

Chapter – 3
Poverty as a Challenge
Worksheet - 3

Choose the correct option:

1. What are accepted average calories required in India in urban areas?
(a) 2100
(b) 2400
(c) 2800
(d) 2500
2. Which one from the following is considered as poor?
(a) A rich landlord
(b) A businessman
(c) A landless labourer
(d) A teacher
3. Which among the following is the method to estimate the poverty line?
(a) Investment method
(b) Income method
(c) Capital method
(d) Human method
4. Which state has the largest percentage of poor in India?
(a) Bihar
(b) Orissa
(c) Kerala
(d) Punjab
5. When was National Rural Employment Guarantee Act passed?
(a) September 2005
(b) August 2004
(c) May 2009
(d) None of these
6. Who advocated that India would be truly independent only when the poorest of its people become free of human suffering?
(a) Mahatma Gandhi
(b) Indira Gandhi
(c) Jawahar lal Nehru
(d) Subhash Chandra Bose

7. Which of the following programmes was launched in the year 2000?
- (a) National Rural Employment Guarantee Act
 - (b) Prime Minister Rojgar Yojana
 - (c) Swarna Jayanti Gram Swarozgar Yojna
 - (d) Pradhan Mantri Gramodaya Yojana
8. Who do not come under the category of urban poor?
- (a) The casual workers
 - (b) The unemployed
 - (c) The shopkeepers
 - (d) Rickshawpullers
9. How many percent of Indian people were poor in the year 2000?
- (a) 36%
 - (b) 46%
 - (c) 26%
 - (d) 29%
10. Which scheme was started in 1993 to create self-employment opportunities for educated unemployed youth in rural areas and small towns?
- (a) Prime Minister Rojgar Yojana
 - (b) National Rural Employment Guarantee Act
 - (c) Rural Employment Generation Programme
 - (d) Swarnajayanti Gram Swarozgar Yojana

Answer the following Questions.

11. Discuss the major reasons of poverty in India.
12. "Poverty is a curse upon humanity." Explain.
13. What are the main features of National Rural Employment Guarantee Act, 2005?
14. Do you think that present methodology of poverty estimation is appropriate?
15. Elucidate the targeted anti-poverty programmes undertaken by the government.
16. Describe global poverty trends.
17. Describe current government strategy of poverty alleviation.
18. What are the two methods to estimate poverty line?
19. Give an account of interstate disparities of poverty in India.

20. Explain the dimensions of poverty.