Assignment

Topics: Real number ,Polynomial , Linear Eq. in two Variable, Trignometry , Statics Class : X Sub: Maths

Q1: $\frac{139}{2^5 5^7 17^5}$ can be _____ Q2: The graph of $y = kx_k = constant$ will always _____ Q3: The value of $sin (50^{\circ} + \theta) - \cos (40^{\circ} - \theta)$ _____ Q4: Give that L.C.M (26,169) = 338, HCF = (26,169) is Q5: If $\frac{XP}{PY} = \frac{XQ}{QZ} = 3$ and area of $\Delta XYZ = 32cm^2$, then the area of quadrilateral PYZQ is _____ Q6: In a frequency distribution, the mid value of class is 10 and the width of the class is 6 Now the lower limit of the class is _____ Q7: The equation x + y = 3, 3x - 2y = 4 intersect at _____ Q8: A ladder is placed in such a way that its foot is at a distance of 5m from a wall and its tip reaches a window 12m above the ground .The length of the ladder is _____ Q9: The value of x if $\tan 3x = (sin 45^{\circ} \cdot cos 45^{\circ}) \div \sin 30^{\circ}$ is : Q10: The mode of the following data : 120, 110, 120, 130, 120, 140, 130, 120, 140, 120 Q11: If $cot\theta = \frac{7}{8}$ evaluate : $\frac{(1+sin\theta)(1-sin\theta)}{(1+cos\theta)(1-cos\theta)}$ Q12: Give an example of a polynomial f(x), g(x) and r(x) satisfying $f(x) = g(x) \cdot q(x) + r(x)$ where r(x) = 0

- Q13: A ladder 10m long reaches a window reaches a window 8m above the ground .Find the distance of the foot of the ladder from the base of the wall .
- Q14: Sonam purchased two pencils and three eraser for Rs 9. Gita also purchased one pencil and two eraser for Rs 5 from the same shop .Find the cost of one pencil and one eraser .
- Q15: If $\tan A = \sqrt{2} 1$, show that $\sin A \cos A = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}$
- Q16: In $\triangle PQR$, right angled at Q, PR + QR = 25cm and PQ = 5cm, Find the values of sin P, cos P and tan P.
- Q17: Draw an ogive (less than) for the following data .

| Intervals | 20 - 30 | 30-40 | 40- 50 | 50 - 60 | 60 - 70 | 70 - 80 |
|-------------|---------|-------|--------|---------|---------|---------|
| Frequencies | 4 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 6 | 4 |

- Q18: Show that any positive integer is of the form 3q or 3q + 1 or 3q + 2 for some integer q
- Q19: By applying the fundamental theorem of arithmetic , find the HCF of 8624 and 21658
- Q20: Verify that the number given alongside of the cubic polynomial are its zeroes. Also verify the relationship between the zeroes and the coefficients $2x^3 + x^2 5x + 2$; $\frac{1}{2}$, 1, -2
- Q21: The path of the train is given by the equation x + 2y 4 = 0 and the path of another train B is given by the equation 2x + 4y 12 = 0. Draw graphically.
- Q22: Prove that the following identity : $\frac{1}{cosecA-\cot A} \frac{1}{\sin A} = \frac{1}{sinA} \frac{1}{cosecA+\cot A}$
- Q23: Formulate the following problems as a pair of equations and hence find their solution :

Tanvika travels 300 km to her home partly by train and partly by car .She takes 4 hour if she travels 60km by train and the remaining by car .If she travels 40 km by train and the remaining by car , she takes 10 minutes longer .Find the speed of the train and the car separately .

- Q24: In a ΔPQR , $PR^2 PQ^2 = QR^2$ and M is a point on side PR such that QM \downarrow PR. Prove that $QM^2 = PM X MR$
- Q25: If $in\theta + \cos\theta = \sqrt{3}$, then prove that $tan\theta + cot\theta = 1$
- Q26: In a quadrilateral ABCD, $< A + < D = 90^{\circ}$ Prove that $AC^2 + BD^2 = AD^2 + BC^2$
- Q27: Prove that the ratio of areas of two similar triangles is equal to the square of the ratio of their corresponding sides . Use the above theorem in the following : The area of two triangles are $81cm^2$ and $144 cm^2$. If the largest side of the smaller triangle is 27 cm, find the largest side of the larger triangle .
- Q28: Calculate the mode of the following data concerning to the employees of a factory :

| Income (in Rs) | 0 - 50 | 50 - 100 | 100-150 | 150 - 200 | 200-250 | 250-300 | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------|----------|---------|-----------|---------|---------|--|--|--|
| Frequency | 90 | 150 | 100 | 80 | 70 | 10 | | | |
| (Employees) | | | | | | | | | |
| $\sin \theta = 1 \log \theta$ | | | | | | | | | |

Q29: Prove the following : $\frac{\sin\theta}{1+\cos\theta} + \frac{1+\cos\theta}{\sin\theta} = 2 \csc\theta$

Q30: If the polynomial $x^4 - 6x^3 + 16x^3 - 25x + 10$ is divided by another polynomial $x^2 - 2x + k$, the remainder comes out to be x + a. Find the value of k and a.