Malevolence	-	Ill will.	Penchant	-	A bias in favor of something.
Malleable	-	Pliant.	Penurious	-	Excessively sparing in the use of
Mawkish	_	Sickening or insipid.			money.
Mellifluous	_	Sweetly or smoothly flowing.	Penury	-	Indigence.
Mendacious	_	Untrue.	Peremptory	-	Precluding question or appeal.
Mendicant	_	A beggar.	Perfidy	-	Treachery.
Mesmerize	_	To hypnotize.	Perfunctory	-	Half-hearted.
Meticulous	_	Over-cautious.	Peripatetic	-	Walking about.
Mettle	_	Courage.	Perjury	-	A solemn assertion of a falsity.
			Permeate	-	To pervade.
Mien	-	The external appearance or manner of	Pernicious	-	Tending to kill or hurt.
M 1 ()		a person.	Persiflage	-	Banter.
Moderation	-	Temperance.	Perspicacity	-	Acuteness or discernment.
Modicum	-	A small or token amount.	Perturbation	-	Mental excitement or confusion.
Mollify	-	To soothe.	Petulant	-	Displaying impatience.
Mordant	-	Biting.	Phlegmatic	-	Not easily roused to feeling or action.
Moribund	-	On the point of dying.	Pique	-	To excite a slight degree of anger in.
Morose	-	Gloomy.	Plea	-	An argument (to obtain some desired
Multifarious	-	Having great diversity or variety.			action).
Mundane	-	Worldly, as opposed to spiritual or	Plenary	-	Entire.
		celestial.	Plethora	-	Excess; superabundance.
Munificent	-	Extraordinarily generous.	Poignant	-	Severely painful or acute to the spirit.
Myriad	-	A vast indefinite number.	Polyglot	-	Speaking several tongues.
Nadir	-	The lowest point.	Ponderous	-	Unusually weighty or forcible.
Nefarious	_	Wicked in the extreme.	Portent	_	Anything that indicates what is to
Negligent	_	Apt to omit what ought to be done.			happen.
Neophyte	_	Having the character of a beginner.	Pragmatic	-	Practical(values), empirical
Noxious	_	Hurtful.	Precarious	-	Critical, dangerous
Nugatory	_	Having no power or force.	Preclude	-	To prevent.
Obdurate	_	Impassive to feelings of humanity or	Precocious	_	Advanced (in development),
		pity.			overforward, premature
Obfuscate	_	To darken; to obscure.	Predilection	-	Preference, partiality, inclination
Oblique	_	Slanting; said of lines.	Predominate	-	To be chief in importance, quantity, or
Obstreperous	_	Boisterous.			degree.
Odious	_	Hateful.	Preposterous	-	(Very) Absurd, ridiculous
Odium	_	A feeling of extreme repugnance, or of	Prerogative	-	(Special) Right, privilege
Outuili	-	dislike and disgust.	Presage	-	To foretell.

ъ .			D		***
Prescience	-	Knowledge of events before they take	Raucous	-	Harsh.
D (1		place.	Recalcitrant	-	Stubborn, refractory
Preternatural	-	Extraordinary.	Recluse	-	One who lives in retirement or
Prim	-	Stiffly proper. Primitive.	D 1:4 -		seclusion.
Pristine	-		Recondite	-	Incomprehensible to one of ordinary
Probity	-	Virtue or integrity tested and	D		understanding.
D 1: :		confirmed.	Recuperate Redoubtable	-	To recover.
Proclivity Procrastination	-	A natural inclination.	Redoubtable	-	Formidable.
Procrastination	-	Delay. Large, immense	Redundant	-	Wordy, repetitious, superfluous, needless
Profligate	_	Immoral, wanton, reckless, dissolute,	Refractory	_	Not amenable to control.
Tromgate		licentious	Regale	_	To give unusual pleasure.
Profuse	_	Produced or displayed in	Regicide	_	The killing of a king or sovereign.
1101430		overabundance.	Reiterate	_	To say or do again and again.
Prolix	_	Verbose.	Relapse	_	To suffer a return of a disease after
Promiscuous	_	Indiscriminate, impure, casual			partial recovery.
Propinquity	_	Nearness, proximity	Relegate	_	Assign a lower position, banish,
Propitious	_	Kindly disposed.			demote
Prosaic	_	Unimaginative.	Repast	_	A meal; figuratively, any refreshment.
Protagonist	_	Leading character), hero(ine)	Repine	_	To indulge in fretfulness and
Providential	_	Fortunate, lucky			faultfinding.
Prudence	-	Caution.	Reprisal	-	(Injury in) Return, retaliation, revenge
Puerile	_	Childish.	Reprobate	-	One abandoned to depravity and sin.
Pugnacious	_	Quarrelsome.	Repudiate	-	Disavow, disclaim
Puissant	_	Powerful, influential, mighty	Resilience	-	The power of springing back to a
Punctilious	_	Exact (in formalities), ceremonious,			former position
		conscientious	Resonance	-	Able to reinforce sound by sympathetic
Pungency	_	The quality of affecting the sense of			vibrations.
0 7		smell.	Respite	-	Interval of rest.
Pusillanimous	-	Without spirit or bravery.	Restive	-	Resisting control.
Putrefy	-	Decay, rot, decompose	Revere	-	To regard with worshipful veneration.
Pyre	_	A heap of combustibles arranged for	Reverent	-	Humble.
,		burning a dead body.	Rotund	-	Round from fullness or plumpness.
Qualm	-	A fit of nausea.	Ruffian	-	A lawless or recklessly brutal fellow.
Quandary	-	Doubt, dilemma, plight	Ruminate	-	To chew over again, as food previously
Quibble	-	An utterly trivial distinction or			swallowed and regurgitated.
-		objection.	Sagacious	-	Wise, shrewd, astute
Quiescence	-	Being quiet, still, or at rest; inactive	Salacious	-	Obscene, foul, indecent, lecherous
Quirk	-	Twist, quibble, deviation	Salubrious	-	Healthful; promoting health.
Quixotic	-	(Foolishly) Chivalrous, unrealistic,	Salutary	-	(Morally) Healthy, salubrious,
		whimsical	·		beneficial
Rabble	-	Throng (of the vulgar), crowd,	Sanguine	-	Ardent, confident, optimistic
		proletariat	Sardonic	-	Ironical, scornful, derisive
Rabid	-	Furious, mad, fanatical	Satiate	-	Gratify (fully), surfeit, saturate
Raconteur	-	A person skilled in telling stories.	Satyr	-	A very lascivious person.
Raillery	-	Jesting (language), banter, ridicule	Savor	-	To perceive by taste or smell.
Ramify	-	To divide or subdivide into branches or	Schism	-	Disjunction, split
•		subdivisions.	Scribble	-	Hasty, careless writing.
Rampant	-	Rife, widespread	Sedition	-	Plotting (against government),
Ramshackle	-	Dilapidated, tumbledown, rickety			incitement, insurgence
Rapacious	-	Seize by force, avaricious	Sedulous	-	Persevering in effort or endeavor.

Severance	-	Separation.	Travesty -	-	A grotesque imitation.
Sinecure	-	Any position (having emoluments with	Trenchant -	-	Cutting deeply and quickly.
		few or no duties).	Trepidation -	-	Nervous uncertainty of feeling.
Sinuous	-	Curving in and out.	Trite -	-	Made commonplace by frequent
Sluggard	-	A person habitually lazy or idle.			repetition.
Solace	-	Comfort in grief, trouble, or calamity.	Truculence -	_	Ferocity.
Solvent	-	Having sufficient funds to pay all debts.	Truculent -	_	Having the character or the spirit of a
Somniferous	-	Tending to produce sleep.	Tracarette		savage.
Somnolent	-	Sleepy.	Turbid -	_	In a state of turmoil; muddled
Soporific	-	Causing sleep; also, something that	m . 1	_	Swollen.
		causes sleep.	m 1	_	Depravity.
Sordid	-	Filthy, morally degraded	****	_	Being present everywhere.
Specious	-	Plausible.	** 1	_	A sense of injury.
Spurious	-	Not genuine.	**	_	Oily.
Squalid	-	Having a dirty, mean, poverty-stricken	TT 1 1 .	_	To move like a wave or in waves.
		appearance.	TT . 1	_	Causing annoyance or hindrance.
Stanch	-	To stop the flowing of; to check.	** 1 . 1	_	To reproach as deserving blame.
Stingy	-	Cheap, unwilling to spend money.		_	A sudden desire or action
Stolid	-	Expressing no power of feeling or	17: 1	-	Excessive, pretentious, and
		perceiving.	vanigiory	_	_
Submerge	_	To place or plunge under water.			demonstrative vanity.
Subterfuge	_	Evasion.		-	Courageous.
Succinct	_	Concise.	Vapid -	-	Having lost sparkling quality and
Sumptuous	_	Rich and costly.			flavor.
Supercilious	_	Exhibiting haughty and careless	Variegated -	-	Having marks or patches of different
		contempt.			colors; also, varied.
Superfluous	_	Being more than is needed.	Vehement -	_	Very eager or urgent.
Supernumerary	_	Superfluous.	* 7 1	_	Mercenary, corrupt.
Supersede	_	To displace.	* 7	_	Outside show or elegance.
Supine	_	Lying on the back.	** . 1	_	That may be pardoned or forgiven, a
Supplicate	_	To beg.	, 41141		
Suppress	_	To prevent from being disclosed or			forgivable sin.
оприсоз		punished.		-	Habitually disposed to speak the truth.
Surchargo		An additional amount charged.	Veracity -	-	Truthfulness.
Surcharge Surfeit	-	č	Verbiage -	-	Use of many words without necessity.
	-	To feed to fullness or to satiety.	Verbose -	-	Wordy.
Susceptibility	-	A specific capability of feeling or		-	Green with vegetation.
TT		emotion.		-	Real; true; genuine.
Taciturn	-	Disinclined to conversation.	Vestige -	-	(A visible) trace, mark, or impression
Taut	-	Stretched tight.			(of something absent, lost, or gone).
Temerity	-	Foolhardy disregard of danger;	Virago -	-	Loud talkative women, strong statured
_		recklessness.			women
Terse	-	Pithy.	Virtu -	-	Rare, curious, or beautiful quality.
Timorous	-	Lacking courage.	Visage -	-	The face, countenance, or look of a
Torpid	-	Dull; sluggish; inactive.	· ·		person.
Torrid	-	Excessively hot.	Vitiate -	_	To contaminate.
Tortuous	-	Abounding in irregular bends or turns.	X 7:4	_	To overwhelm with wordy abuse.
Tractable	-	Easily led or controlled.	* 7: · · C	_	To endue with life.
Transgress	-	To break a law.	7.7 · C	-	Making a loud outcry.
Transitory	-	Existing for a short time only.	77 11	-	Changeable.
Travail	-	Hard or agonizing labor.	v Oracile -	-	Changeavic.

Voluble	_	Having great fluency in speaking.	Ambivalent	_	The word means simultaneous
Whimsical	-	Capricious.			attraction towards and repulsion
Winsome	-	Attractive.			from an object, person or action. The
ONE	WOR	RD - A SMALL COLLECTION			attitude of educated Indians to love- marriages is ambivalent
Abdicate	-	Renounce a throne, high office or dignity	Anachronism	-	That which appears to be in the wrong period
Abolish	-	Do away with	Anarchy	_	Lawlessness and disorder caused by
Accelerate	-	To move faster	,		absence of control
Accomplice	-	One associated with another especially	Anecdote	-	A short interesting or amusing story
_		in wrong-doing	Anthology	-	A collection of poems or writings
Acoustics	-	Science of the production, transmission, reception and effect of	Aphorism	-	(or maxim) A wise saying in a few words
		sound	Aphrodisiac	-	A medicine causing sexual excitement
Acrobat	-	One who performs gymnastic feats	Apiary	-	A place where bees are kept
Adolescence	-	The period of life from puberty to maturity	Apprentice	-	A person who works under someone to learn that person's skill
Actuary	-	One who calculates insurance and	Arboreal	-	Those who live in trees
Adulterate	-	annuity premium etc Make impure by the addition of	Armistice	-	(or cease-fire or truce) An agreement to stop fighting
Aggression	-	inferior substance Unprovoked attack of one country by	Ascetic	-	One who avoids physical pleasures and comforts
Amnesty	-	another General pardon	Astrology	-	The art of understanding the influence of heavenly bodies
Abattoir	-	A building where animals are killed for	Astronomy	-	Scientific study of heavenly bodies
		meal (or slaughterhouse)	Aviary	-	A place for keeping birds
Ad hoc	-	Made for a particular purpose	Backlog	-	It means an accumulation of arrears.
Aeronautics	-	The science of the operation and flight of aircraft	-		Example: I must clear my heavy backlog of arrears.
Aesthete	-	A person with a highly developed sense of beauty	Backwater	-	A Dart of a river out of the main stream, where the water does not move
Agnostic	-	One who believes that nothing can be	Barbarian	-	An uncivilised person
Agoraphobia	-	known about God Fear of open spaces	Barbecue	-	A metal flame on which meat etc. is cooked over an open fire
Alibi	-	It is Latin for elsewhere. It is actually a plea of having been elsewhere at the	Barometer	-	An instrument for measuring the air pressure
		time of commission of an act. But it	Beverage	-	A liquid for drinking
		is now used in the sense of an excuse.	Bibliography	-	A list of writings on a subject
		Example: He offered no alibi for his	Biennial	-	Happening once every two years
Alimony	_	absence from duty. Compensatory allowance given to wife	Bigamy	-	System of two marriages
7 minony	_	after divorce	Biodata	_	(or resume or curriculum vitae)
Allergic	-	Allergy means, a heightened sensitivity			A short written account of one's
		to a substance as food, medicine etc.	DI 1 11 1		education and past employment
		Allergic means having an aversion to.	Black Hole	-	An area in outer space into which everything near it, including light, is
A16		He is allergic to hard work.			pulled-
Altruist	-	One who is habitually kind to others	Bleach	-	Make white or pale by mean~ of
Alumnus	-	A former student of a school or college			chemicals or sunlight

Blue Blood	-	The quality of being a noble person by birth	Clock-and- Dagger -	-	Stories that deal with adventure and
Blueprint	-	The word originated in the engineering industry where it means the final stage	Clot	-	exciting mystery A half-solid mass or lump formed from a liquid, especially blood
		of paper design. So it may mean the final plan or layout. Example: The	Clubfoot	-	A badly-shaped foot twisted out of position from birth
Bonsai	_	blueprint of the Five-Year Plan is ready. The art of growing a plant in a pot that	Coagulate	-	Change from a liquid into a solid by chemical action
		is prevented from reaching its natural size	Cold war	-	Severe political struggle between countries, without actual fighting
Bon Vivant	-	One who likes good wine and food and cheerful companions	Colloquial	-	Suitable for ordinary, informal, or familiar conversation
Bookworm	-	(or nerd) One who is too fond of reading and study	Colonnade	-	A row of pillars supporting a roof or arches
Botany	-	The scientific study of plants	Coma	-	A state of long unnatural deep
Bottleneck	-	It is a narrow passage, a place, stage or condition that checks progress. Example: We must rem	Combustible	-	unconsciousness (or Inflammable) That can catch fire and burn easily
		o"e all bottlenecks in the swift implementation of policies.	Comrade	-	A close companion who shares difficult work
Boulevard	-	A broad street having trees on each	Congenital	-	Existing at or from one's birth
Bourgeois	_	side Belonging to the middle class	Connotation	-	The feeling or ideas that are suggested by a word
Bric-a-brac	_	Small objects kept for decoration	Consortium	-	A combination of several companies,
Bullion	_	Bars of gold or silver			banks, etc. for a common purpose
Bust	-	A piece of sculpture showing a person's head, shoulders, and upper chest	Consul	-	A person appointed by a govt. to protect and help its citizens and its interests in trade in a foreign city
Cabal	-	A small group of people who make secret plans for political action	Contemporary	-	A person living at the same time as another
Calligraphy	-	The art of beautiful writing by hand	Contretemps	_	An unlucky and unexpected event,
Canine	-	Of a dog	-		socially uncomfortable
Cannibal	-	One who eats human flesh	Corinthian	-	Typical of the most richly decorated style of ancient Greek building
Cardiac	-	Connected with the heart	Corrigendum	_	Something (to be) made correct in a
Catch-22	-	A situation from which one is	J		printed book
		prevented from escaping by something that is part of the situation itself	Counterfeit	-	Made exactly like something real in order to deceive
Celestial	-	Of the sky or heaven	Countervailing	-	Acting with equal force but opposite
Cerebral	-	Connected with the brain	Couture	_	effect The business of making and selling
Chalet	-	A wooden house with a steeply sloping roof	Cradle		fashionable women's clothes A small bed for a baby
Charlatan	-	One who deceives others by falsely claiming to have a skill	Creativity	-	The ability to produce new and original
Calmistry	-	The art of telling one's character or future by examining one's hands	Criminology	-	ideas The scientific study of crime and
Celibacy	-	One who does not indulge in carnal pleasure	Crossroads	-	criminals A point at which an important decision
Clean sweep	-	A complete victory			must be taken
			Cruise	-	A sea voyage for pleasure

Cuisine	_	A style of cooking	Empirical	_	Based on practical experience of the
Daredevil	-	One who is prepared to take dangerous	-		world we see and feel
D-day		risks A day on which an important	Enigmatic	-	That which is mysterious and very hard to understand
D-day	-	operation is to begin	Entomology	-	The scientific study of insects
Debacle	-	A sudden complete failure	Epic	-	A long narrative poem
Decanter	-	A container for holding alcoholic	Epicurean	-	Lover of physical/material
Defeatism	-	drinks, especially wine The practice of thinking in a way that shows an expectation of being	Ergonomics	-	The study of the conditions in which people work most effectively with machines
Deficit	-	unsuccessful The amount by which something is less	Estuary	-	The wide lower part or mouth of a river
Déja vu	_	than what is needed The feeling of remembering something	Evaporate	-	To change into steam and disappear
Deja vu		that in fact one is experiencing for the first time	Evolution	-	Gradual development from simpler forms
Depression	-	A long period of seriously	Excise	-	Tax on goods produced and used inside a country
D : .		reduced business activity and high unemployment	Expletive	-	An often meaningless word used for swearing
Designate	-	Chosen for an office but not yet officially placed in it	Expressionism	-	A style of painting which expresses feelings rather than describing objects
Disarmament	-	Reduction of weapons by a government			and experiences
Dissection	-	Cutting up the body of a plant or animal for studying	Extrovert	-	One who likes to spend time with others
Dividend	-	The money which is divided among shareholders	Facet	-	Any of the many flat sides of a cut jewel
Dome	-	A rounded roof on a building	Faeces	-	The solid waste material passed from the bowels
Dormitory	-	A large room containing a number of beds	Fallacy	-	A false idea or belief
Down-and-out	-	One who is suffering from lack of money, work, etc, and is unable to	Farce	-	A light humorous play full of silly things happening
		change the situation	Farrier	-	One who makes and fits shoes for horses
Dragnet	-	A system of connected actions and methods for catching criminals	Febrile	-	Of or caused by fever
Dregs	-	Sediment in a liquid that sinks to the, bottom and is thrown away	Felony	-	A serious crime such as murder or armed robbery
Drudgery	-	Hard uninteresting work	Fiance	-	(feminine fiancée) The person one is
Dutch	-	Of the Netherlands (Holland)	Filament	_	going to marry A thin thread
Eagle-eyed	-	Looking with very keen attention and	Flogging	_	Severe beating with a whip or stick
Eaves	_	noticing small details The edges of a roof which come out	Flora	_	All the plants of a particular place,
Laves		beyond the walls			country, or period
Eddy	-	A circular movement of water, wind,	Fluvial	-	Of, found in, or produced by rivers
Elastic	-	dust, etc. Able to spring back into shape after	Foible	-	A small rather strange and stupid personal habit
Electrocute	-	being stretched To kill by passing electricity through	Foolscap	-	A large size of paper, especially writing paper
Embargo	-	the body An official order forbidding trade with	Foray	-	A sudden rush into enemy country
		another country			

Foreman	-	A skilled and experienced worker in charge of other workers	Hangar	-	A big building where aircraft are kept between flights
Fortnight	-	Two weeks	Harpoon	-	A spear with a long rope, used for
Fourth Estate	-	Newspapers and their writers,	Haven	_	hunting large sea animals A place of calm and safety
		considered with regard to their political influence	Headgear	_	A covering for the head
Freckle	-	A small flat brown spot on the skin	Headstrong	_	Determined to do what one wants in
Freight	-	Goods carried by ship, train. plane, etc.	110uustrong		spite of all advice
Frill	-	A decorative edge to a piece of material	Heat-stroke	-	Fever and weakness caused by too much heat
Frontispiece	-	A picture or photograph at the beginning of a book	Heirloom	-	A valuable object passed on for
Fumigate	-	To clear of disease, bacteria etc. by	Herbivore	-	generations A plant-eating animal
Furrow	_	means of chemical smoke A long narrow track cut by a plough	Hide	-	An animal's skin, when removed to be
Galaxy	-	A large group of stars	Hinterland	_	used for leather The inner part of a country
Gastronomy	-	The art and science of cooking and	Histrionics	_	Behaviour resembling a theatrical
		eating good food	Thistriomes	-	performance
Gelatine	-	A clear substance used for making jellies	Holocaust	-	Great destruction and the loss of many lives
Geocentric	-	Having the Earth as the central point	Holster	-	A leather holder for a pistol
Gigolo	-	A man who is paid to be a woman's lover	Hooligan	-	A noisy rough person who causes trouble
Glacier	-	A mass of ice moving very slowly down a mountain valley	Hothead	-	One who does things too quickly, without thinking
Glut	-	A larger supply than is necessary	Hub	-	The central part of a wheel
Goatee	-	A little pointed beard on the bottom of the chin	Hump	-	A lump on the back of a camel
Go-Getter	-	One who is forceful, determined, and	Ideology	-	A set of ideas on which a political or economic system is based
		likely to succeed in getting what one wants	Idolatry	-	The worship of idols
Good Samaritan	-	One who helps others in trouble,	Illegible	-	Difficult or impossible to read
		without thinking of oneself	Immortal	-	That which will never die
Gorge	-	A deep narrow valley with steep sides	Implacable	-	Impossible to satisfy, change, or make
Graffiti	-	Drawings or writing on a wall	_		less angry
Grange	-	A large country house with Farm buildings	Improvident	-	One who does not save for the future
Green Belt	-	A stretch of land, around a town or	Incarnate	-	In physical form rather than in the form of a spirit or idea
		city, where building is not allowed, so that fields, woods, etc. remain	Incorporeal	-	Without a body
Grunt	_	Short deep rough sound of a pig	Inedible	-	Not suitable for eating
Gubernatorial	_	Of a governor	Inflate	-	To fill until swelled with air or gas
Guinea pig	_	A person who is subject of some kind	Ingest	-	To take food into the stomach
		of test	Innate	-	That which one is born with
Halitosis	-	A condition in which one has bad	Inseminate	-	To put male seed into a female
Handbook	-	breath 'A short book giving all the most important information about a subject	Intelligentsia	-	Those who are highly educated and often concern themselves with ideas and new developments

Intestate	-	Not having made a will	Machete	-	A knife with a broad heavy blade
Invective	-	A forceful attacking speech used for	Magnum Opus	-	A great work of art
		blaming someone	Malady	-	That which is wrong with a system
Invoice	-	A list of goods supplied, stating	Malaise	_	A feeling of pain without any particular
Irreproachable	-	quantity and price So good that no blame at all could be given	Malcontent	-	pain or appearance of disease One who is dissatisfied with the
Journal	-	A serious magazine produced by a specialist society	Male Chauvinist	-	existing state of affairs. A man who believes that men are
Junta	-	A council or assembly that deliberates in secret upon the affairs of	Malign	-	better than women To speak evil of, especially to do so falsely and severely.
Juxtapose	-	government. To place side by side or close together	Mane	-	The long hair on the back of a horse's neck
Kennel	-	A small hut for a dog	Manual	-	A book giving information about how
Kimono	-	A long loose garment made of silk			to do something
Knuckle	-	The joint between the finger and the hand	Market Forces	-	The free operation of business and trade without govt. controls
Lackey	-	One who behaves like a servant by always obeying	Mascot	-	Chosen as a symbol and thought to bring good luck
Lead Time	-	The time taken in planning and producing a new product	Massacre	-	The unnecessary and indiscriminate killing of human beings.
Lecher	-	One who continually looks for sexual pleasure	Materialism	-	Too great interest on in money & material etc, rather than spiritual
Leonine	_	Of or like a lion			matters
Levee	_	An embankment beside a river or	Mechanics	-	The science of the action of forces on
Levee		stream or an arm of the sea, to prevent overflow.	Megalomania	-	objects The belief that one is more important
Levy	-	An official demand and collection, especially of a tax	Mercantile	-	than one really is Of trade and business
Libertarian	_	One who believes that people should	Meteorology	-	The scientific study of weather
210 01 1411 1411		have freedom of expression			conditions
Lien	-	A legal claim or hold on property, as security for a debt or charge.	Midriff	-	The part of the human body between the chest and the waist
Limerick	-	A humorous short poem with five lines	Militia	-	Those trained as soldiers but not
Linchpin	-	An important member which keeps the whole group together	Miniature	-	belonging to a regular army A very small painting
Literati	-	People with great knowledge of literature	Mirage	-	The appearing of objects which are not really there
Livery	_	Uniform of a special type for servants	Misnomer	-	A name wrongly or mistakenly applied.
Locale	_	A place where something particular	Moccasin	-	A simple shoe made of leather
		happens	Modus Operandi	-	A method of doing something typical
Logger V	-	One whose job is to cut down trees			of someone
Loom	-	A machine on which thread is woven into cloth	Mogul	-	A person of very great power. wealth, and importance
Lore	-	Old beliefs, not written down, about a	Monarchy	-	Rule by a king or queen
		particular subject	Monomaniac	-	One who keeps thinking of one
Lowbrow	-	One who has no interest in literature,	3.6 10.0		particular idea only
Lullaby	-	art, etc. A pleasant song used for causing children to sleep	Moralistic	-	Having unchanging narrow ideas about right and wrong

Morbid	_	Caused by or denoting a diseased or	Research		machines
		unsound condition of body or mind.	Opprobrium	-	The state of being scornfully
Motto	-	A few words taken as the guiding principle	0.1.1		reproached or accused of evil.
Multinational	-	A company having operations in many	Orderly	-	A soldier who attends an officer
		different countries	Ornithology	-	The scientific study of birds
Mundane means	-	Worldly/earthly	Ostentation	-	A display dictated by vanity and intended to invite applause or flattery.
Mycology	-	The study of fungi (plural of fungus)	Ostracism	-	Exclusion from intercourse or favor, as
Namesake	-	A person with the same name as yours			in society or politics.
Nautical	_	is your Of sailors, ships, or sailing	Outcast	-	One who is forced from one's home or without friends
Necromancy	_	The practice which claims to learn	Overhaul	_	Thorough examination and repair if
,		about the future by talking with the			necessary
		dead	Pacemaker	-	A small machine that regularises
Nemesis	-	Just and unavoidable punishment	Palaeography	_	heartbeats The study of ancient writing
Newfangled	-	New (idea. machine etc) but neither necessary nor better	Panacea		A remedy or medicine proposed for or
Nihilism	_	The belief that nothing has meaning or	Fallacea	-	professing to cure all diseases.
		value	Panache	-	An admirably stylish manner of doing
Nodding			ъ .		things effortlessly
Acquaintance	-	A very slight familiarity	Panegyric	-	A formal and elaborate eulogy, written or spoken, of a person or of an act.
Nosegay	-	A small bunch of flowers, to be carried	Pariah	-	One who is not accepted by society
Notary	_	or worn on a dress A public official who makes written	Parricide	-	Act of murdering one's father
,		statements official	Parting Shot	-	A last remark made at the moment of
No-win Situation	-	That which will end badly whichever			leaving
Numany		choice one makes	Passive Smoking	-	The breathing in of smoke from the cigarettes that others are smoking
Nursery	-	A place where small children are taken care of	Patent	_	The right to make or sell a new
Oar	-	A long pole used for rowing a boat			invention
Obstetrics	-	The branch of medicine concerned	Paunch	-	A man's fat stomach
		with childbirth	Peanuts	-	Too small a sum of money
Obtrude	-	To be pushed or to push oneself into undue prominence.	Peeping Tom	-	One who secretly looks at others when
Obtrusive	_	Tending to be pushed or to push	Penance		they are undressing Making oneself willingly suffer for
		oneself into undue prominence.	1 chance	-	one's wrongs
Obviate	-	To clear away or provide for, as an	Perdition	-	Everlasting punishment after death
Odoriferous	_	objection or difficulty. Having a smell, especially a pleasant	Perjury	-	A lie told on purpose
		one	Persona on Grata	-	One who is not acceptable or welcome
Off-White	-	White with some grey or yellow	Petrology	-	The scientific study of rocks
Oligarchy	-	A collective government formed by a	Phonetics	-	The study and science of speech sounds
One-Upmanship	_	few persons The art of getting an advantage over	Phylum	-	A main division of animals or plants
One Opinansinp		others without actually cheating	Pigment	-	The natural colouring matter of plants
Ontology	-	The branch of philosophy concerned	Delle		and animals
Operation of		with the nature of existence	Pillion	-	A seat for a second person on a motorcycle
Operational	-	The study of how best to build and use	Pithead	-	The entrance to a coalmine

Placate	- To bring from a state of angry or hostile feeling to one of patience or	Postscript (or P.S.)	-	A note added at the end of a letter
	friendliness.	Pulmonary	_	Of or having an effect on the lungs
Plaintiff	- One who brings a charge against someone in a court	Punctilious	-	Strictly observant of the rules or forms prescribed by law or custom.
Platitude	- A written or spoken statement that is flat, dull, or commonplace.	Punter	-	One who makes a bet on horserace
Platonic	- A friendly, not sexual, relationship between a man and a woman	Pus	-	A thick yellowish liquid produced in
Plebeian	- Of the lower social classes	Putsch	_	an infected wound A sudden secretly planned attempt to
Poetaster	- A writer of bad poems	T descri		remove a govt. by force
Poker Face	- A face that shows nothing of what one is thinking or feeling	Quartet	-	Four singers or musicians performing together
Porcine	- Of or like a pig	Quixotic	-	Trying to do the impossible, often so
Pork	- Meat from pigs			as to help others, while getting oneself into danger
Portend	 To indicate as being about to happen, especially by previous signs. 	Raconteur	-	One who is good at telling stories in an interesting way
Post-Haste	- In a great hurry	Raillery	-	Friendly joking al someone's weakness
Pot-Boiler	- A book of low quality produced	Ranger	-	The keeper of a forest
Powder Keg	quickly to get money - Something dangerous that might	Real Estate	-	Property in the form of land and houses
Précis	explode - A shortened form of a piece of writing	Real Politick	-	Politics based on practical facts rather than on moral aims
Prescient	 Able to imagine or guess what will probably happen 	Rebuff	-	A peremptory or unexpected rejection of advances or approaches.
Prevaricate	- To use ambiguous or evasive language for the purpose of deceiving or diverting attention.	Recant	-	To withdraw formally one's belief (in something previously believed or maintained).
Prey	- An animal that is hunted and eaten by	Recumbent	-	Lying down on the back or side
Drima Danna	another	Red-Handed	-	In the act of doing something wrong
Prima Donna Prodigal	The main woman singer in an opera companyOne wasteful or extravagant, especially	Redundant	-	means exceeding what is natural, usual or necessary. The idea of too much is
Profile	in the use of money or property. - A side view of someone's head			inseparable from it. It is not a synonym of inappropriate.
Projection	- Something that sticks out from a	Reflation	-	A govt. policy of increasing the amount of money
Propellant	surface - An explosive for firing a bullet or a	Relic	-	Something old that reminds us of the past
Protagonist	rocket - means first actor in a play. It means one	Renaissance	-	A renewal of interest in some particular kind of art, literature, etc.
	who takes the leading part in a drama, novel or any other sphere. Clearly the	Renal	-	Of the kidneys
	word is not an antonym of antagonist	Requisition	-	An official demand or request
	which means one who contends with another.	Rescind	-	To make void, as an act, by the enacting authority or a superior
Proscribe	 To reject, as a teaching or a practice, with condemnation or denunciation. 	Resonance	-	authority. Sound produced in one object by
Prosody	 The rules by which the patterns of sounds are arranged in poetry 	Retribution	-	sound waves from another A severe deserved punishment

Revisionism	-	The questioning of the main beliefs of an already existing political system	Shaman	-	A priest believed to have magical powers and cure people
Rhyme	-	To end with the same sound, including a vowel	Shibboleth	-	A once-important custom which no longer has much meaning
Right-hand Man	-	One's most useful and valuable helper	Shoot	-	A new growth from a plant
Ringleader	-	One who leads others to do wrong or make trouble	Short-change	-	To give back less than what actually should be given back
Riviera	-	A warm stretch of coast, popular with holiday makers	Siamese twins	-	Those joined together from birth at some part of their bodies
Rodent	-	A small herbivore with strong sharp long front teeth	Side Effect	-	An unwanted effect happening in addition to the intended one
Rolling Stone	-	One who.travels around a lot and has	Signatory	-	Any of those who sign an agreement
		no fixed address or responsibilities	Sill	-	The flat piece at the base of a window
Rosary	-	A string of beads used for counting prayers	Singsong	-	A repeated rising and falling of the voice in speaking
Roving eye	-	Sexual interests that pass quickly from	Skyscraper	-	A very tall modern city building
Rubber Stamp	-	One who acts only to make official the	Sleeping Partner	-	A partner in a business who takes no active part
Ruling	_	decisions already made by another An official decision of a court	Slip-up	-	A slight unintentional mistake.
Rung	_	Any of the cross-bars that form the	Small Fry	-	A young or unimportant person
Rang		steps of a ladder	Smokestack	-	The tall chimney of a factory or a ship
Saboteur	-	One who practices sabotage	Snippet	-	A short piece from something spoken
Salve	-	(or Ointment) An oily substance for putting on a cut, wound, etc.	Socialite	-	A person well known for going to
Sapient	-	Wise and full of deep knowledge	Sociology	_	fashionable parties The scientific study of societies and
Scaffold	-	A structure built up from poles and	556161687		human behaviour in groups
Scalp	-	boards for workmen to stand on The skin on the top of the human head	Solidarity	-	Loyal agreement of interests, aims, or principles among a group
Sceptical	-	Unwilling to believe a claim or	Somnambulism	-	The habit of walking about while asleep
		promise.	SOS	-	An urgent message from someone in
Scraps	-	Pieces of food not eaten at a meal, and thrown away	Souvenir	-	An object kept as a reminder of
Scuba	-	An instrument used for breathing while swimming underwater	Spatial	_	something Connected with space
Seam	-	A line of stitches 'joining two pieces of	Spectacle	_	A grand public show or scene
		cloth, leather, etc.	Spindle	_	A machine part round which
Sedentary	-	Done while sitting down	opinare		something turns
Seer	-	One who can see into the future	Splinter	-	A small sharp-pointed piece of wood
Seismic	-	Of or caused by earthquakes	Sportsmanship	_	broken off something A spirit of honest fair play
Seller's Market	-	Where there are not many goods for	Sprig	_	A small end of a stem or branch with
Sensationalism	_	sale The intentional producing of	oprig		leaves
Septic	_	excitement or shock Infected with disease bacteria	Stallion	-	A fully-grown male horse kept for breeding
Sexagenarian	_	One who is between 60 and 69 years	Standard-bearer	-	An important leader in a moral
Sexism	_	old The belief that one sex is not as good as	Statesman	-	argument or movement A political leader who is respected as being wise, honourable, and fair-
		the other			minded

Stellar	_	Of the stars	Territorial waters	_	The sea near a country's coast over
Sticking Point	_	Something that prevents an agreement			which it has legal control
Stock Broker	_	One whose job is buying and selling	Testamentary	-	Of or done according to a will
		shares and debentures for others	Thatch	-	Roof covering of straw, reeds, etc.
Stoic	-	One who is indifferent to joys/sorrows	Thermal	-	Of heat
Stooge	-	One who habitually does what another person wants	Thorax	-	The part between the neck and the abdomen
Stratagem	-	A trick to deceive an enemy	Thromhosis	-	Having a clot in a blood tube or the
Strategist	-	A person skilled in planning, especially of military movements.	Topiary	-	heart The art of cutting trees into decorative
Stride	-	A long step in walking.	Touchstone		shapes Something used as a test or standard
Strobe Light	-	A light which goes on and off very quickly	Tract	-	A short piece dealing with a religious
Subcutaneous	-	Beneath the skin	Traitor		or moral subject One who is disloyal to one's country
Sub Judice	-	A legal case being considered in court		-	•
Subsidy	-	Money paid by the govt. to make prices lower	Transient Transmogrify	-	One who or that which is only of temporary existence. To change completely as if by magic
Superannuated	-	Too old for work		-	
Surety	-	One who takes responsibility for the behaviour of someone	Transpire	-	It does not mean to happen or occur but to become known. Example: It transpired at the meeting that he was
Surreal	-	Having a strange dreamlike unreal			going to be our next President.
Swarm	-	quality A large group of insects moving in a	Treatise	-	A serious book or article that examines a particular subject.
Sweet Tooth	-	mass A liking for sweet and sugary things	Tribunal	-	A court of people officially appointed to deal with special matters.
Sword of	-	Something bad that may happen at any	Troglodyte	-	One who lives in a cave.
Damocles		time	Trousseau	-	The personal possessions that a woman
Tactile		Of the sense of touch	T1 17::		brings with her when she marries.
	-		Tunnel Vision	-	A condition in which one can see only straight ahead
Take-home Pay	-	Wages left after all taxes, pension payments, etc. have been paid A Place where animal skin is made into	Turf	-	A surface made up of earth and a thick covering of grass
Tannery Tarot	-	leather	Tutelage	-	The act of training or the state of being under instruction.
Tarot	-	A set of 22 cards used for telling the future	Tyrant	-	A ruler with complete power, who
Tautology	-	is redundancy, which consists of			rules cruelly and unjustly
-		needless repetition of meaning in other words. Example: audible to the	Tyro	-	One slightly skilled in or acquainted with any trade or profession.
		ear return back, One after another in succession.	Underling	-	A person of low rank in relation to another
Taxonomy	-	The system of putting plants and	Undermanned	-	Not having enough workers
T1		animals into various classes	Unguent	-	A thick oily substance used on the skin
Technocrat	-	A highly skilled specialist in charge of organisation	Unisex	-	Of one type used by both male and female
Teller	-	One who is employed to receive and pay out money in a bank	Upholstery	-	A comfortable covering and filling for a seat
Tenure	-	The act, right, or period of holding land or a job	Valise	-	A small bag used while travelling

Vase	-	A decorative container used to put flowers in	Wheeler-dealer	-	One who is skilled at making profitable or successful deals
Vendor	-	A seller of small articles that can be carried about	Whirlpool	-	A place with circular currents of water, which can pull objects down into it
Vertebrate	-	A living creature which has a backbone	Wholesale	-	The business of selling goods to
Vicissitude	-	A change, especially a complete change, of condition or circumstances, as of fortune.	Wit	-	shopkeepers The ability to say clever and amusing things
Vinous	-	Of wine	Wizard	-	One who has magic powers
Voluntary	-	Done willingly, without being forced	Word Blindness	-	(or dyslexia) Difficulty in seeing the difference between letter shape
Wade	-	To walk through water	Workaholic	-	One who likes to work too hard
Walkout	-	Leaving a meeting as an expression of disapproval	Working knowledge	-	Enough practical knowledge to do something
Wardrobe	-	A large cupboard in which one hangs up clothes	Wreckage	-	The broken parts of a destroyed thing
Wasteland	-	Empty, unproductive, usually ugly land	Wretch	-	An unfortunate or unhappy person
Waterloo	-	A severe defeat after a time of unusual success	Xenophobia	-	Fear of strange or foreign people, customs, etc.
Weakling	-	One who lacks physical strength or strength of character	Yeoman service	-	Great and loyal service, help, or support
Wean	-	To transfer (the young) from dependence on mother's milk to	Yuppie	-	A young person in a professional job with a high-income
Westher-beaten	_	another form of nourishment. Marked or damaged by the force of	Zeitgeist	-	The intellectual and moral tendencies that characterize any age or epoch.
		wind. sun, rain. etc.	Zoology	-	The scientific study of animals