Perimeter

Exercise-39

Solution 1(1):

Length (I) = 9 cm Breadth (b) = 6 cm Perimeter of a rectangle = 2 (I + b)= 2(9 + 6)= 2(15)= 30 cm

Solution 1(2):

Length (I) = 5.2 cm Breadth (b) = 4 cm Perimeter of a rectangle = 2 (I + b)= 2(5.2 + 4)= 2(9.2)= 18.4 cm

Solution 1(3):

Length (I) = 7.5 cm Breadth (b) = 3.2 cm Perimeter of a rectangle = 2 (I + b) = 2 (7.5 + 3.2) = 2(10.7)= 21.4 cm

Solution 2:

Side of the square (x) = 12 cm Perimeter of a square $= 4 \times x$ $= 4 \times 12$ = 48 cm

Solution 3:

Sides of the triangle, a = 6 cm, b = 9 cm, c = 5 cm Perimeter of a triangle = a + b + c= 6 + 9 + 5= 20 cm

Solution 4:

Sides of the triangle, a = 4.8 cm, b = 10.2 cm, c = 5.3 cm Perimeter of a triangle = a + b + c= 4.8 + 10.2 + 5.3= 20.3 cm

Exercise-40

Solution 1:

Length of the rectangle (I) = 15 m Breadth of the rectangle (b) = 10 m Length of trimming = Perimeter of the rectangle Perimeter of the rectangle = 2(I + b)= 2(15 + 10)= 2(25)= 50 m \therefore Length of trimming required is 50 m.

Solution 2:

Side (x) of the square window = 1.5 mThe length of the wooden strip = Perimeter of the square Perimeter of the square window = 4 x= 4×1.5 = 6 mLength of the wooden strip required is 6 m.

Solution 3:

Length of the rectangular garden (I) = 320 m. Breadth of the rectangular garden (b) = 210 m. The distance Sabir walks = Perimeter of the rectangle. Perimeter of the rectangular garden = 2(I + b)= 2(320 + 210)= 2(530)= 1060 m Satbir walks 1060 metres daily.

Solution 4:

Sides of the triangle, a = 30 m, b = 20 m and c = 210 mPerimeter of the triangle = (a + b + c)= (30 + 20 + 25)= 75 m Length of wire required for 4 rounds of the fence = 4 x perimeter = 4×75 = 300 m Total cost of wire = 2.5×300 = Rs. 750 \therefore Total cost of the wire is Rs. 750

Solution 5:

Length of the mat (I) = 5 m 20 cm Breadth of the mat (b) = 3 m 30 cm Perimeter of the rectangle = 2(I + b)= 2(5 m 20 cm + 3 m 30 cm)= 2(8 m and 50 cm)= 16 m 100 cm= 17 mLength of the border required = Perimeter of the rectangle \therefore Length of the border required = 17 m.

Exercise-41

Solution 1: Suppose the length of the third side is c cm. The sides of the triangle are 15 cm, 20 cm and c cm. Perimeter of a triangle = a + b + cBut, perimeter = 50 cm $\therefore 50 = 15 + 20 + c$ $\therefore 50 = 35 + c$ $\therefore c = 50 - 35$ $\therefore c = 15$ cm The length of the third side is 15 cm.

Solution 2:

Perimeter of a square = $4 \times x$ But, perimeter = 80 cm $\therefore 4 \times x = 80$ But, $4 \times 20 = 80$ $\therefore x = 20 \text{ cm}$ \therefore Side of the square is 20 cm.

Solution 3:

Perimeter of a rectangle = 2 (l + b) \therefore 2 (7 + b) = 62 But, 2 × 31 = 62 \therefore 7 + b = 31 Sum of 7 and 24 is 31 \therefore b = 24 \therefore The breadth of the rectangle is 24 cm.

Solution 4:

Let the two equal sides be b, c and given b = cThe sides of the triangle are 15, b, c Perimeter of a triangle = a + b + c $\therefore 55 = 15 + b + b$ $\therefore 55 = 15 + 2b$ But, 15 + 40 = 55 $\therefore 2b = 40$ $\therefore b = 20$ \therefore Length of each of remaining sides is 20 cm.

Solution 5:

Perimeter of a rectangle = 2 (I + b) \therefore 2 (I + 30) = 100 But, 2 × 50 = 100 \therefore I + 30 = 50 Sum of 30 and 20 is 50 \therefore I = 20 \therefore The breadth of the rectangular pool is 20 m.

Solution 6:

Perimeter of a square = $4 \times x$ $\therefore 16 = 4 \times x$ But, $4 \times 4 = 16$ $\therefore x = 4$ The length of each side of the square room = 4 m.

Solution 7:

Length of the rectangle (I) = 50 cm Breadth of the rectangle(b) = 30 cm Perimeter of a rectangle = 2 (I + b) = 2(50 + 30) = 2(80) = 160 cm \therefore Length of the wire = 160 cm Now, the wire is bent into a square. \therefore Perimeter of a square = 4 x x \therefore 160 = 4 x x But, 4 x 40 = 160 ∴ x = 40

Length of each side of the square is 40 cm.