

Time allowed: 45 minutes

Maximum Marks: 200

**General Instructions:**

- (i) The examination will consist of **Objective type with Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs)**.
- (ii) There are **50** questions in total in this paper, out of which **40** questions are to be attempted.
- (iii) Each question carries **five** marks.
- (iv) There is **negative** marking of **one** mark for every **incorrect** answer.

**Select the most appropriate option.**

1. Cuba was associated with which country?  
(a) Soviet Union (b) United States of America  
(c) France (d) Germany
2. Newly independent countries got an option to stay away from any of the alliances, since the time \_\_\_\_\_ was created.  
(a) NATO (b) CENTO  
(c) Warsaw Pact (d) NAM
3. Arrange the following in the chronological order of their establishment:  
(i) The World Trade Organisation (ii) Amnesty International  
(iii) League of Nations (iv) World Bank  
(a) (iii), (iv), (i), (ii) (b) (iv), (iii), (ii), (i)  
(c) (ii), (iii), (iv), (i) (d) (i), (ii), (iii), (iv)
4. Statement 1 : The Soviet Union had become stagnant in an administrative and political sense as well.  
Statement 2 : The Soviet system was based on the ideology of socialism.  
(a) Both the Statements are correct  
(b) Both the Statements are incorrect  
(c) Statement 1 is correct but the Statement 2 is incorrect  
(d) Statement 2 is correct but the Statement 1 is incorrect
5. In which matters does international organisation help?  
(i) To establish better living conditions in democratic countries  
(ii) In matters of peace & war  
(iii) To prevent violations of human rights  
(iv) To resolve territorial disputes  
(a) (i), (ii), (iii), (iv) (b) (i) and (iv)  
(c) (i) and (iii) (d) (ii) and (iii)

6. The reorganization of the states on the basis of language had a negative effect:
- The concept of power sharing was realized.
  - The principle of variation was accepted.
  - A uniform basis was found for the demarcation of the states.
  - Movements started in many areas of the country demanding the formation of small separate states.
7. Indian Foreign Policy is driven by a wide range of factors. Identify the incorrect one.
- National Integration
  - Protection of International Boundaries
  - Alliance Building
  - National Interest
8. India's Nuclear Policy reiterates its resolve in:
- Establishing its regional supremacy
  - Establishes it as the guardian of SAARC
  - Establishing disarmament and regional peace
  - Engage in hostilities with others
9. Study the cartoon given below and answer the question that follows:



The message that this picture gives is \_\_\_\_\_.

- Denuclearization of the world is the need
  - Use of military power to control the world
  - Believe in peace and moving ahead together
  - Colonisation of the world is not to be appreciated
10. Which situation was termed by US President George Bush as the New World Order?
- The United Nations had given permission for Operation Desert Storm.
  - The United Nations had given permission for Operation Iraqi Freedom.
  - To know averted Cuba missile crisis
  - Defeat in the war of Iraq
11. Which among the following is not an outcome of the disintegration of the USSR?
- End of the ideological war between the US and the USSR
  - Birth of CIS
  - Change in balance of power in the world order
  - Crisis in the Middle East
12. The term 'the largest garage sale in history' is associated with:
- Cuban Missile Crisis
  - Gulf War
  - Bolshevik Revolution
  - Shock Therapy

**13. Which one of the following statements is false?**

- (a) The Nizam of Hyderabad was keen to have an independent status for the state of Hyderabad.
- (b) Jammu and Kashmir was ready to sign the Instrument of Accession.
- (c) The issue of Junagarh was resolved after a plebiscite in the state.
- (d) Travancore was the first Indian state to merge into the Union of India.

**14. The high point of Cold War was**

- (a) Cuban Missile Crisis
- (b) Atomic bomb attack on Hiroshima and Nagasaki
- (c) Establishment of SEATO and CENTO
- (d) Establishment of NATO

**15. Who said, “the mother of all battles”?**

- (a) George Bush
- (b) Bill Clinton
- (c) Saddam Hussain
- (d) All of these

**16. What do you know about “Marshall Plan”?**

- (a) America extended massive financial help for remaining Europe's economy.
- (b) Russian help to reorganise the East European economy.
- (c) To reorganise the economy of the Eastern Europe, assistance was given by the US and the USSR.
- (d) None of these

**17. Which among the following statements about South Asia is incorrect?**

- (a) All the countries in South Asia are democratic.
- (b) Bangladesh and India have signed an agreement on river–water sharing.
- (c) SAFTA was signed at the 12th SAARC Summit in Islamabad.
- (d) The US and China play an influential role in South Asian politics.

**18. Match the terms with their meaning.**

Column-1	Column-2
A. Confidence Building Measures (CBMs)	(i) Giving up certain types of weapons
B. Arms control	(ii) A process of exchanging information on defence matters between nations on a regular basis.
C. Alliance	(iii) A coalition of nations meant to deter or defend against military attacks.
D. Disarmament	(iv) Regulates the acquisition or development of weapons

(a) A–(ii), B–(iv), C–(iii), D–(i)

(b) A–(iv), B–(i), C–(ii), D–(iii)

(c) A–(i), B–(iii), C–(ii), D–(iv)

(d) A–(iii), B–(ii), C–(i), D–(iv)

**19. In 1972 which book was published by “The club of Rome”?**

- (a) Limits to Growth
- (b) Growth of Limits
- (c) World Climate
- (d) All of these

**20. Which of the following statements is False about globalisation?**

- (a) Advocates of globalisation argue that it will result in greater economic growth.
- (b) Critics of globalisation argue that it will result in greater economic disparity.
- (c) Advocates of globalisation argue that it will result in cultural homogenisation.
- (d) All of these

**21. Which of the following statements is incorrect about Division of India?**

- (a) Division of India was the result of Bi-national theory.
- (b) On the basis of religion, two states of Punjab and Bengal were formed.
- (c) There was no relation between East and West Pakistan.
- (d) On partition, it was also decided that there will be shifting of people.

22. In 1952, the first General Elections for \_\_\_\_\_ were also held.  
 (a) President (b) State Legislature (c) Governor (d) Prime Minister
23. Which statement among the following is correct about 1967 election?  
 (a) Congress won elections in Lok Sabha but lost in many states elections.  
 (b) Congress lost at the centre as well as in the states.  
 (c) Congress remained in majority at the Centre and its majority increased.  
 (d) None of these

24. Match the following:

Column-1	Column-2
A. Unanimous Politics	(i) Shahbano case
B. Caste based Party	(ii) Other Backward Classes emerge
C. Personal Law and Sexual Justice	(iii) Coalition Govt.
D. Increasing power of Regional Parties	(iv) Agreement on economic policies

(a) A-(ii), B-(iv), C-(iii), D-(i)

(b) A-(iv), B-(ii), C-(i), D-(iii)

(c) A-(i), B-(iii), C-(ii), D-(iv)

(d) A-(iii), B-(ii), C-(i), D-(iv)

25. Leader of Dravid Movement was:

(a) M. Karunanidhi

(b) E.V. Ramaswamy Naiker

(c) K. Kamraj

(d) Yecappa Moily

26. Which among the following statements is incorrect about 'Chipko-Aandolan'?

(a) It was a movement against the cutting of tress.

(b) This movement has taken up the issue of ecological and economic exploitations.

(c) It was a movement started by women as Anti-Liquor movement.

(d) It was a movement demanding from the locals to protect their environment.

27. Which statement among the following is 'False' related to emergency?

(a) Indira Gandhi declared emergency in 1975.

(b) All fundamental rights were abandoned during emergency.

(c) Due to financial crisis emergency was declared.

(d) Many opposition leaders were arrested during emergency.

28. Which statement is incorrect on 1971 'Grand Alliance'?

(a) It was formed by Non-Communist and Non-Congress groups.

(b) It has a clear political and ideological programme.

(c) It was formed by all Non-Congress parties together.

(d) None of these

29. In which year 'One-Party' period ended in India?

(a) Fourth General Elections 1967

(b) Fifth General Elections 1971

(c) 1975

(d) None of these

30. Which one of the following statement is false?:

(a) India got support of both USSR and USA due to its Non-aligned Policy.

(b) Right from the beginning, India's relations with its neighbouring countries remained tense.

(c) Cold war had its impact on India-Pakistan relations.

(d) Peace treaty of 1971 was the result of friendly relations between India and USA.

31. Which is the incorrect statement about Bombay Plan?

(a) It is a blue Print of India's future economy.

(b) In it, industries would be controlled by the state.

(c) It was formed by source leading industrialists.

(d) In it, more emphasis was given to planning.



32. 'Socialism is one of the main solutions for our problems'. Who said these words?  
 (a) Mahatma Gandhi (b) Sardar Patel (c) Jawaharlal Nehru (d) Dr. Laski
33. What is 'ASEAN WAY'?  
 (a) Reflects the life style of ASEAN members.  
 (b) A form of interaction among ASEAN members that is informal and cooperative.  
 (c) The defence policy followed by the ASEAN members.  
 (d) The road that connects all the ASEAN members.
34. Human Rights have been classified into:  
 (a) Political Rights — Such as freedom of speech and assembly  
 (b) Economic and social rights  
 (c) The rights of colonised people or ethnic and indigenous minorities  
 (d) All of these
35. Which among the following best explains the reason for growing concerns about the environment?  
 (a) The developed countries are concerned about protecting nature.  
 (b) Protection of the environment is vital for indigenous people and natural habitats.  
 (c) The environmental degradation caused by human activities has become pervasive and has reached a dangerous level.  
 (d) None of these
36. Which of the following statements are True about globalisation?  
 (a) Globalisation is purely an economic phenomenon. (b) Globalisation began in 1991.  
 (c) Globalisation is the same thing as Westernisation. (d) Globalisation is multi-dimensional phenomenon.
37. Which one of the following statements is false?.  
 (a) Member countries of the alliance are to provide bases in their respective lands for the superpowers.  
 (b) Member countries to support the superpower both in terms of ideology and military strategy.  
 (c) When a nation attacks any member country, it is considered as an attack on all the member countries.  
 (d) Superpowers assist all the member countries to develop their own weapons.
38. Which pair is correct with respect of countries which have experienced both civilian and military rulers in South Asia?  
 (a) Sri Lanka — Bangladesh (b) Bangladesh — Nepal  
 (c) Pakistan — Bangladesh (d) None of these
39. In India, 'indigenous' word is used for which type of people?  
 (a) Scheduled caste (b) Scheduled Tribe or Adiwas  
 (c) Both (a) and (b) (d) None of these
40. Which one of the following statement is false?  
 (a) Shyama Prasad Mukherjee was the founder of Jansangh Party.  
 (b) Swatantra Party was led by leaders like C.Rajgopalachari, N.G.Ranga, old leaders of Congress.  
 (c) Communist Party of India at the time of independence did not have five party machinery and dedicated members.  
 (d) Congress Socialist Party was formed within Congress in 1934 by the young leaders of the party.
41. Chose the 'False' statement:  
 (a) The period of 1989 is considered the end of congress era and rise of BJP's era.  
 (b) In decade of 1980, dalit political organisations had increased.  
 (c) B.P. Mandal led the first backward classes.  
 (d) In decade of 1980, dalit political organisations had increased.

42. During second world war who formed Indian National Army (INA)?  
(a) Jawahar Lal Nehru (b) Subhash Chandra Bose  
(c) Mahatma Gandhi (d) None of these
43. 'Aya Ram, Gaya Ram' proverb is associated with:  
(a) Coalition Govt. (b) Casteism  
(c) Defection (d) Communalism
44. Which statement among the following is 'True' related to emergency?  
(a) Indira Gandhi declared emergency in 1975.  
(b) All fundamental rights were abandoned during emergency.  
(c) CPI supported emergency declaration.  
(d) All of these
45. Which one of the following statements is false?  
(a) At the time of independence except Manipur and Tripura, rest of North East was called Assam.  
(b) 'Operation Blue Star Mission' was the action of army in Chandigarh.  
(c) In March 1948, Sheikh Abdullah became PM of the state Jammu and Kashmir.  
(d) Dravida movement was started by E.V. Ramaswami Periyar.
46. Which among the following statements does not match Emergency declarative?  
(a) Declaration of complete revolution (b) Railway strike of 1974  
(c) Naxalites protest (d) Decision of the Allahabad High Court
47. When was 'Right to Information' implemented?  
(a) 2004 (b) 2005  
(c) 2008 (d) 2002
48. Put them in chronological order.  
(i) Protest against Mandal Commission and Reservation  
(ii) Formation of Janta Dal  
(iii) UPA govt. was formed  
(iv) NDA govt. was formed  
(a) (ii), (i), (iii), (iv) (b) (ii), (i), (iv), (iii)  
(c) (ii), (iii), (i), (iv) (d) (iii), (i), (ii), (iv)
49. Choose the wrong statement about Cold War.  
(a) This was a competition between the allies countries of USA and USSR.  
(b) It was also a real ideological conflict.  
(c) Cold war triggered off an arms race.  
(d) The USA and USSR were engaged in direct wars.
50. The \_\_\_\_\_ established the Warsaw Pact to counter NATO.  
(a) Eastern Alliance (b) Western Alliance  
(c) Europe (d) Asia

# ANSWERS

## PRACTICE PAPER — 1

- |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| 1. (a)  | 2. (d)  | 3. (a)  | 4. (a)  | 5. (d)  | 6. (d)  | 7. (c)  |
| 8. (c)  | 9. (b)  | 10. (a) | 11. (d) | 12. (d) | 13. (b) | 14. (a) |
| 15. (c) | 16. (a) | 17. (a) | 18. (a) | 19. (a) | 20. (b) | 21. (d) |
| 22. (b) | 23. (a) | 24. (b) | 25. (b) | 26. (c) | 27. (c) | 28. (b) |
| 29. (a) | 30. (d) | 31. (a) | 32. (c) | 33. (c) | 34. (d) | 35. (c) |
| 36. (d) | 37. (d) | 38. (c) | 39. (b) | 40. (c) | 41. (c) | 42. (b) |
| 43. (c) | 44. (d) | 45. (b) | 46. (c) | 47. (b) | 48. (b) | 49. (d) |
| 50. (a) |         |         |         |         |         |         |