Appendix

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Sessions of the Indian National Congress

Year	Place	President	Important Details	
1885	Bombay	W.C. Banerjee	First session of Congress.	
		(also written WC Bonnerjee)	Attended by 72 delegates.	
1886	Calcutta	Dadabhai Naoroji	Naoroji was the first Pars President.	
1887	Madras	Badruddin Tyabji	Tyabji was the first Muslim President	
1888	Allahabad	George Yule	George Yule was the first Christian President.	
1889	Bombay	Sir William Wedderburn	_	
1890	Calcutta	Pherozeshah Mehta	_	
1891	Nagpur	Anand Charlu	The word "National" was added to the Congress name.	
1892	Allahabad	W.C. Banerjee	_	
1893	Lahore	Dadabhai Naoroji	_	
1894	Madras	Alfred Web	_	
1895	Poona	Surendranath Banerjee	-	
1896	Calcutta	Rahimatullah M. Sayani	Bande-Mataram was sung by Bankim Chandra Chatterjee	
1897	Amraoti	C. Sankaran Nair	_	
1898	Madras	Anand Mohan Bose	_	
1899	Lucknow	Romesh Chandra Dutt	_	
1900	Lahore	Narain Ganesh Chandavarkar		
1901	Calcutta	Sir Dinshaw Wacha	_	

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902	Ahmedabad	Surendranath Banerjee		
.903	Madras	Lal Mohan Ghosh		
904	Bombay	Sir Henry Cotton		
905 Banaras		Gopal Krishna Gokhale	Resentment against partition Bengal expressed in this session.	
1906 Calcutta		Dadabhai Naoroji	'Swaraj' mentioned for the firs time and resolution supporting Swadeshi, boycott and national education was passed.	
1907 Surat		Rash Behari Ghosh	Congress split into two factions, namely the Moderates and the Extremists, known as Surat Split.	
1000	Madras	Rash Behari Ghosh	Congress constitution drawn.	
1908 Madras 1909 Lahore		Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya		
1910	Allahabad	Sir William Wedderburn	_	
1911	Calcutta	Pandit Bishan Narayan Dhar	Jana Gana Mana written by Rabindranath Tagore was sung for the first time.	
1912	Bankipur	R.N. Mudhalkar		
1913	Karachi	Nawab Syed Muhammad Bahadur		
1914	Madras	Bhupendra Nath Bose	1 N. A.	
1915	Bombay	Lord Satyendra Prasanna Sinha		
1916 Lucknow		Ambica Charan Mazumdar	Lead to the Lucknow Pact (between the Congress and the Muslin league) as well as the merger of th two factions of the Congress (i.e. the Moderates and the Extremists)	
1917 Calcutta		Annie Besant	First session to be presided by woman.	
1918 Delhi		Pandit Madan Mohar Malaviya	a —	

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1918	Bombay	Syed Hasan Imam	Special Session	
1919	Amritsar	Pandit Motilal Nehru	_	
1920	Calcutta	Lala Lajpat Rai	Special session.	
			Gandhi proposed for Non-Cooperation.	
1920	Nagpur	C. Vijayaraghavachariar	New Constitution for the Congress framed. Resolution supporting Non- Cooperation Movement passed.	
1921	Ahmedabad	Hakim Ajmal Khan	C.R. Das (President) was in prison and Hakim Ajmal Khan was acting President.	
1922	Gaya	C.R. Das	Swaraj Party formed.	
1923	Kakinada	Maulana Muhammad Ali	Formation of All India Khadi Board.	
1923	Delhi	Maulana Abul Kalam Azad	Special session. Maulana Azad became the youngest President here to preside a session.	
1924	Belgaum	Mahatma Gandhi	The only session presided over by Mahatma Gandhi.	
1925	Kanpur	Sarojini Naidu	First Indian woman President.	
1926	Guwahati	S. Srinivasa Iyengar	For the first time, Khadi was made compulsory for Congress workers.	
1927	Madras	Dr. M.A. Ansari	Adoption of Independence resolution and boycott of Simon Commission.	
1928	Calcutta	Pandit Motilal Nehru	_	
1929	Lahore	Jawaharlal Nehru	'Poorna Swaraj' resolution passed; Civil Disobedience movement launched; 26 th January to be celebrated as Independence Day from here on.	
1930	No session	Jawaharlal Nehru	Pandit Nehru continued as President.	

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1931	Karachi	Vallabhbhai Patel	Resolution on Fundamental Rights and National Economic Programme passed; Gandhi-Irwin pact endorsed.	
1932	Delhi	Amritlal Ranchhorddas Seth	-	
1933	Calcutta	Mrs. Nelli Sengupta	-	
1934	Bombay	Rajendra Prasad	Formation of the Congress Socialist Party.	
1935	No session	Rajendra Prasad	Rajendra Prasad continued as President.	
1936	Lucknow	Jawaharlal Nehru	The President urged the Congress to adopt Socialism as its goal.	
1937	Faizpur	Jawaharlal Nehru	First session to be held in a village	
1938	Haripura	Subhas Chandra Bose	National Planning Committee set up under the chairmanship of Jawaharlal Nehru.	
1939	Tripuri	Subhas Chandra Bose	Subhas Chandra Bose defeated Pattabhi Sitaramayya; Rajendra Prasad took over as President after Bose resigned; Forward Block formed by Bose after resignation on 3 rd May 1939.	
1940	Ramgarh	Maulana Abul Kalam Azad	Proposal for Individual Satyagraha passed.	
1941 - 1945	No session	Maulana Abul Kalam Azad	Maulana Abul Kalam Azad continued as President.	
1946	Meerut	Acharya J.B. Kripalani	_	
1947	Delhi	Rajendra Prasad		
1948	Jaipur	Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya	-	

Note-

- No Congress Sessions were held in the year 1930, 1935 and 1941–45.
 Dadabhai Naoroji and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru presided over Congress sessions for maximum number of times.