Chapter – 1 Worksheet - 2

Choose the correct option:

1.	Which article in Indian constitution defines e	equality &	Z
	prohibits any kind of social discrimination?		

- a) Article 10
- b) Article 12
- c) Article 21
- d) Article 15

2. When was the Government of India passed the Disabilities Act?

- a) 1991
- b) 1995
- c) 2001
- d) 2005

3. Which is the one of the most common forms of inequality in most of the cities and villages of India?

- a) Food habits
- b) Discrimination in the use of public places
- c) The caste system
- d) Cultural discrimination

4. The Indian Constitution recognizes everyone as-

- a) Same
- b) Not equal
- c) Equal
- d) None of these

5. The place where leaders meet to discuss matters of national importance called_____.

- a) The constitution
- b) The Parliament

c) The Prime Minister		
d) Executive		
6. All adults of have the right to vote irrespective of		
their social or economic backgrounds.		
a) 18 & above		
b) 17 & below		
c) 16 years		
d) None of these		
7. Who started the civil rights movement?		
a) Rosa Parks		
b) Eisenhower		
c) Martin Luther King Jr		
d) Helen Keller		
8. According to the provision of the "untouchability		
has been abolished".		
a) Caste		
b) Dignity		
c) Constitution		
d) None of these		
2) 1 (0120 01 (1200 0		
9 means the state of being equal, in status, rights,		
opportunities, in all possible ways.		
a) Equality		
b) Liberty		
c) Dignity		
d) Right to vote		
10. The midday meal scheme was first implemented in the state		
of		
a) Kerala		
b) Tamil Nadu		
c) Maharashtra		
d) Madhya Pradesh		

Answer the following Questions.

- 11. What are the two ways in which the government has tried to implement the equality that is guaranteed in the Constitution?
- 12. What do you understand by the term "all persons are equal before the law"? Why do you think it is important in a democracy?
- **13.** Find out about one government scheme in your area. What does this scheme do? Whom is this scheme set up to benefit?
- **14.** Who is Rosa Parks? What is the Civil Rights Movement?
- **15.** In a democracy why is universal adult franchise important?
- **16.** In what ways was Omprakash Valmiki's experience similar to that of the Ansaris?
- 17. Define the term Constitution.
- **18.** Name the first state in India that introduced the midday meal scheme.
- 19. Name the factors on the basis of which inequality is being practised in India.
- **20.** All people are equal according to the Indian constitution. Give an example.