

**Topics :** Straight Line, Determinant, Fundamentals of Mathematics, Trigonometric Ratio

**Type of Questions**

**M.M., Min.**

<b>Single choice Objective (no negative marking)</b> Q. 1, 2, 3	(3 marks, 3 min.) [9, 9]
<b>Short Subjective Questions (no negative marking)</b> Q.4, 5, 6, 7, 8	(3 marks, 3 min.) [15, 15]

1. The solution set of  $x \in (-\pi, \pi)$  for the inequality  $\sin 2x + 1 \leq \cos x + 2 \sin x$  is :

(A)  $x \in [0, \pi/6]$       (B)  $x \in \left[\frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{5\pi}{6}\right] \cup \{0\}$     (C)  $x \in \left(-\frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{5\pi}{6}\right)$     (D) none of these

2. If the lines  $x^2 + 2xy - 35y^2 - 4x + 44y - 12 = 0$  and  $5x + \lambda y - 8 = 0$  are concurrent, then the value of  $\lambda$  is.    (A) 0    (B) 1    (C) -1    (D) 2

3. If  $D = \begin{vmatrix} a^2+1 & ab & ac \\ ba & b^2+1 & bc \\ ca & cb & c^2+1 \end{vmatrix}$  then  $D =$   
 (A)  $1 + a^2 + b^2 + c^2$     (B)  $a^2 + b^2 + c^2$     (C)  $(a + b + c)^2$     (D) none

**Solve the following equations and inequalities :**

4.  $\frac{x^2 + 4x + 4}{2x^2 - x - 1} > 0.$

5.  $\frac{x^2 - 7|x| + 10}{x^2 - 6x + 9} < 0$

6.  $\left| \frac{x^2 - 5x + 4}{x^2 - 4} \right| \leq 1$

7. Which is greater ?  $\sin(\cos 1)$  or  $\cos(\sin 1)$ .

8. Solve for  $x$  :  $\log_2 \left( \sin \frac{x}{2} \right) < -1$ .

# Answers Key

1. (B)      2. (D)      3. (A)

4.  $(-\infty, -2) \cup (-2, -1/2) \cup (1, \infty)$

5.  $(-5, -2) \cup (2, 3) \cup (3, 5)$     6.  $[0, 8/5] \cup [5/2, \infty)$

7.  $\cos(\sin 1)$

8.  $(4n\pi, \frac{\pi}{3} + 4n\pi) \cup (\frac{5\pi}{3} + 4n\pi, 4n\pi + 2\pi)$