

# Mixture and Alligation

## Concept & Formula

No unique ratio in case of more than 2 weights

$k_0$  = Initial concentration of a solution  
 $k_1$  = Final concentration  
 $n$  = No. of dilutions  
 $v$  = Original volume

$$\text{Then } k_1 = k_0 \left( \frac{V-X}{V} \right)^n$$

$x$  = vol. of solution replaced each time

Applicable for a 2 liquid solution

## Replacement

## Method of Calculating Averages in weighted form

Ratio of weights is inversely proportional to average attributes to each weight

$$\begin{array}{ccc} x_1 & & x_2 \\ & \times & \\ x_2 - x & : & x - x_1 \\ w_1 & : & w_2 \end{array} \rightarrow \frac{w_1}{w_2} = \frac{x_2 - x}{x - x_1}$$

**Rule of Alligation:** If two ingredients are mixed, then

$$\left( \frac{\text{Quantity of cheaper}}{\text{Quantity of dearer}} \right) = \frac{(\text{C.P. of dearer}) - (\text{Mean price})}{(\text{Mean price}) - (\text{C.P. of cheaper})}$$

$$\therefore (\text{Cheaper quantity}) : (\text{Dearer quantity}) = (d - m) : (m - c)$$

Trace the Mind Map 

► First Level ► Second Level ► Third Level