

Clause

Clause is a group of words, containing a subject and a verb.

Kinds of Clause

Principal Clause

A clause that is independent and requires no conjunction is called 'principal clause'.

- e.g. (i) You were dancing.
 - (ii) It was your birthday so you were dancing.

Subordinate Clause

A clause that starts with a conjunction and depends upon the principal clause, is called 'subordinate clause'.

- (i) It was very cold Principal clause So I had to stay at home. Subordinate clause
- (ii) Though he was ill Subordinate clause, he went to school. Principal clause

Noun Clause

Clause that works as noun is called Noun clause. It includes that, what, why, who etc.

- (i) I know what he is talking about.
- (ii) He told us that the school was closed.

Adjective Clause

Clause that works as adjective is called Adjective clause. It includes who, which, that, where etc.

- (i) He has a pen which is very old.
- (ii) She was staying in a village where everybody knew her.

Adverb Clause

Clause that tells the time, reason condition is called adverb clause. It includes if, till, until, unless etc.

- (i) I did not leave the room until he came.
- (ii) If he tries, he can win.

Co-ordinate Clause

These clauses join two principal clauses. They include and , but, still, yet, as well as, both and etc.

- (i) He is poor but he lives a comfortable life.
- (ii) We study a lot yet we cannot score good morks.

Practice Exercise

Directions (Q. Nos 1-15) Complete the following sentences with the most suitable clause.

- **1.** The teacher punished him
 - (a) that he was absent from the class
 - (b) so he was absent from the class
 - (c) which he was absent from the class
 - (d) because he was absent from the class
- 2., he was watching T. V.
 - (a) When I reached home
 - (b) Though I reached home
 - (c) That I reached home
 - (d) As soon as I reached home
- **3.** Kavita is too shy
 - (a) she cannot perform on the stage
 - (b) to perform on the stage
 - (c) she will not perform on the stage
 - (d) how to perform on the stage
- **4.** He told me
 - (a) because he could not find his pen
 - (b) so he could not find his pen
 - (c) is he could not find his pen
 - (d) that he could not find his pen
- **5.** his father did not beat him.
 - (a) So he scored less marks
 - (b) That he scored less marks
 - (c) Though he scored less marks
 - (d) Still he scored less marks
- **6.** If she stays here,
 - (a) so she will meet you
 - (b) she will meet you
 - (c) that she will meet you
 - (d) then she will meet you
- **7.** He has learned
 - (a) how to prepare coffee
 - (b) to prepare coffee
 - (c) that how to prepare coffee
 - (d) that to prepare coffee

- **8.** I have no money
 - (a) as I will buy this novel
 - (b) because I will buy this novel
 - (c) that I will buy this novel
 - (d) but I will buy this novel
- 9., he cannot get well.
 - (a) Though he takes medicines
 - (b) Until he takes medicines
 - (c) Because he takes medicines
 - (d) If he takes medicines
- **10**. Reach there in time
 - (a) otherwise you will not meet him
 - (b) so you will not meet him
 - (c) that you will not meet him
 - (d) but you will not meet him
- **11.** every body started clapping.
 - (a) As soon as he entered the class
 - (b) Though he entered the class
 - (c) Until he entered the class
 - (d) But he entered the class
- **12**. Though we were sad
 - (a) so we celebrated his birthday.
 - (b) then we celebrated his birthday
 - (c) because we celebrated his birthday
 - (d) we celebrated his birthday
- **13.** My father ordered me
 - (a) that to clean the garden
 - (b) to clean the garden
 - (c) so that clean the garden
 - (d) for clean the garden
- **14.** they were laughing.
 - (a) As soon as I saw them
 - (b) Though I saw them
 - (c) Still I saw them
 - (d) When I saw them
- **15**. Rahul is his elder brother
 - (a) because he does not obey him.
 - (b) so he does obey him.
 - (c) but he does not obey him.
 - (d) though he does not obey him.

Answers

1	(d)	2	(a)	3	(b)	4	(d)	5	(c)	6	(b)	7	(a)	8	(d)	9	(b)	10	(a)
11	(a)	12	(d)	13	(b)	14	(d)	15	(c)										