Triangles

Question 1.

 \triangle ABC = \triangle PQR, then which of the following is true?

- (a) CB = QP
- (b) CA = RP
- (c) AC = RQ
- (d) AB = RP

Answer: (b) CA = RP

Question 2.

In \triangle ABC and \triangle DEF, AB = DE and \angle A = \angle D. Then two triangles will be congruent by SA axiom if:

- (a) BC = EF
- (b) AC = EF
- (c) AC = DE
- (d) BC = DE

Answer: (c) AC = DE

Question 3.

In a right triangle, the longest side is:

- (a) Perpendicular
- (b) Hypotenuse
- (c) Base
- (d) None of the above

Answer: (b) Hypotenuse

Question 4.

In $\triangle ABC$, if $\angle A = 45^{\circ}$ and $\angle B = 70^{\circ}$, then the shortest and the longest sides of the triangle are

respectively,

- (a) BC,AB
- (a) AB,AC
- (c) AB,BC
- (d) BC,AC

Answer: (d) BC,AC

Ouestion 5.

If the altitudes from vertices of a triangle to the opposite sides are equal, then the triangles is

- (a) Scalene
- (b) Isosceles
- (c) Equilateral
- (d) Right-angled

Answer: (b) Isosceles

Question 6.

D is a Point on the Side BC of a △ABC such that AD bisects ∠BAC then:

- (a) BD = CD
- (b) CD > CA
- (c) BD > BA
- (d) BA > BD

Answer: (d) BA > BD

Question 7.

If $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle PQR$ then which of the following is true:

- (a) CA = RP
- (b) AB = RP
- (c) AC = RQ
- (d) CB = QP

Answer: (a) CA = RP

Question 8.

If two triangles ABC and PQR are congruent under the correspondence $A \leftrightarrow P$, $B \leftrightarrow Q$, and $C \leftrightarrow R$, then symbolically, it is expressed as

- (a) $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle PQR$
- (b) $\triangle ABC = \triangle PQR$

- (c) \triangle ABC and \triangle PQR are scalene triangles
- (d) \triangle ABC and \triangle PQR are isosceles triangles

Answer: (a) $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle PQR$

Question 9.

If the bisector of the angle A of an \triangle ABC is perpendicular to the base BC of the triangle then the triangle ABC is :

- (a) Obtuse Angled
- (b) Isosceles
- (c) Scalene
- (d) Equilateral

Answer: (b) Isosceles

Question 10.

If AB = QR, BC = RP and CA = QP, then which of the following holds?

- (a) $\triangle BCA \cong \triangle PQR$
- (b) $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle PQR$
- (c) $\triangle CBA \cong \triangle PQR$
- (d) $\triangle CAB \cong \triangle PQR$

Answer: (d) $\triangle CAB \cong \triangle PQR$

Question 11.

ABC is an isosceles triangle in which altitudes BE and CF are drawn to equal sides AC and AB respectively. Then:

- (a) BE > CF
- (b) BE < CF
- (c) BE = CF
- (d) None of the above

Answer: (c) BE = CF

Question 12.

Which of the following is not a criterion for congruence of triangles?

- (a) SSS
- (b) SSA

- (c) ASA
- (d) SAS

Answer: (b) SSA

Question 13.

In \triangle ABC, if \angle B = 30° and \angle C = 70°, then which of the following is the longest side?

- (a) AB
- (b) BC
- (c) AC
- (d) AB or AC

Answer: (b) BC

Question 14.

The angles opposite to equal sides of a triangle are:

- (a) Equal
- (b) Unequal
- (c) supplementary angles
- (d) Complementary angles

Answer: (a) Equal

Question 15.

If ABC is an equilateral triangle, then each angle equals to:

- (a) 90°
- (b)180°
- (c) 120°
- (d) 60°

Answer: (d) 60°

Question 16.

ABC $\cong \triangle PQR$. If AB=5 cm, and then which of the following is true?

- (a) QR = 5 CM, \angle R= 60°
- (b) QP = 5 cm, \angle P= 60°
- (c) QP = 5cm, $\angle R = 60^{\circ}$
- (d) QR = 5 CM, \angle Q = 60°

Answer: (b) QP = 5 cm, $\angle P = 60^{\circ}$

Question 17.

O is any point in the interior of \triangle ABC. Then which of the following is true?

- (a) $(OA+OB+OC) < \frac{1}{2} (AB+BC+CA)$
- (b) (OA+OB+OC) > (AB+BC+CA)
- (c) $(OA+OB+OC) > \frac{1}{2} (AB+BC+CA)$
- (d) None of the Above

Answer: (c) (OA+OB+OC) $> \frac{1}{2}$ (AB+BC+CA)

Question 18.

It is not possible to construct a triangle when its sides are:

- (a) 6 cm, 7 cm, 7 cm
- (b) 5.4 cm, 2.3 cm, 3 cm
- (c) 8.3 cm, 3.4 cm, 6.1 cm
- (d) 3 cm, 5 cm, 5 cm

Answer: (b) 5.4 cm, 2.3 cm, 3 cm

Question 19.

Two equilateral triangles are congruent when:

- (a) Their areas are proportional
- (b) Their sides are equal
- (c) Their sides are proportional
- (d) Their angles are equal

Answer: (b) Their sides are equal

Question 20.

It is not possible to construct a triangle when the lengths of its sides are

- (a) 4 cm, 6 cm, 6 cm
- (b) 9.3 cm, 5.2 cm, 7.4 cm
- (c) 6 cm, 7 cm, 8 cm
- (d) 5.3 cm, 2.2 cm, 3.1 cm

Answer: (d) 5.3 cm, 2.2 cm, 3.1 cm

Question 21.

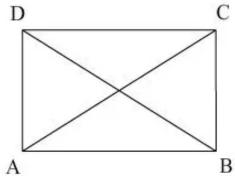
Which of the following statements is incorrect?

- (a) Two squares having the same side length are congruent
- (b) Two rectangles having the same area are congruent
- (c) Two circles having the same radius are congruent
- (d) Two lines having same length are congruent

Answer: (b) Two rectangles having the same area are congruent

Question 22.

ABCD is a parallelogram, if the two diagonals are equal, then by what criterion are the triangles ABD and ABC congruent



- (a) AAS
- (b) SSS
- (c) SAS
- (d) RHS

Answer: (b) SSS